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logs would thake fuch a foundation to pieces; as if a brick of five or fix pounds could bear more force than a ftone of ten times the weight. The ftones upon the flats are hard and white; and not only fit for a foundation, but for ftrong walls: I have feen very good walls built with much worfe. But notwithstanding this abundant plenty of good ftone, they have perfifted in building their forts with wood, and upon no other foundation than logs laid level in the ground; the confequence of which is, that they are reduced to rebuild them every twenty-five or thirty years: whereas if they had laid down a stone-foundation, the forts would have lasted three times as long, and faved the Company two thirds of the expence.

In the year 1745 I wrote a letter to the Company upon the comparative advantages of building their foundations at leaft, with ftone rather than wood; in which I reprefented,

"THAT the evil of being obliged to rebuild their "forts every twenty-five or thirty years, could "not be remedied but by laying their foundations in "a different manner, or making them of different "materials. Logs laid in the ground, tho' of the "very beft oak, muft be fubject to unavoidable "decay from the wet that continually furrounds "them; and it was well known, that the timber "in the upper works of every building will endure "many years longer than the timber at the bottom, "if it be not raifed high enough to preferve it "from the damps of the earth.

"THAT in those parts of England where ftone "and brick are fcarce, they drive pieces of oak "into the ground two or three-feet deep, whose "upper ends are tenanted into the under fide of "the fill or botom of the timber house, fupport-"ing it a foot or more above the ground, and the "fpaces between these piles are filled up with flints and