

# The Economist.

(SEMI-WEEKLY EDITION.)

THIRTY-SEVENTH YEAR.

VICTORIA BRITISH COLUMBIA, THURSDAY NOVEMBER 21 1895.

VOLUME XXXVII. NO. 59

## SCHOOLS.

lish as a Waste of Public Examinations.

Be Appointed Next Entry Into Whipping Cases.

had a regular meeting man Hayward presiding, present.

resigning the position which he has occupied found that his duties as pupil all his time. He permanent appointment of, and submitted a bill.

ndorsed the recommendation. aid over for the present, on, principal of South reporting that in that of school age do not act in loitering in the park, acknowledged.

In reply to Mr. Netherby the flagging of his boy, Mr. Merrifield in his request, producing the broken on the boy's side not to go fully into the absence of the an investigation shall be at school at 3 p.m. on

complained of a severe administered to the hills by his teacher, Mrs. to be investigated at 4 after Trustee Glover had following corporal punishment

Company wrote from the payment of \$70, due to their recent conduct, and charging the architect in making the ed to the Chairman and a special committee to architect.

Secretary of the New Westminster, inquired whether the examinations have been Victoria as suggested last

aving yet been taken the without result for the quest from the board for absent from school on Monday at the exhibition, claims reported that Miss through illness; Principal Taylor was absent because of attendance necessary, and Principal Miss will her staff present. No been sent in; but Principal sent verbally that ere. Those who have not asked to state why they

reports for the month past of about fifty per cent, was explained, to the unobscure. For in-door children from the orphan's withdrawn.

After moving a resolution motions be called for an officer, to be filled at ing, at a salary of \$40 a

ended the resolution, and e that the trustees would al chance in the matter if did not know that this is to make an addition to the ools, for he felt that in ter of making a reduction, eight out of every ten eing, he thought, of this

also stated that some pretty strongly about the schools now.

## NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

### The Vice-regal Party at Vancouver—Gold on Lulu Island—Municipal Matters.

### Post Office Robbed—Mining at Rossland and in the Immediate Neighborhood.

(Special to the Colonist.)

VANCOUVER, Nov. 16.—(Special.)—Mrs. Smith, the principal witness in the Benson murder trial, expressed pleasure at her husband's acquittal, but the liberated man refused to see her when invited to do so.

The coroner's jury in the case of Mat Dverad, who hanged himself in a cell in the police station, returned the following verdict: "Deceased came to his death by strangulation while in the custody of the police. The jury suggested that insane persons be more carefully guarded in future in the city jail.

The remains of Charles Hunter, accompanied by his sorrowing widow, were placed on the steamer "Charon" at the afternoon. Mr. Hunter died at the city hospital, Vancouver, last night from cancer of the heart. He was well known in Victoria, being a prominent member of the I.O.O.F. and took an active interest in B.C. G.A. affairs.

J. H. Cleve, of Limerick, Ireland, who is in the city, is interested in B.C. exports. Mr. Cleve states that British Columbia frozen salmon arrive in perfect condition in England, and are considered almost, if not quite, equal to the Scotch salmon.

The most famous, and chief and most tedious perjurer case of Regina vs. Kingsley, and other cases arising from it, are dragging their weary length at the Vancouver assize, before His Lordship Justice Walker.

The residence of W. H. Stin, Westminster, was entered by a burglar last night and a quantity of money stolen. The thief opened the front door of the building with a skeleton key. There is no clue to the thief.

Yesterday was the last day on which a rebate of taxes was allowed by the Westminster corporation. A comparatively large amount of taxes were paid in, showing an improvement in the money market.

There is a rumor to the effect that the gold borers at Ebury, Lulu Island, had struck low grade gold ore. As the rumor is not well founded it has caused little excitement.

VANCOUVER, Nov. 19.—To-day the Governor-General and Countess of Aberdeen inspected the Mount Pleasant boys brigade, the St. Paul's hospital and the schools—in the evening they attended an entertainment entitled "In Garland Land" by the children of Violet gulch. The vice-regal party leave for the interior tomorrow.

The St. Andrew's and Caledonia Society ball last night might be called a social triumph. The Governor-General and Countess Aberdeen arrived at 9:30. His Excellency was attired in Highland costume. After those present had been presented dancing commenced. The affair altogether was a complete success.

The city council decided not to meet last night, on account of St. Andrew's ball, but on Monday and this morning, however, meetings were held, the principal matter discussed being the lighting of the city by the Western Electric Light Co.

The Elmore post office was robbed of \$15 last night.

WESTMINSTER. WESTMINSTER, Nov. 19.—Thomas Kidd, M.P.P., says that gold has been struck at a depth of 300 feet by the second bore on Lulu Island.

needed to give telegraphic connection with Lillooet.

The railroad work in the vicinity of Ashcroft has gradually been drawing to a close till one gang, doing road work below here, is the only one left, and the work may be said to be over for this year.

The forwarding of over 130,000 pounds of freight North the past week shows that proportion the freight handling at Ashcroft has grown. As a matter of fact from 400,000 to 500,000 pounds a month pass over the big road. A large slice of it goes to ranchers and stockmen up country, but the mining interests absorb a great deal.

James Ker, of Montreal, who has been employed on the Horsey mine for the past summer reports the mine as shut down for the season and that a cleanup is being made which will realize \$7,000 or \$8,000, but it will not be complete. This will bring the \$50,000 of the present year, and an additional cleanup of \$25,000 or \$30,000 would aggregate \$75,000 or \$80,000 as the total output of the mine. The running expenses of the mine are about \$7,000 a month since its equipment, so that enough has been taken out to pay for one year's work on the mine. When it is considered that only 60 or 70 days' piling all told gave the above output mining men will agree that the Horsey is a good producer.

Shipped Wednesday night a cargo of cattle numbering 60 head and a cargo of sheep numbering 196 head. The cattle were in fine condition, while as for the sheep Mr. Lapointe declared that no finer lot of sheep were ever seen in Vancouver.

Sixty Shorn Horn Durham bulls were recently purchased in Ontario and are now on their way to British Columbia. Nearly all of them are for the B. C. Cattle Co., but ten are for Mr. Hewitt's stock. Those for the cattle company will be wintered at Perry ranch and in the spring will be distributed among the various ranches of the company.

NEW DENVER. (From the Ledger.) Applications for certificates of improvements are being applied for by the Goodenough, American Boy, Jim Fair and Twin Lakes.

One of the most important schemes in the history of Trail Creek camp is now on foot. James F. Wardner and Mr. Eckhart, who started for San Francisco yesterday, are the leading spirits in this new scheme. The proposition is to bring more ore to the surface by the use of the concentrator. Under the present system of treatment at least 25 per cent is lost. By means of the new process, which was invented by a California man, nearly all the tailings can be saved at a cost of six cents a ton. One man in California made \$60,000 last year by means of the new process. Messrs. Wardner and Eckhart expect to get the San Francisco capitalists to put their new proposition in operation at Trail during the coming summer. Rumor, however, has it that the main object of the visit is to secure the consent of some new California capital into the country and thus aid very materially in relieving the mining interests of the Northwest.

ROSSLAND. (From the Prospector.) The Cliff has just made a shipment of 38 tons of ore valued at \$995.50. The Rolet ore is valued at the custom house for shipment at \$45.80 per ton. The Oriental has been purchased by Col. Geo. Turner, representing a company of Montreal capitalists.

Bob Shields has gone about four miles west of the Douglas B. camp on Arrow lake and located several mineral claims. Six men are working on the Southern Cross, driving a tunnel from the canyon—a branch of Tiger creek—to cross-out the ledge.

The last shipment of ore from the Cliff was valued at \$28.20 per ton, which is a good deal better than that mine could do a few months ago.

Mr. Durant, manager of the Centre Star, is of the opinion that a matting plant at the mines will be required to treat the vast body of low grade ore.

The Argonaut Mining Co. (C.P.R. officials) has six men developing the Londonberry. George Turner, superintending that work and also the work on the Violette, a claim adjoining the Southern Cross in the south belt.

Langford, whereupon the latter drew a Colt's revolver and struck Thomas over the head with it. He then fired, the bullet making a scalp wound on Thomas' head, grazing the neck of Walter L. Carruthers, a Siouxan prospector, cutting a clean hole through the large glass in the front window, and narrowly missing the head of Mr. J. S. Clute, barrister, who was passing on the sidewalk.

KUPER ISLAND. KUPER ISLAND, Nov. 16.—What might have been a very serious blaze took place at the Indian industrial school, Kuper Island, yesterday, between 1 and 2 o'clock in the afternoon. At this time all the boys (with their teachers) were at work in the back part of the school ranch, clearing a piece of new land. The building in which the fire occurred, and which contains the boys' school room, play hall, dormitory, as well as

the kitchen, was a two-story structure just then it was literally deserted. There was no one near it save two or three little fellows who were playing about. Happening to go into the play hall they found it full of smoke and at once ran to tell the good sisters who forthwith gave the alarm, and the sound of the school bell soon brought teachers and children scurrying across the fields and in less than two minutes the boys were warning around the seat of the fire like bees, some bearing buckets of water, others ladders, pickaxes and other tools, ready to perform their several duties as they had been drilled. The fire had already made some headway and was blazing around the door leading from the play hall into the school room as well as on a portion of the partition and ceiling. In another minute it would have reached the second floor into the dormitory and then it would have been all up with the building. As it was, the boys made short work of putting it out in a manner which reflects credit on their own initiative as well as their worthy director who appears to have rendered his pupils efficient in every thing they undertake. The fire brigade was very kindly assisted by Chief Tom and others from the village, who bearing the school bell came with spears and in time to give a helping hand. The noise soon out of the building traced to a defective flue in a new portion of the building erected last summer.

MEDWAY. (From the Advocate.) Parties are applying for license to prospect for coal in the Kettle river valley, it having been discovered at Rook Creek and other places.

An option of purchase till December 1 has been given on the Calmet, they to pay \$500 on or before the 1st of January. The claim is in Wellington camp, where a road and bank and shaft holes are being built on the Winnipeg claim acquired by Marous Deys.

A sample of the Highland Queen ore in Providence camp assays \$28.50 to the ton. Development work is being done on the field and McCormick on the Mother Lodge claim, Deadwood camp.

E. J. Hocking, of Spokane, who has just been in the North Fork of the Kettle river, says that although he had been told by down \$1,000 cash on a \$50,000 bond for the Seattle claim, owned by R. Clark, the privilege had been refused him. He acknowledged it was 200 feet wide in its widest part, and not less than 30 feet in the narrowest portion of the claim, and the ledge a solid body of copper ore, carrying gold, with a good percentage of silver.

VENICE. (From the News.) Fall ploughing is well advanced throughout the Spallumcheen district, and fall wheat has been largely sown. The Okanagan Flouring Mills Company is paying \$18 per ton for wheat at Armstrong. Passenger and freight traffic on the O. branch and the lake steamer appear to be more lively than during the summer.

Mr. Suman, C.P.R. mining engineer, who left for the East on Thursday's train, says that the richness of the mines in the Boundary Creek district and Camp Hewitt. He was driven out to the Swan Lake Mining Company's property, and the Bon Diablo claim on the B. X., with both of which he was very much pleased.

The Swan Lake mine is pronounced to be of wonderfully large extent, and will rivalled facilities for mining and working should make an extremely valuable property.

Hewitt & Brett have succeeded in getting some of the best men of the city interested in their mineral property. It is located in the west part of the city, and left on Wednesday to commence work on the King Solomon and Meadow Lark. They will expend \$2,000 on these claims and will drive in about 200 feet of tunnel.

KAMLOOPS. (From the Inland Sentinel.) Although the Big Bend has not come up to the very sanguine expectations of last spring, there is every indication at present that next spring will see active operations commenced on new ground, principally quartz. There are ledges of ore, fully better than those of Trail creek which can be worked to advantage even as facilities are now, but there are good prospects of better facilities in the near future.

## FALSE TESTIMONY.

### A Perjured Affidavit Procured by Counsel for Murderer Holmes—Great Sensation.

### The Offence Brought Home to the Advocate in the Clearest Possible Manner.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 18.—William A. Shoemaker, senior counsel for the defence of the convicted murderer H. H. Holmes, is charged with manufacturing evidence for the defence by bribing a woman who knew nothing of the case to swear in Holmes' favor. To-day was fixed for argument of the motion for a new trial and Judge Arnold was joined by Judges Thayer and Wilson. Mr. Shoemaker asked that argument be postponed, as since the verdict he had come into possession of new information and additional clues of vital importance to the case, which would result in Holmes' acquittal.

Subsequent to the trial, he continued, he obtained information of a person who knew Holmes while he lived at 1336 Callow Hill, from whom they procured an affidavit. This was made by Blanche A. Hannigan, and in substance that in August, 1894, she kept a cigar store at 1239 Callow Hill street, and knew Pizal as Perry. On August 19, when he was in the store, she told him that she would leave the store to visit a dying friend, whereupon Pizal spoke of the incoherencies of life, saying he had more troubles than anyone would suppose; that he would not care if it was he who was dying instead of his friend.

He spoke of many troubles and added: "The end would soon come, as it would to stand if much longer." His actions and words tended to show thoughts of suicide. In presenting the affidavit, Mr. Shoemaker said Mrs. Hannigan would have come before the court to testify before but she disliked notoriety, and had been out of the city for some time. Besides this new testimony, Mr. Shoemaker went on that there were many other clues to be run down, some of which came to his knowledge as late as last Saturday.

Upon this, Mr. Graham arose, and said that during the latter part of the recent trial Mrs. Hannigan be called to the stand. Mr. Rotan replied that he was unable to find Mrs. Hannigan, and that the affidavit had been procured by John Sweeiker, detective. Counsel could not permit her testimony until he had an opportunity to examine her privately to lift the truth of her statements. Mr. Shoemaker said that the affidavit had been written by himself at the direction of Mrs. Hannigan.

Upon this, Mr. Graham arose, and said that during the latter part of the recent trial he had received information that efforts had been made to secure false testimony by bribery. "After he learned that these efforts were being prosecuted to the end. Therefore he set for the person thus employed to furnish evidence and he was in court at the present time. 'I will produce her, show that she was employed by Mr. Shoemaker; that she was taken to his office and questioned; that she said she knew nothing of the case; that the attorney then told her that was all right; that she was induced upon payment of \$20, to sign the affidavit which had been already prepared.'"

Mr. Shoemaker grew pallid, the judge's eyes opened wider, and it was some time before he was able to speak. Then Mr. Rotan and Mr. Shoemaker made an attempt to be heard, but the court ordered that the witness be first heard.

Detective Geyer said that during the trial he was called upon by John Sweeiker, who he signed the affidavit and who was in court to furnish evidence and he was in court to certain facts. Next day Sweeiker again called and Shoemaker showed him a typewritten affidavit. This was even before Mr. Rotan was heard. Mr. Geyer submitted the matter to the district attorney and on his advice, after the trial, Geyer procured the woman. He introduced her to Sweeiker who in turn took her to Shoemaker. After several interviews with him she signed the affidavit and received the money in ten dollar bills, which he marked with her initials for identification.

The supposed Mrs. Hannigan, who said her name was Margaret Reah, took the stand and corroborated this story. Producing the money, she declared that the contents of neither read nor told her of the contents of the affidavit. She signed in absolute ignorance. The statement made in court this morning by Shoemaker that she had dictated it to him was false in toto.

"Shoemaker has accused exactly and cried: 'I did not say so.' The district attorney declared he had a copy of the affidavit in his office before the woman had been found. John Sweeiker corroborated the preceding witness, saying he was first employed by Shoemaker to get the woman on November 4, the second day of the trial. Four or five days afterwards Mr. Shoemaker dictated the affidavit to his stenographer. This was before the woman had been procured. After Sweeiker had been given the affidavit, he turned it over to Detective Geyer, who said he would procure a woman. Sweeiker emphatically repeated, 'Blanche Hannigan was not known and had not yet been procured when the affidavit was prepared. Sweeiker, his face livid with excitement, finally exclaimed: 'I ask if I will have an opportunity to refute these charges?'"

"At the proper time, sir, and in the proper place," interrupted Judge Thayer. "With leave in his eyes Mr. Shoemaker protested: 'I am sure I can show my innocence of anything reflecting upon me as a member of the bar. This is a trap, a damnable trap, set by the district attorney to destroy a member of the bar, and I appeal to the court to grant me time to defend myself. I appeal to the members of the press,' saying the reporters seated near by, 'to withhold all that has been said against me in this court until I have had an opportunity to clear myself.'"

Judge Thayer again cautioned the attorney. "Under the present condition of affairs, sir, I think you will find safety in silence," he said impressively.

## THE SULTAN ALARMED.

### LONDON, Nov. 18.—The Marquis of Salisbury has received assurance that the Sultan has dispatched commissioners to Asia Minor to put in force the reforms insisted upon by the powers, and that, beyond the assembling of the foreign fleet off Salonica, the powers will take no further steps at present. It is understood that the assembling of the fleet at Salonica bay is having a good effect, and that the Sultan has determined to make earnest efforts to put a stop to bloodshed in Asia Minor.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 18.—The British fleet here is being still further reinforced. The Sultan is said to be alarmed to the verge of insanity at the assembling of the foreign fleets at Salonica Bay. Not only has he sent messages to the Valia of disturbed districts ordering them to suppress the disorders but a number of special commissioners have been dispatched to various parts of Asia Minor armed with the highest authority to quell any revolutionary outbreaks.

Further massacres are reported from Sivas, and there is an unconfirmed story that 4,000 Armenians have been massacred at Gurrun. Although the reports of this wholesale killing are not confirmed, the Turkish officials admit that the Kurds made two attacks upon the Armenians of that locality with considerable loss of life. The Porte, it is said, has ordered a special inquiry into the massacre of Christians at Alexandretta, where three hundred Turkish troops are said to have looked on while the killing took place.

It is reported that a number of the members of the young Turkish party have been secretly executed. No details have yet been received here of the massacre of about 800 Armenians at Kharput, or of the sacking and burning of eight out of twelve buildings belonging to Armenian missionaries there.

Anti-Christian placards have been torn down by the police at Scutari, Albania, where a dangerous agitation is in progress. The Turkish officials do not seem to be doing more than making a show of frowning upon it.

## BRITAIN'S GOVERNMENT.

### Ministerial Programme as Outlined in the Speeches of Prominent Ministers and Members.

### Members of the Cabinet Severing Their Connections With Mercantile and Other Corporations.

LONDON, Nov. 16.—The Right Hon. A. J. Balfour, First Lord of the Treasury and leader in the House of Commons, made five speeches in Glasgow on Thursday, but he confined in all of them to avoiding making the slightest reference as to the government programme at the coming session. According to all precedent the cabinet must have already decided upon what bills will be introduced and given instructions for the drafting of the measures. Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, Chancellor of the Exchequer, speaking at Glasgow, recently promised the earliest consideration of a bill for the relief of the agricultural depression.

Some revelation of the government's policy is found in a statement by Sir Robert Peel in a speech delivered by him at Tamworth, which constituency he has represented in parliament for 30 years. He declared that he had learned from executive and authorized sources that the government intended to consolidate and take over all mortgages on land by lending money to the landlords at three per cent, thus enabling them to save two per cent, as most of the landlords have been obliged to raise loans at five per cent. The scheme, according to Sir Robert, has the support of several of the ministers.

The Westminster Gazette declares as a landlord cabinet bill, that such a bill would certainly be the salvation of many landowners who are being ruined by the mortgage. It is believed that they made so determined a resistance that at the first attempt the Kurds were repulsed.

When the Armenians repulsed the first attack of the Kurds the latter were so infuriated that they proceeded to Kharput, where the American missionaries were located, and ransacked and burned the houses, including eight of the American mission buildings.

The American missionaries, however, escaped unharmed, and placed themselves under the immediate protection of the Turkish government, who still have them safe. It is believed to have been ascertained that the Kurds were supported by Turkish troops in a number of instances, and in other cases the soldiers remained passive spectators.

Later a more successful attack was made by the Kurds upon the Armenian quarters, and a terrible massacre followed. The number of victims has not yet been ascertained, but conservative estimates say from 800 to 1,000 persons were killed. Fresh fanatical outbreaks occurred near Moosh, but were suppressed by the authorities after 40 Armenians had been killed.

## TURKS MORE ENERGETIC.

### The Authorities Said to Have Displayed More Energy in Putting Down Disturbances.

### A Hundred Thousand Armenians Dying of Starvation and Exposure—Agitation Against Christians.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 19 (via Sofia, Bulgaria, Nov. 19).—It is learned in diplomatic circles that the Turkish authorities of Moosh have recently been displaying great energy in quelling the fanatical outbreak there, which was recently announced. They prepared much bloodshed, and in the latest of the disturbances there were only six persons killed and forty wounded. The Musliman soldiers behaved well. The greatest anxiety certainly prevails at present among the Turkish officials to stop the carnage.

An official announcement says: "Armenian insurgents of Zaitoun plundered and burned the following villages: Louiskihil, Kockkere, Mousall and Kerimili. Four bombs were found in the yard of an Armenian rioter at Diarbekir. The Armenian agitators at Marsovan attacked two Musliman going to the mosque and wounded them. They also fired from their houses to the barracks, and to the palace of the governor. Disorders followed these provocations and on both sides there were dead and wounded. The authorities, however, succeeded in restoring order. All news concerning supposed insecurity of foreigners living in the towns where the troubles took place is absolutely false."

LONDON, Nov. 19.—The following telegram from Constantinople has been received by the Anglo-Armenian Association: "Armenians are being massacred everywhere in Asia Minor. Over 100,000 are dying of starvation and exposure. The season for the work of relief is closed. For God's sake urge the government to stop the most awful events of modern times. The Porte is powerless, as all the telegraphs are under control of the palace officials who have incited the massacres throughout Anatolia."

A dispatch from Rome to-day says advice from Constantinople announce that the agitation against Christians in Northern Syria is extending, and that massacres have occurred near Aleppo.

Grand Duke Vladimir has received an autograph letter from the Czar to the Kaiser, relating to the situation in Eastern Europe. It suggests that in case England insists too much on the disintegration of Turkey the three powers who united upon the Japanese question shall again join hands against all comers.

"Trouble between the Kurds and the Muslims at Kharput has been brewing for some time. It is claimed that the Armenians, excited by the agents of the revolutionary committee, have been preparing to revolt against the Turkish authorities. The oracle was to be precipitated by an attack on the Muslimans' quarter. A second version of the affair is that the Turks, acting under instructions from Yildiz Kiosk officials, deliberately planned the massacre of the Armenians of Kharput. The Kurds were not armed with rifles, but provided with weapons similar to those used by the Turkish soldiers, and ammunition was plentifully distributed among them.

At a slight disagreement, a quarrel was picked with some Armenians, and an attack upon their quarters commenced. The Armenians, however, had armed themselves as well as possible and had placed their dwellings in a state calculated to hold out as long as possible. They made so determined a resistance that at the first attempt the Kurds were repulsed.

When the Armenians repulsed the first attack of the Kurds the latter were so infuriated that they proceeded to Kharput, where the American missionaries were located, and ransacked and burned the houses, including eight of the American mission buildings.

The American missionaries, however, escaped unharmed, and placed themselves under the immediate protection of the Turkish government, who still have them safe. It is believed to have been ascertained that the Kurds were supported by Turkish troops in a number of instances, and in other cases the soldiers remained passive spectators.

Later a more successful attack was made by the Kurds upon the Armenian quarters, and a terrible massacre followed. The number of victims has not yet been ascertained, but conservative estimates say from 800 to 1,000 persons were killed. Fresh fanatical outbreaks occurred near Moosh, but were suppressed by the authorities after 40 Armenians had been killed.

## IMPORTS IN BOND.

### WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—The Secretary of the Treasury has decided that foreign merchandise bought in Canada in bond and imported into this country shall be valued, for duty purposes, at the in bond market value in Canada.

SMITHS FALLS, Nov. 15.—Hon. Messrs. Haggart, Foster and Montague addressed a meeting of electors here last night and had a most enthusiastic reception. The opera house where the meeting was held could not contain one-fifth of those who sought to enter. An overflow meeting was held in the town hall, which was addressed by the same speakers as at the main gathering.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—The Secretary of the Treasury has decided that foreign merchandise bought in Canada in bond and imported into this country shall be valued, for duty purposes, at the in bond market value in Canada.

SMITHS FALLS, Nov. 15.—Hon. Messrs. Haggart, Foster and Montague addressed a meeting of electors here last night and had a most enthusiastic reception. The opera house where the meeting was held could not contain one-fifth of those who sought to enter. An overflow meeting was held in the town hall, which was addressed by the same speakers as at the main gathering.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—The Secretary of the Treasury has decided that foreign merchandise bought in Canada in bond and imported into this country shall be valued, for duty purposes, at the in bond market value in Canada.

SMITHS FALLS, Nov. 15.—Hon. Messrs. Haggart, Foster and Montague addressed a meeting of electors here last night and had a most enthusiastic reception. The opera house where the meeting was held could not contain one-fifth of those who sought to enter. An overflow meeting was held in the town hall, which was addressed by the same speakers as at the main gathering.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—The Secretary of the Treasury has decided that foreign merchandise bought in Canada in bond and imported into this country shall be valued, for duty purposes, at the in bond market value in Canada.

SMITHS FALLS, Nov. 15.—Hon. Messrs. Haggart, Foster and Montague addressed a meeting of electors here last night and had a most enthusiastic reception. The opera house where the meeting was held could not contain one-fifth of those who sought to enter. An overflow meeting was held in the town hall, which was addressed by the same speakers as at the main gathering.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—The Secretary of the Treasury has decided that foreign merchandise bought in Canada in bond and imported into this country shall be valued, for duty purposes, at the in bond market value in Canada.

SMITHS FALLS, Nov. 15.—Hon. Messrs. Haggart, Foster and Montague addressed a meeting of electors here last night and had a most enthusiastic reception. The opera house where the meeting was held could not contain one-fifth of those who sought to enter. An overflow meeting was held in the town hall, which was addressed by the same speakers as at the main gathering.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—The Secretary of the Treasury has decided that foreign merchandise bought in Canada in bond and imported into this country shall be valued, for duty purposes, at the in bond market value in Canada.

WORTH A GUINEA A BOX?  
BLIND.  
They are blind who will not try a box of BEECHAN'S PILLS.  
For the disorders which attend the system, such as Indigestion, Flatulency, Headache, Stomachic, Constipation, and all the ailments of the bowels, Beechan's Pills are the most effective remedy. They are sold by all druggists and chemists. Price 1/6 per box. Wholesale and Retail, 10, Abchurch Lane, London, E.C. 4.

WORTH A GUINEA A BOX?  
BLIND.  
They are blind who will not try a box of BEECHAN'S PILLS.  
For the disorders which attend the system, such as Indigestion, Flatulency, Headache, Stomachic, Constipation, and all the ailments of the bowels, Beechan's Pills are the most effective remedy. They are sold by all druggists and chemists. Price 1/6 per box. Wholesale and Retail, 10, Abchurch Lane, London, E.C. 4.