LAST EDITION

London Advertiser

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47th YEAR, NO. 20211 THE ADVERTISER, LONDON, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1911.—TWELVE PAGES. PRICE TWO CENTS.

SOME NEW PAPERS IN BANK CASE

New Light Let in on Farmers' Bank Transactions.

TRAVERS ON THE STAND

Tells of the Payments Made to the Provisional Directors.

[Canadian Press.]

Toronto, Feb. 9.—Owing to Alex. Fraser being ill this morning both he and Dr. Ferguson were absent when the charge of conspiracy against the four provisional directors, A. S. Lowne, John Watson, Dr. Ferguson and Alex. Fraser, was called.

"Mr. Fraser is very ill in the witness room," said Mr. Rose, his counsel. "I am willing the case should go on in the absence of both him and Dr. Ferguson, who is attending him."

Before anything was done in the case the magistrate, Mr. Corley, and Inspector Duncan had a little interview in the magistrate's room.

New Papers in Case.

"You have found some further papers in this case?" asked Mr. Corley of Inspector Duncan.

"Yes. I have here a voucher dated Toronto, June 19, 1909, received from the Farmers' Bank of Canada in full settlement of all claims and demands of the board of provisional directors, for the sum of $200. Signed, John Ferguson."

Then the inspector read off other vouchers worded the same, in which Alex. Fraser received $200, and John Watson $100.

Besides this there was a letter dated July 23, 1907, to Messrs. Robinson and McLennan, to deliver to Travers a document signed on July 4, by Messrs. Ferguson, Watson, Fraser, Lowns and Gallagher.

"I have also here a bundle of checks," said the inspector. "Some others in reference to Gallagher went in last week."

The first check was for $300 in favor of A. S. Lowns. There was another for $192 for Mr. Lowns, as well as thirty-three other checks for him, amounting to a considerable sum.

"These were for travelling expenses, I suppose?" asked the magistrate.

"I don't know. They were for provisional directors' fees. Travers will be able to explain," said the inspector.

Then more checks were handed in, nine for Alex. Fraser, six for John Watson, and six for John Ferguson, all signed by J. Ferguson, as president, and Alex. Fraser, secretary.

"These checks correspond to the minute book," said the inspector to Mr. Rose.

"Then for attending meetings there were other checks.

Inspector Duncan read out—Four meetings $40, Alex. Fraser; eight

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COUNTY READY TO TALK BUSINESS

Warden Moss Says Now Is the Time or Never for Joint Buildings.

HOLD A SPECIAL SESSION

One Is To Be Held Before the Regular Meeting of the Middlesex Council in June.

The possibility of erecting joint municipal buildings for the city of London and the county of Middlesex is being discussed seriously by officials and ratepayers of both, and it is quite possible that the matter will be brought before the county council at a special session which will be held here during the last week of March or the first of April.

"The county council is perfectly willing to discuss the project at any time," Warden W. E. Moss of Glencoe, told The Advertiser in an interview over long distance phone this afternoon. "If joint buildings are ever to be erected at all, now is the time. The city is preparing to build a new hall, and the county is now arranging for extensive additions to the court house, so should this opportunity pass, it will be many years before anything can be done again."

A Special Session.

At the adjournment of the January session of the council, arrangements were made for a special session before the next regular gathering, which does not occur until June.

A number of matters are to be brought up in connection with the good roads system and improvements to the county buildings, so it is thought that this opportunity for city and county representatives to get together will be taken advantage.

Position of County.

"The county is in much better shape regarding municipal accommodation at the present time," an official told The Advertiser, "but improvements to the court house are absolutely necessary. Injunctions are being issued regularly by high court judges after hearing grand jury presentments, so it is impossible to tell what action may be taken at any time to force the county's hand.

"There is plenty of room for offices for county officials, but every person in the court house is working at a disadvantage. The law library is badly crowded, the high constable's office is anything but satisfactory, the sheriff's offices may be classes with the most of them, while the governor of the jail is located in a place that many people would not live in a wigwam."

TWO MONTHS FOR WM. STEVENSON

Pleaded Guilty to Stealing a Bag of Flour.

William Stevenson, of Glencoe, who appeared before Judge Macbeth a few days ago charged with stealing a bag of flour, and who pleaded not guilty, changed his plea this morning and admitted the offence.

He was sentenced to a two months' term in the county jail. A number of witnesses were brought from Glencoe to testify against him and were on hand this morning when he unexpectedly reversed his plea.

LONDONERS IN A STABBING AFFRAY

Detroit Dispatch Tells of a Cutting, But the Names Are Unknown Here.

ROW WAS OVER A GIRL

Wounded Man Refused to Tell the Name of the One Who Is Said to Have Stabbed Him.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Detroit, Mich., Feb. 9. — John Rogers, 226 Simcoe street, London, lies in the St. Mary's Hospital unconscious as a result of a stab wound in the breast, and another in the left arm.

Wm. Nuckle, who says he is a mining engineer, of London, Ont., is under arrest, pending the result of Rogers' condition. According to two witnesses, the two men were quarrelling in Elmir Reaul's saloon, 86 Congress street east about a woman.

Nuckle, it is said, drew a knife, and stabbed Rogers twice, the injured man refused to tell who did the cutting, and the officers were forced to take him to the hospital by force.

The local police stated to The Advertiser this afternoon that they had not had any word regarding the affair and did not know either of the men mentioned. Inquiry among engineers was without result, as none who were asked knew Nuckle.

People on Simcoe street, who were seen, stated that no one by the name of Rogers had lived in the vicinity mentioned.

WILL KILL CHURCH UNION FOR PRESENT

Such Is Dr. Manning's View of the Action of the Toronto Presbytery.

OTHER OPINIONS VARY

Congregationalists Think Presbytery Made a Mistake—"Courageous," Says Rev. Mr. Dewey.

The action of the Toronto Presbytery in voting down the proposed basis of church union is regarded with varying views by the local Methodist and Congregational clergy.

Rev. Richard Whiting, of the First Methodist Church, does not regard it as necessarily the final expression of the opinion of even the Presbytery rejecting it, since many of the Presbyterian clergy are of the opinion that the matter should have been brought before the people first.

Rev. Dr. Manning, of Dundas Centre Church, expressed the decided opinion that this action of Toronto Presbytery will kill church union for the present, but did not say with what personal feelings he regarded the rejection of the formulated basis of union.

Had the Courage.

Rev. G. W. Dewey, of Empress Avenue Church, said that the Toronto Presbytery have simply had the courage to do what more timid mortals refrained from doing. Personally he could work under the proposed basis of union, but was of the opinion that many ministers who would much rather accept than reject the proposed basis, yet realized that strong principles were at stake and sacrifices would be made by accepting it.

Rev. Mr. Hazen, of Centennial Church, not being a Presbyterian, declined to discuss the question. The rejection of the basis of union was a question for the Presbyterians to consider. The question of union will, however, be decided by a majority of the Presbyteries, and Toronto Presbytery has only expressed its own view of the matter.

Rev. Mr. Birks, of Askin Street Church, regarded the action of Toronto Presbytery as very unfortunate, and thinks that it will seriously affect the result of the church union negotiations, although to what extent it is difficult to say. Some Methodists thought that they had placed the most principles at stake, and others thought that the mutual sacrifices were about equal. Concessions must be made on both sides, in his opinion.

The Congregationalists.

Rev. Mr. Feathold, of the First Congregational Church, thought the Toronto Presbytery had made a very sad mistake. He deemed it as extremely regrettable that a movement which will undoubtedly be of great practical benefit should be obstructed in this way. He could only hope that the action taken by Toronto Presbytery would not influence other Presbyteries.

Rev. Mr. Claris of the Southern Congregational Church, on the other hand was pleased with the result of the vote in Toronto, believing, as he does, in federation of the churches along fraternal lines, rather than organic union.

ELLISON STICKS TO HILL STORY

Says That It Came From an Eastern Paper.

Victoria, B. C., Feb. 8.—In the Legislature today, the Hon. Price Ellison, minister of finance and agriculture, replied to his statement that he had loaned James J. Hill furnished $50,000 to take the delegation of farmers to Ottawa. Mr. Ellison's authority for the statement, it is understood, is a dispatch published in an Eastern paper, and he had telegraphed for further information.

CHANCELLOR LLOYD GEORGE.
Cables Today Say His Present Ill-Health Is Causing His Friends Worry.

REFORESTATION FOR NEW BRUNSWICK

Nurseries To Be Established Where Trees Will Be Grown From Seeds.

[Canadian Press.]

St. John, N. B., Feb. 9.—Following an extensive investigation on reforestation an American lumber company, now operating in New Brunswick, plans immediate action in reforesting the more denuded parts of the province. Nurseries will be established at Salmon River and Matin's Head, where trees will be grown from seed. The company has fifty thousand acres at Cookshire, Quebec, which will be seeded this spring.

The work to be done this year, it is understood is merely preparatory to extensive reforestration in New Brunswick and Maine. A forestry expert has just returned from an extended trip, which included Washington, Albany, the Adirondack County, New Haven, Conn., and other places, offering material for study and observation on the subject of reforestration. He came here yesterday both equipped with a knowledge of the best American reforestration methods and with enthusiasm as to the great benefit which will be accomplished by applying these methods in New Brunswick, with such variations as may be required by the local conditions.

FAIR CHAIRMEN FOR THE YEAR

A Meeting of the Directors Will Be Held Friday to Settle the Matter.

WILL BE SOME CHANGES

A Strong Effort Will Be Made to Secure Some Excellent Special Attractions.

There will be a meeting of the directorate of the Western Fair tomorrow, when the organization of the board will be completed.

The chairmen of the various committees will be struck, and the members of the fair board placed on these bodies.

The line-up will be as follows, according to the latest information:

Finance Committee—T. H. Smallman.

Horses—Dr. George A. Routledge.

Cattle—Capt. T. E. Robson.

Sheep and Hogs—James Murray.

Palace and Dairy—Wm. Moore.

Agricultural Committee—Wm. McNeil.

Horticultural—W. W. Gammage.

Cat Committee—Richard Oke.

Poultry Committee—Abl. John H. Saunders.

Dogs—Col. R. McEwen.

Special Attractions—Col. W. M. Gartshore.

Gates and Tickets—John Prinale.

Grounds and Buildings — W. M. Spencer.

Several Changes.

There are several changes in the personnel of the chairmen, many new men being given positions.

It is expected that Mr. W. E. Robinson, one of the new members, will be given charge of the speed department. He is particularly well qualified for that position, and would be of great assistance to Dr. Routledge in handling the horse department.

A strong effort will be made by the special attractions committee to secure exhibitions for the Midway. Last year the fault was a failure so far as this feature was concerned, and it is the intention of the committee in charge to make this particularly attractive at the coming exhibition.

There will be considerable routine business transacted, and a good start made towards the coming fair.

RADIUM SOON TO SUPERSEDE COAL

Will Be Source of the World's Heat Declares German Scientist.

[Canadian Press.]

New York, Feb. 9.—Scientists will soon make the problem of the conservation of the world's coal a dead issue, according to Dr. A. H. Rudeers, professor of physics in the University of Bonn, Germany, who is in this country for a series of lectures before scientific bodies. Rudeers, Dr. Rudeers believes, will supercede coal as the source of the world's heat.

C. P. R. TO TAKE WABASH?

[Canadian Press.]

Montreal, Feb. 9. — An outlet for the Soo Line from the Northwest to the Atlantic seaboard at Newport, Va., via Cincinnati, has been acquired by the Canadian Pacific Railway through the close traffic agreement effected with the Chesapeake and Ohio, and which takes effect the first of May. Railway rumors also have it that the C. P. R. will either take over the Wabash between Detroit and Chicago or build an entirely new line between these cities to connect the eastern C. P. R. and Chicago division of the Soo Line with the Chesapeake and Ohio.

WOMAN WAS TERRIBLY INJURED IN A FURIOUS RUNAWAY!

Mrs. Alex. Watson, of London Township, Thrown Against a Barb-Wire Fence—Thirty-Five Stitches Required to Close the Wounds on Head and Face.

Mrs. Alex. Watson, of con. 4, London Township, was terribly injured yesterday, when a horse which she was driving ran away, and after dashing down a steep hill, overturned the sleigh and hurled Mrs. Watson into a barb-wire fence.

One side of Mrs. Watson's face was so horribly torn by the wire that Dr. McNeill, of Arva, who attended her, had to put 35 stitches in the worst wounds, and it took him more than four hours to dress the others.

Unless blood-poisoning develops in some of the deeper cuts, Mrs. Watson will recover. Her eyes were badly cut, but the sight fortunately was not injured in either of them.

Dr. McNeill on Scene.

As it happened, Dr. McNeill was driving past when the runaway occurred, and he at once went to the woman's assistance. The runaway happened close to Mrs. Watson's home, and at the foot of the hill down which the horse ran at top speed there is a sudden turn.

In making this the cutter upset, and Mrs. Watson was hurled into the fence.

She was standing up in the cutter at the time trying to stop the horse.

"It was most fortunate for Mrs. Watson," said Dr. McNeill, "that her neck did not strike the wire, or in all probability she would have been killed."

BRITISH COLUMBIA LUMBERMEN SAY AGREEMENT IS A GAIN

[Canadian Press.]

Vancouver, B. C., Feb. 9.—British Columbia lumbermen will withdraw their opposition to the reciprocity agreement with the United States, according to a statement made yesterday by John Hendry, president of the Canadian Lumbermen's Association, and of the Canadian Forestry Association. Mr. Hendry said that although British Columbia lumbermen believed that the United States should admit Canadian shingles free, they regarded the reduction from 50 cents to 20 cents a thousand as a distinct gain.

13 MIDDLESEX CAMPAIGNS ON BEHALF OF LOCAL OPTION

All Places That Did Not Vote in January Last Will Be Called Upon to Do So at the Next Municipal Election—A Province-Wide Movement.

A Province-wide movement is under way for the greatest local option campaign that has ever been waged in Ontario.

Prof. James H. Bowman, who is in charge of the county work in this district, told The Advertiser today that an effort will be made to have every place in this county that has not voted on local option, do so on Jan. 1, 1912.

"More than that," he said, "the Dominion Alliance and temperance societies are planning the most aggressive campaign that has ever been undertaken in Ontario, and we expect that on Jan. 1, 1912, no less than two hundred municipalities will vote on local option."

Votes in Middlesex.

"At least thirteen places in Middlesex will vote on local option next January, and there are places like London Township, where a vote has been taken, and cannot by law be taken again until January, 1912. As soon as possible we will arrange campaigns for these places also. The present movement easily surpasses anything we have ever attempted."

All this week throughout the Province special prayers are being offered by the W. C. T. U., who meet every day. Next week the local W. C. T. U. will commence an active campaign to increase its membership, so as to take in all the women in London who are anxious to help in temperance work.

The Membership.

"Our membership now is about 250," said Mrs. May R. Thornley to The Advertiser, today.

It is expected that the membership may be doubled as a result of the campaign.

"We want only women who are really interested in the work," said one member. "Not those who simply come because some other woman comes. There is a great work to be done and we want real workers."

At yesterday afternoon's meeting, held in the rooms on Clarence street, Mrs. Thornley spoke on "County Work."

The week of prayer will conclude on Friday next, when a Frances Willard afternoon will be given in the Colborne Street Methodist Church.

THE WEATHER.

Tomorrow Colder.

FORECASTS.

Toronto, Feb. 9, 8 a.m.

Today—Southwesterly winds, light strong in places, fair and mild.

Friday—Northwesterly winds and colder, cloudy.

TEMPERATURES.

Stations.	Max.	Min.	Weather.
Victoria	48	36	Cloudy
Calgary	36	6	Fair
Winnipeg	12	6	Clear
Port Arthur	38	30	Cloudy
Parry Sound	38	16	Cloudy
Toronto	32	22	Cloudy
Ottawa	18	10	Cloudy
Montreal	18	18	Fair
Quebec	18	06	Cloudy
Halifax	28	18	Cloudy

Mean of the Province below zero.

WEATHER NOTES.

There are indications that a south and west low is moving over the Great Lakes.

The weather is fair in the more part cloudy and comparatively mild from Ontario to the Maritime Provinces and moderately cool in the Western Provinces.

YESTERDAY'S WEATHER.

Yesterday considerable snow fell in Nova Scotia and Southern New Brunswick, and elsewhere in Canada the weather was fair and comparatively mild in Ontario and Quebec, and moderately cold in the Western Provinces.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: London, 18—29; Victoria, 42—48; Vancouver, 32—46; Kamloops, 16—32; Edmonton, 10 below—32; Calgary, 2—26; Battleford, 4 below—20; Qu'Appelle, 2—16; Winnipeg, 6 below—12; Port Arthur, 19—23; Parry Sound, 18—38; Toronto, 18—32; Ottawa, 10—18; Montreal, 10—18; Quebec, 8—18; St. John, 12—34; Halifax, 18—24.

TODAY'S PROBS.

The East—Partly fair, with light local snowfalls, not much change in temperature.

Lake Superior—Westerly winds, fair and not much change in temperature.

Manitoba and Saskatchewan—Westerly winds, fair and moderately warm.

Alberta—Fine; not much change in temperature.

LIBERAL VICTORY IN QUEEN'S, P. E. I.

Parties Would Have Been Tied If Conservative Had Won.

Charlottetown, P. E. I., Feb. 8.—The Liberals of the Island are jubilant tonight over the result of the local bye-election in the second district of Queen's where Mr. George W. McPhee, Liberal, barrister, of Charlottetown, defeated Mr. John H. Buntain, farmer, Rustico, by a majority of thirty-five. The election was held owing to the resignation on account of illness of Mr. William Laird, the aged sitting member. It was one of the most crucial elections in the history of Provincial politics. If Mr. Buntain had won it would make the parties in the Legislature fifteen to fifteen, necessitating a general election. Mr. McPhee's victory makes the parties sixteen to fourteen. The weather was fine and the total vote was 1,092, being an increase of ninety-one over that polled at the general election.

The Conservatives put up a desperate fight, all the strength of their party being thrown into the district. The opposition tried to make a bid for the fishing vote by stalling at meetings and circulating the report that Sir Alex. Axlesworth and Mr. Prowse proposed to give the Americans the right to fish freely anywhere in the Island waters. The Conservatives polled ninety-one votes more than at the general election. Mr. McPhee had the Liberal vote of 82. The Opposition failed to announce its constructive policy, but mainly directed their attack on the Government policy of readjusting the land values, claiming the Liberals were overburdening the farmers with taxation. At the Dominion election in 1908 the Liberal majority was forty so that the political complexion of the district remains practically unchanged.

FALL WAS FATAL.

Berlin, Feb. 9.—Mrs. Carl Schrank, aged 20, is dead as a result of injuries she sustained by falling more than five months ago.

COUNCIL AIM AT 22 MILLS

This Is the Tax Rate the City Fathers, of 1911, Would Like.

THE FIGURES REVIEWED

Much Depends on the Finances of the Niagara Power Department of the City This Year.

The city council are aiming at a tax rate of 22 mills on the dollar for 1911, and it is more than likely they will succeed.

Although the estimates will not be considered for some weeks, already some of the spending bodies are at work, preparing a statement for the finance committee.

The amount of money coming from the increase in assessment will be about $30,000, or quite close to a mill and a half.

To offset that sum, there will be slight increases in the amount of money required to run each committee.

The board of education will ask the same as last year, approximately $200,000. They have kept well within their estimates during the year just closed, and with care, it is thought, that this year will see no increase whatever in the expenditure.

The public library board will not ask as much. Last year they expended about $12,500, but this year, it is estimated that $11,000 will cover their expenses.

Want More Money.

The hospital trust will demand more. From what can be learned they will need much more to run the hospital this year than last.

In 1910 the estimates were $38,500, but it will require probably $2,000 or $3,000 addition to run that institution this coming year. There are some expenditures to make, such as new motors, that will run into a considerable amount of money, and it will be necessary to provide for them.

The board of health will not require as much. Last year the estimated expenditure was about $4,000, but there was a surplus of $1,500, so in all probability the estimates will not exceed $2,500 in 1911.

The Police Department.

There will be an increase in the cost of running the police department. Last year, the expenses ran about $47,500,

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BYRON WANTS NIAGARA POWER

There Are About 20 or 25 Prospective Customers in That Section.

LIGHT THE RIVER DRIVE

Chairman of Water Board Would Make an Ideal Route for Autoists and Others West of the City.

A deputation of Byron residents waited on Chairman Pocock, of the water commission, yesterday afternoon and made a formal application for light and power.

They informed the chairman that there were about 20 or 25 residents of the place who were willing to subscribe, and they asked for a rate.

Mr. Pocock instructed them to forward a petition to the commission, at which that was done they would consider it and formulate conditions and prices on which lighting would be furnished.

It is expected that another petition from the residents along the river road will be presented to the commission within a very short time.

Lambeth residents are also considering a similar proposition, and if present intentions are carried out they, too, will be furnished with power.

Chairman's Opinion.

Chairman Pocock has some ideas of his own in reference to the proposition.

"We have no power as yet to give these people light," declared the chairman. "However, there is a bill pending in the Legislature, which, if passed and I do not doubt that it will—by which we can serve these municipalities. The provisions of this bill will enable the farmers and other residents to pay for the transmission lines on a 30-year basis, and that would reduce the annual cost to a mere trifle. We will then be able to serve these small municipalities as well as the farmers.

Light the Drive.

"Now, in connection with this I am of the opinion that the farmers would agree to a scheme to properly light the driveway, along the Pipe Line road on one side, as far as Byron, and back to the city along the river road. The lights need not be as close together as in the city, but sufficient of them could be placed there to light the roads. It is a beautiful driveway, and is much frequented by autoists and horsemen. The cost would be very little, and the advantage would be very considerable.

"I think the farmers could be persuaded to do this, as it would afford protection to all at a very low cost. It looks feasible to me."

At the next meeting of the water commissioners this proposal will probably come up in connection with the petitions from the farmers and residents of Byron for power.

FINDS PARENTS DEAD.

Utica, N. Y., Feb. 9.—Mr. and Mrs. Jabez Townsend were found dead with bullet wounds in their heads last night by John Townsend upon his return from his studies at Cornell University. The Townsend's home is about three miles from the city, where Mr. Townsend conducted a well known dairy farm.

It is believed by the family that each, in turn, committed suicide, as both had been despondent from fear of a second stroke of paralysis to Mr. Townsend.

CONGRESS STARTS TRADE DEBATE

Battle for Reciprocity Opened by Senator Beveridge.

FRIENDS OR ENEMIES

Says Passing of Reciprocity Agreement Is of Great Importance to Both Nations.

[Canadian Press.]

Washington, Feb. 9.—The first gun in the congressional battles over Canadian reciprocity was fired in the Senate today. Senator Beveridge, of Indiana, an insurgent, was the marksman, and he lined up on the side of the Administration. He did not make pretense of representing others of the progressive Republican camp.

Plunging immediately into the heart of his subject, Mr. Beveridge welcomed the compact as the first concrete evidence of the establishment of such relations with Canada as he thought the United States should maintain with a country so closely adjoined physically, and with a people so intimately allied with Americans in kinship and interest. Contending for the importance of the principle involved, he urged the necessity for prompt and decided action. The details, he said, were of comparatively little significance, and might well be left to future adjustment.

Friends or Enemies.

"Shall the United States and Canada begin the policy of mutual trade concessions and commercial friendliness, or shall we make permanent the policy of trade obstruction and commercial hostility between the countries?"

Thus asking, Mr. Beveridge said these were the real questions which must be answered in dealing with the reciprocity agreement. His general position was then announced as follows:

"If some think that the agreement is not all that it should be because of the treatment of a few articles, the answer is that even if this objection is sound as to those few details, yet it is negligible when compared with the importance of getting this great national policy.

"As a matter of fact it will be found that the objection to a few scattered items is not sound, for this is a matter of agreement and mutual concessions are necessary. Even so our Government has done surprisingly well in the concessions it has secured. If the agreement is enacted into law and proves beneficial to the nation as a whole, it is certain to be extended as time goes on, and the two peoples experience its good effect. If, on the other hand it should prove harmful to the nation as a whole it could and will be repealed.

"Every element of the situation is an unanswerable argument for intimate trade relations with Canada. These elements are peculiar. They exist only and exclusively as to Canada and the United States. Therefore, they require a policy as different as that which we apply to other countries as those unique conditions affecting Canada and ourselves are different from those affecting other countries and ourselves."

After undertaking to demonstrate that the objections to the various items covered in the treaty are trivial Mr. Beveridge declared them to be of the hop skip and jump variety."

THREE MONTHS FOR A THIEVING POLE

Stephen Schram Was Sentenced By Police Magistrate Graydon Today.

Stephen Schram, a Pole, who last week was found guilty of stealing a quantity of brass from the London Rolling Mills, was sentenced to three months in jail by Magistrate Graydon at the police court this morning, and it was recommended that at the expiration of the sentence that Schram be deported.

Schram cannot speak a word of English, and when the sentence was interpreted to him he told the interpreter to tell the magistrate, "That it was all right, and he couldn't help it."

Schram, it was shown, was taking brass from the London Rolling Mills, where he was employed as a shearsmith, and selling it to another man named Forman.

BOARD OF HEALTH INDORSES THE PLAN

Desirous of Having Laundries Placed Under Rules of the Factories' Act.

The Ontario Government proposes to place all laundries subject to the factories act, and, of course, under the jurisdiction of the factory inspector.

The move has the indorsation of the board of health of this city. Last year complaints were made to the board that the sanitary condition of some of the Chinese laundries of this city was not good. Dr. Hutchinson, M. H. O., made an inspection and it was found that many of them were not up to the standard. They were instructed to clean up, and while there was a certain improvement it was not sufficient to meet with the indorsation of the board. It was also found that they had not sufficient power to force the Chinamen to maintain the proper degree of cleanliness.

The steam laundries of the city are all inspected. The factory inspector makes regular calls on them, and they keep them properly looked after.

The local trades and labor council also made a plea some time ago for a better inspection of laundries.

STATUE TO EDISON.

Roselle, N. J., Feb. 9.—To commemorate the fact that Roselle was the first place in the United States to use incandescent lights in a building, a statue is to be erected here to Thomas A. Edison. Edison once had a plant in this borough and he tried out the incandescent lights in the First Presbyterian Church.