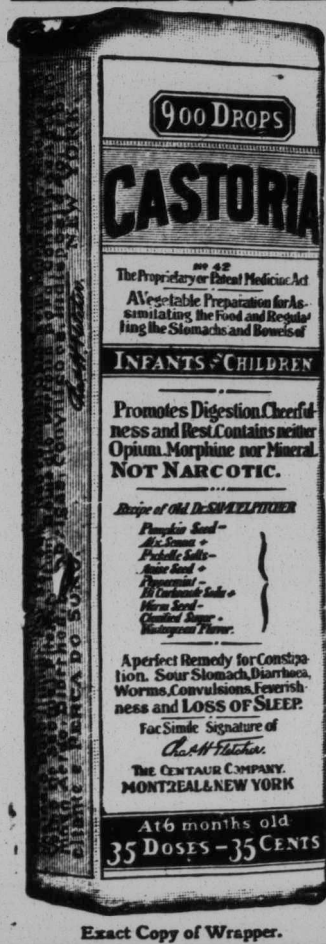




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**Target Tips and Hunting Helps**  
by Alfred P. Lane  
Send this paper to Mr. Lane  
care of this paper.



### A New Questions and Answers Department of Interest to Shooters

Readers are reminded that this column is open to questions which should be sent to me in care of the Sporting Editor, and to discussions by the readers on anything connected with hunting or target shooting.—A. P. L.

H. H. S., Middletown, Pa.

In a previous answer you say there is a repeating bolt action rifle handling the .22 long rifle cartridge made abroad. Would you please inform me if it can be obtained of any dealer in the U. S. and the price, also by whom made.

Ans. These rifles are not obtainable at present, and probably will not be obtainable until after the end of the war, as England is using all the small bore rifles they can turn out for practice work in drilling her troops.

W. F., Waltham, Mass.

1. This is a question for you to decide. Ask some of your shooting friends.

2. Would a 16 gauge kill as far as a 12, and is it strong enough for fox? Ans. The larger the gauge, the longer the range of the gun. It is as sure as death and taxes that a 16 gauge shotgun will not kill as far as a 12. It would be strong enough for fox if the range were about 10 yds. less than a 12 gauge.

3. Is the .351 calibre rifle a proper gun to get when going after large game?

Ans. The .351 calibre is not considered a big game cartridge, i. e., if you mean by "big game" moose, grizzly bear, etc.

R. M. W., Cumberland, Md.

1. What is the best distance to practice target shooting with a .22 calibre revolver or pistol? What is the best distance for a .38 calibre revolver?

Ans. Revolvers and pistols are used at the same ranges. The standard distance indoors is 20 yds., outdoors, 50 yds., the standard American being used.

2. What is considered a fairly good score with a .22 calibre revolver at 10 yds., 10 shots? Ans. Under standard conditions at 10 yds., a score of 80 is considered very good.

3. What is the powder charge of the Colt's Auto pistol with metal cased bullets? And do you think that it would be safe to use 1/2 or 1 grain of powder more than the full charge standard load?

Ans. The powder charge is in the neighborhood of five grains Bullseye. I have not the faintest idea why you should desire to use a heavier load than the full charge, and I would strongly advise faking out an accident and life insurance policy if you intend to do so.

4. Do you think that a person can do as good target shooting with a 45 Colt's Auto or .30 Luger Auto pistol as with a target revolver?

Ans. Automatic pistols do not give as good results for target work as regular target revolvers. This is due to the fact that they are heavier and the trigger pull is not as good.

*Alfred P. Lane*

## Editorial Comment

### GERMANY'S LONG

#### WAY TO PEACE

According to a private but published letter by Dr. Dernburg, who represents in a semi-official capacity the German Government in the United States, an "equitable solution" of the present European problem would include perpetual possession of Belgium. The mere fact that the attack made by Germany on Belgium was the occasion of Great Britain's decision to enter the contest shows how absurdly impossible such a condition is. The only alternative offered for the ownership of Belgium is a "guaranteed free sea," which Great Britain cannot concede as he defines the expression. In any proper meaning of it Germany possesses now as much of the freedom of the sea as Great Britain does. Her ships in time of peace can go where they please throughout the whole of the British Crown colonies and trade with their people on precisely the same terms as British ships enjoy. This is all Germany is entitled to, and it is all she is likely ever to get.

Dr. Dernburg raises the question whether the attack on Belgium was "a breach of international law." This purblindness is on his part a mere affectation. He knows perfectly well that it was one of the grossest and most iniquitous violations of the law of nations known to history; absolutely unprovoked and inexcusable. He knows that the violated treaty bound Belgium to defend her territory against both France and Germany, and that this was frankly admitted by both powers in 1870. In one sentence he says: "Germany does not believe in conquering and subjugating unwilling nations," and that "no such attempts have ever been permanently successful." In the very next sentence he says Germany has conquered Belgium "with untold sacrifice of blood and treasure," because "it offers 'a German trade the only outlet to an open sea.'" There is no German population in Belgium, but there are French and Flemish people in abundance. This lapse into frankness was fortunate in the interest of truth.

Germany will have no terms of peace offered to her except by all three of the great allied powers, and she will have to ask for them before she gets them. The financing of the war for years to come has been arranged. The armies are all ready, waiting only for an adequate supply of ammunition. The remainder of the war in the west will be an inferno of artillery fire. If Germany desires to escape the ordeal which is just beginning she can do so, not on Dr. Dernburg's terms.

### PROROGATION OF THE CANADIAN PARLIAMENT

The speech with which the Duke of Connaught, governor-general of the Dominion of Canada, on Thursday prorogued Parliament at Ottawa, the name of the King, was doubtless intended, on the one hand, to express with fitness the mother country's appreciation of Canadian loyalty, liberality and sacrifice, and, on the other, to impress the whole world with the unity and solidity of the British empire in the face of conditions as untoward as any it has ever been called upon to meet. It will seem to all impartial readers, we believe, a satisfactory effort in both respects. Canada has a large contingent of its young manhood already in the field; it has another practically under orders for the front. The Parliament had just appropriated \$100,000,000 to defray further expenses of Canadian military and naval organizations, and this in a period of exceptional industrial and commercial depression.

Manifestly this called for thanks from the royal representative of the crown, and these were tendered freely. "There is no abatement," said the governor-general, "in the intense earnestness and determination of the Canadian people to unite their efforts with those of all other British dominions for the maintenance of the empire's integrity and for the preservation of its institutions and liberties. The response to the call for men has fully equalled all anticipations. I have been proud to learn that the Canadian soldiers have shown conspicuous bravery and efficiency."

From the beginning Canada seems to have been moved only by a single purpose, that of contributing, voluntarily, speedily and generously to the mother country's needs. It is not necessary to be influenced by prejudice for the mother country's cause to recognize and to admire the devotion of her subjects as exemplified not only in the case of Canada but by all the British overseas dominions.

### GERMAN CRITIC SETS VALUE ON BRITISH FLEET

Apropos of various articles which have appeared of late in the German press exulting over the losses sustained by the British navy since the outbreak of war, Captain Persius has warned the readers of the Berliner Tageblatt not to base their calculations upon such assertions. We are confident, he wrote, that our fleet will, as heretofore, keep

the enemy far from our coasts, and will damage him by means of submarines and mines. We should, however, only be misconstruing and underestimating the task which lies before our fleet were we to speak now of a substantial weakening of the British sea power. There was some justification, it was true, he continued, for the remark often heard nowadays that "One would have expected more from the English fleet," but there was no doubt that the British Admiralty had acted wisely, if not boldly, in reserving its attack upon the German fleet until a later date.

Proceeding to describe the strength of the British and German fleets in terms of tonnage and weight of broadside, Captain Persius remarked: This short summary should suffice to show in its true light the mighty material superiority of the British fleet, although, at the same time, it should be recalled that the battle in the neighborhood of the Dogger Bank on Jan. 24 proved that 28 and 30.5 centimeter guns were by no means inferior to the British guns of 34.3 centimeter caliber. Even if we have, however, inflicted many and noteworthy losses on our enemy, these have little significance in view of our relative total strength, and of the increase which may be expected. We too, of course, can reckon upon the tireless activity of our shipyards bringing us reinforcements every month; but these reinforcements can be by no means so great as those at the disposal of the British fleet.

Before the war the idea, which we in this journal always opposed, was prevalent, that England would suffer from a lack of men for her fleet. The error of this view has now been incontestably proved. It is therefore, manifest that we must refrain from estimating too highly the losses of our enemy or from appraising his strength inadequately. Our fleet is only at the beginning of its task. We know that it lacks neither the will nor the capacity to overcome all difficulties, but by calculating those difficulties rightly we shall be able to estimate what is achieved at its proper value.—Christian Science Monitor.

### CANADA AND TERMS OF PEACE

Canadians appreciate the logic and the sentimental value of the decision of the mother country to counsel with the self-governing portions of the outlying empire as to terms of peace whenever belligerents come with honor to that state of negotiations. The demand had been rising, prior to the war, for some recognition of the Dominion's opinion as a valuable, constituent part of the imperial policy and will; but it had back of it no such force as came with pledges of loyalty which are proving costly in treasure, human and monetary, but which are to be redeemed to the full and with pride and gladness. Having shown Great Britain and the world what its young nation can do when its moral and political allegiance are put to the test, Canada is not surprised that the British ministry now sees the justice of letting the child enter a family council, where others with like status are admitted, the goal of desire being family agreement on a demand that will have the empire as well as the kingdom back of it.

To reject this proffer of an opportunity to make history through negotiation as well as by force of arms is open to Canada if she wills to do so; and some of its political leaders will insist that the Dominion go slowly in deciding to dictate in any way the outcome of a war due to European territorial partition and economic evolution. They will argue that the less Canada promises to do which will commit her to policies of more or less European territory the more likely she will be to have peace at home and future exemption from complications with the powers abroad.

Over against such argument will be put the fact that at last an imperial referendum on an imperial issue is proffered. Federalism within the empire emerges as one of the possible by-products of the war, with the Ottawa advice as well as her affection and sacrifice welcomed in London. Should anything in the way of bona fide imperial policy toward combatants emerge, it would be the logic of latter-day confederations between the mother and her children as war threatened and as colonial, military and naval expansion became a part of the imperial defensive program.—Christian Science Monitor.

### 10 CENT "CASCARETS" FOR LIVER AND BOWELS

Cure Sick Headache, Constipation, Biliouness, Sour Stomach, Bad Breath—Candy Cathartic.

No odds how bad your liver, stomach or bowels; how much your head aches, how miserable you are from constipation, indigestion, biliousness and sluggish bowels—you always get relief with Cascarets. They immediately cleanse and regulate the stomach, remove the sour, fermenting food and foul gases; take the excess bile from the liver and carry off the constipated waste matter and poison from the intestines and bowels. A 10-cent box from your druggist will keep your liver and bowels clean; stomach sweet and head clear for months. They work while you sleep.

### Postal Laws of Canada

Under the Post Office Act, Sections 65 and 66, the Postmaster General has the exclusive privilege of receiving, collecting, conveying and delivering letters within Canada.

Bills and accounts whether in open or sealed envelopes; as well as circulars or other printed matter enclosed in envelopes sealed or ready to be sealed, are "Letters" within the meaning of the Post Office Act. There is a penalty under Section 136 of the Post Office Act which may amount to \$20.00 for each letter unlawfully carried.

It has been brought to the attention of the Post Office Department that some business firms desiring to avoid paying the War Tax which became effective on the 15th April, propose making arrangements for the delivery of accounts, bills, circulars, etc., through means other than the Post Office, contrary to the Postal Act, and a warning is hereby given that the Post Office Department intends to insist that the law shall be rigidly lived up to, and will in no circumstances allow these parties to avoid paying the one cent tax which has been imposed for war purposes.

All letters conveyed, received, collected, sent or delivered in contravention of the Post Office Act will be seized and necessary steps immediately taken for the prosecution of the offenders in all cases where the law has been contravened.

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Report of the Hotel Physician in a Leading New York Hospital on the Cure of Brain Fatigue and Nervous Exhaustion

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### NOTICE OF SALE

To Charles Edmonds of Newcastle in the County of Northumberland Laborer and the heirs of Florence Edmonds deceased and all others whom it may concern:

Take notice that there will be sold at Public Auction in front of the store of George Stables in the Town of Newcastle in the said County of Northumberland on THURSDAY the twenty second day of July next at twelve o'clock noon.

All that piece or parcel of land and premises situate lying and being in Newcastle aforesaid and bounded and described as follows: Commencing at a stake fifty feet from intersection of road running in front of the said lot and Creek running towards the river thence along the said road fifty feet in an easterly direction to a stake thence on a line at right angles to the said road one hundred feet to a stake on the rear line of front lots thence westerly along the rear line of front lots fifty feet to a stake, thence at right angles to the said road one hundred feet to the said road being the place of beginning and being the same lands conveyed to the said Florence Edmonds by James Donohoe by Indenture bearing date the 22nd January A. D. 1910, as by reference to the said deed will more fully appear.

The above sale will be made under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in an Indenture of Mortgage bearing date the 22nd day of January A. D. 1910 and made between the said Charles Edmonds and Florence Edmonds of the first part and the said George Stables of the second part.

Default having been made in the payment of the monies secured by the said Indenture of Mortgage.

Terms cash  
Dated this fifteenth day of April A. D. 1915  
E. P. WILLISTON,  
Solicitor for the Mortgagee  
GEORGE STABLES  
17-3mos. Mortgagee

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The man who does not advertise simply because his grandfather did not should wear knee breeches and a wig.

The man who does not advertise because it costs money should quit paying salaries for the same reason.

The man who does not advertise because he doesn't know how to write an advertisement should quit eating because he can't cook.

The man who does not advertise because somebody said it did not pay, should not believe the world is round because the ancients said it was flat—Dickinson (N. D.) Post.

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SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until Noon, on Friday, the 28th May, 1915, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, 6 times per week each way, between Newcastle and No. 1 Rural Mail Route, from the Pleasure P. M. General.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Offices of Newcastle and route offices, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector, Post Office Inspector's Office, St. John, N. B., April 14, 1915.  
N. R. COLTER,  
17-3 Post Office Superintendent.

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SUNDAY SERVICES

#### United Baptist Church

Rev. M. S. Richards.  
Morning service, 11 a. m.  
Sunday School, 2.30 p. m.  
Preaching service, Derby, 3 p. m.  
Evening service, Newcastle, 7 p. m.  
Mid-Week Service—Wednesday  
Prayer and testimony meeting 7.30 p. m.  
Seats free, all welcome.

#### St. Andrew's Church

(Anglican)  
Rev. W. J. Bate

Holy Communion—1st Sunday in month at 11 a. m. 3rd Sunday in month at 8.30 a. m.  
Morning and Evening Prayer—Matins at 11.00 (except 3rd Sunday in month). Evensong at 7.00. Wednesday Evensong, 7.30.

#### St. Mary's Church

(Catholic)

(During winter months from November to May.)  
Early Mass with sermon, etc., 9.00 a. m.  
Late Mass with sermon, etc., 11.00 a. m.  
St. Aloysius Society for boys, 1.30.  
Children baptized, when there are baptisms, 2.00 p. m.  
Sunday School Classes, 2.30 p. m.  
Vespers, with Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament, etc., 7.00 p. m.

#### Methodist Church

Rev. Dr. Harrison

Sunday Services 11.00 a. m. and 7.00 p. m.  
Prayer and Praise Service, Wednesday, 7.30 p. m.

#### The Kirk

St. James Presbyterian Church

Rev. S. J. MacArthur, M. A., B. D.  
Worship Sunday, 11.00 a. m. and 7.00 p. m.  
Sabbath School, 2.30 p. m.

#### Salvation Army

Capt. P. Forbes

Holliness Meeting—11 a. m.  
Praise and Testimony Meeting—3.00 p. m.  
Salvation Meeting—8 p. m.  
Public Meetings—Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays—8.00 p. m.

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