

information, a copy of a Report which has been received from the Law Officers in reply, by which it will be seen that they concur in the proposed instructions to Lord Elgin.*

I am, &c.
(Signed) E. HAMMOND.

No. 39.

The Earl of Clarendon to Mr. Crampton.

(No. 189.)

Sir,

Foreign Office, August 24, 1854.

WITH reference to your despatch No. 213 of the 7th instant, I have to state to you that I approve of your having recommended Admiral Fanshawe to release the American fishing vessel "Ellen," which had been seized by one of the provincial cruizers of New Brunswick for an infraction of the Fisheries Convention of 1818.

I am, &c.
(Signed) CLARENDON.

No. 40.

Mr. Crampton to the Earl of Clarendon.—(Received August 28.)

(No. 219.)

My Lord,

Washington, August 13, 1854.

WITH reference to my despatch No. 208 of the 4th instant, in which I had the honour of informing your Lordship that the Treaty signed on the 5th of June last between Great Britain and the United States in regard to the Fisheries and Reciprocity of Trade had been approved by the Senate, and that the necessary Legislative measures had been adopted by the House of Representatives for giving effect thereto, I have now the honour to inclose a copy of the Act of Congress for that purpose, which was passed and approved by the President on the 5th instant.

I have, &c.
(Signed) JOHN F. CRAMPTON.

Inclosure in No. 40.

An Act to carry into effect a Treaty between the United States and Great Britain, signed on the 5th day of June, 1854.

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, that whenever the President of the United States shall receive satisfactory evidence that the Imperial Parliament of Great Britain and the Provincial Parliaments of Canada, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island, have passed laws on their part to give full effect to the provisions of the Treaty between the United States and Great Britain, signed on the 5th of June last, he is hereby authorized to issue his proclamation, declaring that he has such evidence, and thereupon, from the date of such proclamation, the following articles, being the growth and produce of said provinces of Canada, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island, to wit:—

Grain, flour, and breadstuffs of all kinds; animals of all kinds; fresh, smoked, and salted meats; cotton-wool; seeds and vegetables; undried fruits; dried fruits; fish of all kinds; products of fish and all other creatures living in the water; poultry; eggs; hides; furs, skins, or tails undressed; stone or marble in its crude or unwrought state; slate; butter, cheese, tallow; lard; horns; manures; ores of metal of all kinds; coal; pitch, tar, turpentine; ashes; timber and lumber of all kinds, round, hewed, and sawed, unmanufactured in whole or in part; firewood, plants, shrubs, and trees; pelts; wool; fish-oil; rice; broom-corn and bark; gypsum, ground or unground; hewn or wrought or unwrought burr or grindstones; dye-stuffs; flax, hemp, and tow, unmanufactured; unmanufactured tobacco; rags:

Shall be introduced into the United States free of duty so long as the said Treaty shall remain in force, subject, however, to be suspended in relation to the trade with Canada on the condition mentioned in the IVth Article of the said Treaty: and all the other provisions of the said Treaty shall go into effect, and be observed on the part of the United States.