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MOSTLY FAIR

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PARDEE, GUTHRIE AND TURRIFF DENY GRAHAM'S STATEMENT AND CONSCRIPTION BILL PASSES; BRITISH PROBABLY BEGINNING GREAT DRIVE

HOUSE OF COMMONS GIVES THIRD READING TO THE MILITARY COMPULSION BILL BY VOTE OF 102 TO 44

Measure Now Goes to Senate Where Debate is Expected to be Short One--Pardee, Guthrie, Turiff and Nineteen Other Liberals Leave Laurier.

Guthrie and Pardee Give Lie Direct to Graham's Statement That Toronto Liberal Convention Was Unanimous in Support of Sir Wilfrid Laurier's War Policy.

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, July 24.—The conscription bill passed the Commons this evening, 102 to 44, a majority of 58. It will now go to the Senate where the debate upon it is not expected to be protracted. There were no amendments to the third reading, and there were fewer speeches than anticipated. Only J. C. Turriff, Hugh Guthrie, Fred F. Pardee, Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Hon. Arthur Meighen took part in the debate, and of these Sir Wilfrid alone opposed the bill. Mr. Turriff was in the west during the debate on the second reading and had no previous opportunity of declaring his views, while Mr. Guthrie and Mr. Pardee spoke today merely to give the lie direct to the statements made by Hon. George P. Graham after the convention of Ontario Liberal members and candidates at Toronto on Friday that the gathering had been unanimous in its decision to follow the leadership of Sir Wilfrid Laurier in his war policy. They made it clear that their attitude was exactly what it was when they spoke on the second reading of the bill and that they were absolutely and materially opposed to the Laurier policies.

The Vote Interesting.

The vote was interesting. The supporters of conscription numbered 102 and the opponents 44. There were 22 Liberal members, one of those being a western French-Canadian, Albert Champagne. Only four members from west of the Ottawa river voted against the bill, Messrs. Prout, Murphy, Molloy and Oliver. Only ten English-speaking members voted against it, Messrs. Chahola, Devlin, Kyle, Macdonald, McCrea, MacKenzie, Power, Oliver, Molloy and Murphy.

Ontario stood out as the big conscriptionist province with 60 for and 2 against. However, Saskatchewan provided no anti-conscriptionists. Seven from Quebec voted for conscription and 34 against.

Relatively Stronger.

The vote was not so large as on the second reading when the result was 118 to 55. On that occasion 26 Liberals voted for the bill. Five of these were away yesterday, namely Messrs. Logan and Traux, Mr. W. H. White, of Alberta, who was not present when the second reading was voted upon, was in the house today and supported the bill. Thus 27 Liberals in all have opposed Sir Wilfrid Laurier, which is an indication how seriously the Liberal party has been rent. It should be said that several members on both sides today were paired, including Dr. Chabot, of Ottawa, who would have supported the measure had he not been paired with Dr. Boland, who is a prisoner of war in Germany.

While there were no opponents of the bill today from New Brunswick, that was simply because Mr. Pugsley was absent and Mr. Copp was paired. Ottawa, July 24.—(By Leased Wire)—Mr. J. G. Turriff, Liberal, Assiniboia, took the floor as soon as Sir Robert Borden moved the third reading of the military service bill at the opening of the house this afternoon. Mr. Turriff explained that he was absent at the time of the debate on the second reading and felt that as he was breaking with the Liberal party, he should put on record his views. He was for the bill and against the referendum. He stated that the referendum was a waste of time and that the only way to get the men by voluntary enlistment if possible, but if voluntary

enlistment failed then conscription should be applied. Friends of his on the Liberal side of the house were not even willing to go that far.

Win the War Policy.

Mr. Turriff said that his policy was to win the war. If there was any possible chance of a non-conscription government getting the men and sending them forward, he would support it with the very greatest of pleasure, but he could see no such possibility. He said that it was a wrench to separate from his leader and majority of his party. He would frankly admit that he never had much love for those on the Conservative side of the house and had not yet, but he proposed to support any government which will do its best to win the war.

Mr. Turriff declared that the only way for Canada to do her utmost was under a national government. "This government is not in a good position to administer the conscription law," he declared, "neither would a party government from this side of the house. It would be a mighty good thing for Canada if the two parties would drop their differences for the time being and work together to win the war."

Mr. Turriff demanded the conscription of resources and favors the imposition of an income tax. He took it for granted that the government should proceed with such a tax as announced by Sir George Foster. He said that it would not be the nature of the Anglo-Saxon race, or the French race to lay down in the race. As far as he was concerned, he did not propose to quit.

Ex-Chief Whip Pardee.

Mr. F. F. Pardee, Liberal, West Lambton, who followed, said that there seemed to be some misunderstanding as to his position in certain matters. He desired to refer to the report of the meeting of the Liberal members and the Liberal candidates of Ontario, which was held in Toronto on Friday last. "The report states that certain conclusions were arrived at, as set out in the issue of the Globe of July 21 last," declared Mr. Pardee. "The report goes further on to say that the Ontario federal Liberal members and the candidates in the field after earnest consideration came to certain conclusions unanimously. Let me say to the country that I did not agree with these conclusions, I stand exactly where I stood when I spoke on the second reading of this bill. I am conscriptionist Liberal, with all that implies, believe

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STILL FEAR REVOLUTION IN RUSSIA

Manifests Issued Calling on Supporters to Defend the Government.

Petrograd, July 24.—The indications are that the workmen's and soldiers' council, after the events of the past week and all circumstances connected therewith, are apprehensive of a counter-revolution. The central committee has issued a manifesto calling local organizations of the revolutionary democracy and army to be ready at any moment to rally around their political centres, namely the councils of the workmen and soldiers.

A "blood and iron" policy will be put into effect if needed to save Russia, by the government of Premier Kerensky to which unlimited power has been granted. In an interview today, the premier said: "Relying upon the confidence of the masses and the army the government will save Russia and Russian unity by blood and iron, if argument and reason, honor and conscience, are not sufficient."

\$50,000 FOR PRESS.

Ottawa, July 24.—The item of \$50,000 for the Canadian Press Limited towards the expense of the National News Service was passed by the house tonight without discussion.

THREE PROMINENT LIBERAL MEMBERS AGAIN REFUSE TO FOLLOW LAURIER

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UNION GOV'T. AT OTTAWA PROBABLE

Political Situation Reaches Acute Stage at the Capital.

EMPHASIZED BY COMPULSION VOTE

Liberal Breach Wide and Members of Party Openly Quarrel.

Special to The Standard. Ottawa, July 24.—The political situation has reached an acute state and the debate and the vote upon the third reading of the military service bill emphasized it. The Liberal party is rent in twain, and the spectacle was observed today of Liberal members openly quarrelling in the chamber. Two western members had hot words with one of the erstwhile conferees from Quebec and the Speaker had to demand order.

There was also the unusual exhibition of two prominent members, Mr. Hugh Guthrie and Fred Pardee, the chief Liberal whip, feeling compelled to rise in their places and deny the report of the proceedings at the Toronto Liberal convention of Friday as given to the public by Hon. George P. Graham. Such a circumstance is probably without precedent in Parliament.

Graham Caught.

The veracity of Mr. Graham was impugned. He had declared to the public press that the meeting had come to a unanimous decision to support Sir Wilfrid Laurier as leader with all that meant from the war point of view. It was shown by the two Liberal members mentioned that the very reverse was the case, and their public repudiation of Sir Wilfrid's first lieutenant, has left the member for South Renfrew in an unenviable position.

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Most Furious Artillery Action Of All the Ages Now Raging Day and Night in Flanders

MILLION MEN FOR ARMY OF UNCLE SAM

Government Requests Additional \$5,000,000,000 for War Expenses.

FIRST PROVISION FOR HALF MILLION

\$240,000,000 Aeroplane Bill Becomes Law and 20,000 Planes to Be Built.

Washington, July 24.—An American army of one million men for service abroad at once, instead of the five hundred thousand contemplated for the first draft, is foreshadowed by the government's request for an additional \$5,000,000,000 made to the senate finance committee today.

The \$240,000,000 aeroplane bill became a law today with President Wilson's signature. This immense appropriation is only the beginning of preparations for the campaign intended to overwhelm Germany in the air. More than 20,000 planes are to be built as a first increment, and there will be fifty thousand of aviators. The first task will be the instruction of the vast army of American flyers.

Washington, July 24.—President Wilson today asked Chairman Denman of the shipping board to resign, and accepted the resignation of Major-General George Goethals, as general manager of the emergency fleet corporation. Chairman Denman received the president's request for his resignation at noon and tendered it immediately. Edward N. Hurley, a Chicago business man, and former chairman of the federal trade commission, will become chairman of the shipping board.

CASUALTIES

Ottawa, July 24. Killed in action: Hugh Knight, Strathcona, River Heights, N. B. Wounded: W. P. Burke, 27 Sheriff street, St. John, N. B. P. Gillis, 45 Harding street, St. John, N. B.

Wounded: Gunner Dawson C. Gilbert, Douglastown, N. B. Gunner Richard M. Palmer, Sackville, N. B. Corporal C. Tongue, Little River, N. B.

MAJ. MACDONALD OPERATED UPON

London, July 24.—(Montreal Gazette Cable)—Major Eric Macdonald, of St. John, N. B., who was the commandant of a training school in France, has been successfully operated on for appendicitis.

Girl's Condition Critical. The condition of Edith Clark, who was struck by a locomotive near Fairville on Monday evening, is still critical, at the General Public Hospital. Little hope for her recovery is entertained.

Inferno of Mighty Gun Fire Indicates that in All Likelihood Expected Powerful Offensive by Armies of Britain Is At Hand—French Drive Back Enemy, But Russians in Disorderly Retreat.

Berlin, July 24, via London—An artillery battle of an intensity never paralleled previously is raging day and night in Flanders the war office announces.

The German announcement indicates that in all likelihood the expected British offensive is at hand. Several times recently Berlin has reported heavy artillery fighting in Flanders, and the intensity of today's bombardment probably denotes the last stage of preparations before the blow is struck. It has been predicted that the next attack of the British would surpass any effort previously made by them. The opening of the offensive may be hastened to assist the hard-pressed Russians.

British Statement. London, July 24.—The British official communication issued this evening says: "During the day our troops successfully raided the enemy trenches at four points east and northeast of Ypres, and brought back prisoners in each case. An enemy raiding party entered our trenches during the night east of Laventie, but was driven out after a bombing encounter. Another party of the enemy succeeded in raiding one of our saps east of Givenchy Lez La Bassée. One of our men is missing."

"Great activity by our aerial forces continued yesterday, and much successful work again was accomplished, in co-operation with our artillery. The German announcement indicates that in all likelihood the expected British offensive is at hand. Several times recently Berlin has reported heavy artillery fighting in Flanders, and the intensity of today's bombardment probably denotes the last stage of preparations before the blow is struck. It has been predicted that the next attack of the British would surpass any effort previously made by them. The opening of the offensive may be hastened to assist the hard-pressed Russians.

French Statement. Paris, July 24.—The official communication issued by the war office tonight reads: "This morning we vigorously counter-attacked the German troops who had occupied, since the hard fighting of the day before yesterday, elements of our first line on the Casemates and Calonne plateau. Carried out with extraordinary spirit, the attack gave brilliant results. Notwithstanding the stubborn defence offered by the Germans, our troops recaptured all of the ground lost on the Calonne plateau, with the exception of a small work, which was completely destroyed, in the salient to the northwest and abandoned by both sides. On the Casemates plateau we drove out the enemy from all the elements he had held; we even advanced our line at several points. German counter-attacks delivered against the reconquered trenches resulted in no gain."

Repulse of the Russians near Jacobstadt and Drinsk is reported, and the town of Krevo is again in the German hands. In all, eight Russian divisions took part in the attacks south of Smorgon and only the Russian 11th and 12th divisions were repulsed. The Russian 11th division is reported to have been repulsed.

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STANISLAW BEING EVACUATED BY DEMORALIZED RUSSIANS

Germans Cross Sereth River, South of Tarnopol—Russian Units on Both Sides of Dvinsk-Vilna Railroad Retreat, Refusing to Obey Commands

Bulletin — Petrograd, July 23.—Stanislaw is being evacuated by the Russians, according to tonight's official statement. The Germans have crossed the Sereth River, in the region of Mikulice (south of Tarnopol), defeating Russian detachments. South of the Dniester, the Russians are retreating eastward. After the 23—Stanislaw has occupied the German positions on both sides of the Dvinsk-Vilna railroad, the statement says, entire units returned to their original trenches without German pressure. A number of units refused to obey commands during the battle.

FWOHLER IN SENATE

Special to The Standard. Ottawa, July 24.—Colonel George W. Fowler was introduced into the Senate tonight by Sir James Loucheux and Senator Daniel.

CONSTANT GERMAN SWEEP.

Copenhagen, July 24.—A dispatch from a war correspondent of the Lokal Anzeiger of Berlin says that the Austro-German advance in Galicia is sweeping forward incessantly, notwithstanding desperate counter-attacks by Serbian troops.