In last Annual Report, the Directors gave a full statement of the then position of proceedings against the Great Western Railway Company, to enforce payment of the Bank's claim. As stated at the time, they fully expected that settlement could not be delayed much longer, as the Company would be brought to tim course of law. But the policy of protracting by every possible means has been adhered to by the authorities of the Company. The argument in Appeal took place in December last, and no decision was had until March. Judgment was then given by the Court of Error and Appeal, but it was of such an indefinite character, that the Directors could neither be governed by it, nor justified in considering it conclusive. At the time, it was so little understood, and the reports in the public prints were so contradictory, that the Directors deemed it absolutely necessary to order the Cashier to address the Managers and Agents of the Bank in an expl. natory Circular, accompanied by copies of the Judgment, in order that Shareholders desiring information, might obtain it correctly. Doubtless the Circular and the Judgment have been read by some of the Shareholders, but there are many who have not seen them, and therefore it is now necessary to repeat the leading points.

In some respects the Judgment was satisfactory. It established the character of the account through which the advances were made as being in its inception, and during its continuance, an account with the Great Western Railway Company, not with the Detroit and Milwaukie Company, as asserted in ergor by the defendants in the suit. It was also established, that Messers, Brydges and Reynolds, Directors of the Great Western Railway Company, who had control of the expenditure of that Company upon the Detroit and Milwaukie line, were fully empowered to bind the Great Western Railway Company to the extent of the two votes of their shareholders, amounting to £250,000 sterling, and that the Bank was entitled to recover from the Great Western Railway Company so much of that sum as was not drawn through the Bank by Bills of Exchange; and this, according to the views of the Bank's Counsel, would, with interest, give the Bank \$750,000. It may also be well to explain here that the amount sued for was, in round numbers, \$950,000 and interest. It will be in the recollection of the Shareholders that at the value of \$980,000, including interest, was due to the Bank.

But the judgment of the Court of Appeal prescribed, that unless the parties could agree upon the amount for which the Great Western Railway Company is liable under the opinion expressed by the Court, there must be a new trial to fix the amount. The Directors were satisfied that from the extreme views held by the Great Western Railway Company, that Company would not pay even the modified amount indicated by the Court of Appeal; their practice, in respect of all important verdicts against the Company being, to earry the cases to the Privy Council in England. Subsequent events proved that this conclusion of the Directors was a correct one, for at the General Meeting of the Great Western Railway Company held in London in April, last, the Chairman clearly intimated the intention to have the case brought to the Privy Council, before he knew what course had been resolved upon by the Bank. It was clear to the minds of the Directors, that (although under the decision of the Court of Appeal, the verdict must of necessity be against the Great Western Railway Company to at least the amount indicated,) a new trial would be followed by the same policy of delay which has governed the Company hitherto; and that, for various reasons, it was the duty of the Directors to order the case to be taken to the Privy Council at once. It is unnecessary here to particularise these reasons. One point may, however, be noticed, viz., that the Court in discriminating regarding the amount sued for by not taken at the trial, nor raised in the Queen's Bench, as stated by Mr. Justice Hagarty.

Apart from all other confiderations, as settlement under the decision of the Court of Error and Appeal would involve some considerable loss to the Bank as already shown, the Directors decided that, as Trustees for the Shareholders, they were bound to use all the means at their command to prevent such a loss; more particularly since the views of Counsel in England have uniformly been in favor of the Bank recovering its claim, should the case reach the Privy Council. Accordingly the necessary steps have been taken to have the so brought before the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council, and the most eminent counsel had been previously retained. It was not possible to get the case ready for the June sittings, but it will be heard in November. Hitherto important points have been established, which the Great Western Railway Company cannot controvert; and the Directors, with confidence, ask the Shareholders to look at these results as confining the assurances of ultimate success which have been expressed by the Board from time to time, and which lead the Board to be fully satisfied that the Bank will eventually recover the amount shown to be due to if by the referce.

Since last Annual Meeting the Institution has sustained the loss of a most zenious Director, by the decease of Mr. Archeald John Macdonell, whose honesty of purpose, and advocacy of whatever was right, were ruling characteristics. The Directors cannot allow the occasion to pass without paying this brief tribute to the memory of their late colleague.

The Cashier reports his satisfaction with the attention to duty shown by the Managers, Agents and Officers of the Bark.

COMMERCIAL BANK OF CANADA, KINGSTON, 20th June, 1864.

M. W. STRANGE,

PRESIDENT.

It was then moved by Rybert Kent, Esq., seconded by John Paton, Esq., and unanimously

Resolved,—That the General Statement of the affairs of the Bank, and Report of the Directors now submitted, be received, adopted and printed for the information of the Shareholders.

It was moved by Robert Anderson, Esq., seconded by James Logie, Esq., and unanimously

Resolved,—That the thanks of the Shareholders are due and are hereby given to the President, Vice-President and Directors, for their attention to the interests of the Bank during the past year, and that this meeting approves of the confess adopted by the Directors in regard to the case against the Great Western Railway Company.

It was moved by George Baxter, Esq., seconded by Samuel Muckleston, Esq., and unanimously

Resolved,—That the thanks of the Shareholders be tendered to the Cashier, Managers, Agents and other officers of the Bank, for their attention to the duties of their respective offices.

John Paton, Esq., and Alfred Finnemore, Esq., having been requested to act as Scrutineers, the Meeting proceeded to the election of Directors, when the following gentlemen were duly elected Directors for the ensuing year:

EDWARD BERRY, ESQ.,
RICHARD JOHN CARTWRIGHT, ESQ.,
CHARLES F. GILDERSLEEVE, ESQ.,
MAXWELL W. STRANGE, ESQ.

JAMES HARTY, ESQ., HON. JOHN A. MACDONALD, HON. JAMES PATTON,

The newly elected Board of Directors met subsequently, when RICHARD JOHN CARTWRIGHT, Esq., was unanimously elected President, and Edward Berry, Esq., Vice-President for the ensuing year.