# A CRUMB OF COMFORT.

Mr. Parnell's Admission Gives joy to the Tories.

Pen Picture of the Irish Leader.

The New York Times of Sunday contains the The New York Times of Sunday contains the following from its London correspondent:

The Tories were in a state of great good humor last night over the somewhat remarkable admission of Mr.: Parnell. Under cross examination yesterday the Irish leader, whose straightforwardness has always been the boast of his following admitted without reservation that he friends, admitted without reservation that he had made a false statement in the House of Commons with a deliberate intention of mirleading the chief legislative council of the nation ing the chief registrative council of the nation with regard to an enactment about to be passed. It certainly was a very damaging proceeding on the part of Mr. Parnell, and so it is the first crumb of comfort the Tories have for a long time received from the time received from the commission, they have naturally made much of it.

THE SCENE WAS HISTORICAL,

and one long to be remembered. Imagine a small square court room with gray walls and light brown oak finish packed with as many human beings on the floor and gallery as could possibly get into it; three gray and grave judges in their preposterous wigs and gowns; three benches of lawyers below and before them three neucles of the year outled wige and black also in preposterous curled wige and black gowns, and humanity without wige sitting and gowns, and numericy without wige sitting and standing in every conceivable place the eye could rest upon. The Countess of Rosebery sat in a little nook to the left of the judges, almost on the bench. Archbishop Walsh, the Primate of the bench. Archimator wash, the trimsate of Duolin, with Mrs. Gladstone and her daughter, were on the bench beside the witness stand. Lady Coleridge, wife of the Lord Chief Justice, and her sister, Miss Baxing Lawford, occupied and her sister, with a wall on the right high seats in a doorway in the wall on the right and, being pretty women, elegantly dreased, they looked like two modern statues in a niche. The gallery was througed with members of Parliament and Irish conspirators, and all eyes in breathless attention were fixed upon

THE FIGURE IN THE WITNESS BOX, a figure upon which for years past have been focused millions of eyes in England, America and the world. This figure was tall and slender, and the world. This figure was tail and stender, dressed in a neatly fitting suit of black. The face was pale, finely cut, with delicate, but firmly moulded, features, a face that would be remarked anywhere. Mr. Parnell wears a light brown heard, neatly, but not closely, trimmed. Mr. Parnell spoke in a low and clear tone, so the part of the state of the low that is was sometimes difficult to hear tinctly behind him. His answers were prompt and straightforward. He was an extremely ready witness, seemingly desirous of assisting rather than hindering his questioner. He often made questions clear which were put in a muddy, non-explicit way, and then answered

His mental alereness was wonderful. He had to carry in his head all the various minutiæ of the last ten years of politics, from unimportant events in council meetings to actions in the House of Commons. HE HAD TO WATCH FOR A TRAP

in every question. It was the most wonderful conversational game of chess I have ever seen. the was an occasion on which to tell the truth.

It was sufficiently difficult to tell anything else.

When, according to the strange ethics of politics and patriotism, it became necessary to protect the interests of Ireland, enormous comprehension of the situation and quickness of decision were necessary. His questioner was Sir Richard Webster, a man who has probably suffered the most because his station is the highest of all the persons injured by the Times' stupidity. Webster is a man pompous and expansive, but not brilliant. He is also as bitter as his mental capacity permits. He treated the witness from the begining in a manuar as insulting as he dared to make it. Everybody who knew Parnell's power of arrowy sarcasm, marveled at his forbearance. The witness had too much to think of, however, for any luxury of reprisal and.

HE WES AS COOL A FROZEN FROG. Webster is not a genius at cross examination.

He is a man of petty egotism, and whenever he he makes a point on a witness he feels compelled to beat a bass drum then and there to call attention to his shrewdness. This prevents him from achieving that symmetrical and complete entanglement of his sujbect when an opportunity offers which is the delight of shrewder men, cles. Should the rumors prove correct Canada as he constantly puts the witness on guard. may expect an agitation against the free im-Nevertheless, he did a piece of work yesperday which, though simple, was very effective. The moment that the Irish secret society question was touched it was observed by some that George Lewis became uneasy. George Lewis is the most farcous selicitor in London. He is a short man of perhaps 40, of Jewish ancestry, with near, grey side whiskers and eye glass and sharp rat-like eyes. [His whole expression shows preternatural shrewdness, atd

HE WATCHED QUESTION AND ANSWER like a cat watching a mouse. The Attorney-General obtained from Mr. Parnell his pledged opinion that between 1878 and 1881 the secret societies were responsible for all the outrages committed in Ireland, it being eviednt that if they were not due to the secret societies they have emanated in some fashion from the Land league. Then the Attorney-General drew forth a copy of Hansard and quoted a speech made by Parnell in the House of Commons in January, 1881, in which he said secret societies had ceased to exist in Ireland. Mr. Paruell had no recourse. A less truthful man would have found a loop-hole of evasion, but he did not. He said he had deliberately mis-stated the fact to mislead the House, and while he remains a member of that body his political enemies will never let him forget that remark.

## Pewter in Politics.

The sublime height to which bold, brazen impudence can mount has seldom been better ex-bibited than in the pewter medal episode. The danger of exposing the anti-Jesuit agitation to the ridicule of the multitude was weighed against the value of the advertisement to a journal in search of a principle and a circulation, and the agitation was deliberately sacrificed. Rumors were permitted to get abroad that s commemorative medal was to be struck off and presented to the thirteen members of Parliament who voted in favor of Col. O'Brien's motion.
The ceremony was to take place at a great meeting, to be held in Toronto, of which some, if not all, of the thirteen were expected to be present. evening came, and the meeting was attended by thousands, At an interest-ing part of the proceedings a medal carefully concealed from the vulgar gaze was carefully Conceived from the volgar gaze was estentationally delivered, amidst the wondering glances of a bewildered crowd, to a brother of one of the members, Col. O'Brien. Medals are sometimes handsome and valuable things, and the recipient doubtless took it with a certain amount of pleasureable curiosity. But what must have been the rage and amazement of Col. O'Brien when finally becoming possessor of this medal to open, in the privacy and retirement of home, the package and find—an advertising "fake" of the Toronto Mail! Small wonder that, taught by the hard experience of their colleague, the other twelve members indignantly spurned an offer to be perverted into walking advertisements, and that a vast supply of pewter is now offerless on a falling market. the pity and the pewter of it !—Empire.

Jesuits vs. The "Mail."

law was questioned, so the Attorney General two classes, one secured on lands, the other on must intervend. He asked that the motion be the trading business. The rumors are, however, continued to another day pending such inter-

The same of the sa

on to decide upon the sufficiency of the allega-tions set forth in the exception to the form and American newspapers regarding the violations not upon'its merits.

Hon. Mr. Laflamme, Q.C., insisted upon the

necessity of the Attorney-General's intervention, remarking that the real point at issue was whether the Jesuits' incorporation was legal. Mr. Greenshields and Mr. Doherty, Q.C., also argued for plaintiffs that the court had now to deal only with the sufficiency of de-fendant's allegations in the exception to the

Finally the court continued the motion to Thursday for argument.

### To Correspondents.

We have received a communication from the editor of a weekly city contemporary concerning a matter with which the readers of this paper have no interest and which has already been given full space. In order, however, that no inustice may be done by us, we may state that an alleged interview between them, and appends a letter from Professor Scrimger denying the allegation contained in Mr. Murray's letter to THE TRUE VITNESS about the news-papers on file at the reading room of the Presbyerian College. As far as we are concerned the matter must end here.

# NEWS OF THE WEEK.

#### EUROPEAN.

Herr Meyer, the largest ivory importer in the world, died at Kiel.

The Vienna correspondent of the London Standard insists that the Ozar has designs upon Constantinople.

The Paris Figuro states that the Kings of Belgium, Saxony, Greece and Servia will visit the Paris exhibition.

Paul V. Flynn, once a well known newspaper man of Newark, N. J., is spoken of for the Montreal (onsulship.

Despatches from Egypt say six Dervishes have been executed at Wady Halfa for outraging women and children.

The Cronstadt police have discovered stores of explosive which where to be used in an attemps on the life of the Czar.

Lord Walter Campbell, third son of the Duke of Argyle and brother of the Marquis of Lorne, died in South Africa of fever. Trade between England and Germany during the past three months was double the amount

for the corresponding quarter of 1888. La France says the Government intends to postpone the general election for members of

1890. The steamship Etruria, which arrived at Queenstown on Saturday, made the passage from New York in 6 days 15 hours and 18

minutes. The authorities of Sclezwig have refused to resoind the decree expelling certain German-Americans from the Islands of Amron and Fohr

in the North Sea. Perrin, who fired a blank cartridge at President Carnot, was recently under treatment for insanity. His mental trouble was due to a fever contracted in the colonies.

In the House of Commons all the Liberal Unionists and 20 Tories voted against the sugar bounties convention bill. Belgium will

join France in her opposition to the measure. Arrests of officers in St. Petersburg connected with the peaceful political revolutionary society continues. It is declared that the association is not aiming at attacks upon the person of the

The British House of Commons rejected the bili introduced by Sir Wilfred Lawson propos-ing to give urban leaseholders power to purchase their leases. The vote stood 156 against the measure to 157 in its favor.

The Russian special commission appointed to consider the question has approved to the new Siberian Railway scheme. According to this plan a railway is to be built from Batcom to Vladivostock in six years at a cost of 25,000

roubles per verst. Rumors of an outbreak of pleuro-pneumonia in the States have reached English farming cirport of Canadian cattle similar to that now directed against Holland

Emperor William, on April 30th, opened an exhibition of appliances for the prevention of of accidents. Among those present were the empress, Cabinet ministers and members of the Bundesrath, Reichstag and Landtag. The Emperor alluded to the services of his grand-father in improving the condition of working classes, and said he would strive to continue the attempts to attain a solution of social ques-

The London Canadian Gazette commenting on the decline in emigration to Canada this season says the total this year to May let is 9,695 against 14,433 in the same period of 1888, a decrease of 4,738, and asks what Canada proposes to do. Are no systematic pratical efforts to be made to fill from Europe the gaps now caused in Eastern Canada by the emigration to the Northwest. to say nothing of the much needed increase in the present European settlement in the Northwest?

Advices from Massowah give details concering the recent death of King John of Abassinia. It is stated that on the 10th of March he made an attack on the Dervishes in their stronghold an attack on the Dervision in their attonghold at Metemneh, but his forces were defeated, the king being badly wounded. Two days afterward the Dervisions made an assault and completely routed King John's army, killing the king and his generals Ras Area and Ras Alula. The king of Shoa then proclaimed himself Negas and marched upon Adower.

The New York Evening Sun publishes a story to the effect that the Count Carlo de Corti, brother of the Italian Count Ludovico de Corti, who died some months ago, has sent an agent to the United States to sell his title. Count Carlo has lived in Paris for years and was made a bankrupt by the collapse of the Panama Canal company. His brother, Count Ludvico, did not leave him any of his property because he had engaged in questionable enterprises and sold his fine estatos in Italy. The terms of the title are not above \$30,000 cash for a life pension. Count Corti is now 54 years of age and belongs to one lof the noblest famalies of Italy.

The latest news of French aggression in New-foundland has rather disturbed the minds of ome British politicians who are urging the Government to take prompt and effective measures to support British interests on the French shore. The Government, however, seem to entertain little hope of advancing a settlement, especially in view of the ill-feeling oreated in France by the British action regarding sugar bounties and in receiving Gen. Boulanger with open arms, while refusing to take official part in the French exhibition. The question will be raised in the Commons shortly, but many liberals are strongly opposed to what they regard as unfriendly action of the Govern-ment towards France in deference to the wishes of Germany.

In view of the pending release of large amounts by the British Government in repay ment of old consols, Canadian, in common with Mr. Lamoble, one of the attorneys for the plaintiffs in the case of the Jesuits versus the Mail, presented Monday morningibefore Judge Loranger, in the Practice court, his motion to have some of the sections, 4, 5, 6, 10, 11 and 14 of defendant's exception struck off as being vague, irregular and not sufficiently explicit.

Mr. R. O. Smith, for the defence, remarked that the argument would be a lengthy one, there has been a similar movement in Toronto, Quebeing the property of the Hamilton accident. Canadian Pacific are in strong favor, and business has been done at 523. Hudsons Bay have been bought on rumors of a pending division of the capital into two classes, one secured on lands, the other on the trading business. The rumors are, however.

American newspapers regarding the violations of American property during the Germon naval operations in that country. Dr. Knappe complains that boy flags and handkerchiefs on which are imprinted the American colors and portraits of the President of the United States have been hoisted promiscuously over native houses since the outbreak of the civil war in Samos. He always says that American and British flags were hoisted on plots of land pledged by the "rebels" in lieu of cash in the payment of arms and ammunision. The commander of the British cruiser at Apia, he says, declined to support claims to land thus pledged. The Samoan con-ference sat to-day from 4 to 5.30 o'clock. The land report was the subject under discussion.

The Berlin correspondent of the London Times, referring to the Samoan conference, says that while England's attitude is not entirely clear there is nothing to show that the British Government leaps toward Germany. It is stated that the liberation of Malietos, the dethe editor of our cuty contemporary fiatly contradicts the account given by Mr. N. Murray of nounced to the Samoa conference. It is supposed that the action on the part of Gemany is a prelude to the reinstatement of Malietoa. A sub-committee of the Samoan conference, consisting of Delegates Kruel, Bates and Scott. has prepared a report on the land question at Samon. It is stated that a sub-committee of the conference has under consideration a for the future government of Samoa under a native ruler, with a tribunal to adjudicate the a triumvirate, which will act as consul to the natives, control foreign trade and have a general supervision over Samoan efficients.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 5.—It is reported that a Kurdish chief, who recently escaped from prison, gathered a number of followers and attacked an Armenian village The band seized several prominent men, poured over them petroleum to which they set fire and then watched their victims slowly burn to death.

LONDON, May 6.—The Ministerial defeat on Tuesday night on the sale of liquors in India was a matter of no importance, and was discussed in a House of never more than 220 members, Through defection some Unionists helped to put the Government in a minority. No attempt was made by the whips to avoid defeat,

London, May 6.-William O'Brien and Edward Harrington, who were released from prison in order that they might give testimony before the Parnell commission, are on their way to London. Mr. Harrington is attired in the prison dress.

MADRID, May 6.-At the last sitting of the Catholic congress, a crowd of ladies invaded the church to hear a choral service in which the tenor Gayarre was to take part. So great was the crowd that the delegates to the congress were unable to reach their seats. The presi-dent refused to allow the service to begin the Chamber of Deputies until the spring of and the audience dispersed amid much disorder.

> Paris, May 8 .- President Carnot formally opened the exposition this afternoon. The President was accompanied to the exposition grounds by the presidents of the Senate and the Chamber of Deputies. The party were escorted by a squadron of cavalry. They left the Elysse at 1.30 o'clock and an artillery salute announced their arrival under the central dome of the main exposition building. President Carnot ascended a dais that had been erected under the dome. He was surrounded by the members of the Cabinet and members of the Senate and Chamber of Depubles. M. Tirard, the prime minister made an address welcoming the President. He declared that the exhibition exceeded all ex-pectations and proved that the French people ill preserved all the qualities for which they had been noted. President Carnot, in his address, referred to the indomitable energy of France in arising from the severest trials to fresh industrial triumphs. He afterwards inspected the various departments of the exhibit None of the European ambassadors were pre-

## CATHOLIC.

Bent.

The reported death at Cannes of the Hon. Richard Acton, son of Lord Acton, is incor-

Most Rev. Andrew Higgins, D.D., Bishop of the Roman Catholic diocese of Kerry, is dead. He was consecrated bishop in 1882.

The Congregation of the Index has condemned by a special decree the brochure "Roma e l'Italia e la realth delle cose.

The death of the Very Rev. Dr. Fan di sions, occurred in Rome on the 18th inst. The thirty-sixth General Assembly of the

Catholics of Germany will be held at Boshum, in Westphalia, on the 25th August next. It is proposed to erect, at a cost of £5,000,

new church in Dunfermline in honour of St. Margaret, Queen and Patroness of Scotland. The Right Rev. Dr. Wigger, Bishop of New

ark, New Jersey, was received in particular audience by the Holy Father on the 16th April. The health of his Eminence Cardinal Newnan, which during the severe weather of March gave his friends much anxiety, has lately very

The Right Rev. Dr. McAllister, Bishop of Down and Connor, paid a visit to Mr. Carew in Belfast gaol and found the hon. gentleman in excellent spirits.

The refusal of the more important concessions demanded by the Bayarian Bishops on behalf of their flocks will, it is said, lead to a lively agitation in that country.

The Bishop of Posen has published a Pastoral asking the faithful to help with their alms the sufferers by the inundations that have occured in various parts of the diocese.

At the Catholic congress yesterday, Herr Cahensly said he was authorized to urge the congress to support the Raphael society in their efforts to dissuade people from emigrating to America and Australia.

The Very Rev. Prior Bergh, O.S.B., after a long absence, during which he has been making a visitation of the House of his Order in New

Z-saland, has resumed his duties at St. Augustine's, Ramsgate, England. The Dutch Government has introduced a new Education Bill in the Upper Chamber. The principle of the law is the granting of State

subsidies on an equal footing to all approved schools, lay and clerical, public and private. Six thousand pilgrims from various countries spent Holy Week in Jerusalem. The Latin hospices could not provide lodgings for the Catholic pilgrims who asked for hospitality. It is long since so many Catholics visited the Holy

Places in a single year. We recently copied from a usually well informed American Catholic journal the state-ment that a decision had been given at Rome in the case of the Rev. Father Lambert. We now learn that our contemporary was misinformed. So far the case has not been considered.

In reply to the motion urging the Government to have the constitutionality of the Jesuit Estate Act tested, Sir John Macdonald urged that as parliament had already made such an unanimous deliverance on the subject it would be an act of disrespect to open the question in the way suggested.

It is officially announced that the Prelates who will be created Cardinals at the next Consistory are: Mpr. Richard, Archbishop of Paris; Mgr. Foulon, Archbishop of Lyons; Mgr. Guilbert, Archbishop of Bordeaux; Mgr. de Schoenborn, Archbishop of Prague; Mgr. Goossens, Archbishop of Malines; Mgr. Appolloni and Mgr. de Ruggiere loni, and Mgr. de Ruggiere.

The Rev. Charles Wastell Worledge, late cursts of St. Peter's, London Docks, and until recently chaplain to St. Andrew's Convalescent House, Folkestone, has, according to the Central News, been formally received into the Catholic Church. The rev. gentleman has been con-nected with a collegiate establishment in the diocese of Argyle and the Isles.

At a meeting of the Catholic congress in Vienna the resolutions of the various sections aw was questioned, so the Attorney General two classes, one secured on lands, the other on were adopted. The congress closed with cheers the trading business. The rumors are, however, for the Pope and for His Majesty Francis at the saked that the motion be only interest of the trading business. The rumors are, however, for the Pope and for His Majesty Francis at the saked that the motion be only interest, and of the motion be only interest, and of the motion of debt against Bishop Samuel Fallows, of the Reformed Episcopal church, has been begun at Chicago, in behalf of the National will very likely declare the Congress a private the Congress a private the Congress a private the muda cable was presented at the British House bond of \$10,000 given by the bishop and others the contract for the Boula resolutions or the very sum Lake Horon, 215.

An action of debt against Bishop Samuel Fallows, of the Reformed Episcopal church, has been begun at Chicago, in behalf of the National Will very likely declare the Congress a private the Congress a private the Congress and Canada during the week was \$8,000.

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The Jesuit Fathers in Ireland have introduced the study of the Irish language into the curriculum of Clongowes College, Mr. R. J. curriculum of Clongowea College, Mr. R. J.

Duffy, honourary secretary to the Society for the Preservation of the Irish language, having been appointed Professor of Celtic in that

Judge Dugas has entered an action for \$25, famous institution.

Cardinal Newman attended services at Edgebaston Orabery on Good Friday, and a corres-pondent who saw him says "no one looking at his bright eyes and intellectual face would have thought him eighty-eight years old." His Emmence, though feeble, is said to enjoy com-paratively good nealth.

Archbishep Ireland, of St. Paul, Minnesota, lately visited the Chippswa Indians on the White Earth Reservation, more than half of whom are devoted Catholica. As Father Ireland, his Grace was the first priest who administration. istered the Sacraments on this Reservation. As the result of his recent visit all the Catholic chiefs are members of the White Earth Total Abstinence Society.

An interesting biography is announced—the life of the famons Dr. William George Ward—"Ideal Ward" of Oxford, and, after his conversion to Catholicity, editor of the Dublin Review. His son, Mr. Wiltrid Ward, is the biographer. Lord Tennyson contributes some memorial lines a prefere. The life will them further light.

His Eminence Cardinal Gibbons, accompanied by a small party of friends, will leave in a few days for a trip to New Orleans. The object of His Eminence's visit is to confer the pallium on Archbishop Janssens. C. F. Mayer, president of the Baltimore and Ohio, has placed his private car at the service of the Cardinal for the trip. This act of courtesy is rendered more pronounced by the fact that Mr. Majer's intention was to use the car himself on the day designated to attend the centennial celebration at

The address to Monsignor Persico was signed some time ago by a number of Irish Catholics who intended to present it to his Grace on his return to Ireland. As he is not at present likely to leave Rome, the address has been for-warded to him there. The signatories com-prised all the Catholic peers in Ireland (four-teen in number), four Privy Councillors, ten Honourables, two Lord-Lieutenants of counties, nineteen baronets, fifty-four deputy lieutenants, and 207 magistrates.

Mgr. Ronay, Bishop of Pressburg, who died last week, was implicated in the Hungarian Revolution of 1848, and was for some years after a refugee in England. He was, after his recall from exile, Hungarian tutor to the late Archduke Rudolph, and taught him the history of Hungary. "Speak to him frankly," said the Emperor to his son's tutor. "We want to know the truth." And the Hungarian patriot taught the Austrian prince the history of his country from the Hungarian point of view. When will English princes be taught Irish history this result. tory in this way?

#### IRISH.

The Dublin Freeman's Journal states that the Marquis of Ormonde will succeed Lord Londonderry as viceroy of Ireland.

Sir Charles Russell, the arbitrator in the disoutes between the tenants and landlord on the Vandeleur estate, has decided that the tenants shall pay a year's rent to March, 1887.

At a meeting of the promoters of Mr. Russell's scheme for settling Scottish and Ulater farmers on Irish plan of campaign estates, it was decided, having £10,000 in hand, to issue a prospectus in regard to the cultivation of lands held in trust.

A despatch from Melbourne, Australia, says a monster meeting of Irish sympathizers was held there on Tuesday of last week. Mr. John Dillon made an address which created great en-thusiasm. One thousand pounds was subscribed We have to announce the death of Sir Alan

Bellingham, Bart., of Castle Bellingham, Co. Louth, at the advanced age of 89. He succeeded in the title and estates by his eldest sor, Henry, who was formerly M.P. for Co. Leuth and it married to a daugnter of the late Earl of Gainsborough, and has issue.

£10,000 as a fund for an Orangemen's "plan of campaign" to combat the League system of that name. An "Estate Committee" has been formed, with Lord Abercorn as president.

As an instance of Patrick Ford of the Irish World's inventive gifts, Mr. Parnell, during his examination before the Commisson, produced a short original telegram sent by him with the long and flowery version published by Ford. court was much amused by this specimen of American journalism.

While Dr. Tanner, Mr. O'Connor and Mr. Condon, members of Parliament, whose sentences under the Crimes Act were confirmed on the 2nd inst., were being removed to Clonmel jail, they refused to enter the prison van. A violent and disquating struggle ensued, the police trying to force them in. All were injured, Dr. Tanner badly. They were finally allowed. o walk. Dr. Tanner bad to be assisted, he was so seriously hurt.

Prominent citizens of Boston propose to form a stock company to establish a factory in one of the poorest districts of Ireland in order to furnish employment to evicted tenants. The plan will be submitted to Messrs. Parnell, Davit, and O'Brien for approval. It is proposed to manufacture boots, shoes, clothing and under-wear. There is already a flourishing underwear factory in Mullingar run upon this principle. Some of the stock is held by Boston friends of

the Irish cause. The New York Post's London special says : The talk of to-day is Mr. Parnell's frank admission yesterday that in telling the House of Commone in January, 1881, that no secret societies then existed in Ireland he was deliberately misleading the House. The point that is vital for Mr. Parnell's case is to prove that the outrages at that period were due, not to the Land League, but to secret societies. Attorney-General Webster, by excuming this extract, thus got Mr. Parnell into a dilemma. Whether be spoke truly then, in which case the present contention falls through, or if the later holds he spoke falsely then, Mr. Parcell might have parried the difficulty by explaining away his statement of 1881 as mere rhetorical exaggerastatement of 1881 as mere rhecorical exaggera-tion, but he fully accepted Mr. Webster's second alternative. The Unionists are very jubilant thereat, saying that Mr. Parnell has destroyed all claim to be believed and has greatly damaged his character with the English people The Times' side now say Mr. Parnell will never dare to pursue his libel action. All this is very absurd. In 1881 Mr. Parnell's hand was against every man. In attempting to defeat Mr. Forster's coercion act he was fighting for life. The Irish members then regarded the English Parliament as their natural enemies. All is fair in war, and untruth to deceive an enemy would not seem dishonorable. That this was Mr. Par-nell's view is clear from the air of complete sangfroid with which he made the admission yesterday but which undeniably created a very bade impression in court. DUBLIN, May 6.—Orders have been issued to

the prison authorities for the release from jail of Wm. O'Brien and Thimothy Harrington.

DUBLIN, May 1.—A deputation on behalf of British, Irish and American Protestants were on May 1st, presented to the Irish primate in the palace grounds at Armagh, on the occasion of the 40th anniversary of his assumption of the episcopacy.

## CANADIAN.

Last week's emigration from Liverpool to Quebec totalled 1,383 persons, viz. By the Polynesian, 700; by the Caspian, 220; by the Montreal, 200; and by the Lake Huron, 213. The total emigration from Liverpool to the

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recent telegrams to the Congress from the Holy Father, in one of which the Pope informed the delegaces of the great consolation he received from the demands of Catholics for the restoration of his temporalities.

The Jesuit Fathers in Ireland have introproval of the contract by the Commons.

Judge Dugas has entered an action for \$25, 000 against *Le Monde* for defaming his character while he was an the Megantic expedition.

Mr. N. W. Trenhoime, Q.C., has been elect ed batonnier of the Montreal bar, being the first English lawyer who has held that office for some

A new milk by-law has been passed at Kings ton wherely the inspector is empowered to visit country dairies and test milk on the premises of any vendor.

The Montreal Witness condemns Rev. James Barclay, pastor of St. Paul's Presbyterian church, for endeavoring to throw cold water on the recent anti-Jesuit mass meeting.

There is a good prospect now of getting rid of car stoves, for public opinion is thoroughly aroused by the result of the St. George and Hamilton disasters, in both of which most of the mischief was done by fire.

The Central Bank creditors have been paid another dividend of twenty per cent, making eighty-six and a half per cent in all. Enough will yet be realized to pay one more dividend but the amount is still uncertain. L'Etcndard points out the wonderful fecun-

dity of the French race in Canada, and shows by statistics that the French population in Montreal has augmented much faster than the population in ten of the largest French cities. Maloney and Phillips, the alleged Montreal jewel robbers, were brought on a writ of halcas corpus last week before Judge Davidson, who accepted their bail in \$4,000 each, \$2,000 per-

Fonal and two substantial sureties each of \$1,000. There will be twenty-four vacancies for cadeta in the Royal Miliaary College next term. The examinations for cadetships will take place in June, and all applications for permission to be examined must be in the hands of the Adju-

bant-General before May 15th. In the British House of Commons on Monday Sir Jas. Ferguson, under foreign secretary, replying to a question, on behalf of the Govern ment, said Her Majesty's Government will support British subjects in the lubster fishery on the French shore of Newfoundland, provided they do not interfere with French treaty rights The position of British and French fishery rights in Newfoundland is not free from difficul ties. Hitherto it has been generally prevented from becoming acute by prudence of the Govern ments and the officers concerned and he hoped a like success would attend their proceedings in the future.

OTTAWA, May 4,-A young man named Monahan, residing here, went to Montreal on Monday last to marry the girl of his choice. To-day he was sent to Kingston a raving maniac. The unfortunate young man had known the young lady for a long time, acquaintance ripened into love, the young man's affection was reciprocated and an engagement followed Mr. Monahan, according to arrangements, went to Montreal to marry the young lady. Arrived there several of his prospective relatives opposed the match on the ground that ineanity existed in the family. Young Monanan was completely prostrated. He was brought up to Ottswa on Thursday by the father of the young lady. His condition showed no improvement and this morning he was transferred to Kingston asylum. Much sympathy is felt for Mis. Monahan whose husband is said to be confined in the same

OTTAWA, May 6.—The indications are that s big railway deal is on the tapis. The Northern Pacific and Manitoba on the one hand and the Manitoba and Northwestern on the other are negotiating and have been for some time past with a view of either consolidating the two rail-ways into one system, or at least arranging for running and traffic agreements by which trains of sibber road will pass over both lines. Autor-ney-General Martin, of Manitoba, who is here, says he does not know anything about the alleged deal, but railway men here say the con-solidation is sure to be brought about. The Northern Pacific and Mauitoba railway is also negotiating for the purchase of the charter of the Northwest Central railway, which will tra-Mr. Thomas Russell, the Unionist member of Parliament for South Tyrone, has collected vorse the richest section of Manitoba and the orthwest. Half a rcore of representatives of the respective roads with Attorney-General Martin, of Manitoba, and Mr. A. Watson, M. P., held a conference to-day. Negotiation, are likely to be concluded in a few days. This deal, it is said, is preparatory to a similar arrangement with the Manitoba & Northwestern rail way the guing the consolidated system. ment with the Manitoba & Northwestern railway, thus giving the consolidated system an opportunity to compete successfully with the Canadian Pacific railway.

London, May 5.—The share list opens on Monday for the West Beaver company, limited and the control of \$150.000 in [1] shares the present the present the present of \$150.000 in [1] shares the present of \$150.000 in [1

with a capital of £150,000 in £1 shares, the present issue being \$100,000. The object is to acquire and work the West Beaver silver mine in O'Connor township, Ontario. Mr. MacLure is the British man among the directors, and Thos. C. Keefer. Hon. Beverley Robinson and Mr. Dawson, M.P., form the Canadian advisory board. The vendors receive £95,000, £50,000 being in shares and £45,000 in cash, leaving

£55,000 for working the mine.
The continued advance in Canadian Pacifics has been the feature in finance during the past Good news from the Northwest, the prospects of success of the line as a route to the East and Australia, and the expectations from its State connections all influenced the market The shares have risen steadily and are now 571. Prospects predict an advance to 70.

# AMERICAN.

C. L. and L. T. Frye, aboe manufacturers, o Marlboro, Mass.; have failed. Liabilities \$50,

Rose Thorne, the actress, has secured divorce from Edwin Thorne on the ground of infidelity.

000.

What is known as the Australian election law, with some modifications, has been adopted by both houses of the Missouri legislature. The Senate Committee on trade relations with Canada left Chicago May 2nd for an extended tour of the Northwest and the Pacific Coast.

At Blair, La., a merchant named Melwick shot his wife and two children, set fire to the house and burned them, and then shot himself. At Crookston, Minn, Jake Zenholt was taken from his room in a hotel, brutally beaten by a mob and tarred and feathered. His assailants were jailed.

Fifty gentlemen connected with the New York Tribune gave a farewell dinner to White-law Reid. Mr. Reid made a graceful parting speech, full of feeling.

It is said only about \$3,000 will be realized from the sale of bickets for the grand stands at the centennial in New York. The seats should have brought in \$90,000. A Washington despatch says it is considered certain that either William Walter Phelps or

John A. Kasson will be appointed United States minister to Germany. Secretary Blaine maintains the improvement in health which has manifested itself within the last few days and he is expected to return to

the department to-day or to-morrow. The guns of the United States cruiser Chicago were tried at sea on Friday. The result was in every way satisfactory. No structural weakness was discovered in the ship, battery or fittings.

Two men entered W. B. Morse's jewellery store, 268 Tremont street, Boston, Wednesday night, and while being shown some diamond pins one of the men grabbed a pin worth \$250 and fled. The proprietor ran after him and the other man secured \$500 worth of jewellery and left. Both are still at large.

Land Tolk

Board of Charities, returned from his first visit of inspection of prisons and country asylums in Northern Indians. He is very severe in his attrictures of the management of the Carrell County Poor Asylum. He declares that the intane department of the institution is the worst of all the bad places he ever saw, and adds:—"The women and children are properly separated from the men, but they are kept in a rickety old sharps in which they are kept at rickety old shanty in which they are locked at night. The windows are nailed down so that there can be no escape from or entrance to the room, which is heated by an old-fashioned stove, very insecurely put up. The place where the insane are kept is indescribably bad. There are six meane persons kept in what is entitled to no better name than a pen. Two of them are capable of taking care of themselves and the others are not veiled. others are not voilent. Three of the women are kept in a pen. One of them is a repulsive and indecent women, but one was a woman whose face showed that she was not of the coarsest kind and she appeared to be rather clean. The fifth of the room in which they were kept, described in the only language that can be decently used, was simply horrible, and the older arising from it was attenting. the odor arising from it was sickening. They are kept confined in the place constantly and, if they were not insane, their surroundings would certainly make them so."

## THE MONTH OF MARY.

BY A. B. M'KERNAN.

Hark! the merry May is here The sweetess month of all the year, With sun and flower and music chime We welcome in the glad May-time; And from a thousands ringing throats In thrilling music breathing o'er us, The song birds pour their choral notes
In echo waking grateful chorus; To usher in the flowery May

When homage we to Mary pay. The soft-eyed primrose, golden pale, Bespangles meadow, bank and dale, And fragrant violets, wet with dew,

The grasses green are peeping through.
The Winter's blinding snows have ceased,
The perfumed breath of Spring is blowing;
And from their frozen founds released The flashing brooks are seaward going-All nature's blossomy array

Seems doubly sweet in jocund May. Come forth, ye children, one and all, Come from your homes in hut and hall, Come with your ringing laugh and cheer, Come with your footsteps over dear, Come ! come, to cull the flowers fair, That bloom in lane and by way shady

Come forth to meet the month of prayer,

Devoted to our Blessed Lady; The merry, merry month of May, When skies are blue and earth is gay. Bring shining wreaths and diadems, Wove of the garden's floral gems, Of lilac blooms and jasamine, To scatter on our lady's shrine; And let us kneel in homage sweet With love and zeal that shall not vary, In offering a tribute meet Of flowers and song to Mother Mary, Our gracious queen! our guiding ray, Oh! make our lives one happy May.

N. Y. Democrat.

The beautiful month of Mary, which is now at hand, is very fitly dedicated by the Caurch especially to the honor of the ever blessed Virgin Mother of God. It is the month when flowers become plentiful and when all nature puts on a new and fresh garb of green which makes manifest its new life when the universal decay of winter has passed away. So with the advent of the Blessed Virgin, the world is decorated with the glorious and immaculate flower of the plair a whose virtues gained for her the auspicious title whereby she was addressed by the Angel Gabriel when he announced to her the approaching birth of her divine Son: "Hail, full of grace, the Lord is with thee, blessed art thou amongst

The words full of grace signify much more than the mere English dress in which they appear suggests to us at first sight. In the Greek, in which the Gospel of St. Luke was written, the title is Accharitomene, which, being in the perfect participle passive, signifies having been a clear reference to that first grace in which the Bleased Virgin was conceived, the immaculate Mother of God dwelling among men. The Bleased Virgin's graces were in part conferred on her by favor, and in part deserved by her complete co-operation with the graces she re-ceived during life. Among the graces conferred upon her by God's special favor, her Immaculate Conception commends her to us as God's special favorite, and by paying to her honor as such, we confer honor upon God, the author of a work so perfect. But her acquired graces also render her an object well worthy of special honor and

f invocation.

The Holy Scriptures proclaim "glory and onor to every one that worketh good." all creatures there is no worker of good equal to the Blessed Virgin, no one who has merited new graces equally with her; and as the friends of God are worthy of especial honor, the Blessed Virgin, who occupies the highest rank among the friends of God, must be Lonored above al

others.

These are the considerations which induced the Church to establish the month of May as a time when devotion to the Blessed Virgin should be particularly cultivated. We need to be reminded by outward circumstances that we should fulfill our most pressing obligations, and by having this beautiful and joyful month especially devoted to Mary the Mother of God, we are prevented from neglecting the fulfilment of a duty which will so much contribute towards our own salvation, as the honor which bowards our own salvation, as the honor which we pay fo Mary, thus obtaining a share in that prophecy wherein she offers thanks to God, "because He that is mighty hath done great things to me, and holy is His name." The prophecy is, "All generations shall call me blessed." During this month, therefore, all Christians should endeavor to have a share in the blessings which may be obtained by forver and appreciases in honoring. Mary and by heigh earnestness in honoring Mary, and by being numbered among the generations which call her blessed. All Christians should be glad to call themselves children of a Mother so perfect, so powerful, so capable of procuring for us favors of grace from her divine Son,—Catholic Record.

George B. Pelham, a prominent architect who superintended the erection of the Government buildings at Ottawa, died suddenly at New York of apoplexy, aged 57.

The funeral of the late Hon, Mr. Chinic took place May 1st, from his residence, St. Foye road, to the St. John's church and thence to Belmont cemetery. The attendance was large and comprised many leading citizens, includ-ing the Mayor of Quebec, Hon. Mr. Shehyn and a large number of the mercantile com-

Alexander, a small village on the "Soo" line, a few miles from Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., was on last Friday night, May 3, the scene of a dastardly crime. At dusk a woodsman walked into the residence of Mrs. Malloy, near the section house, where she and her grand-daughter were alone. The fellow pushed the old lady in a bedroom, and after locking the door, ravished the eleven year old girl most brutally. Hearing the screams the grandmother burst through the door, when he attacked her, bruising her badly. The villain then calmly walked off to the woods and soon got out of sight. Assistance was called, but he could not be traced. The woman and child were badly lacerated, and the latter is in

a serious condition. Dr. HARVEY'S SOUTHERN For Coughs and Colds is the most reliable?