converted that your sins may be botted out. Bey n. 16, Repent; or else I will come unto thee quickly, and will fight against them with the sword of my mouth.

The design of the Lord's Supper is to put us an remembrance of his Son, not apprise us of our danger as sunners exposed to the wisth of God We will now see if they resemble each other in their nature ; That the nature of the ordinance of the passover was discreçableness and unpleasant ness, therefore it was to be caten with unleaven ed bread and bitter herbe, as see Exod xii 8. And they shall eat flesh in that night, roast with fire, and unleavened bread, and with bitter herbi shall they cat it. It is here worthy of notice that of all the ordinances upon which the Lore calls his people to feast Repentance is the only one in which they experience unpleasantness and bitterness of soul. All the others being pleasantness and peace. But repentance alone which is well described by Soloman, I'rov xvo 14. The spirit of a man will sustain his infirmity, but a wounded spirit who can bear. In proof o this see Ezekiel axavi 31 : Then shall ye rememter your own evil, ways, and your doings that are not good, and shall loathe yourselves in your own sight, for you iniquities, and for your abo Perhana there is nothing more exminations pressive of that bitterness of soul experienced in repentance than that which is here used-they described as loathing themselves in their own sight on account of their own evil ways. This is the inseparable accompaniment of true repeatance, but although it is bitter, it is well expres ed by the term herbs, for it dies yield health to the soul, as see 2 Cor vo 10 Forgodly sorrow worketh repentance to salvation not to be repented of-see also Luke av 18 to 23 I will arise and go to my Father, and will say unto him Father, I have sinned against heaven and before thee, and am no more worthy to be called thy son make me as one of thy hired servants. And he arose, and came to his Father. But when he was jet a great may off, his Father saw him and compassion, and ran, and fell on his neck and kessed him. And the son said unto him. Father, I have sinned against heaven and in thy sight, and am no more worthy to be called the forth the best tobe and put it on him, and put a ring on his hand, and shoes on his feet. One riore instance of the nature of repentance and I have done with that part of the subject, Luke xxii 62, 63 And the Lord turned, and looked upon Peter and Peter remembered the word of the Lord, how he had said unto him, before the And Pecock crow thou shall deny me thrice ter went out and wept bitterly That the nature of the Lord's Supper is the opposite of this, I necu not say-we shall now consider the ordinance of endeavour to make the Covenant of tree my the Passover in the manner in which it was to he observed-that the Passover was to be eaten haste was the command of God, see Ezod. 211 subject I could with some humble conserves as I And ye shall eat it in haste, it is the Lord's Jonah did. after he had faithfulle deboted the That there is no time to delay repeatance let us be convinced again by him who came preaching it, Matt. in 7 : O generation of vipers who bath warned you to flee from the wrath to That there is no time to put off repent once, what doth the Lord say? To-day (if re will hear his voice) harden not your hearts, &c For now is the accepted time, now is the day of Was the soul who refused to keep the feast of the Passover in the manner in which it was ordained, to be cut off from Israel ' Seo Exod xii 15 .- What santh the Lord Jesus Christ, Luke xiii 3. Except ye repent, je shall all likewise perish. From this consideration I think it will appear obvious that the Passover in its design, in its nature, and in its observance, tooses itself in it substance-i. e. llepentance, in its de sign, in its nature, and in the manner of its observance in none of which features it bears any rescipblance to the ordinance of the Lord's Sop

But it may be asked, Howas the Passener th shadow of Repentance? Were the Children of israel not called upon to slay a Lamb, and sprinkle the blood therrof on the two side posts and on the upper door-post of the houses wherein they should eat it; Exed. xii 7. Ah, my readers we are not called upon by God now to slay a lamb. The Paschal-Lamb is slain, whose bl cleanseth from all ain as suith the Apostle, I Cor. v 7. For even Christ, out Passoger is saetificed Therefore let us keep the feest, &co. But still it may be asked, How was the feast of the Pamorer, the shadow of repentance? might reply by asking in return, How was the Parchal Lumb the shadow of Christ? But we will let the Apostle himself answer the question and see if he does not track us that it is repentand me it we dere une cross of the series of

up and maliciously and wickedly suffered leaven or sin to remain amongst them. should they have kept the feast? He tells them in the 2d verse they should have rather mourard Here, then, we see the substance of which bitter herbs in the 12th chapter of Exodus, is the sha But was there not something more than bitter berba? Yes, unleavened bread. But does the Apostle tell us what that means? In the last clause of the 8th verse, he says that that sor row is to be accompanied with the unleavened bread of sincerity and truth .- That godly sor row, sincerity and truth, (the Lamb being slain) are the things which compose the feast of the l'assover, i e Repentance Let us hearth spos tles comment on this subject in the socen tle to the same persons, 7th cluss, 8,9 and 10 verses For though I made you sorry with a let ter, I do not repent, though I did repent for I perceive that the same Epistle hath made you sorry, though it were but for a season. Now I rejoice, that ye were made sorry But that re entawed to repentence , for ye were made rorry iv 17 after a Godly manner, that ye tright receive da nage by us in nothing For Godly sorrow work oth repentance to salvation not to be repepted of For behold this self same thing that ye sorrow ed after a Godly sort, what carefulaces it wrougt in you rea, what cleansing of your lies Yea, what indignation, yea, what fear, yea, what vehement desire, yen, what revenge; in all these things ye have approved yourselves to be clean in this matter - Nuw, if the sormer, the sincerity and truth observable in these people and which the Apostle distinctly calls the featof the Passover, which he called upon thems keep, does not mean repentance I must be vermuch mistaken indeed. One thing, my res ers. in which I am not mistaken, is my heart desire you may come to the word of God, Neg up your hearts to Him who gave you it out He will give you His Holy Spirit to hel your minds into the truth as it is in Jesus, bu you may serve flim in the order and ordi that new and everlasting covenant whi is well ordered and sure, that you may nitingly en-ing that eternal inheritance; which is inserved for all those who after the tenor of the tare nant will receive if

N. B .- The ordinances of the Coven the Covenant of Grace, in connexion will Sanctuary, will now be considered in ode they are shadowed forth in the Old Test and brought to light in the New.

The writer would make one remark of is —i e , were I food of text preaching, ##dI consider it the Apostolic mode, in all myseching I would take the Passover for my tax and sermon, knowing that after I had got frough and done justice to the different heads of my as Jonah did, after he had faithfully debried the message that the Lord sent by him to the Minevites-1 have preached the preaching lost bid

## AN EXTRACT

Riesed are the rook IN SPIRIT for SEIRS I the kingdom of Heaven. Elessed are key that MOURE for THEY shall be comforted Blessed are the nune . for they shall inherit is earth. Blessed are they which do HUNGER AN TRIBET ATTER RIGHTEOCSEESS. for THEY shadefilled. Elessed are the MERCIPUL - for THEY all obtain mercy. Biessed are the PURE IN BINT; for THEY skall see God. Bleesed are t PRACE-MAKERS: for THEY shall be called the Idren of God. Blessed are THEY which are THEUTER TOR RIGHTEOUSTESS SARE. for THIS IS the kingdom of Hearen. BLESSED AREL, WHEN MEN SHALL REVILE YOU, AND PERSON YOU, AND SHALL SAT ALL MANNER OF ETAGLIST TOU PALSEY, FOR MY SARE. REJUE AND BE EXCEEDING GLAD FOR OF 18 TOUR REWARD IN HEATER: FOR SO PERISHIN THE THE PROPHETS WHICH WERE BER TOU-Jeines Christ

Reader can you claim, were blog? Are you poor in spirit? Suith the Long this man will I look, even to him that is and of a contrite spirit, and trembleth by word, (feaiah tavi. 3)-Do you moure they that ourn in Zion shall have beauty ubes, the oil of joy for mourning, the garme the spirit of heaviness. (Issiah a praise for I the spirit of heaviness. -Are you meck? The meck shall inherit rrith, and shall delight themselves in th stance of peace. (Pealine xxxvii. 11)-D a hunger and thirst? Saith the Lord God

had soted-for he tells us that they were puffed ful? Blessed is he that considereth the poor the Lord will deliver him in time of trouble Well, how (l'estime it. 1)-Are you pure in heart? Who shall ascend into the hill of the Lord? and who shall sland in his holy place? He that hath clean hands, and a pure heart; who hath not tifted up his soul unto vanity, not sworn deceitfully. He shall receive the blessing from the Lord, and righteourness from the God of his sal ration. (Psalms zzir. 3, 4, 5)-Are you a pracemaker? You shall be called the child of God. (Matt v 9)-Are you persecuted for righteous. ness sake? Happy are you be not afraid of their terror, neither be troubled, but sanctify ilie Lord God in your heart, and be rendyalways to give an answer to every man that asketh you a reason of the hope that is in you with meckness and fear. (F Peter iil. 14, 15)-Are you revited, and persecuted, and have all manner of evil en egainst you falsly, for Christ's sake Faint not for your light affliction, which is but for a moment, worketh for you a far more execeding and eternal weight of glory (2 Cor

> Here reader we have the characteristics of the heir of heaven, and the blessings God has promised to him But wHERE SHALL WE FIRD CHARACTER? WHERE IS THE SPIRIT OF JESUS? WHERE IS THE WORLD-HATING-GOD-FEARING AND BIBLE-LOVING DECIPEES of the meek and lowly Lamb? Has God authorised the amalgamation of the church and the world? Has the struight and narrow way, been made a highway for vultures, and where the hon's whelp can prowl? Has God's ETERRAL TRUTH become a fable, and Constrainty an article of merchan dize ? No. No. NO-Heaven and earth shall pass away, but the TRUTH OF GOD PROUREH TO ALL CERRATIONS. PURE AND UNDEFILED RELIGIOUS IS THE SAME TO-DAY THAT IT WAS IN THE DAYS or Ixsus Cunist—the same that it was when the smoke of Christian Martyrs darkened the orb of day. But where ' O where are professors of sing Chritians ! religion now? Go into our streets and markets, Can they be distinguished from those who deny there is a God? No!! NO!! They are Have the interest of the Church and the love of the world become identified? So it would seem if we look around us ' 1 CHRISTIANS ' Men PROFESSING to be the children of the Most High, entertaining UNDOUBTED hopes of Heaven! Yz: SITTING IN JUNGSETT OF THE DOCTINES OF THE Gosert 1 and yet the world their god? Seeking it with all the energies of their souls! No bies sed Saviour in all their conversation ! . Has God ceased to be just-less he forgotten to punish 2 No ! But because his vengeance slum bers, iniquity works in the very heart of the church 1. Riches, fordlarity, honor AND AGGRANDISTERN are sought by both priess AND PROPER!! Fearless of consequences we proclaim it-indeed it is already proclaimed-it is written in letters of mourning on the curtain of Heaven!! And we appeal to the Eternal Truth of God, the only standard of true holiness, for judgment !- But the cries of the poor, perse cuted, and retiled children of the hingdom are ASCENDING to the ears of the God of Sabbatta and soon will Almighty vengeance be ungirt to vindicate their wrong and revenge a rient crucified Saviour , And thus suth the Lord to the shepherd's of large! There is a voice o howling of shepherds for their giory is spoiled to the shepherds of Israel that do feed themselves. Ye cat the fat, and ye clothe ye with the wool, ye kill them that are fed; ye feed not the flock! Therefore saith the Lord, Wo to the idle shepherd that leaveth the flock! The sword shall be upon his arm, and upon his right eye . his arm shall be clean dried up, and his right eye shall be utterly darkened ! Ann ! (such the Lord) WILL FEED THE FLOCK OF THE SLAUGHTER, EVER YOU, O POOR OF THE YOUR BESTIES THAT HATED TOR PLOCK THAT CAST YOU OUT FOR MY NAME'S SAKE said, Let the Lord be glorified, BUT HE SHALL PEAR TO YOUR JOY AND THEY SHALL SE ASHAMED

To the Editor of the " Herald of Truth," Mr DEAR SIR,-

"What induces me to address you?" This is a question which I candidly put to myself, and I trust, as candidly reply, that the Taurn-the beautiful, Eternal Trath, alone prompts me to the gratuitous task ; accompanied by a desire to be guided by it in all things, and by its aid alone to investigate the momentous doctrine which has been advocated in your deeply interesting two last direct to Shelburne Post Office. These

spirit of inquity liss been awakened. All the human arte and sciences have advanced rapidle to a state of unequalled perfection within the last twenty or thirty years. It might have been exported that the grand truths of Christianity would have received a proportionate degree of attention. The reverse of this, however, is the mournful truth. I do not not pretend to say that the triumplis of man's all-glorious Redeemer over the powers of darkness have not been great, even within the period to which I allude, -still it is evident that infidelity and negligence are the " destruction that wasteth at noon day," as well as the " pestilence that walketh in darkness"and every seriously disposed observer must bear witness that this contempt and neglect of the Gospel is a generally prevailing sin, but, sir, it must be acknowledged that the Lord reigneth if so, he acts as a sorcreign, and follows the unerring counsel of his own will, and it is beyond all teasonable and Scriptural controversy that the hour is near at hand when they who know him not, and obey not the Gespel of our Lord Jeaus Christ, shall perish eternally from his presence.

Let any considerate man, therefore, inquire of himself what is the true business of this life, and I imagine that he must come to the conclusion that it is nothing else than to prepare for that which is to come ,-to think of the solemn realities which are ailently, but rapidly hastening upon him, that he may not lose himself, his immortal self, in pursuing the deceitful gratifications of time, which is well nigh brought to an In the next place let him inquire whether end he does not neglect this great business; whether he does not slumber day by day in a sinful casiness of temper, as respects a matter in which he should be constantly and earnestly engaged. When I consider the state of things in this immediate community respecting a subject which angels would delight to look into I cannot but lament the coldness and indifference of profes-sing Chritians. Where is there allegiance to King Emmanuel. Where their tender-heartedness? Where their firmness and fidelity in folclaimed by the heralds of the second advethey have something else in their nearts which they like better than the coming of Christsomething which they they think of more im-portance! Suppose we step forward for a moment in our thoughts to the hour when the Lord Jesus shall be revealed from Heaven, with his mighty angels, taking vengeance upon them that know not God and obey not the Gospel of our Lord Jesus Christ-THE's will their negligence be fully opened to thein! We may rest assured that they who are Christless now, will be specoliless then '! And of a truth it be said that the careless and dischedient shall " wonder and perish" at the sight. The age in which we are living is peculiarly characterized by a contest and struggle between the powers of darkness and the cause of Christ. In this contest we should remember, that we are all now ngaged, on the one part or the other-for in this warfare there are no neutrals—he that is not with Christ is against him! Against Curist Yes-sgainst the Kiva or Kings and Long or Lonus 1 \*\* Awful but neglected consideration Tis something very trying to man's pride of heart to be subject to reproaches for Christ's sake—to be called a "fool" while in pursuit of the "wisdom which is from above"—but these considerations alone would never deter a serious Christian from welcoming the appearance of his master - Impossible The doctrine of second advent is a doctrine of comfort to the people of Ged-a spring of consolation and joy to all those that possess Living faith whi's so much lave of the world, so much fear of man is to be found, but little true religion can possibly exist either here or elsewhere. form of godliness we meet at every step-but tis a mere lifeless form, a dull round of outward performances . May the Lord save us all from the prevailing corruption, and deprayed and indifferent carelessness of the age, and may be be glorifed in our reformation and not in one destruction. SIGMA.

LETTER FROM YARMOUTH, N. S.

Farmouth, August 26, 1843. DEAR Sin,-Having seen the first number of the "Herald of Truth," and being anxious to have your paper circulated, I enclose you a pound note, and wish you in send me one copy Also, one to the Rev. W. W. Ashley, Port Muston, and one to James Johnson, Shelburne.-The ni. | paper. We live in an enlightened age; and a persons are believers in the floored Advent dos-