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TENTH YEAR. FRIDAY MORNING APRIL 26, 1889. PRICE ONE CENT.

MAINLY ABOUT CLOTHES.

MR. MULOCK'S VERSION OF SARTOR RESARTUS.

The Member for North York Arraigns the Administration of the Militia Department—Sir Adolph Caron Replies in a Vigorous Speech.

OTTAWA, April 25.—There was a lively passage-at-arms in the House to-day. Mr. Mulock sharply attacked the Minister of Militia and Sir Adolph defended his administration of the department with incisiveness and vigor. Before this discussion arose a lot of routine was transacted.

In answer to Mr. Barron, who asked what disposition the Government intended to make of the fines collected under the Canada Temperance Act, now lying unexpended in the county treasuries, Sir John Thompson said these fines were fully disposed of by Order-in-Council of Nov. 15, 1886.

Sir John Macdonald gave notice of motion that the House should sit on Saturday, meeting at 3 o'clock.

The resolution reported from the Committee of the Whole respecting the revote of several lapsed subsidies to railways was read a first and second time and adopted.

The Senate amendments to the bill to amend the Summary Convictions Act were concurred in.

The bill to amend the Cullers Act was read a second time and adopted in committee.

The bill from the Senate to amend the Dominion Lands Act was also read a second time and adopted in committee.

A Vexed Question.

Mr. Mara called the attention of the Government to the complications likely to arise in the working of the mines in British Columbia in consequence of the recent decision of the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council. This gave to the province the control of the precious metals in the lands in the railway belt, but it was held that the base metals were still under the control of the Dominion Government. The mines were thus under double control and no end of confusion was apt to result, as base and precious metals conflicted. He suggested as a way out of the difficulty that an exchange of lands should be made between the Dominion and Provincial Governments by which the provincial lands in the Peace River district should be transferred to the Dominion Government in exchange for these lands in the railway belt. The minerals would thus be left under the sole control of the Province, which he thought was in a better position than the Dominion to administer the lands.

Hon. Edgar Dewdney said he fully appreciated the difficulty of the situation and he would do his best to come to some arrangement with the Government of the province. The proposed exchange of lands had been considered by his predecessor in office and had not been thought very favorable, and it had been lately again brought to the attention of the Government, but no action had been taken.

Mr. Mulock Arraigns Sir Adolph.

Mr. Mulock, speaking upon Hon. Mr. Foster's motion that the House go into Committee of Supply, arraigned the management of the Militia Department during the incumbency of the present Minister of Militia. In that period of eight years he said the expenditure had increased a hundred per cent. while the efficiency had not increased in anything like that proportion. He claimed to speak on behalf of the volunteers of Toronto and district and declared that they were unanimously in favor of a change in the head of the department.

It had been charged against the Minister that he had made improvident contracts, that he had degraded the service, that he had introduced political considerations in the discharge of his office, and he held that these charges had been fully proved before the Public Accounts Committee. He instanced the award of a contract in 1887 to Sanford & Co. of Hamilton, at a price much higher than a tender then in possession of the department from Webb & Co., an English firm. Since 1886 the public had not been called upon to compete for contracts offered by the Militia Department. Adding the cost of freight to the English tender he claimed that the prices thus compared:

	Webb's tender.	Sanford's contract.
Cavalry tunics, 13th Hussar's pattern	$5 00	$7 64
Cavalry tunics, 6th Dragoon pattern	3 83	5 80
Artillery tunics	3 94	6 01
Infantry tunics, scarlet	3 21	5 00
Rifle tunics, green	3 50½	5 38½

He further claimed that in 1887, without even going through the form of sending a circular to the trade, the Minister had awarded a contract to James O'Brien & Co. of Montreal for a large quantity of great coats at the same price as in 1884, notwithstanding the fact that in the meantime the prices of the cloth had much decreased.

After recess Mr. Mulock quoted from the evidence taken before the Public Accounts Committee and also before various military boards to show the dissatisfaction with the clothing issued by the Militia Department, and dwelt especially upon the complaints from the Queen's Own Rifles. He declared that the present minister had no experience as a volunteer and should give place to some member of the force who would sympathize with it. He moved that the administration of the Department of Militia is unsatisfactory to the militia force in Canada and does not command public confidence.

The Minister on His Mettle.

Sir Adolph Caron made a spirited reply, first taking exception to what he termed the discourteous tone of Mr. Mulock's attack and declaring that that gentleman does not show the amount of insolence outside the House that he does in it. He did not believe that Mr. Mulock spoke the opinion of the militia. He expressed the orders of only one battalion—the Queen's Own Rifles. As to the statement that he had had no experience as a volunteer the Minister said he could point to his service under De Salaberry during the time of the Trent affair.

He was not surprised at the nature of the attack made upon him, as it was on a par with that made in The Broad Arrow of some person signing himself "A Canadian." He thought this Canadian was none other than that gentleman, a friend of Mr. Mulock, who was known in literary circles as Linchpin. He thought the virulence of these slanders answered them.

In the matter of the contracts he was not ashamed that he had transferred to Canada the execution of the contracts for the clothing for the militia which heretofore had been made in England. He had thus kept in the country some $200,000 a year which formerly went out of it for uniforms. True, there had been some trouble in the first attempts at manufacture, but it was admitted that trouble had since been overcome.

They Love Style.

The House had been told that a swell regiment in Toronto, composed of gentlemen occupying prominent positions in banks and commercial institutions, had preferred to send their measure to a London tailor. These gentlemen added to their patriotism a love of style and wished to be dressed up in the most elegant fashion. He appreciated their good taste and desire for elegance as a battalion, but he could not be expected to serve out such tunics as their witness had shown to the committee as what they desired. Fancy Her Majesty having her army's uniform made by Poole!

What Mr. Mulock declared to be a tender from Webb & Co., of England, was no tender at all, and this had been distinctly stated before the Public Accounts Committee. The Department having determined to award a contract in Canada desired some data to go upon, and had written to and obtained from Webb & Co. the price list which had been quoted. It was through the praiseworthy energy of such men as Senator Sanford and Mr. James O'Brien that Canada had facilities at all for the manufacture of such articles.

It was not the fact as alleged with respect to the O'Brien contract that there had been a material shrinkage in the prices of wool between 1884 and 1887, but rather otherwise. The contract with that firm had been extended because for four years they had carried it out with great satisfaction to the department and its permanent officers had so recommended.

He read letters which had been written by Lieut. John F. Crean and Color-Sergeant Machell of the Queen's Own Rifles, who had been brought down to Ottawa with a view to their testifying that the clothing was bad but who before going home again had examined the clothing in the militia stores and had as a result voluntarily written that that clothing was as good as any got from England, and if uniforms of that quality were served out to the Queen's Own there would be no cause for complaint.

The Sanford Contract.

It had been charged that the contract had been awarded to Mr. Sanford at an extravagant price, but the fact was that when the tender of Mr. Sanford was received the Government had informed him that it could not afford to pay so much, and that a reduction of 12 or 15 per cent. must be made before it could be accepted. Mr. Sanford replied that to make such a reduction would be to take the contract at cost and he did not desire to touch it at all under that condition. Subsequently the manufacturers of the cloth had in consideration of the extent of the order reduced the price at which they would supply it to Mr. Sanford, and then that gentleman was willing to make a reduction of about 12 per cent. and so the contract was awarded to him.

He held that in all other respects, as in that now dealt with, the administration of the department was in the best interests of the country and such as to command the public confidence.

The Inseparable Haliganians.

Hon. A. G. Jones followed and after taking exception to what he called Sir Adolph's sneering references to the Queen's Own Rifles made a general attack upon the Militia department, and this was succeeded by an uncomplimentary review of Mr. Jones' military record by Mr. Kenny.

Mr. Lister warmly attacked Sir Adolph Caron and called upon the military members of the House to speak to-night for a change. Mr. Hesson answered him.

Dr. Hickey said that in his opinion as a member of the Public Accounts Committee the business there proved that there was nothing in Mr. Mulock's charges.

Two of the Finest.

Lieut.-Col. Tyrwhitt denied that there was in the Toronto district any such widespread discontent as had been described by Mr. Mulock. No such spirit existed or should be allowed, and in the case of one man of his corps who had spoken in the strain used by that gentleman he had given him knapsack drill for the rest of the camp and then dismissed him from the service. The militia service was most peculiar in his part of the country. As to the Toronto regiments he had heard them described by the President of the National Rifle Association of Great Britain as two of the finest he had ever seen. The mover of this resolution having referred to the York and Simcoe kit allowance he might say that he felt the Minister of Militia had not taken the proper view of that matter, and if the corps were to get the allowance, then thanks were in his opinion due to the First Minister.

Col. Denison said that if the York-Simcoe battalion matter had not been settled he would probably have supported this resolution. As to the declaration by Mr. Jones that the Minister had sneered at the Queen's Own Rifles he did not see how his remarks could be so construed.

Col. Prior said that as far as his corps was concerned they had no fault to find with the clothing issued the last two years.

The Amendment Lost.

The House then divided on Mr. Mulock's amendment, which was lost, 95 to 54.

Clarke Wallace and Cimon (Conservatives) voted for the resolution and Chouinard (Liberal) voted against it. Otherwise the vote was a party one.

The House then went into Committee of Supply and having passed a few miscellaneous items in the supplementary estimates for 1889-'90 the House adjourned at 2.20 a.m.

NEWS OF THE OLD WORLD.

The Spanish Government Made Uneasy by Utterances at the Catholic Congress.

MADRID, April 25.—At the session of the Catholic Congress here to-day Prof. Sanchez Castro denounced Italy's treatment of the Papacy. His speech has caused the Spanish Government considerable uneasiness. Before the opening of the Congress the prelates promised the Government here that nothing would be said or done that might irritate King Humbert.

Mustn't Carry Letters to the General.

LONDON, April 25.—It is reported that the French Government will arrest anyone found leaving the country with letters for General Boulanger, on the ground that it is a breach of the postal monopoly.

Henri Was Asked to Leave Belgium.

BRUSSELS, April 25.—Henri Rochefort went to London because the Belgian Government requested that he should leave the country.

The Austrian Empress.

VIENNA, April 25.—The Abena Post officially protests against the slanderous reports of the foreign press in regard to the health of Empress Elizabeth. It asserts that she has not suffered seriously although deeply affected at the untimely death of the late Crown Prince Rudolph. She had a severe attack of neuralgia, but the trouble is abating.

Conceded the Demand.

VIENNA, April 25.—The tramway company conceded the strikers' demand of 12 hours per day and has promised to regulate wages as soon as possible.

London Personals.

LONDON, April 25.—William Walter Phelps left here for Berlin this evening.

Lords Alcester and Churchill called on General Boulanger to-day, the latter remaining half-an-hour with the General.

It is officially announced that Sir Edward Malet, the British Ambassador at Berlin; Mr. Scott, the British Minister at Berne, and Mr. Crowe have been appointed delegates to the Samoan conference.

RED-HOT PROTESTANTISM.

A ROUSING MEETING AT MONTREAL LAST NIGHT.

Unsparing Denunciation of Jesuitical Tactics—A Crisis Thought to Be at Hand—A Series of Strong Resolutions Carried Amid the Greatest Enthusiasm.

MONTREAL, April 25.—The Queen's Hall was packed to its utmost capacity to-night on the occasion of the anti-Jesuit mass meeting. J. R. Dougall occupied the chair, and among the speakers were W. H. Howland of Toronto, John Charlton, M.P., Col. O'Brien, M.P., L. H. Davidson, J. J. MacLaren, Q.C., Rev. Principal Macvicar, Robert Sellar, editor of The Huntingdon Gleaner; G. W. Stephens, Rev. Dr. Antliff, Rev. James Fleck, Mayor E. L. Bond, Archdeacon Evans, Rev. Dr. Douglas, Rev. S. Bond and Walter Paul. The resolutions, five in number, were carried amid the greatest enthusiasm. They were to the following effect:

Disapproving of the act incorporating the Jesuits and the act for the settlement of the Jesuits' estates as calculated to endanger the peace and wellbeing of the Dominion, and particularly of this province, by giving legal status to a society which in the past has proven itself an enemy of civil and religious liberty and by endowing a religious body contrary to the recognized principle of perfect equality of all churches; that the position accorded the Pope of Rome in the act, the claims he has advanced in his brief distributing the $400,000 placed at his disposal, the doubtful constitutionality of the act, the violation of guaranteed rights of the Protestant minority in this province and its essentially mischievous character, all demand its disallowance.

Protesting against any interpretation of the British North America Act by which the Governor-in-Council and the Dominion Parliament are relieved of the obligation of protecting the rights of Protestant or Roman Catholic minorities in any provinces as guaranteed by sec. 93 of said act.

Appointing a committee to give effect to the resolutions and to take such measures as may be deemed necessary to secure disallowance of the Jesuits Estates Act; to test the constitutionality of said act and of the act of incorporation of the Jesuit order; and to this end to co-operate with other similar committees throughout the Dominion.

That the meeting regards with indignation the provisions of the act, by which the fund for superior education is virtually abolished, withholding of the full amount of taxes paid by Protestants on their shares in incorporated companies, in striking contrast to the justice accorded Roman Catholics in Ontario, and the degradation of degrees conferred by Protestant universities. Each of these we regard as an invasion of our rights as guaranteed by the British North America Act.

That the meeting expresses strong displeasure at the law of compulsory tithing, at the law by which parishes exist and can be erected for civil purposes, at the priority of the church's claims over all other creditors, at those provisions of the marriage laws which give financial, civil and religious advantages to the Roman Catholic Church which are denied to Protestants. We regard these and all other provisions of the law by which a connection between the State and the Roman Catholic Church exists as creating inequalities and imposing disadvantages on the Protestant minority which no subject of Her Majesty in this Dominion should be called upon to endure. We further protest against any acceptance of the doctrine of the supremacy of the Church over the State and the practice of giving equality of position on state occasions to the chief officer of the Roman Catholic Church with Her Majesty's representative in the Province.

A Crisis at Hand.

The meeting lasted till midnight. The whole question was considered in all its bearings and the action of the Dominion Government as well as the Provincial Legislature was commented upon freely and fearlessly. The impression seemed to be that a crisis was at hand and that it became Anglo-Saxons in Canada to be up and doing and prepare for a blow, which it was felt must come.

Mr. John Charlton, M.P., said he had every respect for French-Canadians, but the hope of preserving intact the French language and institutions was a hopeless case. If the present state of affairs continued the Church of Rome would soon possess two-thirds of the state of the Province. He also referred to how countries like the State of Ohio progressed as compared with the Province of Quebec, whose progress was being retarded by the Church of Rome.

THE JESUITS V. THE MAIL.

An Objection to be Made to Test the Status of the Order in Canada.

MONTREAL, April 25.—The writ in the case of the Jesuits v. The Mail was returned in court to-day and an appearance filed by Messrs. McLaren, Leet & Smith. Mr. McLaren has retained Hon. Mr. Laflamme, Q.C., Minister of Justice under the Mackenzie regime, and another prominent Q.C. of this city.

The first proceeding on the part of the defence will be an exception to form, attacking the Jesuit incorporation—holding that the statute under which the Jesuits were incorporated is illegal and ultra vires, inasmuch as it is beyond the power of the Quebec Legislature under the British North America Act to enact such legislation.

Furthermore, that by the said incorporation the Local Legislature has recognised the authority of the Pope—a foreign potentate—to interfere in the legislation of the province and in counter authority to that of Her Majesty the Queen.

Other important issues of a similar nature will be raised. The object of this exception of form is understood to be for the purpose of widening the issues in the case, as by the declaration the defence is tied down to the issue as to whether the oath published by The Mail is that taken by the Jesuits or not. By exception of form the whole constitutionality and status of the Jesuits in Canada will be raised.

It is thought probable that under French law and before a French court the exception may be thrown out, in which case an appeal will immediately be instituted and taken to the Privy Council for final decision.

Sympathy From England.

MONTREAL, April 25.—At a meeting of the Evangelical Alliance to-day a letter was read from the Protestant Alliance of Great Britain transmitting this resolution:

"That the Committee of the Protestant Alliance desire to express their deep sympathy with the Evangelical Alliance of Canada and with their Protestant fellow-subjects in that country in the struggle in which they are engaged in resisting the aggression, aims and demands preferred by the Jesuits and other opponents of faith and freedom in the Dominion, and earnestly hope that, with the blessing of Almighty God, their efforts for the preservation of religious and civil liberty may be crowned with success."

BLEW OUT HIS BRAINS.

Suicide of a Jilted Icelander at Winnipeg—A Bequest to His Inamorata.

WINNIPEG, April 25.—Julius Jonanson's girl jilted him and he went out to Nuisance Ground last night and placing the muzzle of his gun to his head blew the top of it clean off. Part of the skull and one eye were found 42 yards off. Deceased, who was an Icelander, was despondent over his unrequited love affair and left his inamorata $50 in his will.

Gabriel Dumont is here and intends going to Montreal to purchase horses for exhibition at the Paris Exposition. He denies he tried to incite the people of Batoche to rebellion during his recent visit, but intimates that he could easily have done so.

Sir Charles Tupper was presented with an address to-day by St. Patrick's Society in which he was asked to promote Irish emigration to Canada. In an eloquent reply Sir Charles promised to do all he could in the matter.

Col. Bedson's reported hundred thousand windfall from ex-convict Monro turns out to be only a few thousand.

To-day 730 immigrants arrived from the east.

THE MANITOBA RAILROAD.

Sir George Stephen and Sir Donald Smith Elected Directors.

NEW YORK, April 25.—At a meeting of the Manitoba Railroad directors here to-day, Sir George Stephen and Sir Donald Smith were elected directors. At the office of the company much secrecy was observed and the names of the retiring directors were refused. It is stated, however, that the $8,000,000 of Manitoba stock, which was bought by interests identified with the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy two years ago, has been resold to its original holder. The two new directors were in the Manitoba board when the sale of this stock occurred, but retired to make room for the representatives of the purchasers in August 1887.

Northern Pacific Meeting.

NEW YORK, April 25.—At the special meeting of the Northern Pacific Railway directors to-day the resolution agreeing to the arbitration contract for the control and harmonious operation of the roads in the Pacific Northwest was rescinded. This ends the scheme to obtain a guarantee of the dividend on the Oregon Navigation stock from the Northern Pacific jointly with the Union Pacific, and throws the burden of the lease on the Union Pacific. The proposition to operate the Wisconsin Central on a percentage of earnings was discussed, and three forms of proposed contracts were presented. Only one was read, after which the board adjourned to meet again next Thursday. After the adjournment it was announced that Brayton Ives, one of the most active members of the Northern Pacific board, resigned his office of Vice-President of the Oregon Transcontinental Company, to take effect May 1. This is understood to indicate that the relations of the old Northern Pacific directors with Villard have been severed and it is expected that the representative of the Oregon Transcontinental will withdraw from the Northern Pacific directors.

A CHLOROFORM CASE.

John Dean of Waterford Suing for Damages Because of the Death of His Wife.

HAMILTON, April 25.—At the Assizes to-day the trial of the chloroform case, Dean v. Rose, was commenced. It is likely to last several days. The facts are briefly as follows: John Dean is a young liveryman, residing at Waterford, a village on the Canada Southern railway, southwest of Brantford. On January 25 last his wife, a young lady about 23 years of age, went to W. J. Chambers, a dentist in the village, to get some teeth pulled. It became necessary for her to take chloroform, and Dr. Rose, the defendant, was called in. Chloroform was administered in the usual way and as a result Mrs. Dean died, despite all efforts to resuscitate her. The plaintiff's counsel tried to show that chloroform was administered by the defendant after another physician had advised her not to take it, but to take a stimulant; that he gave it improperly, and that after she showed signs of death by a livid countenance, etc., they went on giving her the anæsthetic; also that they had not the proper appliances ready to resuscitate her.

Yesterday nineteen tavern and saloon keepers were notified by letter that their licenses would not be renewed.

Said a prominent gentleman to-day: "I have it on excellent authority that the Grand Trunk is going to take over the Niagara Central Railway, and is at present buying timber to be used in constructing the balance of the road from Thorold to the beach."

E. R. Kent died suddenly yesterday afternoon. He was well known in business circles, having started the Burlington Glassworks and the Canada Glasshouse. Deceased was 61 years of age.

A C.P.R. DEPOT BURNT.

Disastrous Fire at Stanbridge—Two Hotels Destroyed—A $25,000 Loss.

ST. ALBAN'S, Vt., April 25.—Stanbridge, P.Q., just across the Canadian line, was visited by a disastrous fire about 2.30 this morning, resulting in the destruction of the Canadian Pacific Railroad depot, freight house, engine house, one engine, two passenger cars and eight freight cars, most of which were loaded. Seneger's large general store, two hotels and several houses were also burned. The fire originated in the railroad woodshed, and as the village is without a fire department, the buildings were at the mercy of the flames. Loss probably $25,000. Seneger's store was a new one, and insured for $8000. The insurance on both hotels is $7000.

Wedding Bells at Hamilton.

HAMILTON, April 25.—This afternoon at St. Thomas' Church Miss Nannie Sophia Kilvert, daughter of F. E. Kilvert, collector of customs, was married to George Alexander Holland of the Bank of Commerce, Toronto. The bride was arrayed in a traveling dress of "old blue" Henrietta cloth trimmed with white Surah silk, and carried a magnificent bouquet of white roses. The bridesmaids were Miss Fannie and Miss Mona Kilvert, sisters of the bride. They wore afternoon costumes of cream silk and green velvet, with bouquets of pink roses. Each wore a handsome pearl pin the gift of the groom. A. E. Finucane, of the Bank of Montreal here, acted as groomsman.

High Grade Watch Repairing.

Plain and complicated watches carefully repaired, cleaned and adjusted, see top left hand corner of this page. E. Beeton, high grade watch specialist, opposite Post Office.

Only $9.50 Round Trip to New York via Erie Railway.

A grand chance for every person to visit New York and witness the Centennial on April 30th. The Erie have reduced their rate to $9.50 round trip from Suspension Bridge to New York, tickets good to go on April 27th, 28th and 29th, and return up to May 6th; for full particulars apply to S. J. Sharp, corner Scott and Wellington-streets. Telephone 384, Toronto. 56

WE NUMBER 172,460.

The Official Census of the New Suburb Adds 5651.

True to his promise or threat made a short time ago, on the occasion of the town of Parkdale becoming one of the suburbs of the city, Alderman Dodds had a staff of ten census-takers at work on the census of St. Alban's ward, with the gratifying result that we know we have within the boundaries of our fair city just 172,146 souls, or 5651 more than we had when the census was taken on December 15th. Of course this does not make any allowance or deduction for births or deaths which have occurred in the meantime.

It is interesting to note the comparison between the population of the various wards. This is as follows:

St. Alban's	5,651
" Andrew's	15,982
" David's	21,644
" George's	8,653
" James'	14,414
" John's	14,994
" Lawrence	7,527
" Mark's	9,224
" Matthew's	6,406
" Patrick's	27,435
" Paul's	9,261
" Stephen's	19,162
" Thomas'	13,107

St. Alban's is the smallest ward by 755, and is just 21,784 behind the populous St. Patrick's.

CANADA FIRST.

A Patriotic Platform for the National Party.

Editor E. E. Sheppard was in the chair when the new Canadian National Association met in Shaftesbury Hall parlor last night. Lawyer Fullerton was on hand and so was J. C. Hopkins, the Imperial Federationist, together with some score or more gentlemen interested in the new movement. The committee appointed for the purpose had drafted the following constitution, which was adopted:

That the name of this association shall be the Canadian Legion.

Its motto, One Patriotism, One Language, One Flag. Its objects:

1. The cultivation of a strong and aggressive Canadian sentiment.
2. The development of Canadian literature, science and art.
3. Equal rights for all.
4. Entire separation of church and state in education, taxation and legislation.
5. The fostering of the material interests of Canada.
6. The proper and patriotic celebration of Dominion Day.

The committee, as one of the members informed The World, took just five nights to decide upon the above platform. They also decided to make the entrance fee $1 and the quarterly fee 25 cents, which provision the meeting also endorsed.

Officers to act until July 1st were elected as follows:

President, E. E. Sheppard.
Vice-Presidents, James R. Roaf and James Fullerton.
Secretary, F. A. Fenton.
Treasurer, T. Power.
Auditors, Messrs. Lucas and Stevenson.
Executive Committee: Messrs. Cameron, Wellinger, Inspector Awde, Townley, Smith, Miller and Armstrong.

THE GALLANT GREYS.

Will Celebrate the Queen's Birthday at Bright Berlin.

The Grenadiers, under command of Col. Dawson, marched out last night 325 strong, to Moss Park Rink, where the men were put through practice company drill. The electric light went out, which terminated proceedings in an abrupt fashion. After the return to the armory, certificates were presented to the successful candidates at the recent examinations for sergeants.

Where to spend the 24th of May came up for consideration, invitations having been received from six different places, the most favorable being Berlin and Ingersoll. It was almost unanimously decided to visit Berlin, as it is nearer, and the regiment will in all probability visit the town of sausages and sauerkraut for three days, 24th, 25th and 26th, returning to Toronto on Sunday night. An invitation was also received for the members of the regiment to attend the Ontario Jockey Club races on Friday and Saturday, May 24th and 25th.

HE LIKES THE PENITENTIARY.

An Ex-Convict Who Served a Long Term Says He Will Go Back.

Yesterday afternoon The World had a talk with an old resident of one of the eastern cities of the Province who in a fit of despondency mingled with hate and jealousy had set fire to a neighbor's house and barns, for which crime he was sentenced to a term of imprisonment in the Kingston Penitentiary. This term was completed, and a few weeks ago the former prisoner was seen once more in the streets. Evidently the side glances and disdain of the people with whom he mingled since his incarceration cut more deeply into his feelings than the terrors of confinement, for yesterday he said to one of The World's young men: "This very night I am going to commit some crime for which I will be sent back for the remainder of my days."

THE COST OF THE COLLISION.

Grateful Passengers Recompense a Brave Engineer.

The Canadian Pacific Railway's loss by the collision near Green River on Wednesday, particulars of which were given in The World yesterday, is estimated at $10,000. The passengers on the express, who ascribe their safety to the pluck and presence of mind of the engineer, made up a handsome purse and presented it to him.

The New Collegiate Institute.

Capt. Fred. F. Manley, M.A., senior assistant master of the Toronto Collegiate Institute, is an applicant for the head mastership of the new Collegiate Institute for the west half of the city. Mr. Manley has issued his testimonials, and as an example of typographic excellence they are ahead of anything in that line yet sent out. But also in the matter of the testimonials are they altogether unusual and worthy of the best consideration of the board of trustees. Mr. Manley by these testimonials is shown to have been a pupil and graduate of the Toronto Public schools, Collegiate Institute and University. For fifteen years he has been a successful master in the Collegiate Institute. As a specialist in mathematics, and possessed of rare gifts in the way of imparting knowledge to pupils and interesting them in the subject, of maintaining discipline, and as one entitled to promotion by reason of long and faithful service, Mr. Manley is worthy of the new position, and the testimonials as printed go to show that a host of his old pupils, as well as a large number of the leading educationists of the province, are of the same opinion. Gen. Sir Fred Middleton and Col. Otter bear testimony to Mr. Manley's ability as an organizer and administrator.

Committed for Bigamy.

John James Sisson, a farm laborer, 34 years of age, was lodged in jail yesterday under a warrant of commitment signed by Mr. Lundy, J.P., of Aurora, for bigamy. Sisson was married to a young lady named Mary Smith of the township of Whitchurch last week, by Rev. H. McDowell, at the parsonage in Aurora. He met his bride on the 1st inst., and it seems to have been a case of love at first sight. Sisson told Mrs. Smith that his first wife was dead, having died in October last, but subsequent revelations prove this statement of his to be false, as his first wife, formerly a Miss Ida Potter, daughter of Mr. Jerry Potter of the township of Tay, county of Simcoe, is still alive and stopping with her father. Sisson and Miss Potter were united in bonds matrimonial on the 11th of July last.

When Men Wear Bonnets.

"When men wear bonnets, what will they say about buying two bonnets a season instead of one as now?" asks an inquisitive reader. When men wear bonnets only one will be bought a season. The women will then wear hats and they will buy them at Dineen's.

THEY ARE DIRTY AND DRY.

THE PLIGHT OF "PROMINENT CITIZENS" OF GUTHRIE.

In Oklahoma is Neither Water to Wash With nor Whisky to Drink—Crackers Selling at $1.50 per Pound—The First "Natural" Death.

KANSAS CITY, April 25.—A Star special from Guthrie via rail to Arkansas City says: The facilities for getting news here are no better than two days ago. All matter has to be sent by messenger to Arkansas City. The corps of surveyors was yesterday increased to four and work began in the afternoon. All attention is paid to the work, as on it depends every lot owner's claim. Provisions continue scarce. One man yesterday sold thirty barrels of bread, 5-cent loaves selling at 15 cents each, or two for a quarter. The supply ran out, and while people were willing to pay the exorbitant price, bread could not be had at all. Crackers found ready sale at $1.50 per pound. The inconvenience caused by the blockade of freight is beyond computation. The freight, express and baggage increase with each train and lack of help prevents prompt distribution. The water question continues a serious one. Before the end of the week wells will be sunk.

Despite the fact that every train takes out large numbers of dissatisfied settlers every train brings in as many more. The order here is phenomenal. No whisky can be bought. A gentleman who is now speculating in lots has the promise of the agency of one eastern brewer for the entire territory and he is banking on great profits. The sun is very hot and where the sod has been spaded or plowed up the soil is mealy and blows in every direction. Prominent citizens are dirty and the scarcity of water prevents cleanliness. Citizens' meetings are held three times per day.

Died With His Boots Off.

ARKANSAS CITY, April 25.—The first natural death in Oklahoma occurred at Oklahoma City yesterday. Thomas O'Neill, a young married man from Marshall, Mo., died of a congestive chill brought on by exertion and exposure. Many cases of pneumonia are reported.

Failed to Get a Claim.

WINFIELD, Kan., April 25.—Silas B. Kennedy of Ruma, Ills., startled pedestrians here to-day by drawing a razor across his throat inflicting a slight gash. Later he shot himself through the head and died this evening. Two men said they accompanied Kennedy from St. Louis to Guthrie and all three failed to get claims. It is supposed Kennedy's mind was deranged by his failure.

Merely as a Precaution.

KANSAS CITY, April 25.—A Times special from Kingfisher says: Three more companies of infantry have been ordered here. There is no disorder and the troops are sent merely as a precaution.

NEAR ITS END.

The Maloney-Phillips Case Expected to End in a Committal.

MONTREAL, April 25.—The Phillips-Maloney enquete is finally drawing to a close. The case will probably be argued to-morrow and it is expected will end in a committal to the Court of Queen's Bench. The cards found in Maloney's safe are all so cut at the edges that it appears to be an easy matter to draw whatever card may be required for the game. The missing goods have not yet been found. The enquete was continued this afternoon and formal evidence was heard.

Went Through a Trestle.

SUNBURY, Pa., April 25.—An engine and eight cars, one of them an oil tank filled with oil, went through a trestle on the Pennsylvania Railroad five miles from Riverside this morning. The oil took fire and all the cars and the engine were destroyed. Jack Brosins, the engineer, and James Malone, a brakesman, were injured internally. The trestling had caught from a fire lighted by some fishermen and one section had been burned. A farmer says he saw the fire but made no effort to extinguish it, asserting he had put out a fire on the same bridge some time ago but had not been reward d by the company.

A Dynamite Factory Burnt.

NEW YORK, April 25.—The Emmons dynamite factory, a mile from Harrison, Westchester County, was burned to-night. The flames reached the dynamite stored in the factory and a fearful explosion occurred. Newton Emmons, son of the proprietor had his lower limbs terribly burned and lacerated and had his face and arms crushed by falling timber. Fireman Anderson was also injured. Loss $10,000.

He Was a Great Poolplayer.

NEW YORK, April 25.—Albert M. Frey, who died to-day, has held the poolplaying championship for three years. He defeated the champions of every country where pool is played. He was born in this city 26 years ago. He began playing when 14 years old and was beaten only a few times. He was the winner in the recent championship tournament. He was the author of the popular game of continuous pool by which pool contests are now decided. He was the proprietor of a well-known resort on Broadway.

Suicide in New York's Big Park.

NEW YORK, April 25.—Oliver Perry Lewis, aged 21, drowned himself to-day in Central Park reservoir, dressed in a claw hammer coat, white tie and under habiliments of full dress. Before drowning himself he fixed the day and hour of his funeral and sent out notices to friends asking them to attend it. The notes were on heavy black-bordered paper in envelopes to match.

St. Kitt's Waterworks Bylaw Carried.

ST. CATHARINES, April 25.—The bylaw authorizing the city to expend $30,000 in extending the waterworks system was carried to-day by a majority of 285.

A Mexican Revolt.

MEXICO, April 25.—Troops have been sent to quell a religious uprising at La Luz in the State of Guanajuato.

Cut in Two by a Circular Saw.

James Vanatto, aged 19, of Kendall was cut in two the other day by a circular saw making 60 revolutions a minute. He was cut through the heart and died instantly.

Moral: Insure in the Manufacturers' Accident Insurance Company, 83 King west, Toronto. tf

Gold at a Big Premium at Buenos Ayres.

BUENOS AYRES, April 25.—Gold commands a premium here of 56 per cent.

April Showers.

We have not had many of them this month so far, but they are bound to come before long. No May flowers without them. A good, steady warm rain would be welcome and so would one of A. White's steel rod umbrellas, oxydized handles, silver tops, the cheapest and best article in the market. 65 King-street west. 246

Cyclorama Amphitheatre.

In the new amphitheatre in the Cyclorama building, which is becoming very popular, the Hungarian band will play every night this week, with matinees Wednesday, Friday and Saturday.

SNOWED UNDER AGAIN.

The Scott Act Buried in Leeds and Grenville by About 1000 Majority.

BROCKVILLE, April 25.—Leeds and Grenville voted on the question of repeal of the Scott Act to-day and the result was a big majority for repeal. Only three municipalities report majorities for the act.

When the act was adopted on Dec. 18, 1884, there were 5058 votes cast for the act and 4384 against, a majority for the act of 674.

Following are the majorities in to-day's election:

	Against Repeal.	For Repeal.
Brockville	....	386
Prescott	....	220
Gananoque	....	88
Township Rear Yonge and Escott	....	111
Kitley Township	....	109
North Crosby	....	94
Bastard and Burgess	....	39
Newboro	....	8
Card nal	....	23
Kemptville	....	23
Merrickville	....	10
South Crosby	77	....
Elizabethtown	125	....
Walford Township	45	....
Edwardsburg Township	....	5
Two polls to hear from	....	....
North Augusta	....	100
	247	1210
Majority for Repeal		963

Returns from front of Yonge and Escott and Elmsley not in yet. Rear of Leeds and Lansdowne and front of Leeds and Lansdowne give majorities against the act but returns not all in.

GUARDING THE JAIL.

Alleged Plot to Rescue Donald Morrison, the Megantic Outlaw.

SHERBROOKE, April 25.—This morning two of the Provincial Government Police were found on guard at the jail here. Enquiry as to the object of their presence there received the reply that the Quebec Government had yesterday received telegraphic information that reports were current that an attempt would be made to release Donald Morrison from the custody of the jail. No one in Sherbrooke had any knowledge of such rumors and it is considered here in the light of a hoax.

In any event Morrison's friends are probably aware by this time, although he is progressing favorably he is certainly not in a condition to be moved by legal release, much less in the manner intimated.

Was It Revenge?

MONTREAL, April 25.—Pete Leroyer's house on the shores of Lake Megantic, about 18 miles from Marsden, was burnt down early Tuesday morning. Pete stated to-day that this was evidently from a spirit of revenge for his share in the capture of Morrison. Leroyer received $25 from Judge Dugas to-day to take him back to his family, who have gone to Henrysburg near Lacolle. He seems to have little fear of going back to the scene of the arrest, though he says he expects to find much animosity against him there.

FOR HIS FATHER'S SEAT.

Mr. Rufus Pope Chosen as the Conservative Standard Bearer in Compton.

SHERBROOKE, April 25.—The Liberal-Conservative meeting at Cookshire to-day for the purpose of nominating a successor to the late Hon. J. H. Pope, Minister of Railways and representative for Compton County, was attended by delegates from every municipality in that very large county. After passing a vote of condolence to the family of the deceased minister it was decided that his son, Mr. Rufus Pope, be chosen as the Conservative nominee for the county. Mr. Pope returned his thanks to the convention for this mark of confidence.

CAPTAIN MURRELL RECEIVES.

Over 4000 Philadelphians Shake Hands With the Missouri's Chief Officer.

PHILADELPHIA, April 25.—The dock of the steamer Missouri prior to her departure for Baltimore this afternoon presented a scene of gaiety and commotion. Captain Murrell, as an expression of his thanks for the honors conferred upon him since his arrival in this city, tendered a reception to the public aboard the steamer between 9 and 12 o'clock. Long before 9 o'clock the streets leading to the wharf where the Missouri lay were packed with people and in the three hours devoted to the reception an unceasing line of men, women and children passed by the captain, who heartily grasped the hand of each. Many and ardent were the expressions of praise and good will by those who