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CARTER'S
LITTLE
LIVER
PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

200,000
MEN for
CLONDYKE.

That's the number that's going to the wonderful Canadian Clondyke gold fields during '98. They're going to dig out $60,000,000 in gold during the year according to the best authority. Are you going to be one of the lucky ones? Going to buy your outfit here, in Victoria, and at our store? Remember that we can sell you goods cheaper than any other store on the Pacific coast, having none. You'll save money by buying your outfit of us, and you'll save 35 per cent. duty besides by buying it in Victoria, Canada. Write to us for our free book "Clondyke Information," with maps, prices of complete outfits, and lots of useful and valuable information. Its free for the asking.

"DEPT. A."

CAMERON,
The Cash Clothier
55 Johnson Street
Victoria, B.C.
CANADA

UNCLAIMED LETTERS.

List of Those Uncalled for at the Victoria Post Office on December 31.

A—Mrs. Adams, Geo. T. Allan, Mrs. Adams, H. H. Ault, W. A. Anderson.

B—P. J. Baire, E. Baker, J. Barrat, Worthington Begg, Col. E. G. H. Bingham, P. A. Biggart, A. V. Bossi, C. J. Borgstedt, Walter Borns, W. F. Brien, H. W. Behnsen.

C—A. T. Carter, M. F. Campbell [2], R. J. Campbell, Thos. G. Clouston, Mr. Clair, Jno. Clark, Mrs. Clark, Frank Cochrane, Jas. Collins, Joe Colomander, Consld. Adpt. Co., Henry Crow [2], B. H. Cross.

D—Jas. R. Darragh, F. C. David, D. Dempster, J. Denholm, Hy Doyle & Co., F. Domingouis, C. W. Dunne Dr. Duff, Marius Durand.

E—Jas. Eckersley, Alex Ewen, Harry Eyre, Mrs. E. Evanson.

F—H. Fox, J. R. Forbes, Mrs. F. Fulderman, W. F. Frelinlor.

G—W. P. Gooch, Geo. R. Gardon, Alex. Grant, J. B. Green.

H—A. Hambrook, Chas. Head, Vincent Henderson, Henderson & Denholm, Robert Hiskich, Geo. M. Hibbin, W. B. Hunt [2].

J—Aria Jonson, Chas. Johnston, H. W. Jones.

K—A. Keeping, F. Kirkland, Mike Kirby, Jas. King, Louis Knox.

L—Mr. Lawson, Pat Lavan, Mrs. or Miss M. Lawson, Alex. Lazarus (4), W. Levight, Miss H. W. Lee, Lib. Coll. Inst., Jos. Little.

M—C. E. Masters & Co., Clara Mathers, D. Mason, Klarutes Metto, Mrs. M. A. Miller, W. Monke, Ng. Mook, Miss Morrell, Mrs. J. R. Morrison, Chas. Moth, R. Mullins.

Mc—C. R. McCullogh, Rev. J. B. McCullogh, Luke McGrath, Angus McDonald, A. J. McKay, Capt. A. Maclean, A. McClelland, Jas. McMillan, Miss M. McRae.

N—Thos. Neill.

O—Master Chas. Olsen, Miss A. O'Neill, Alex. Orr.

P—M. H. Palmer, James Pecolo, Anthony Pepps, Geo. Philipps, T. Posille, Puget Sound F. Mly. Co.

R—T. D. Rae, R. Rey, Henry Reis, B. Reed, Wm. Rivers, Geo. L. Rice & Co., J. Robinson, Mrs. Rowlinson, Jno. W. Russell.

S—S. Sampestahn, H. V. Scott, Mrs. Jno. Scott, Geo. Shedden [3], Mrs. Geo. Sibley, Wm. Skelland, Mrs. G. Smith, Hy Smith, Miss Agnes Smith [2], F. Southerland, Miss R. Soothun, J. F. Sykes.

T—Walter Tice, Hugh Thornby, A. M. Turnbull.

V—A. Van Hugan [2].

W—H. G. Walker, [2], Laura E. Walker, Fred Warren, Wm. E. Ward, J. D. Warden, A. Wills, Dr. A. Wingell, Miss A. Woodward, A. M. Wringer Co.

Yin Tai.

LOST GENERAL'S BODY FOUND.

Sir Henry Havelock Allan Was Killed by the Natives.

CALCUTTA, Dec. 31.—The body of General Henry Havelock Allan, it is announced from Fort Ali Musjid, has been found and is being conveyed to Peshawur. It appears that after visiting Lunde Kotal, Sir Henry Havelock Allan, coming from Ali Musjid with an adequate escort, left the latter in order to hurry to Jamrud. Sir Henry was prone to taking rash chances. It is not clear whether his body was or was not mutilated.

THE SPINKS CHARGES.

Interesting Evidence as to the Hatching of the Liberal Demand for an Inquiry.

Only One of the Accusers Comes Forward and His Evidence Makes No Case.

(From the Grand Forks Miner)

On Tuesday December 21, the much discussed investigation into certain alleged irregularities by His Honor Judge Spinks, was held at Midway by the Hon. Mr. Justice McColl, of New Westminster. Alexander Henderson represented the department of justice in placing the evidence before the commissioner, and Mr. Charles Wilson, Q. C., acted on behalf of Judge Spinks. The inquiry hinged on some letters to the Minister of Justice written by Mr. Peter McCallum, of this city; a Mr. James H. Falconer, of Victoria; Mr. James Kerr, of Greenwood.

The commission in order to give the fullest scope to the investigation, allowed every latitude in the tendering of evidence, and throughout the sitting, acted in a manner which it left it open to the parties to bring forward every possible fact which could throw light on either side of the inquiry. Mr. Wilson, also, in behalf of Judge Spinks, said he would not raise any objection to any evidence tendered.

Mr. Sidley's evidence was, with two exceptions, based on charges which he said "had been common rumor" in the whole country." One of the exceptions was as to the construction which the judge, when trying the case, placed upon a contract between two parties. The other exception was Mr. Sidley's own case, a charge of horse stealing, but of which the judge acquitted him at the time. Mr. Sidley's complaint was that he had been rather harshly treated in the matter throughout and that in this, as well as another case, the judge had manifested considerable bad feeling towards him. There were other charges of improperly granting licenses, adjourning courts, and thus causing the public inconvenience. Among the accusations, also, was one of "standing in" with certain rings.

Mr. Sidley was cross-examined at considerable length by Mr. Wilson on the different statements in the letter he wrote, but, while standing by what he had written, Mr. Sidley said that he had acted mainly in the public interest and that it was from information received from others, whose names he was willing to give in each instance, along with knowledge of his own case, that he had written what he had. He said he had nothing against Judge Spinks personally, beyond considering that the judge had acted harshly in his (Mr. Sidley's) case, and he was very sorry to see that the people who were so loud in their talk to him had not the courage to come forward and give their evidence on the commission.

Mr. McCallum was the next witness. He knew of one case where the judge postponed court and there was a prisoner waiting trial. As to his honor's showing favoritism from the bench, this statement was only made from hearsay. Mr. McCallum said he signed the letter to the Minister of Justice, and on cross-examination admitted that it was presented and read over to him in Mr. Sutton, the lawyer's, office in Grand Forks. Mr. Falconer was present at the same time. The sole intention of the witness in signing this letter was that he took it for granted that there must be something in the statements it contained, and if so they should be investigated. He took no pains to inquire into the truth of the statements himself, and he also added that he had nothing against the judge, but simply was of opinion that his honor should have an opportunity to clear himself of the charges made.

Mr. Lambly, Registrar of the county court Osoyoos, and Mr. McMynn, at Midway, gave evidence as to the postponing of courts, showing that out of some thirty court sittings set, some nine had been adjourned.

Judge Spinks also gave evidence as to the accusation that his decisions were grossly unjust and illegal. He could safely leave that to his record as shown by the results of the appeals taken. The postponing of the courts he showed was due to various cause, some of them in compliance with the request of counsel, one due to a severe illness which he contracted at Rossland and others due to bad weather, pressing official and other public causes. His honor also showed that out of all the appeals made to him from the licensing boards he had only granted one, as he was always governed by the opinion that, as magistrates were responsible for the order of their districts, they were the best judges as to a license being necessary in their locality. He went into every statement of Mr. Sidley's letter, and, from the court note books, explained to the commissioner the circumstances of the several cases mentioned by Mr. Sidley.

In answer to Mr. Sidley's closing remarks that he had nothing against Judge Spinks personally, and that there had been no collusion between him, Mr. Sidley, and anyone in setting up these charges, the commissioner said: "There is no suggestion at all, Mr. Sidley, that you are acting in collusion with any person. The only observation I permit myself to made with reference to these gentlemen who, in formulating complaints, rather vague, but in very strong terms, is this: It is not easy to understand, if they thought it their duty to make the complaints at all to the minister of justice, how they can reconcile the exercise of that duty their conduct in not even answering the formal request made for particulars of the charges; in not appearing here, although the inquiry was brought to their doors as nearly as possible, and in ignoring the commission altogether. This is the only observation I have to make."

The commission then adjourned.

After the rising of the commission Mr. McCallum went before Mr. Norris, J.P. McMynn, registrar of county court and Mr. Jacobs special correspondent of the News-Advertiser, and made a statement to the following effect, which was put in writing and witnessed by the above gentlemen:

That the letter of accusation read at the commission that day had been presented to him in Mr. Sutton's office and he hesitated in signing it, but Mr. Sutton assured him that the other justice of the district was making complaint and it would result in an inquiry. Mr. Falconer was present when this took place. Either on that day or a subsequent date Mr. Sutton induced Mr. McCallum to sign another letter addressed to Sir Wilfrid Laurier. The purport of this letter was a recommendation that Mr. Sutton be appointed the commissioner to inquire into the charges.

On seeing Mr. Sutton he states that the letter written to Sir Wilfrid Laurier suggesting that he be appointed commissioner on the Spinks matter referred to in Mr. McCallum's declaration was written by a Mr. Falconer in Mr. Sutton's office, and is evidently a mistake on Mr. McCallum's part. Mr. Sutton further denies that he wrote any of the letters sent to Ottawa containing charges against Judge Spinks, although he admits that two of them were written in his office. He further states that proof of these statements can be obtained and will be forthcoming, and that the position he occupied in the whole matter was simply as solicitor for the parties interested.

Bass' XXXX on draught at the Occidental x

GRIM GERMAN HUMOR.

Queer Proclamation of the Admiral Upon the Seizure of Kiaochou Bay.

Any Chinamen Objecting to This Friendly Act to Be Beheaded or Shot.

BERLIN, Dec. 31.—The German first-class cruiser Kaiserin Augusta arrived yesterday at Kiaochou bay.

The proclamation in Chinese issued by the German admiral upon the occasion of the occupation of Kiaochou on November 14 last, will be found interesting reading. It reads as follows:

"Von Diederichs, commander-in-chief of the Imperial German eastern fleet, hereby issues the following proclamation:

"Be it known to all concerned that I have come in obedience to the commands of my sovereign, H.I.M. the German Emperor, who has instructed me to land at Kiaochou bay at the head of my forces and seize the said bay and all the islands and dependencies thereof. Having performed this duty it now behooves me to mark out the boundaries of the region held by me, which are as follows. (Here the boundaries are defined.)

"The above noted places and the area comprised within are to be held by the German forces, until the case of the murder of our German missionaries in Shantung be settled.

"In consideration of the above, therefore, I find it necessary to exhort you all, viz: the inhabitants of Tsingtao island and dependencies thereof, to peaceably continue your several avocations and avoid listening to the words of the disreputable and rowdy classes to create disturbances. As a matter of fact Germany and China have always been friendly and at peace, and formerly when China was at war with Japan, Germany used her utmost efforts to rescue China from her dilemma. This was to prove our friendship as a neighboring power. We are now here not to enemies of China, hence you need not hesitate and entertain suspicions about us. Moreover, it will be the duty of the German officers to protect the law-abiding inhabitants of this place in order to preserve the peace. But if there be any discontented characters who shall endeavor to create disturbances, they shall surely be dealt with according to Chinese laws to the extreme extent (i.e., beheaded—Translator). Further, if any German subjects here be killed the murderers will be dealt with according the German military law (i.e., shot—Translator). Hence I consider it my duty to earnestly exhort all to abstain from breaking the peace, and avoid resisting whatever the German authorities shall decide to do hereafter here. You should calculate the exigencies of the case, and you will see that you are too weak to resist. Not only will you find it to be of no advantage to you, but you will find that you will have invited destruction upon yourselves.

"Furthermore, be it known that where German troops shall be encamped, Chinese officials will still be permitted to go on with their usual duties. But if in the future these Chinese officials should receive orders from their superiors which they should find beyond their powers, they should communicate the circumstances to the German governor, General Chu (?) or Brigadier-General T'sai (?). As for the buying or selling of land hereafter, permission should first be obtained from the governor to become legal. Let all obey. An important proclamation."

FROM THE DAILY COLONIST, January 3.

THE CITY.

MR. WALTER MCCONNAN, of this office, has received a letter from St. John's, Newfoundland, stating that two British Columbians are in that country buying up sled dogs for service in the Northern trails. The dogs, the letter states, are all trained for service and are being purchased for $4 and $5 each. One of the two buyers has made a complete tour of Newfoundland.

JUDGING from the great number of tickets already sold, a large and fashionable audience will witness the performance of the burlesque extravaganza "Babes in the Woods" and tableaux events, to be given in the A.O.U.W. hall on Thursday, when grand scenic effects, brilliant court dresses, delightful dances, as well as the latest things in breakdowns and inimitable acting from the sublime to the ridiculous—principally the latter—will combine to make this entertainment the hit of the season.

THE funeral of the late G. W. Haynes took place yesterday afternoon in the presence of a large number of sympathizing friends. Rev. J. F. Betts, M.A., conducted services at the family residence and at the Centennial Methodist church, delivering there an impressive address on the scriptural and natural evidences of the resurrection of the body. At Ross Bay cemetery the Worshipful Master of Vancouver-Quadra lodge, A.F. and A.M., Mr. Maxwell Muir, with the assistance of the brethren, interred the remains of the deceased brother with full Masonic rites. The following gentlemen acted as pall-bearers: J. A. Grahame, A. J. McLellan, Noah Shakespeare, W. F. Bullen, William Dalby and E. E. Blackwood.

ONE industry that the gold excitement of the past year has given birth to is that of evaporating vegetables, which starting in this province through the enterprise of M. R. Smith & Son. It is now giving cause for the erection of a large plant on the farm of Mr. R. H. Breeds, on the west road North Saanich. The capacity of the plant is not known but it is of such a size as to keep the steam freighter Oscar engaged carrying produce for it for some time to come. All such vegetables as cabbages, potatoes, carrots, etc., will be handled by the plant, making the market in this line a splendid one for the producer. The Oscar sailed for La Conner, Wash., last evening and will be back today or tomorrow with a full load of produce for the new concern. Mr. Breeds, who is the promoter of the venture, is the pioneer in the hop growing business in British Columbia and already does an important business in this direction.

OFFICIAL RECEPTIONS.

The Lieutenant Governor and Mrs. McInnes At Home to Visitors On New Year's Day.

Hundreds Also Wish the Compliments of the Season to Mayor and Mrs. Redfern.

Lieutenant-Governor and Mrs. McInnes happily chose New Year's day for their first public reception since they took up their residence at Government House. Over four hundred gentlemen took advantage of the opportunity to pay their respects, and from one o'clock till six in the evening the coming of callers was continuous at Carey Castle.

The visitors were most hospitably entertained, the Lieutenant-Governor and Mrs. McInnes being assisted in receiving by Mr. and Mrs. T. R. E. McInnes, and every caller being made to feel that his visit was a welcome one. Open house was kept all the afternoon, and after being presented in the drawing room each guest was invited into the large dining room, where refreshments were served. The callers during the afternoon were as follows:

Wm. Allan, James Angus, Forrest Angus, Capt. C. H. Adair, R. N., J. R. Anderson, John Anderson, John B. Ashby, W. Atkins.

E. V. Bodwell, Capt. Blanchard, Hon. Jas. Baker, Sidney Booth, Thomas Bamford, J. T. Bethune, John Braden, Hon. R. Beaven, Wm. Burns, J. T. Braden, Beaumont Boggs, R. E. Brett, Ernest Brammer, E. Crow Baker, A. L. Belyea, E. E. Blackwood, H. F. Bullen, J. G. Brown, Wm. Gourlie Blackie, Wm. H. Bone, T. C. Boulton, L. N. B. Bullock.

Rev. W. Leslie Clay, Hon. Sir Henry Crease, Lindley Crease, T. K. Chatfield, F. Egerton Curtis, Robert Croft, J. St. Clair, Rev. Dr. Campbell, Fred. J. Claxton, J. W. Church, Geo. L. Courtney, W. G. Cameron, Charles E. Clarke, Howard Chapman, W. M. Chudley, Robert Cassidy, Wm. Charles, W. A. Carlyle, R. J. Clark, Cecil H. Cookson, Fritz R. Claxton.

Hon. Chief Justice Davie, Dr. John Duncan, Captain Devereux, Hon. Mr. Justice Drake, Wm. Tyrwhitt Drake, Walton E. Dowlen, W. J. Dowler, R. L. Drury, H. P. Dickinson, C. E. Dickinson, A. J. Dallain, W. S. Drewry, James Deans, Joseph Davies, Wm. Dalby, T. Dewdney, J. Devey, Robert S. Day.

S. C. Elkington, Thomas Earle, M.P.

Alfred Flett, Thornton Fell, A. B. Fraser, J. H. Falconer, E. H. Fletcher, Dr. Rod. Fraser.

A. Wallace Grime, W. P. Gooch, Jas. A. Grahame, H. V. Grahame, R. E. Gosnell, T. S. Gore, W. L. Gore, Arthur Gore, H. Gutmann, Wm. Gill, Henry Goward, Capt. Gaudin, Gordon Grant, W. Pollard Grant, C. A. Godson, Dr. A. J. Garesche, A. J. C. Galletly, Lt. Col. F. B. Gregory.

Hon. Dr. Helmcken, Dr. J. S. Helmcken, H. Dallas Helmcken, M.P.P., Hon. Wymond Hamley, Hon. D. W. Higgins, E. Harrison, Judge Harrison, Capt. Andrew Hamilton, Dr. Edward Haseli, Dr. Ernest B. C. Hanington, Dr. Lewis Hall, Dr. Ernest Hall, Dr. E. C. Hart, G. Lloyd Hall, Sheriff Hall, Herbert Hall, Richard Hall, F. Addison Hall, C. Addison Hall, Ernest A. Harris, D. R. Harris, Rev. P. C. L. Harris, James Hutcheson, Frank J. Hutcheson, Rout Harvey, George Harvey, Wm. Humphrey, W. J. Hanna, Frank Higgins, Wm. Henderson, L. H. Harder, Y. M. Henderson, B. S. Holt.

T. J. Jones, Richard Jones, Dr. O. M. Jones, John Jessup, R. Janion, Charles E. Jones, R. H. Jamieson, E. A. Jacob, T. A. Johnston, B. H. John.

Harry S. Ives, Hon. Mr. Justice Irving.

J. W. Keller, D. R. Ker, Tom Kains, F. B. Kitto, A. J. Kitto, G. R. Kitto.

H. F. Langton, E. J. Leeming, C. H. Lugrin, Captain H. G. Lewis, Simon Leiser, Max Leiser, P. S. Lampman, C. Loewenberg, C. A. Lombard.

S. P. McCore, J. W. Mackay, A. E. McMillan, W. J. Macauley, Lawrence Macrae, R. B. McMicking, E. B. McKay, J. R. Mackie, Wm. McKay, John McCurrach, Capt. Douglas McConnan, Walter McConnan, E. McConnan, A. E. McPhillips, J. E. McMillan, J. H. McBrady, J. A. McLaren, Wm. McNeill, A. G. McCandless, J. S. McTavish, A. J. McLellan, Hon. G. B. Martin, Harry Munn, James Mitchell, E. B. Marvin, A. Maxwell Muir, Ed. Mallandaine, Jr., Capt. R. Ross Monro, G. F. Matthews, C. Dubois Mason, Sam Matson, Henry S. Mason, S. Perry Mills, C. F. Moore, A. R. Milne, Sewell P. Moody, Capt. Mitchell, Archer Martin, H. A. More, James Martin, Lieut.-Col. H. H. Muirhead, R.E., Alex. Munro, A. K. Munro, Wm. Munsie, Wm. Marchant.

C. R. Nairne.

P. O'Reilly, B. S. Oddy.

Rear Admiral Bury Palliser, C. Pemberton, Geo. E. Powell, Capt. E. Palmer, A. Stewart Potts, McDonald Potts, C. W. Potts, T. F. Patterson, T. N. Paterson, Hon. Fred. Peters, Hon. Chas. E. Pooley, John Partridge, Frances Page, W. G. Pinder, J. Piercy, B. W. Pinder, Thos. Pattin, P. T. Patton, T. J. Patton, S. Phipps, R. R. Punnitt.

W. A. Robertson, Mayor Redfern, J. L. Raymur, Capt. Richardson, Lawford Richardson, Geo. Riley, L. A. Roberts, Dixi H. Ross, Capt. Clement Royd, Chas. Rattray, F. M. Rattenbury, E. H. Russell, Capt. Rudlin, C. E. Renouf.

O. Schwengers, Newton Spicer, Ven. Archdeacon Scriven, Thos. C. Sorby, I. A. Salt, Hamilton Smith, Nugent Short, N. P. Shaw, David Spencer, C. Spencer, Thomas Shotbolt, Rev. G. F. Swinerton, W. Spencer, W. B. Sylvester, Noah Shakespeare, A. A. Sears, W. B. Shakespeare, E. C. Smith, J. E. Scarlett, Walter G. Sparrow, G. H. Seelig, S. D. Schultz, Thomas R. Smith, A. G. Smith, J. H. S. Sweet, J. W. Speck, George Simon.

Hon. J. H. Turner, John Teague, Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper, Hon. Senator Templeman, J. H. Todd, J. Gerhard Tiarks, J. D. Taylor, W. J. Taylor, A. W. Taylor, Edward Thain.

Dr. R. Ford Verrinder, Charles A. Vernon.

Alex. Wilson, Lieut.-Col. R. Wolfenden, Walter Walker, Major J. Wilson, T. E. Wooldridge, Joseph Wilson, E. E. Welch, E. E. Wootton, E. A. Wilmot, E. A. Wyld, S. Y. Wootton, Captain Walbran, Percy Wollasten, Jr., J. Keith Wilson, W. Ridgway Wilson, Dr. A. T. Watt, Wm. Wilson, Herbert C. Wiffen, Rev. Dr. Wilson, L. C. Wand, Major Ben. Williams.

J. Stuart Yates.

His Worship the Mayor and Mrs. Redfern were also at home to the public on New Year's day, a very pleasant innovation at least of late years for the mayor of Victoria, and one which people appreciate to judge by the very large number of callers. The Mayor, Mrs. and Miss Redfern received and made their guests very welcome, refreshments being served during the afternoon.

THE local Chinese will not take their new year celebration as on previous years, as they say the difference in time between this country and the Orient is ten hours. They take the second day as new year instead of the first. The new year will open on the 23rd of January of the English calendar.

AN ABUSED CORPORATION.

The Dunsmuir corporation it would seem affords a general subject for denunciation from the pens of many writers on the provincial press. Foremost among those is the writer on the Province, who for many months past has never wearied in denouncing them as land grabbers and as having the present government at Victoria in the hollow of their hand. The Province a week or so ago went even so far as to denounce the legislature, which gave them the island land grant, as venal. We take it for granted that this writer fully appreciated the meaning conveyed in the term venal. Another paper (whose circulation, by the way, is confined to those who wallow in slander and delight in vituperation), the Inland Sentinel, allows no occasion to pass wherein it can deal a blow, however cowardly, at the owners of the Wellington collieries. We do not agree, at times, in the actions of the Messrs. Dunsmuir in connection, for instance, with their advertised terms for sale of mineral claims, but we cannot, at the same time, stand idly by and allow these cowardly attacks to pass unnoticed; nor, though we differ from the same corporation in politics, do we desire to take advantage politically by them. Now, if the writer in the Province, who accuses the Dunsmuirs of being land grabbers, had, as was his duty, taken the trouble to look over the files of the COLONIST and Standard of the years from 1873-1882 he would there have ascertained that the construction of the E. & N. railway was a most prominent factor of the politics of those years. The undertaking was only embarked in by the late Hon. Robert Dunsmuir after much importuning, and on the personal solicitation of no less a personage than the Marquis of Lorne. It may be true that the province was not a unit in the clamor for its construction, yet the opposition to it existed among a people of a section of the province, who feared it might be a link in the Canadian Pacific railway, with Victoria as a terminus. Its construction was likewise demanded from the fact of its being a part of what is known as the "Carnarvon Terms" drawn up by the British government which were endorsed twice or thrice at the polls, before the road was actually begun. Can the Province point out to us wherein the Legislature which passed the Settlement Bill was venal? We defy it to do so. The epithet is an opprobious one, and one moreover, which the writer in that journal had no justification in using. It is true that no act of a like description could pass the legislature to-day, not because the present house is any more honest or more capable, but simply because the value of the belt is better known. At the time of the passage of the act the lands in the present railway reserve were considered of very little account. They were looked upon as perfectly worthless, with the exception of some small areas of coal lands, and then again, the existence of coal in them was a matter of speculation. For years the construction of this road was a thorn in the side of the Dominion government—who sought on all sides for some one to take it up, and, as we said before, it was only on the personal solicitation of the Marquis of Lorne (the then governor-general) that the late Mr. Dunsmuir agreed to undertake it. Nor was he able to do so alone. He had to find assistance from the outside, nor is it likely that he would have done this, had he for one moment imagined that it was of the immense value that some people place upon it. Messrs. Dunsmuirs have not made their money out of the E. & N. R. R. charter. Not at all! What they have accumulated has come from the product of Wellington mines, and other investments, with which the E. & N. R. R. charter had nothing to do.

The accusation, too, that they are strongly pro-Chinese is a childish one in the face of the number of employers of labor (in the present opposition ranks as well) who patronise the Chinese laborer. In writing the foregoing we wish to be distinctly understood that we have done so in a spirit of fair play. We are not indebted in any way to the Messrs. Dunsmuirs in the publication of this paper or in any other manner, but, on the other hand, we believe we are not on the credit side of their ledger so far as good will is concerned. We believe the people of this Island are imbued with a sufficient amount of fair play to frown down and disapprove of attacks such as the "Province" and "Inland Sentinel," are constantly making upon this corporation, because these attacks are not only untruthful but malicious and unjust.—Wellington Enterprise.

WELCOMED BY THE BAYS.

Members of the J. B. A. A. Give 1898 Such a Reception as Will Not Soon Be Forgotten.

The members of the James Bay Athletic Association and their friends held their usual annual smoking concert at the club house on New Year's eve, and the event, both from an entertaining standpoint and in attendance, surpassed all former occasions of a like nature. The proceedings opened with the presentation of prizes to the successful competitors at the first series of whist competitions which has just closed. The prizes were presented by Mrs. H. D. Helmcken, Mr. A. C. Anderson securing the first prize, a handsome meerschaum pipe donated by the president, Mr. H. D. Helmcken, M.P.P. Mr. A. J. Dallain's prize, an ornamental inkstand, was won by Mr. H. J. Martin, and the third prize, a felt hat, went to Mr. A. H. Finlaison. The caretaker was also the recipient of a purse from the members.

After these proceedings, Mr. H. D. Helmcken and Miss Goodwin once again showed their kindness by providing and presiding over light refreshments. At 12 o'clock the new year was ushered in by a brilliant display of fireworks from the club premises, accompanied by the violent tooting of horns. Cheers being given for Her Majesty, the assemblage adjourned to the gymnasium, where a very interesting concert was held.

At the close of the concert an impromptu dance was held and a couple of happy hours whiled away. Then a basket ball game was engaged in between teams captained by the old veterans, Messrs. F. Jackson and H. B. Young, the sides being very even, the game ending 8 goals all after two hours' play. At 6:30 a.m. the end came, and every one went home satiefied.

WANTED—Teacher for Sahtlam public school. One that can play the organ preferred. Address Arthur Robinson, Secretary School Board, Sahtlam, Duncan Station, B.C. d24

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Licence authorising an Extra-Provincial Company to Carry on Business.

"COMPANIES ACT, 1897."

CANADA.
PROVINCE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA,
No. 24-'97.

THIS IS TO CERTIFY that "The Klondyke Mining, Trading and Transport Corporation, Limited," is authorised and licensed to carry on business within the Province of British Columbia, and to carry out or effect all or any of the objects hereinafter set forth to which the Legislative authority of the Legislature of British Columbia extends.

The head office of the Company is situate at 23 Leadenhall Street, in the City of London, England.

The amount of the capital of the Company is £250,000, divided into 250,000 shares of £1 each.

The head office of the Company in this Province is situate at No. 30 Broad Street, Victoria, and Caldwell Ashworth, gentleman and free miner, of same address, is the attorney for the Company.

The objects for which the Company has been established are—

(*a*) To acquire in the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by purchase, lease, concession, exchange or otherwise, mining property, claims, water rights, and also including lands, mines, mining rights and claims, minerals, ores, mills, stamps, smelting and other works for treating ores and minerals and rendering them marketable metals, including also all kinds of building, machinery and plant useful or supposed to be useful in mining, milling, treating or reducing ores or minerals, and any concessions, grants, decrees, claims, rights or privileges whatsoever which may seem to the Company capable of being turned to account, and to work, develop, carry out, exercise and turn to account the same, and to dispose of any such concessions, grants, decrees, claims, or privileges.

(*b*) To carry on all kinds of exploration business and, in particular in relation to mines and minerals, to seek for and secure openings for capital, and with a view to any of the objects aforesaid, to prospect, enquire, examine, explore and test, and to despatch and employ expeditions, commissions, experts or other agents. To establish and carry on general stores and to manufacture, import, export, purchase and sell articles for sale therein in Canada, England or elsewhere, and carry on any works in connection therewith, and to carry on business as traders, merchants, storekeepers, general dealers, brokers, hotel, restaurant, cafe, tavern, beerhouse and refreshment room keepers, licensed victuallers, wine and spirit merchants, proprietors of clubs, baths, places of amusement and shops, tobacco and cigar merchants, carriage builders, wheelwrights, horsedealers, newspaper proprietors, booksellers, printers, publishers, stationers, miners, farmers, stockmen, graziers, carriers, builders and contractors, brickmakers and any kindred trade or business which may be conveniently carried on in connection therewith, and all kinds of agency business and any other kind of business which seems calculated directly or indirectly to further the working and development of any concession, rights or property of the Company or otherwise benefit the Company.

(*c*) To carry on all kinds of promotion business and in particular to form, constitute, float, lend money to, assist and control any companies, partnerships, associations, or undertakings whatsoever.

(*d*) To acquire by purchase, lease, license, or otherwise, absolutely or conditionally, the rights, either generally or exclusively, over any area or areas of or in all or any patent rights or processes or mechanical or other contrivances useful or supposed to be useful for any of the purposes of the Company, and to deal with or dispose of the same or any interest therein respectively.

(*e*) To lay out towns, and villages, on the lands acquired or controlled by the Company, and to construct, maintain, alter, make and work railways, tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, wells, aqueducts, roads, streets, hotels, boarding houses, dwelling houses, factories, shops, stores, gas and water works, piers, wharves, buildings, machinery and other works and appliances of every nature and description, which may be expedient or useful or deemed to be expedient or useful for the purposes of the Company, and to contribute to the cost of making, providing, and carrying on, and working the same.

(*f*) To carry on any business, the carrying on of which the Company may think directly or indirectly conducive to the development of any property in which it is interested.

(*g*) To sell, improve, manage, develop, lease, mortgage, dispose of, or otherwise deal with, all or any part of the property of the Company.

(*h*) To prospect, explore, and develop the resources of the said lands and hereditaments by building, planting, clearing, mining, and otherwise dealing with the same, and to stock the same or other lands, to cut and to sell timber, and generally to mine and carry on all sorts of mining operations in the Dominion of Canada, or any other part of the globe.

(*i*) To purchase, lease, or otherwise acquire, settle, improve, colonize, farm, and cultivate lands and hereditaments in the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere.

(*j*) To stock the same or other lands, and to breed and deal in all kinds of stock, cattle, sheep and produce.

(*k*) To work and carry on all or any mines, works and properties from time to time in possession of the said Company in such manner as the directors for the time being may determine; to erect all necessary mills and machinery, and appliances, smelting works, laboratories, workshops, dwelling houses and other buildings; construct, maintain, and alter canals, railways, watercourses, tramways, telegraph lines, or any other lines or system of communication whether by telegram, telephone, phonograph, phonophone, or otherwise, by electricity or by pneumatic force or otherwise, reservoirs, wells, aqueducts, gas and water works, drainage works, irrigation works, wharves, piers, and other works of every nature and description, purchase, rent, hire, or charter wagons, steam or sailing ships, to enter into and carry out such contracts and arrangements as may be deemed necessary and desirable to enable the Company to carry on its business and for the general conduct and management of its affairs and the doing of all such other things as may be found incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects, whether in the Dominion of Canada, Great Britain or elsewhere.

(*l*) To buy, sell, manufacture and deal in all kinds of goods, stores, implements, provisions, chattels and effects capable of being used or required by the Company or its workmen, or by any other persons who may settle on the property of the Company, or by others, and for that purpose to carry on the business of a general shopkeeper or merchant.

(*m*) To purchase, build, charter, equip, load (either on commission or otherwise), sell, repair, let out to hire and trade with steam or other ships, boats and vessels of all kinds. To carry on the business of carriers by land and water.

(*n*) To acquire by grant, purchase or otherwise, concessions of any property or privileges from any government, British, Colonial or foreign, and to per