

Weather Forecast:
Warmer

The London Advertiser

LONDON, CANADA—THE CITY OF UNBROKEN PROSPERITY

HOME
EDITION

53rd YEAR. No. 22481.

THE LONDON, ONTARIO, ADVERTISER, SATURDAY EVENING, JUNE 10, 1916. TWENTY PAGES.

PRICE, TWO CENTS.

FURIOUS ARTILLERY ENGAGEMENTS AT VERDUN RUSSIANS ADD 5,000 TO VAST CAPTURE OF AUSTRIANS REPUBLICANS NAME HUGHES—PROGRESSIVES ROOSEVELT

NO ATTACKS BY INFANTRY ABOUT VERDUN; BIG GUN DUEL

Violent Artillery Actions During the Night

ALONG THE ENTIRE FRONT

Strong German Advance in the Champagne Dispersed.

Berlin, June 10.—Via London, 4:15 p.m.—The French have been driven out of several positions northeast of Verdun in the course of stubborn fighting, the war office announced today. South of Fort Vaux, a French field work was stormed and more than 500 prisoners and 22 machine guns were taken.

[Canadian Press.]
Paris, June 10.—12:30 p.m.—Violent artillery fighting was in progress on the Verdun front last night, in the vicinity of Avocourt, Thiaumont and the Chapelle and Fumh Woods. There were no infantry attacks.

The Statement.
The text of the statement follows:

"In the Champagne district, to the west of Mont Tott, a strong German reconnaissance has been dispersed with hand grenades. On the left bank of the River Meuse the bombardment has continued in the Avocourt Wood. On the right bank of the river there has been violent artillery action, both sides taking part, in the vicinity of the Thiaumont position, and the Chapelle and the Fumh Woods. There has been fairly spirited bombardments in the sectors of Souville and Tannettes. There has been no infantry fighting. The night passed in relative quiet on the remainder of the front."

THE GERMAN REPORT.
[Canadian Press.]
Berlin, June 10.—The German official statement is as follows:

"Western Front: On the west bank of the Meuse we continued effectively to shell enemy batteries and trenches. East of the river we are continuing the attack. In stubborn fighting, the enemy was driven out of several positions on a high ridge southwest of Fort Douaumont, in the Chapelle Wood, and on Fumh ridge. West of Fort Vaux Bavarian Chasseurs and East Prussian Infantry stormed a strong enemy field work, which fell into our hands with more than 500 men and 22 machine guns. The total number of prisoners taken since June 8 is 28 officers and more than 1,500 men.

"On Hartman's Wellerkopf (Upper Alsace) a German patrol took several French prisoners from enemy trenches. Eastern and Balkan Fronts: There is nothing to report from the German fronts."

ITALIAN GOVERNMENT DEFEATED IN CHAMBER

[Canadian Press.]
Rome, June 10.—The Government failed to obtain a majority on a vote last night in the Chamber of Deputies on the budget of the minister of the interior. The vote was 190 against the budget to 120 for it. The parliamentary session was suspended to permit the government to prepare an exposition of its policy.

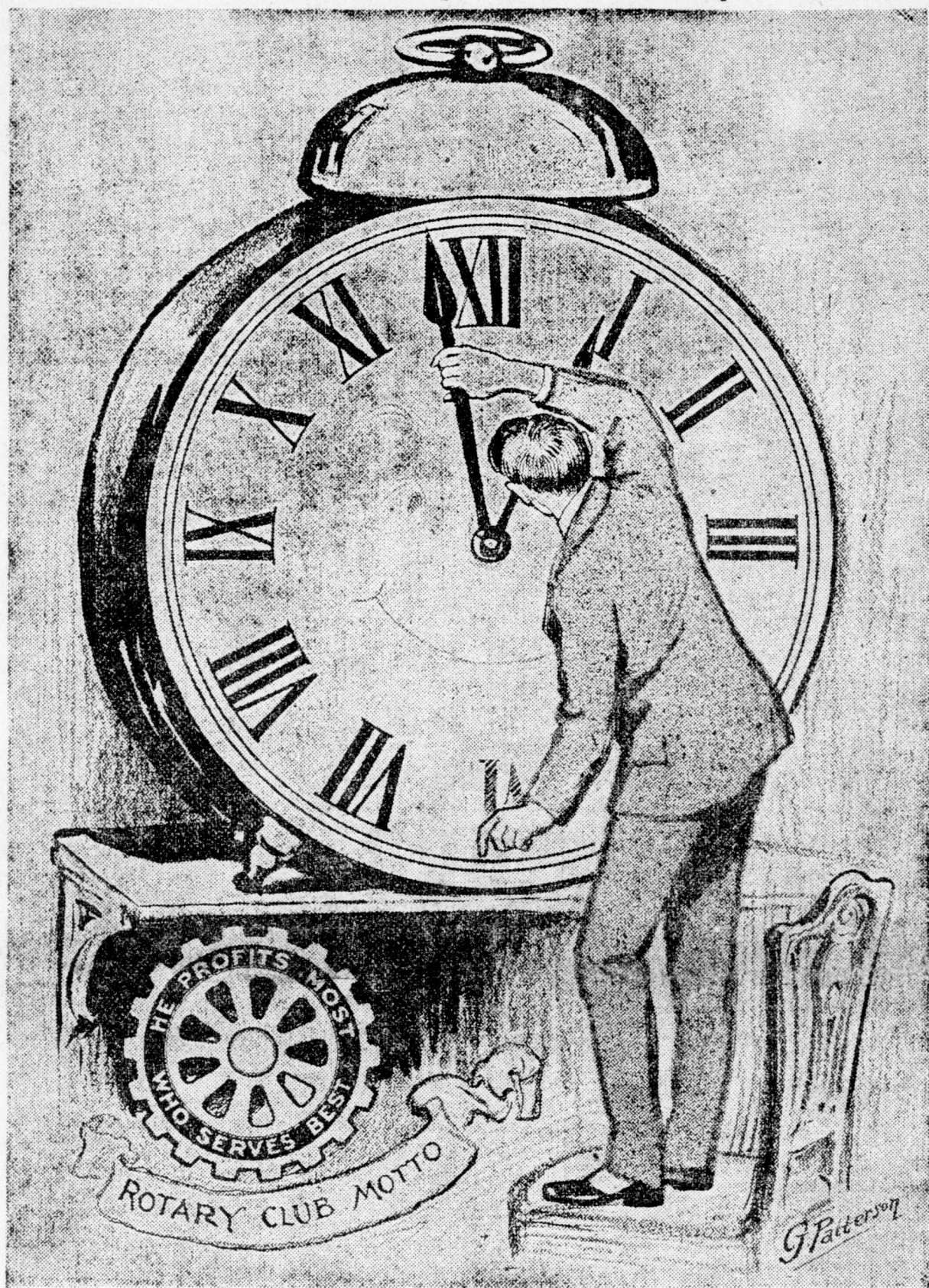
THE WEATHER

TOMORROW—WARMER.
Toronto, June 10—8 a.m.
Forecast:
Moderate variable winds; a few scattered showers, but mostly fair today and on Sunday, with a little higher temperature.

Temperatures.
The following were the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours previous to 8 a.m. today.
Stations. High. Low. Weather.
Victoria..... 58 44 Clear
Calgary..... 58 44 Clear
Winnipeg..... 58 44 Clear
Port Arthur..... 58 44 Clear
Perry Sound..... 58 44 Clear
Toronto..... 58 44 Clear
Ottawa..... 58 44 Clear
Montreal..... 58 44 Cloudy
Quebec..... 58 44 Rain
Father Point..... 58 44 Cloudy

Weather Notes.
The depression which has been hovering over Michigan has now practically dispersed, but other depressions have moved into the Western Provinces and the Southwest States.
Showers have been general in Alberta and Saskatchewan, attended by local thunderstorms also from the eastern half of Lake Superior to Quebec and the Bay of Fundy district.

MOVING IT ON!



Advertiser Illustration.

LONDON STARTS ITS DAYLIGHT-SAVING SCHEME AT MIDNIGHT TONIGHT WHEN ALL CITY CLOCKS WILL BE ADVANCED BY PUSHING ON HANDS

City Loses an Hour But Gains It Later.

STREET RAILWAY IN LINE

Steam Lines Naturally Stick to Standard Time for Their Schedules.

Turn on your clocks. The daylight-saving bylaw will be operative at midnight tonight. During the night the citizens will lose a regular hour, but later in the autumn they will gather it up. The city is prepared as a whole to slough this small section of eternity without trouble. The militia authorities will have the soldiers do the same, so it is practically unanimous. The city generally will follow out the new time. The street railway will also fall in line.

"There may be friction for a day or two, but inside a week there will be no difficulty," declared Mayor Stevenson. "I look for no trouble."

The citizens must remember that the railways will run according to standard time. Unless otherwise instructed by the No Change at Court House. There will be no change in the time at the court house. As it is a government building standard time must be observed. The law library, too, will not observe the new regulation. Authorities at Ottawa, the London post-office and customs house officials will adhere to the old or standard time, and will not adopt the new daylight-saving time.

"Owing to mails arriving at certain hours during the early morning and evening, we would not have sufficient time for distribution were we to adopt the new time," said Postmaster MacDonald, in explaining reasons for still using the standard time.

"The heaviest mails arrive in the early morning and were the new time adopted people who now receive mail delivered at their residences in the morning would not be able to get the same mail until the afternoon delivery."

This, the postmaster believes, would result in complaints. Only authority from Ottawa can change the present postoffice time, and this is not expected.

ON NEW CITY TIME

The evening edition of The Advertiser goes to press on Monday afternoon on the new city time. In conformity with the moving of the city clocks one hour ahead, the home edition of this paper will be published during the summer under the daylight saving schedule.

By adhering to standard time for the opening of services the morning after the setting on of the clock one hour in London, churches of the city are avoiding the pitfalls into which congregations in the west stumbled when daylight-saving was adopted in several of the cities and towns of the prairie country, two and three years ago. In practically all cases, it was considered that the changing of the time at midnight Saturday would have a less disorganizing effect than any other time in the week. It would not throw out of gear industries, business concerns and the school system if the one day in seven were allowed for becoming accustomed to the change.

Even in the west there are always some people asleep to the fact that "the world do move," and changes came about. In one city, a capital at that, several individuals overlooked the fact that the city clock was due to take a double-header at midnight, so, when they awoke as usual and squinted one eye at the clock, they yawned in thankfulness and turned over for another snooze, the blessed extra Sunday morning nap. Continued on Page 3, Col. 3.

Bylaw Specifies Change at Midnight on Saturday.

Factories are in Line

All New Schedules Will Be Arranged to Meet City Time.

The daylight saving bylaw becomes operative at midnight tonight. There has been some doubt as to the exact hour when it goes into effect, but City Clerk Baker stated that the bylaw states specifically that the hour changes at midnight on Saturday night. However, it is not imperative that a person shall remain up until midnight to move the clock on an hour. That can be done when one retires. But there must be a definite time specified in the bylaw, and midnight on Saturday night is quite satisfactory.

There seems to be some doubt about the thing, but the point was cleared up last evening by City Clerk Baker. He informed The Advertiser that the hour of changing the time was 12 o'clock this Saturday night. Practically all the business concerns, manufacturers, street railway, public schools, and all institutions have agreed to the change, and their schedules will be arranged on city time, not standard time. The railways will continue to run as at present. There will be some friction and inconvenience at the start, but this will not be of serious moment. There will be a ready adjustment in a few days.

UNDER NEW TIME.—The schedule at the Collegiate Institute on Monday will be governed by the new time, which goes into effect at midnight. Principal Rogers states that all pupils who are trying examinations should make sure of the time they are to start.

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.
Following were the highest and lowest temperatures recorded in London during the 24 hours previous to 8 o'clock last night: Highest, 63; lowest, 63. The official temperatures for the 12 hours previous to 8 a.m. today were: Highest, 56; lowest, 50.

COLONEL AND JUDGE NAMED BY MOOSE AND REPUBLICANS

Roosevelt Nominated for Presidency by Acclamation.

LANDSLIDE FOR HUGHES

Colonel's Suggestion of Lodge Was Turned Down.

[Canadian Press.]
Chicago, June 10.—The Republican convention today nominated Hughes for the presidency, and the Progressives nominated Roosevelt. Roosevelt's nomination was by acclamation.

THE THIRD BALLOT.
[Canadian Press.]
Coliseum, Chicago, June 10.—The roll for the third Republican ballot was called at 12:28 o'clock.

As state after state voted solid for Hughes, and others changed to him, it became evident the nomination would be practically unanimous.

HUGHES POLLED 949 1/2.
[Canadian Press.]
Chicago, June 10.—Hughes' vote is as follows: Hughes, 949 1/2; DuPont, 5; Roosevelt, 18 1/2; Weeks, 2; LaFollette, 5; Lodge, 7; absent, 1. Total, 987.

OVATION FOR ROOSEVELT.
[Canadian Press.]
Auditorium, Chicago, June 10.—At the very moment when it was flashed to the Progressive convention that Hughes had been nominated at the Coliseum as the standard-bearer of the Republican party, Chairman Robins of the Progressive convention was announcing that Col. Roosevelt had been unanimously nominated. Continued on Page 3, Col. 4.

IRISH NATIONALISTS AGAINST EXCLUSION

[Canadian Press.]
New York, June 10.—A dispatch to the Sun from London says: The Irish National party will hold a meeting in Dublin today to discuss the suggestion for a settlement of the Irish question. The Dublin correspondent of the Daily News predicts that important developments will result from the meeting and affirms positively that the Nationalists will reject any terms excluding the northern counties from the operation of the home rule act by any other means than the vote of the electors of those counties. They say that the terms given in the newspapers as the suggested basis of negotiations give away more than was proposed two years ago.

ASSEMBLY REPORT SHOWS BIG MAJORITY FOR UNION

[Canadian Press.]
Winnipeg, June 10.—A special committee appointed by the Presbyterian General Assembly to examine the vote of Presbyteries on church union, reported to the assembly today. They found a large vote in favor of union, and found that the seventy-six presbyteries voted in this way: For union, 52; against union, 13; ties, 3; irrelevant, 2; rejected, 1; no returns, 5.

Only Touched Fringe— More Coming, Says Carvell

[Canadian Press.]
Montreal, June 10.—Interviewed last night in Montreal, F. B. Carvell, M. P., who has been representing Mr. Kye before the Meredith-Duff fuse commission in Ottawa, told a Daily Mail reporter that the exposure of military graft has only commenced. There was very much more to follow. They had only touched the fringe of it.

FIVE THOUSAND MORE AUSTRIANS FALL TO RUSSIANS--11 CANNON; NO LET-UP TO GRAND SWEEP

Derfflinger Sunk Say Dutch On Way Home

[Canadian Press.]

London, June 10.—12:20 p.m.—The report that the German battle cruiser Derfflinger has been sunk is reiterated in an Amsterdam dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company. It says that travelers arriving in Amsterdam from Berlin said they were told on good ground that the Derfflinger sank after the North Sea battle while being towed to Wilhelmshaven.

The British admiralty announced the Derfflinger was believed to have been sunk, but the loss of this warship was denied by the German admiralty.

GREECE HAS FOOD FOR 10 DAYS ONLY, AND BLOCKADE ON

[Canadian Press.]

London, June 10.—Following the announcement of the blockade of Greek ports by the Allies, the Greek consul-general here states that there is food for only ten days in Greece. He said he is unable to understand the blockade, as precautions have prevented goods from reaching the enemy through Greece for some time. Twelve Greek ships have been held up in Great Britain and seventeen in France.

The decree signed by King Constantine, disbanding the twelve senior military classes, about 150,000 men, will be submitted to Parliament. It is said, before taking effect. Throughout Greece the decision to disband part of the army, which has been mobilized since last October, is joyously received. It is thought, in Athens, that the demobilization will mean army will mean the downfall of the Skouloudis Government.

SHORT OF PAPER.

[Canadian Press.]

Toronto, June 10.—The scarcity of news print threatens to become very serious in Western Canada. Owing to floods, paper mills located at St. Francis may be compelled to shut down for 60 days, and large paper mills on the American side, which receive power from the same source will be similarly affected, practically putting out of business some 65 newspapers in the States. The quantity of news print required to meet such a situation is so great that it cannot be met by the eastern paper mills.

Mr. E. H. Macklin, president of the Winnipeg Free Press, who has been here for the past ten days looking for relief today wired his paper instructions to make material reductions in the size of the paper in anticipation of a crisis. All the Winnipeg papers and many of the western papers, who receive their supply from the same source, will be forced to take radical steps to meet the threatened paper famine.

Russians Are Continuing Their Successes in Volhynia and Galicia, Adding 5,500 Men, 97 Officers and Eleven Cannon to Previous Captures.

[Canadian Press.]
London, June 10.—4:45 p.m.—The Austro-Hungarian front from Buczacz to the Dniester River, in Galicia, is reported by Reuters's Petrograd correspondent to have been broken completely. He telegraphs that the Russians have crossed the Zlota Lipa River and are advancing toward the Gnita Lipa, twelve miles to the west. It is believed in Petrograd that the Germans are sending reinforcements for the Austrians from the Vlna front, but not to any great extent. Thousands of Austrian prisoners have arrived at Rovno, where a temporary prison camp has been established.

[Canadian Press.]
Petrograd, June 10.—Via London.—The war office announced today that, continuing their successes in Volhynia and Galicia, the Russians have captured 97 officers and 5,500 men, in addition to the total previously announced. Eleven more cannon have been taken.

GERMANS RUSH TO AID.
London, June 10.—Strong German forces have rushed to aid the hard-pressed Austro-Hungarian armies in stemming the tide of the Russian offensive on the 250-mile front in Volhynia, Southeastern Galicia and the Bukowina. These reinforcements have been unable thus far to check the Russian advance along the whole front, but have been caught in the hurricane of Russian shells and the furious assaults of the Muscovite infantry legions. The czar's forces have pushed the Austro-Hungarian lines in Volhynia more than 25 miles to the west, driving a wedge that threatens to break the Teuton front at any moment and force a general retreat.

CAPTURE BRIDGEHEAD.
They have captured the bridgehead of Rojastibo, twelve miles northwest of Lutsk, forbidding serious menace to the fortified city and important railway sector of Kovyl.

In the south, on the Bukowina border, they have pushed their advance by crossing the Stripa and reaching the River Zlota Lipa, threatening Buczacz, the key to Czernowitz, with envelopment.

They have captured a total number of 65,857 officers and men, including many Germans.

The Austro-Hungarian war office admits none of the above assertions, but in its report tonight says that Russian attacks at various vital points of the southeastern front were repulsed. It states that in the northeast the fighting has been of a less violent character, and that the situation in Bessarabia is quiet.

HAMPSHIRE STRUCK MINE

SAYS OFFICIAL REPORT;
ALL SAVE TWELVE LOST

[Canadian Press.]
London, June 10.—4:56 p.m.—The British cruiser Hampshire, on which Field Marshal Earl Kitchener and members of his staff were lost, was sunk as the result of striking a mine, it was officially announced this afternoon.

All hope has been abandoned for all save the twelve men from the Hampshire who were washed ashore on a raft, the statement says.

ITALIAN TRANSPORT SUNK WITH HEAVY LOSS OF LIFE

[Canadian Press.]
Rome, June 9, via Paris, June 10.—The Italian transport Principe Umberto has been torpedoed and sunk in the lower Adriatic, with a loss of a large number of soldiers, according to an official statement issued by the Admiralty today. The steamer, accompanied by two other transports conveying troops and war materials, and escorted by destroyers, was attacked by two Austrian submarines. The Principe Umberto sank a few minutes after being struck, and although prompt help was rendered by the other ships, it is believed half the troops aboard were perished.

The exact loss of life has not yet been established.

MILL AND THREE-FIFTHS COUNTY PATRIOTIC TAX

Figures Fixed by Middlesex Council at Session Today.
A patriotic tax of one and three-fifths of a mill was decided upon by the Middlesex county council at this morning's session. This rate was found necessary to cover the amount granted by the council at its January session, when \$8,000 a month was the figure agreed upon at that time to be donated for patriotic purposes.

The amount yet to be raised for that purpose is \$62,708.50, the previous \$10,000 having been paid during the months of February and March.

This council stated would explain the difference in the total rate of taxation of about 6 1/2 mills for 1916, compared with about 4 1/2 mills for 1915.

The provincial war tax of \$39,192.76, levied on the county by the Government, required the council to place one mill on the dollar to cover the amount needed.

The council was unanimous in its decision to continue the tax as long as the money for patriotic purposes was needed, believing that the ratepayers of the county would recognize they were doing their duty in taking this action.

NOT COUNTY BRIDGE

Judge Decides Against West Nisournt Over Dispute.

The decision of Judge Talbot Macbeth in the Thorndale bridge case, brought by West Nisournt Township to have the same declared a county bridge, was submitted at this morning's session of the county council. The judgment handed in follows: "I do not think that the Thorndale bridge should be declared to be a county bridge under section 447 of the municipal act. The application of the town of West Nisournt is therefore refused, will hear the parties if they desire a question of costs."

DON'T FORGET TO MOVE YOUR CLOCK ON AT MIDNIGHT