

(ESTABLISHED 1867.)

Bargains!

EVERY DAY.

We are always on the lookout for bargains for our customers, and you will always find them at

WHISKARD'S

Special Purchase of

Fancy Ribbons,
Ribbons, Ribbons,

Wide width, less than 50c on
the dollar, going at

5c Yard.

Call and see our Ribbon counter
We are selling a large quantity of
Ribbon just now, and no wonder.
Our prices are right, and our customers know it.

Ladies, you should see our

Figured Art Silks

At less than half price. Goods
worth 75c selling at

35c Yard

We bought a large quantity;
have sold a lot. You should have
some before they are all gone.
Fine goods for fancy work of all
kinds, mantel drapes, etc.

Special Purchase of

GRAY and FANCY
FLANNELS

-AT-

25 per cent. less than
regular price.

Call and see them.

In CURTAINS

As usual, we take the lead. Our
leading line of 3 yards, taped,

-AT-

50c Pair

Are excellent value, and are going
out quickly. We are showing also
in CURTAINS special lines at special
prices ranging from 50c, 75c,
\$1 and \$1 25 up. The patterns for
these goods are very fine and new
for this season.

CHILDREN'S

Fancy Straw Hats

At half price; new shapes only

20c each.

Whiskard's

IS THE PLACE FOR
BARGAINS,

232 Dundas Street

Simply a Sham! The Legislature.

The Government's Alleged Negotiations for Reciprocity

Scathingly Criticised by the Member
for North Norfolk.

Another Long Day of Tariff Talk—Strong
Speeches in Favor of Extended
Trade With the United
States.

(Special to the ADVERTISER.)

OTTAWA, April 17.—This was the second of the long tariff days in store for the House of Commons. The attendance of members was good. After one of the 24 pages of the new tariff had been passed Mr. Charlton, on the reciprocity clause, asked for information, and Sir John Thompson made the following statement: "Negotiations were indirectly made with the United States Government to the effect that Canada would be glad to know what chance there was for an extension of trade between the two countries, and if there was Canada would be glad to reciprocate, having regard for our own industries and revenue. At a subsequent stage an officer of the Government went to Washington for the purpose of seeing whether it was the desire of the United States Government or the committee having the Wilson Bill in charge to enter into negotiations with Canada on the subject of tariff concessions on both sides, and with a view of ascertaining if information was desired from Canada. The impression received was that it was not considered desirable that communications should take place between the two countries regarding the tariff, but that if communication did take place it would be through the medium of the ambassadors, and with regard to the tariff arrangements then in progress the tariff was being made for the United States only."

Mr. Charlton delivered a stirring speech denouncing the Government for making a pretense at negotiating with the United States. They should not have sent a private individual to Washington and then surmised from his report that it was improbable that anything could be done. The clause under discussion provided that green or ripe apples, beans, buckwheat, barley, and Indian corn, peas, potatoes, rye, rye flour, hay and vegetables not elsewhere specified should be free of duty when coming from the United States, if the United States admitted those articles from Canada free. Mr. Charlton read from the blue book to show that Canada imported none of these articles to speak of except corn, so that we were offering reciprocity to the United States in articles they did not sell us but which we sold them. It was therefore an offer all on one side, and was not intended as a bona-fide offer, because it was a palpable humbug, a transparent sham, and its object was deception.

Dr. Sproule reproached Mr. Charlton with his American birth, and charged him with being an advocate of the United States.

Mr. Charlton retorted that he was not a Tory henchman who uttered puerile and childish talk.

Sir Richard Cartwright, while believing that we could get along in reasonable comfort without reciprocity if we had an honest Government, declared that the desirability of extended trade with the United States was written on every mile of our frontier by the finger of God. Ontario could not fully develop its natural resources until these foolish barriers were swept away. Sir Richard described the offer under discussion as a miserable affair, discreditable to a Government once led by Sir John Macdonald, out of whose brains the whole Cabinet might be carved, and then there would be enough left for the supporters.

A long discussion followed. Mr. Martin and Mr. Davin having a Northwest spat and exchange of compliments. Mr. Davin and Mr. MacDonald, of Assiniboia (both Conservatives), deplored the high taxes on coal oil and agricultural implements. Mr. MacDonald admitted that he had said in the Northwest that if the United States took the duty off agricultural implements Canada should do the same. "But, Mr. Chairman," he added, "when I came to Ottawa the aspect of the question changed." The Opposition loudly cheered this confession.

Messrs. Campbell, of Kent, and MacDonald, of Huron, made strong speeches in favor of extended trade with the United States.

The Ministerial members sat silent, so much so that Dr. MacDonald called them "dumb dogs."

Mr. Foster finally made a speech, repeating the old reasons why reciprocity was not obtainable from the United States without discriminating against Great Britain.

Mr. Laurier replied that there was a long list of articles which might be made against which would not involve discrimination against Great Britain, and moreover the Government were about to ratify a treaty with France which would discriminate against Great Britain. As to the point of willingness of the United States to negotiate a fair treaty, if that existed, how was it, Mr. Laurier asked, that in 1890 the Government went to the country on the cry that they could and would immediately negotiate a treaty with the United States? The clause finally passed.

Mr. McMullen moved that the duty of \$5 a pound on refined opium be made prohibitory. This was lost. When the item of oats was passed the House adjourned.

In the Senate to-day the Involuntary Bill was read a second time and referred to a special committee of the Senate. It has to wait a week for the French translation of the bill.

Mr. Sutherland (North Oxford) showed Rev. Dr. Mackay, the Formosa missionary, and his Chinese wife through the Parliament buildings to-day and paid them every attention. They were accompanied by a Chinese student.

THE NEFF CASE.

The Hamilton Doctors Are Fuzzled About This Remarkable Cure—They Could Not Cure This Case of Kidney Disease, But Dodd's Kidney Pills Have Done So.

HAMILTON, April 16.—The doctors of this city are showing great interest in a remarkable cure reported from Port Colborne. Harvey H. Neff, of the latter town, had an aggravated form of kidney disease, consequent on an attack of typhoid fever. Physicians could not cure the kidney disorder, but Mr. Neff has regained his health after taking five boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills. Dodd's was the first kidney remedy in pill form ever offered the public. Its wonderful success in curing all forms of kidney disease has led to the introduction of numerous cheap and worthless imitations. Purchasers, for their own safety, should insist on getting Dodd's Kidney Pills. Sold in large boxes; price, 50 cents, or six boxes for \$2.50. To be had of all dealers.

Mr. Clancy Has a Grievance to Air—Probable Close of the Session on Tuesday.

(Special to the ADVERTISER.)

PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, TORONTO, April 17.—A considerable portion of this afternoon's session was occupied by a discussion of the powers vested in the public accounts committee.

The debate arose out of a motion by Mr. Clancy. "That the public accounts for the year 1893 be referred to the public accounts committee, with instructions to call and examine witnesses in relation to the matters affecting or relating to the expenditure in connection with the registry offices in the Province." Mr. Clancy said that Mr. Johnston, inspector of registry offices, had either neglected his work or had made a false report. The inspector had reported that nearly all the work in the registry office of East Northumberland was performed by the registrar, but according to Mr. Clancy's statement the registrar scarcely ever visited his office.

Mr. Mowat said the Government did not wish to shield any officer or to burk inquiry. He moved an amendment, providing that the public accounts for 1893 be submitted, and confining the inquiry to the East Northumberland registry office, that of Peterboro or any others that the Opposition might wish to add. The end of the session being so near at hand, it would simply be out of the question to institute a rambling investigation which might prove almost interminable. This proposition was supported by a vote of 48 to 31.

It is said that the House will prorogue next Tuesday.

THE HOUSE went into committee of supply after recess and considered the expenditure in connection with the Provincial Asylum.

WESTERN ONTARIO.

FRANK.

After 33 years' service as superintendent of the Waterous engine works in Brantford George Smith retires through ill-health. He will still retain a connection with the firm. The projectors of the T. H. and K. Railway are purchasing land in Essex and West Brantford for the extension of their line to the center of the city.

KENT.

The Louisville correspondent of the Chat-ham Banner says: "Maurice Wallace has gone to Nebraska. He was one of the party summoned by the Government to give evidence before the tariff inquiry commission when Controller Wallace visited Chat-ham. He thought then that Canada was one of the most prosperous countries in the world. He evidently thinks now that Canada is a good country to leave."

WATERLOO.

Jacob Kaufman has bought the Evangelical Church building and land at Berlin for \$3,000.

WELLINGTON.

A rumor is current that a change has taken place in the management of the Bell Organ and Piano Company. A. W. Alexander tendered his resignation on his arrival in London, England, some weeks ago. Up to the present his duties have not been accepted. Mr. Foster, one of the English directors, is in Guelph.

MIDDLESEX.

A Middlesex correspondent asks: "Do we really live in the county of Middlesex? Several Delaware farmers had to drive eighteen miles in getting home implements, etc., purchased at the sale of the Blizard estate in London township, and some Lolo and London township farmers had a long journey to make for articles bought at Mel-jonney's sale in Delaware township. A bridge over the river at Kilworth would have shortened the distance in each instance fourteen or fifteen miles. There are scores of similar occurrences every week on account of there being no bridge at the above-mentioned point."

The death of one of Wardville's most respected citizens, namely, John Cady, occurred on Wednesday, April 11, at the age of 53. He leaves a family of one son, three daughters and his wife.

LATTER DAY SAINTS.

Revelation Delivered to the Faithful by the High Priests.

LAMONT, Ia., April 17.—Monday afternoon's session of the Latter Day Saints was well attended, as everybody expected a special revelation in answer to Sunday's fasting and invocations. After routine business was finished a lengthy printed document was put into possession of the several quorums, who retired to examine and pass upon it. It was a revelation, and gave direction for action designed to set in order and correct certain errors in church government and misunderstandings on jurisdiction and rulings. The leading feature refers to the defining of the duties, powers and privileges of the high council. This high council of the church is a body composed of twelve high priests chosen from among the high priesthood, and set apart to this calling by ordination, by direction of a high council or general conference and presided over by the first presidency of the church.

He Came From Hamilton.

HAMILTON, April 17.—A farmer who lives here, but who refused to give his name, was swindled out of \$400 by green goods vendors in New York city yesterday. Col. Breckinridge's Application Filed.

WASHINGTON, April 17.—The motion for a new trial by Col. Breckinridge in the Pollard-Breckinridge case was filed with the clerk of the circuit court this afternoon.

Safe in His Seat.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 17.—There will probably be no serious attempt to expel Congressman Breckinridge from the House on account of the Pollard verdict. It is denied that the House has jurisdiction.

Murdered by a President's Son.

NEW YORK, April 17.—A special says last evening the son of President Rodriguez, of Costa Rica, got into a heated discussion with a fellow university student named Mathes and stabbed and fatally wounded him. Rodriguez was arrested.

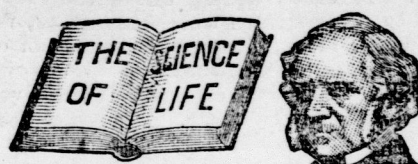
Death in a Lead Pencil.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., April 17.—George S. Croft, of Norwalk, aged 44, died in the hospital here yesterday from a lead pencil prick in the finger. He chanced to strike a finger against a pencil in his waistcoat pocket while brushing his clothes a week ago, and blood poisoning followed.

Dropped Dead While Eating.

CINCINNATI, April 17.—Henry S. Carter, a traveling salesman for Jaffee & Perkins, New York, dropped a letter to his wife in the office box at the Burnet House last night, then went to supper with a friend and dropped dead while sitting at the table eating and conversing with his companion. He was about his business during the day as usual and cheerful as ever till he dropped dead from heart disease.

THE STANDARD MEDICAL WORK FOR EVERY MAN. ONLY \$1.



W. H. PARKER, M. D., 4 Bulfinch Street, Boston, Mass.
THE MOST EMINENT SPECIALIST IN AMERICA. Established in 1880. Chief consulting physician of the Peabody Medical Institute, to whom was awarded the gold medal by the National Medical Association for the PRIZE ESSAY on Exhausted Vitality, Atrophy, Nervous and Physical Debility and all Diseases and Weakness of Man, Woman and Child. Consultation in person or by letter. Prospects, with testimonials, FREE. Large book, 'The Science of Life or Self-Preservation,' the prize essay, 370 pp., 125 invaluable prescriptions for acute and chronic diseases, full gilt, only \$1.00, double sealed. Dr. Parker's works are the best, on the subjects treated, ever published, and have an enormous sale throughout this country and England. Read them now, and learn to be strong, vigorous and manly. Heal Thyself.—Medical Review.

At a good restaurant
you often order those delicate dishes
with delicious sauces, which you do not
have at home. But did it ever occur to
you that with

LIEBIG COMPANY'S
EXTRACT OF BEEF,
as a stock or basis, you could have those
very dishes made in your own kitchen!
Miss Maria Parloa
tells you how.

100 of her recipes sent
postpaid by Dauchy &
Co., 27 Park Place, New
York.

Unwritten Law in the Best Society

For Dinners,
House Parties, Af-
ternoon Receptions,
and Five o'Clocks,
the necessary, nay, the indispensable
adjunct to the correct repast is

Chocolat-Menier?

Only Vanilla Chocolate of
highest grade, is manufactured by
MENIER—Beneficial even for the most
delicate.

Can be taken just before retiring.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR
CHOCOLAT
MENIER
If he hasn't it on sale
send him name and
address to MENIER,
Canadian Branch, No. 14 St.
John St., Montreal, Que.

ANNUAL SALES EXCEED
50 MILLION POUNDS

JOHN T. STEPHENSON
LEADING FUNERAL DIRECTOR.

First burials in the city

104 DUNDAS ST.

Coutts'

Acetocura

THE

SIMPLE

EXTERNAL

REMEDY

Has no Equal

Try it in all cases of Rheuma-
tism, Sciatica, and all Nervous
and Spinal Complaints. Pam-
phlets and all information gratis
from COUTTS & SONS, 72 Vic-
toria street, Toronto.

ACETOCURA.

PRICE \$1. From all Druggists.

Or from our Agent

C. McALLUM,

DRUGGIST.

DUNDAS STREET - - - LONDON

DUNN'S

BAKING

POWDER

THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND

LARGEST SALE IN CANADA.

F. G. RUMBALL,

Wholesale & Retail Lumber Merchant

Largest stock of maple, basswood, elm
and chestnut, sycamore, chestnut, ash, oak
etc., in Western Ontario. Inspection solicited
Prices on application.

Office: 100 York Street, N. W.
west of Tecumseh House

IMPORTANT!

Government

School of Art.

THE NEXT TERM WILL BEGIN ON
WEDNESDAY, MARCH 18.

Students Can Now Join.

Classes Monday, Wednesday and Friday
from 7 to 9 p.m. in Freehand, Model and
Mechanical Drawing, Modeling, etc.

Extra classes for china, oil and water color
painting Monday, Friday and Saturday from
9 to 11 a.m.

Mechanics' Institute, Dundas Street.
Send for circulars and particulars to
JOHN H. GRIFFITHS,
Principal.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK—Southern Division
CORRECTED Feb. 11, 1894.

MAIN LINE—Going East.

ARRIVE	DEPART
Wabash Express (A).....	4:35 a.m.
Accommodation.....	4:50 a.m.
Atlantic Express (A).....	12:10 p.m.
Day Express.....	12:30 p.m.
Wabash Express (A) (B).....	4:30 p.m.
Mixed (C).....	5:00 p.m.
Eric Limited (B).....	11:20 p.m.

MAIN LINE—Going West.

ARRIVE	DEPART
Chicago Express (A).....	4:35 a.m.
West End Mixed.....	4:50 a.m.
Wabash Express (A).....	11:20 a.m.
Eric Limited (A).....	12:10 p.m.
Accommodation.....	12:30 p.m.
Pacific Express (A).....	1:50 p.m.
Mixed.....	2:10 p.m.
Accommodation.....	2:30 p.m.
Eric Limited (B).....	7:30 p.m.

Sarnia Branch.

ARRIVE	DEPART
Lehigh Express (B).....	4:30 a.m.
Accommodation.....	4:50 a.m.
Atlantic Express (B).....	11:30 a.m.
Accommodation.....	12:10 p.m.
Mixed.....	12:30 p.m.
Accommodation.....	1:10 p.m.
Eric Limited (B).....	7:30 p.m.

Sarnia Branch.

ARRIVE	DEPART
Chicago Express (B).....	4:30 a.m.
Accommodation.....	4:50 a.m.
Lehigh Express (B).....	11:30 a.m.
Eric Limited (B).....	12:10 p.m.
Accommodation.....	12:30 p.m.
Pacific Express (B).....	1:50 p.m.
Mixed.....	2:10 p.m.
Accommodation.....	2:30 p.m.
Eric Limited (B).....	7:30 p.m.

London, Huron and Erie.

ARRIVE	DEPART
Express.....	5:30 a.m.
Mixed.....	6:40 p.m.

St. Marys and Stratford Branch.

ARRIVE	DEPART
Mixed—Mail.....	11:15 a.m.
Express.....	2:10 p.m.
Express.....	5:40 p.m.
Express—Mixed.....	8:15 p.m.

Toronto Branch.

Hamilton—Depart	Hamilton—Arrive
a.m. p.m. p.m. p.m. p.m. p.m.	a.m. p.m. p.m. p.m. p.m. p.m.
*7:00 10:20 11:30 11:30 4:10 6:20 8:55 9:25	

* These trains for Montreal.
(A) Runs daily, Sundays included.
(B) Runs daily, Sundays included, but makes
no intermediate stops on Sundays.
(C) Carries passengers between London and
Paris only.
(D) This train connects at Toronto for all
points in Manitoba, the No. 10 west and British
Columbia via North Bay and Winnipeg.

E. DE LA HOOKE, City Passenger and Ticket
Agent, the "Clock" corner Richmond and Dun-
das streets.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Going East.

DEPART	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
London.....	4:20	4:40	4:55
Woodstock.....	5:00	5:20	5:35
Galt.....	6:00	6:20	6:35
Guelph.....	6:50	7:10	7:25
Waterloo.....	8:20	8:40	8:55
Toronto.....	11:25	11:45	
Peterborough.....			
Kingston.....			
Bellevue.....			
Montreal.....			

Quebec.....
Portland, Me.....
Boston.....
New York.....

Trains arrive from the east at 11:30 a.m., 8:50
p.m., 11:40 p.m.

Going West.

DEPART	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
London.....	12:40	1:00	1:15
Chatham.....	1:30	1:50	2:05
Detroit.....	11:40	12:00	12:15
Chicago.....	11:40	12:00	12:15
St. Louis.....			
Kansas City.....			
St. Paul.....			
Minneapolis.....			

Trains arrive from the west at 4:10 a.m., 4:25
p.m., 6:40 p.m.

THOS. R. PARKER, City Ticket and Passenger
Agent, 161 Dundas street, southwest corner Richmond
and Dundas.

LONDON & PORT STANLEY RY.

Taking effect Thursday, Jan. 4, 1894.

Going South.

Leave Pt. Stanley.....	8:00		5:00
Arrive St. Thomas.....	8:20		5:25
Depart St. Thomas.....	8:25	11:00	5:35
Arrive London.....	9:55	11:40	6:15

All trains except the last stop at intermediate stations when passengers at or for.