Guelph Evening Mercury

FRIDAY EV'NG, MAY 2, 1873

Soutn Brant.

The following are the corrected returns of polling in South Brant :—

	BRANTFORD.	HARDY.	HAWKINS.
East Ward		74	114
King's Ward		48	67
Brant Ward		110	127
Queen's Ward		105	91
North Ward		95	164
Brantford Tp.		269	166
Burford		462	356
Oakland		125	23
Total		1,388	1,108
Hardy's majority			180

Very Gratifying.

Brantford gave a majority to Sir Francis Hincks of some 77, and in Hawkins' case it has swelled to over 140. This is gratifying. —*Leader.*

It must be very gratifying to *The Leader's* model statesman (Hincks) to know that the Brantford Tories thought 75 per cent. more of a man of the name of Hawkins than they did of Sir Francis Hincks, K.C.M.G., ex-Governor and Finance Minister of the Dominion. About as gratifying as his having to occupy an illegal seat for an unkn own constituency. —*Hamilton Times.*

Dominion Parliament.

Ottawa, April 30.

The Committee on Expiring Laws reported in favor of allowing the Insolvency laws to expire by efflux of time, and that no legislation on the subject should take place during the present session.

Mr. Forbes moved for correspondence relating to the establishment of a mail service with the West Indies, and censured the Government severely for their delay in dealing with so important a question, shewing that they were allowing the Americans to supersede our people in the possession of this traffic.

The Hon. Jas. Young and Mr. Domville supported the views expressed by Mr. Forbes.

Hon. Dr. Tupper admitted the importance of the subject, and the inviting nature of the trade to be done between Canada and West Indian ports. The Government were anxious to foster such an enterprise if they found a corresponding spirit on the part of the mercantile classes most directly interested, but there must be co-operation in order to make it successful.

Sir Francis Hincks did not think the case would be met by a mail service to St. Thomas. His opinion was that one service to Demerara and Barbadoes, and another to Havana, would be the best arrangement, if it were practicable.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. Mills then moved a resolution declaring that before the arbitration, to take place under the terms of the Treaty of Washington, is entered upon, it is proper that the limits of our jurisdiction, showed by reference to national law, that the Canadian view of the three mile limit was fully sustained, and ought to be insisted upon. The decision, of course, would equally affect our rights on the American coasts, and if the American pretensions were sustained as to our waters, it would open up to us some of their largest bays and harbours, but how could we be compensated for out fisheries until we knew what those fisheries were? If we did not have the preliminary question settled we should be held to have abandoned our claims, and be at a most serious disadvantage if at a future time we had occasion to urge our view of the matter. If it was worth while for the Premier to have sent one of his colleagues home to England to obtain a recognition of our rights, it was surely worth his while to have this question settled.

Sir John Macdonald opposed the motion on the ground that it would prevent any compensation being obtained during the existence of the Treaty. He admitted that only a rough estimate of the sum due could be arrived at, and stated that the Canadian and Imperial Government were in communication respecting the Headlands rights, which would be referred to International jurists for decision.

Mr. Blake shewed that the protocols had suggested a seperate reference of the Headland dispute to International Commissioners, and by their own proposition, had thrown away their opportunity for referring the Headland question to arbitration. The persistent claims of the Americans to the recognition of their pretensions was sufficient proof of the value of the prize they sought to obtain, and it was utterly impossible for a just award now to take place on any intelligible grounds, unless our international rights were first determined. Either those rights must be considered in the settlement or abandoned, and abandoned they would be if the Canadian Parliament failed to do its duty at this moment. If this motion were carried, the matter could be sent before an International Commission—not, he (Mr. Blake) hoped constituted like the last—to decide what were merely the rights to be adjudicated upon. The action of the Treaty would not be in any way affected by the passing of such a resolution.

The debate was adjourned.

In the Senate the division on Senator Christie's resolution respecting the Pacific Railway resulted in yeas, 15, nays 37.

Ottawa, May 1.

At the opening of the House, Mr. Jette introduced a Bill to abolish the real property qualification of members of Parliament.

Hon. Mr. Mitchell moved a resolution respecting the registration of inland vessels. Adopted.

Mr. Costigan then made another attempt to resist the finding of the Committee appointed to try the Kent, N.B., election petition, by moving that the report of the Committee be referred to the Committee on Privileges and Elections to report whether it was regular or not.

Mr. Hillyard Cameron argued that the precedents in New Brunswick Parliamentary practice were all conclusive against any re-opening of the question, and in favour of regarding the report of the election as final, which view was sustained by Messrs. Dorion and Blake, and to some extent by Mr. McDonald (Pictou.)

On the suggestion of Sir John A. Macdonald the motion was withdrawn.

In reply to Mr. Mackenzie, Sir John A. Macdonald said he had the permission of the Governor-General to state that His Excellency's Ministers had advised him to assent to the Oaths to Witnesses Bill, and that that advice was now under His Excellency's consideration.

Several Bills were read a third time and passed.

The House went into Committee of Supply, taking up the salaries in the Customs Department.

Mr. Mackenzie pointed out the large advantages accruing to some of the higher officers by seizures, and would prefer that these persons should be paid higher salaries rather than retain the benefits from these causes.

Hon Dr. Tupper said that since the arrangement recommended by Mr. Mackenzie had been suggested by the Public Accounts Committee last year, it had been adopted by the Government.

Mr. Wilkes raised the question of abolishing the excise duty on petroleum.

Mr. Mackenzie explained to what extent an inspection of petroleum existed. That used for home consumption was inspected and must be a specific quality. He considered the statement of Mr Wilkes that the oil manufacturers originally promoted the imposition of this duty was true. He denied the reckless statement made by Sir John A Macdonald on the hustings at Lambton, that he (Mr. Mackenzie) had been engaged in an oil speculation. He had never in any way been connected with any oil speculation.

The vote for expenses in connection with the management of public works chargeable to revenue was then taken and agreed on.

Mr. Mackenzie urged that the salaries of the staff employed in this department should be given in detail, and asked for a statement of the amounts due for damage by vessels to Government canals, and the manner in which they had been respectively dealt with.

Hon. Mr. Langevin promised that on concurrence he would supply the information desired, including a list of the employees.

On the vote for Government Railways the Minister of Public Works gave some explanations, upon which Mr. Holton asked for some information as to the regulations respecting freight and passenger rates, and the "dead-head" system, and a discussion arose, in which Messrs. Langevin, Dr. Almon and Mackenzie took part—the latter giving notice that he would call attention to abuses connected with the Intercolonial Railway, which gave rise to a further discussion as to the necessity or uselessness of that line.

After some discussion the vote was agreed to, some unopposed motions were consented to, and the House adjourned at 12.30.

SINGULAR LOSS.—Mr. John Wells, market-gardener, Galt, met with quite a loss on Wednesday afternoon last from a very singular cause. The afternoon was comparatively still and quiet, when suddenly one of those small whirlwinds that are often noticed in summer weather, entered upon his lands and worked its way across in a south-easterly direction. In its course it struck Mr. Wells' green-house, the door of which was open, and in a twinkling threw off the greater part of the glass roof, of course breaking the glass therein to atoms. It is estimated that it will take about three boxes of glass to repair the damage done.—*Reporter.*

1873 THE LION! 1873 THE LION!

IMPORTANT NOTICE FOR THIS WEEK!

Extraordinary Show of Bonnets, Mantles and Hats at the Lion this Week!

5 cases New Dress Goods this Week;

2 cases New Parasols; Umbrellas in silk sun shades;

5 cases of our noted Black Lustres---the best in Guelph, and direct from Bradford, England;

2 cases Lace setts, Linen setts, Cuffs, Collars, Gloves, Ribbons and Hosiery, all new goods this week.

GUELPH, APRIL 26 1873 dy3m

CHANCE & WILLIAMSON.

GUELPH TEA DEPOT

E. O'DONNELL & Co.

Always ahead with good Cheap Teas.

JUST IMPORTED

A GOOD YOUNG HYSON TEA.....for 50 cents per lb
A FIRST-RATE GUNPOWDER TEA.....for 50 cents per lb
A CHOICE BLACK TEA.....for 50 cents per lb
AN EXTRA JAPAN TEA.....for 50 cents per lb
THE BEST DOLLAR GREEN TEA.....for 80 cents per lb

A reduction on the above prices will be made to parties buying by the Caddie.

500 boxes of New Raisins at $1 per box.

SUGARS!

12 pounds of GOOD SUGAR.....for $1.
11 pounds of BRIGHT SUGAR.....for $1.

All Goods will be delivered at the stations, or to your houses in town, free of charge.

E. O'DONNELL & CO.

Guelph, May 1, 1873. Wyndham Street, Guelph.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY OF THIS WEEK.

GRAND DEMONSTRATION AT THE FASHIONABLE WEST END!

A. O. BUCHAM

Intimates to the Ladies that on the above days he will make the finest display of

New Millinery,
New Silk Pattern Mantles,
New Cashmere Mantles,
New Lace Mantles,
New Lace Shawls, Points, and Rotundas,
New Parasols, Silk Umbrellas, and Sun Shades,
New Grenadines, beautiful goods,
New Black and Colored Silks,
Real Laces, Silk and Crape Squares, Ties, etc. etc.

He has ever made. Every Lady in the town of Guelph is invited to have a look through our show rooms on the above days.

A. O. BUCHAM,

Fashionable West End Dress, Millinery and Mantle Establishment.

Guelph, May 1, 1873 dwv

LARGE DRY GOODS STOCK

Offered at Great Bargains.

The Subscribers having bought the entire Stock of Mr. WM. GALLOWAY at a low figure, will sell it off at his late store,

AT AND UNDER WHOLESALE PRICES!

MILLINERY

Will be sacrificed to effect a clearance.

MANTLES

If not sold here will be sent to Toronto for auction.

DRESS GOODS

30 per cent lower than former prices.

HATS & CAPS

40 per cent. lower than formerly.

CLOTHING

COATS, $5, $6, $7, and $8	Former prices,	$7.50, $8, $9, $10
PANTS, $2.50, $3.00, and $4	" "	$3.50, $4.50, and $5.50
VESTS, $2, $2.50 and $3.50	" "	$2.75, $4, and $4.50

J. C. MACKLIN & Co.

GUELPH, April 19, 1873. dw

FRESH

FINNAN HADDIES

RECEIVED TO-DAY.

J. E. McELDERRY

2 DAY'S BLOCK.

SPRING HARDWARE.

GARDEN TOOLS

Of all kinds, consisting of

Garden Spades and Shovels,
Garden Hoes and Rakes,
Garden Lines, Reels, Edging Knives and Ladies Sets,
Lawn Scythes and Lawn Rakes,
Seed Sieves, Pruning Knives,
Carpet Tacks and Carpet Hammers,
Bird Cages, Children's Trays,
Toilet Sets, (consisting of Water Jug, Foot Pan and Slop Pail) neatly painted and gilt.
Fishing Tackle, (splendid lot).
Also just received a nice lot of Oil Cloth, suitable for halls, dining-rooms, &c., (chaste patterns).
Also Cocoa Matting, Mats, &c.

John Horsman,

Hardware Merchant.

GUELPH STEAM DYE WORKS,

Upper Wyndham Street.

The subscriber is now prepared to execute all orders intrusted to his care, in a manner that will gain the confidence of the public in general.

DYEING and SCOURING done in all its Branches, from within two to six days.
Feathers cleaned, dyed and curled.
Kid Gloves dyed at 25c per pair.

N.B.—Mourning done on the shortest notice. All orders sent by express will have prompt attention.

SAMUEL McDONALD.

Guelph, March 5, 1873. dw3m

MRS. PASS, Dressmaker, begs to thank the ladies of Guelph and vicinity for their hitherto very liberal patronage. Begs to announce that she is now prepared to undertake all orders entrusted to her care in the newest fashions. Ladies desiring patterns can be supplied with the latest English, French and American novelties at moderate prices. Several apprentices wanted immediately. Residence—Norfolk Street, two doors above St. Andrew's Church.

Guelph, April 25, 1873. d.

BUTCHER STALL NO. 7.

J. T. WATERS,

Thankful for past favors, begs to notify his old customers and the public that he has now closed his shop on Upper Wyndham Street, and that the business formerly carried on there will in future be done at his stall, No. 7, in the Market.

Always on hand, besides Fresh Meat, Sugar-cured Hams, Bacon, Lard, Pork, Sausages, &c.

A call from all his old friends respectfully solicited.

J. T. WATERS.

Guelph, April 7th, 1873 dtf

THE MEDICAL HALL GUELPH

E. HARVEY & Co.

JUST RECEIVED,

Direct from the Manufacturers,

—THE—

LARGEST STOCK OF HAIR BRUSHES AND Toilet Articles

EVER IMPORTED TO GUELPH.

E. HARVEY & Co.,

Dispensing Chemists,

Corner Wyndham and Macdonnell-streets, Guelph.

Guelph, April 23, 1873. dw

DR. BROCK,

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE

Directly opposite Chalmer's Church, Quebec street, Guelph.

Dr. Brock having returned from the South will attend to all professional calls as usual

TEA WAREHOUSE.

PRICES CURRENT.

11 lbs. Bright Sugar, - $1;
8 lbs. Broken Loaf " 1;
8 lbs. Ground Sugar, - 1;
Dry Apples, $1.00 per bush.
Young Hyson Tea, not surpassed, $1 per lb;
Very choice Tea 70c and 80c per lb;
Extra Japan 70c per lb;
Good useful Tea, 30, 35, 40, 45, and 50c per lb.,
And 4lbs. Tea given for $1.

Tea is now an article of free trade The duty was very oppressive on the cheaper qualities, and prices are now brought well down, and every pound guaranteed sound and good. All goods warranted as represented, or the money returned.

Store keepers and others buying large quantities liberally dealt with.

Terms Cash.

JOHN IRONSIDE,

FERGUS.

Fergus, March 18, 1873. w3m

POTATOES FOR SALE.

Potatoes, suitable for Seed, and Culinary purposes, consisting of Early Rose, Peerless, Climax, Buckeye, Chilis, Peach Blows, Kidneys, and all other kinds, wholesale and retail. Will be sold as cheap as they can be bought on the market, and delivered in any part of the town.

JAMES HEWER,

Grain Warehouse, Macdonnell-st. East.

Guelph, April 16, 1873. dw4w

CASH FOR WOOL, HIDES, SHEEP SKINS, CALF SKINS, and WOOL PICKINGS.

The highest market price paid for the above at No. 4, Gordon Street, Day' Old Block, Guelph.

Plasterers Hair constantly on hand for sale.

MOULTON & BISH.

Guelph April 10, 1872. dwy

BEAUTIFUL NEW WALL PAPER

GOLD PAPERS, BORDERS, DECORATIONS,

—AT—

DAY'S BOOKSTORE.

BUYERS SHOULD REMEMBER THAT

Day's stock of Paper Hangings is *Ten Times as Large* as any stock in town.
That *His Prices are Low.*
That *He Buys for Cash*, and sells for cash,
And *Cannot be Undersold.*
See Papers and Prices before buying

AT DAY'S BOOKSTORE.

FOR SALE:

MORRISTON HOTEL.

For sale, that well-known old established and popular house, known as the Morriston Hotel, in the Village of Morriston, on the Brock Road, 9 miles from Guelph and 18 from Hamilton. It is a substantial stone and frame building, containing all the necessary accommodation for doing a large business. Attached to it are also commodious stables and driving shed, hard and soft water, and everything complete. There is a large garden belonging to the hotel, also a good ice house, and a Fairbank scale for the use of the public.

The purchaser can have the furniture, bar-room fittings, liquors, and all other appurtenances belonging to the house at a valuation, or on such terms as may be agreed upon.

The hotel is situated in the heart of a thriving village, and fine farming country surrounding. It is also the leading hotel on the Brock Road between Guelph and Hamilton, and has enjoyed for many years a large and remunerative business. The present proprietor is giving up solely on account of ill health.

For terms and other particulars apply to the undersigned, the proprietor, on the premises, or by letter post-paid, to Morriston.

EDWARD TYRRELL,

April 12, 1873. dwtf Morriston

WALL PAPER —AT— PASHLEY'S Bookstore, Day's Block. WALL PAPER

INSURE YOUR LIFE WITH THE EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY OF THE UNITED STATES.

W. C. Alexander, Pres.; H. B. Hyde, Vice do

The new business of this Society during the past four years exceeds that of any other Life Assurance Company in the world. 12,491 policies issued in 1872, assuring nearly

52 MILLIONS OF DOLLARS!

Attest public appreciation of their value. Cash receipts for 1872, $8,420,045, over $150,000 per week. Purely mutual. Policy-holders derive all the benefit from the profits, which are divided annually.

Detailed reports and tables of rate may be obtained at any of the Society's Agencies.

W. J. PATERSON,

General Agent of Counties Wellington, Grey and Bruce.

Office—No. 3, Day's Block, Guelph.

Guelph, April 23, 1873. d&w1m

SMOKERS,

FOR A GOOD SMOKE

Use the "Myrtle Navy."

See T. & B. on each plug.

Price so low that all can Use it.

CAUTION.—The Brand "MYRTLE NAVY" is registered, and any infringement on it will be prosecuted.

The name TUCKETT & BILLINGS is on each caddy, and T. & B. on each plug.

Hamilton, Feb 10, 1873 d3m

NEW Confectionery and Fancy Store.

The subscribers beg to inform their friends and the public that they have opened a new Confectionery and Fancy Store,

On the Market Square,

Directly opposite the Market.

Always on hand all kinds of Cakes, Biscuits, Confectionery, and Canned Fruits.

A general assortment of Fancy Goods, Toys, etc., in stock.

Hair Jewellery of every kind made to order. Having made a great deal of this kind of Jewellery, the subscribers are confident in giving satisfaction. Samples on hand for inspection.

Hot Coffee can be had at all hours, also Ice Cream, Water Ice, Soda Water, and other Temperance Drinks in season.

I. & J. ANDREWS.

Guelph, April 14th, 1873 dw

WM. NELSON,

Clothes Cleaner and Renovator.

All Clothing entrusted to his care will be Cleaned and Renovated to the satisfaction of his customers. Residence at the Laundry, Devonshire street, Guelph.

Guelph, April 22nd, 1873. 3md