Farms for Sale.

Advertisements of Farms for Sale, inserted it is column, 20 words for 50c; each additions sord, 2cc; Parties replying to advertisement will please state that they saw them in The Mai

FARMS AND OTHER PROPERTIES—THI largest list yet published, sent to any ad-dress on application to WM. J. FENTON, Ham

PARMS FOR SALE IN WESTERN ONT-RIO; list sent to any address. Apply CHARLES E. BRYDGES, Real Estate Agen

DINE FARM-100 ACRES-70 CULTIVATED

I —good clay loam; brick dwelling, log barn and stable; Clifford, three miles. ADAMSON & LAMB, Hamilton.

RAMM FOR SALE—SOUTH HALF LOT 4, 3rd concession, Oneida, Haldimand county, 100 acres superior land, 80 cleared; buildings and fences good; water unfailing; terms easy. Address Mrs. H. M. SPAVEN, Hagersville.

MPROVED FARMS FOR SALE—I HAVE on hand for sale a large list of improve farms in the best counties in the Province prices and terms to suit purchasers; list and full particulars on application to W. G. MURDOCK Schleiter, Toronto.

Soldeitor, Toronto.

100 ACRES FOR SALE—LOT 7, 1st CON.
Derby, 4 miles from Owen Sound county town, situated on Georgian Bay; close to mile, schools and churches; 75 acres cleared, with other accommodations required on a farm; Asbley post office on the premises. Apply to GEORGE FOLLIS, Postmaster.

ARMS FOR SALE—A FULL DESCRIPTION of over 200 improved farms, also wild lands, throughout the whole of Western Ontario, sunt to any address upon application to GEORGE B. HARRIS, Real Estate Agent, London, Ont. 201-52.

TARRIS, Real Estate Agent, London, Ont. 891-32

TOR SALE—EAST HALF LOT 25, ON THE first concession West Hurontario street, in the township of Mono, 90 acres, clear of stumps and stones; also, lot No. 27, Colpoy Range, township North Keppel, for sale; and a brick hotel in the village of Markdale, for sale or to rent. For further particulars apply to JOSEPH McCUTCHEON, Markdale.

40-10

TCHEON, Markdale.

40-16

OOD FARM FOR SALE OR TO LEASE
Parts of east and west halves of lot 4, in
con. King, about 120 acres; 100 cleared; good
idings; well fenced and watered. Apply to
M. McBETH, Purpleville P.O., or to MeanYD & STAYNER, Barristers, Toronto. 440-

OR SALE-FINE RESIDENCE, WITH

ocean freight from Montreal will be about a dollar. Instead, therefore, of letting the fruit rot, or making it into cheap cider, let the owners of orchards ascertain the terms on which they can send their fruit to England. By a simple calculation of commissions and railroad freights they can find their own profits, and by carefully packing their fruit the orchard may become a source of large income and profit. Our export apple trade has already reached respectable proportions, but it can be increased many fold by judicious management.

The movement of the wheat-growi egions on this continent is clearly seen in the returns of the present crops. In the United States Minnesota will stand at the head, its States Minnesota will stand at the head, its three millions of acres yielding forty-five millions of bushels. But the rapid development of Dakota is bringing a rival into the field which may within a few years surpass even Minnesota. The valley of the Red River of the North is perhaps the most remarkable wheat-producing region in the United States; the progress of the Northern Pacific railway is rapidly opening the fertile acres of the Territory to cultivation. It may be that soon after Dakota arrives at the dignity of being a State it may enjoy the distinction of being the greatest of the wheat States. Coming to the Dominion, the development of Manitoba is equally remarkable, and there can be no doubt as to its wheat-growing capabilities. Within a few years an enormous export of breadstuffs will be witnessed from our North-West to Europe.

No country in the world is so well adapted for farming on a large scale as is the Canadian North-West. This fact is being learned in England, and accordingly Old Country farmers possessing capital are preparing to remove to Manitoba and the Saskatchewan district. A Manitona and the Saskatchewan district. A correspondent states that an Englishman with £35,000 is shortly expected at Manitoba, where he intends to purchase a large farm. Now, under the present land regulations these desirable settlers can purchase the lands they require, and there will still be sufficient land for Canadians. If the Opposition policy were adopted, these English farmers would be obliged to cross the lines in order to obtain the necessary quantity of land. At the same time more than one Opposition leader has made large land nurshase. position leader has made large land purchases, the only explanation offered being that the the only explanation offered being that the land was acquired from private parties and not direct from the Government. Is there not equal danger to the public interests in a wealthy Reform politician buying vast tracts of North-West lands as in an English farmer taking up an extensive farm? aking up an extensive farm?

Le Courrier de Montrell has had an interriew with M. Lavallee, the agent of the French beet-root company. He says each of the four factories will spend about \$200,000 a year in wages, purchase of beet-root, &c., exclusive of the money sunk in buildings. The company is a strong one: President, M. Bourgeois, president of the Banque Industrielle et Commerciale; vice-president, M. Legru, sugar manufacturer of Douaiville and Ravelon; directors M. Révelon; directors, M. Champonnois, president and director of several sugar companies; M. Etienne, refiner, Nantes; and M. Bachoux, ugar manufacturer, Francières, and director of the Bank of France. The prospectus sets out that the directors have been guaranteed by the Canadian Government five years' ex-emption from duty on the sugar actually nanufactured within the country; and the covernment promise that if a duty should be levied on home manufactured sugar, the duty on imported sugar will be increased so as to leave them a fair margin of protection. M. Joly, in a letter dated the 2nd July, gives the scheme his cordial support.

It is singular to observe that while Canadian Reformers are agitating in favour of emigration to Kansas and other western and south-western States, independent Americans are manifesting interest in Canadian progress and development. No measures adopted by the Dominion Government have found so much favour either in England or the United States as those framed with the object of afjudging of its merits before inviting a general immigration of agriculturists. Bradstreet, a non-political, mercantile journal, says:—"It is gratifying to observe that the Dominion vernment has adopted measures to promote emigration from the old countries to Canada upon the basis of truthful representations of what immigrants may expect. Nothing could be fairer than this system, and it is to be hoped that it will result in large emigration to Canada of men and families, who will have no reason to complain." Such an independent opinion carries immense weight as against the views expressed by prejudiced political

The Hamilton Spectator puts the land outrage thus: "To pre-empt 160 acres additional in Manitoba the settler has to pay an office fee of \$10, and the highest price demanded for the land is \$2.50 an acre, with nine years to pay it in, at six per cent. interest on the amount in arrear. No payment is asked until three years after pre-emption, at which time four-tenths of the purchase money is due, and the balance is payable in six equal instalments. In Dakota a fee of \$2 is equal instalments. In Dakota a see of \$2 is required when an application to pre-empt 160 acres is filed, and the entire purchase money at the rate of \$2.50 per acre must be paid within 30 months thereafter. Under the old Tree Culture Act the see in Canada was \$10, and in Dakota \$14. The railway lands in Canada are sold at prices ranging from \$1 to \$5 per acre, according to distance from the railway, the terms being one tenth down and the balance in nine equal annual instal ments, with interest on the portions in arrear at six per cent. In Dakota the railway lands ell from \$2.50 per acre upward, according to location and quality, the average price being \$5 or \$5.50. The terms of purchase in Dakota are one-sixth down and the balance in five equal annual payments, with interest at seven per cent.

Rev. W. H. H. Murray, formerly of Boston, popularly known as "Adirondack Murray," whose sudden departure no one knew whither created some excitement last year, has returned to the United States from ingland, where he has engaged in business and made money. Murray is a thorough Yankee, who can turn his hand to anything rankee, who can turn his hand to anything from preaching to peddling and make it pay. During his stay in England he was struck with the opportunities presented for increasing the amount of American produce exports. Some of his suggestions may be equally valuable to Canadian shippers. He urges the necessity for commercial representation in England. The milling interest, he says, should send a trustworthy and intelligent agent there to confer with the large buyers and the bakers, not with the brokers. Flour should be supplied instead of grain, and put up in bags of such size as the English bakers up in bags of such size as the English bakers want. He recommends curing hems on this continent instead of shipping them green to be cured in England, and says that meats which have a sight taint, instead of being sold cheap should be sweetened by a chemical process. The English consumer has come to appreciate apples raised on this side of the Atlantic, and all that is needed is a connection through which the producers can reach the consumers without the intervention of the brokers, and very large profits can be realized. brokers, and very large profits can be rea from the trade.

A COMPARISON.-The Brantford Cou A COMPARISON.—The Brantford Courier says:—The Globe, since the death of the Hon. George Brown, has been losing what hold it had on the public mind. Its conduct throughout the recent contest was disreputable and calculated to lessen its influence. THE MAIL, on the other hand, took a dignified stand, and reflected the highest credit on its management. Its power as a public journal is very great, and it is gratifying to the Conservative party to know that their leading organ is conducted in such a way as to merit the respect of good men on both sides. The Globe makes nothing by the course pursued during the last few weeks. ourse pursued during the last few

ANADA'S WIMBLEDON Dominion Rifle Associa-

tion Meeting. ALL COMERS' AND DOMINION MATCHES

Col. Gzowski's Luncheon to Distinguished Visitors.

GEN, LUARD ON THE CANADIAN MILITIA.

Some Plain-Speaking on the Subject of Drill.

From Our Special Correspondent. OTTAWA, Sept. 6.—The annual prize meeting of the Dominion of Canada Rifle Association opened to-day. Since the last meeting mber of changes suggested by experience been made, and among these is the anging of the date of these annual gather-gs from the latter part to the 1st of Septemer. Last year the pleasure of the meeting as greatly marred by frequent rain storms. The opening to-day has been a most auspicious one so far as the weather is concerned. For the onlooker there could be nothing better, a clear, sunny day, relieved by a good breeze of wind. This latter feature was good breeze of wind. This laver reasons by no means so pleasant for the marksmen, who found it interfered to a very considerable extent with their shooting. The increase who found it interests able extent with their shooting. The increase in the number of targets, and the requirement that entries should be made before the meeting, were also steps in the right direction.
The number of competitors is larger than
ever before, being about 275, and all the provinces are represented with the exception of British Columbia. All the principal shots of the Dominion are here, and a strong Wimblen team ought to be selected. In this connec tion it might be stated that Col. Williams, M.P. who is now here, expresses the strong opinion that in future a Canadian team at Wimbledon should not be squadded to shoot at the same hour. New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island are all represented, and even Manitoba has its team. The representa-

tion from the two older provinces is quite as large as in previous years.
At the butts twelve men and two non-com-At the butte twelve men and two non-com-missioned officers from "B" Battery in ad-dition to the local men are stationed, and if there is any cheating it will not be because the Council has been slack in its efforts to prevent it.

Prevent it.

Among those present to-day were Major-General Luard, Col. Gzowski, A.D.C. to her Majesty the Queen, Lieut. Cols. Kirkpatrick, M.P., Williams, M.P., McKay, M.P., Bacon, Worsley, Fletcher, Otter, Mattice, Jackson, Macpherson, Beers, Ross, White, Nash, Macdonald, Gilmour, Laurie, Brunel, Wily, Gibson, M.P.P., Stuart, etc. ALL-COMERS' MATCH.

At 10.30 the All-Comers' match commenced, the distance being 500 yards, seven rounds. Here, for the first time, the competitors had to face a new rule, as follows:

"Unless otherwise specified, the shooting at all ranges may be in any position, with the head to the target." The object of this rule is to do away with the much-abused "back" position in firing. The change, however, met with an objection from an unexpected quarter. One of the Ottawa riflemen has only one arm, and is consequently unable to fire in any position other than on his back. An exception could not be made in his case, and he was consequently unable to compete. The shooting during this match was on the whole poor, although two or three of the top scores would be good at any time. The score is as follows:—

any time. The score is as follows :-Sergt. Major Nelson, 78th Highlanders... Sergt. Davidson, P. E. I. Engineers... Pte. H. Morris, 18th McNachtan, Cobourg G. A

Lieut. McNachtan, Cobourg G. A.
Sergt. Younker
Pte. Scott. 5th Royal Scots
Pte. Andersop, G.G.F.G.
Capt. Todd, G.G.F.G.
Sergt. Devison, 6th Fusiliers.
Pte. A. Wisor, 33rd.
Quartermaster Corbin, 63rd.
Pte. G. Mason
Lieut. Fitch, 78th.
Sapper Mowatt, Toronto Engineers.
Major Nelson, 33rd.
Lieut. D. Stewart, 83rd, P.E.I.
Sergt. A. Richard, 17th.
Lieut. W. Mitchell, 32nd.
Sargt. Keanedy, 8th Royals.
Capt. Thomas, 59th.
Lieut. C. Graburn, G.G.F.G.
Capt. Balfour, 8th Royals.
Pte. A. Bell, 12th.
Pte. O'Grady, G.G.F.G.

Capt. Balfour, 8th Royals.
Pte. A. Bell. 12th.
Pte. O'Grady, G.G.F.G.
Sergt. Payne, 18th.
Lieut. Ewan, 35th Batt.
Pte. Macafee, 5th Royal Scots.
Lieut. Wilkinson, Queen's Own.
Veterinary-Surgeon Harris, O.F.B.
Corp. Gray, G.G.F.G.
Col.-Sergt. Wynne, 5th Royal Scots.
Assistant-Surgeon McConkiy, 35th.
Staff-Sergt. Wynne, 33rd.
Sergt. Miller, 74th. N.B.
Major Walsh, 63rd.
Sergt. Weymann, 8th Cavalry, N.B.
Pte. Bradley, 25th
Saff-Sergt. Lewis
Lieut. W Bishop, 63rd.
Capt. Smith, N. E. Engineers.
Sergt. Dickie, 78th.
Capt. McInnes, 63rd.
Pte. A. Graham, 25th.
Lieut. Col. Cotton, A Battery.
Major Demers, 17th.

Major Demers, 17th

Laurie, M.G.A.

Sapper Hooper, P.E.I. Engineers.

Trooper Langstroth, 8th Cavalry, N.B.

Lieut, Evans, O.F.B.

Pee. Sutherland, G.G.F.G.

ergt. Anthony, 6th Fusiliers..... Pte. Walters, Wakefield Inf. Co....... Sergt. K. P. Doyle, 53rd..... A protest was entered by some competitors on the ground that they had not been afforded an opportunity of firing, which was settled by the parties being allowed to fire. This match was concluded at luncheon time. LUNCHEON AT COL. GEOWSKI'S QUARTERS. At one o'clock a luncheon was given by Col. GEOWSKI in his tent, and in addition to the leading military gentlemen present on the Col. Gzowski in his tent, and in addition to the leading military gentlemen present on the ground and prominent citizens of Ottawa, Hon. Messrs. Langevin, O'Connor, and Bowell, and Hon. W. Macdougall and R. Stephenson, M.P., were present. Col. Gzowski occupied the chair, having on his right the Hon. Mr. Langevin, and on his left the Hon. Messrs. O'Connor and Bowell. After the loth had been represent to each additional property of the state of

cloth had been removed, toasts and speeches were the order of the day.

SUDDEN DEATH OF A MARKSMAN. Last night about eleven o'clock Major Fothergill, of Oshawa, died suddenly at the Queen's restaurant from the effects of the rupture of a blood-vessel. It seems that the deceased gentleman, who was a notable shot, had for a company to the company of the company deceased gentleman, who was a notable shot, had for some time past been suffering from a pulmonary complaint, and was on a twelve months' sick leave from the Ottawa Bank, in which he was teller. He did not appear to be particularly ill yesterday, but still he complained of a pain in the region of his lungs. About the hour above mentioned he was seized with a fit of coughing, which was followed by an attack of hemorrhage, which resulted in death before medical aid could be summoned. Drs. Grant and Whiteford were in attendance as early as possible, but their services were of no avail, as the unfortunate gentleman had passed away. Major Fothergill was much respected by his fellow-riflemen, and his sudden demise has cast a gloom over the proceedings of the present week.

of the Governor-General's Foot Guards, who was the second efficer in command at Wimbledon this year, made 57 in the two first ranges, and in the last range increased his score to 81, which was the best made. Last year the top score in this match was 84, and there were four of the same figure. The score in the match was as follows:—

C. N. Mitchell, 10th Battallon.
B. A. Weston, 66th Battallon.
t. W. Mitchell, 32nd Battallon.
t. Stand, Hamilton Garrison Artillery.
Thompson, G.G.F.G.
t. McNachtan, Cobourg G. A.
zain Anderson, retired list.
master Demers, 17th Battallon.
per B. Hooper, P. E. I. Engineers
Mason, 83rd Battallon.
t. Hustor, New Brunswick Engineers.
tt. Ewan, 36th Battallon. Ptc. Mason, 83rd Battalion.
Lieut. Hunter, New Brunswick Englz
Lieut. Ewan, 35th Battalion
Lieut. Col. Gibson, 13th Battalion
Lieut. Col. Gibson, 13th Battalion.
Sergt. D. Mitchell, 13th Battalion.
Ptc. Morris, 13th Battalion
Ptc. Morris, 13th Battalion
Ptc. Sutherland, G. G. F. G.
Lieut. Col. Cotton, "A" Battery
Ptc. Bradley, 25th Battalion
Sergt. Ross, 50th Battalion
Lieut. Mills, 10th Battalion
Colour-Scrgt. McAdam, Victorias.
Corpl. Brady, Queen's Own

Lieut. Mills, 10th Battalion
Colour-Sergt, McAdam, Victorias
Corpl. Brady, Queen's Own
Capt. Barnhill, 78th Battalion
Lt. R. A. Christie, Cumberland Provisio
Sergt. Leggo, Wakefield Infantry
Capt. Sparham, 42nd Battalion
Pte. Pink, Wakefield Infantry Co.
Pte. Kilpatrick, 25th Battalion.
Sgt. H. W. Davidson, Charlottetown Engit
Capt. Arnold, 74th Battalion.
Sapper Mowatt, 2nd District Engineers
Lieut. W. Bishop, 63rd Battalion
Capt. J. McCrow, H.G. A.
Pte. Ross, P.W. R.
Sergt. Payne, 13th Battalion.
Sergt. Shaw, 64th Battalion.

Sergt. Shaw, 64th Battalion.
Pte. Mason, 14th Battalion.
Pte. Smith, 5th Royal Scots.
Sergt. Langstroth, 8th N. B. Cavairy.
Col. Sergt. Wynne, 5th Royal Scots.
Staff-Sergt. Walker, Queen's Own.
Pte. Bent, Cumberland Provisionals.
Capt. Munford, 63rd Battalion.
Sergt. Taple, 63rd Battalion.
Licut. Adam, 13th Battalion.
Licut. Adam, 13th Battalion.
Sergt. Major Carmichael, N. B. Engineers.
A protest was entered against the scoaccredited to Sergt. Davidson of the Charlott town Engineers on the ground that it show town Engineers on the ground that it should have been 70 instead of 65.

A TRAGEDY IN HORNBY.

An Old Man Kicked to Death—His Assaliant Committed for Trial.

MILTON, Sept. 7.—The usual quiet little village of Hornby East, in Halton Co., has village of Hornby East, in Halton Co., has been thrown into a state of great excitement by a bar-room affray, which has resulted fatally. The parties in the affair were James Purcell, alias Edwards, a blacksmith in the employ of Mr. Saunders, of Auburn, and David Lindsay, jr., a young man, the son of a respectable farmer in the vicinity.

It appears that on the 27th of August James Edwards, who has since died from the effects of the injuries received went to

effects of the injuries received, went to Hornby to bring the letters and papers of some of the families in Auburn from the post office. He remained most of the afternoon in Moore's hotel, where he appears to have been drinking at intervals. He received a parcel of mail matter in the post office and left it in charge of the barmaid, and then went out for a time. During his absence John Saunders, jr., called for the parcel and received it from the barmaid. Edwards then came back and asked her for it. She said she had given it to Saunders to take home. It is al-leged that Edwards, who was slightly under the influence of liquor, became excited, and called her a liar. The young man Lindsay interfered, whereupon Edwards also applied some offensive epithet to him. Lindsay pushed him out of the room, and a scuffle

Immediately after the affray a warrant was placed in the hands of Constable Askin for the arrest of Lindsay. He was convicted of assault, but was released on bail. On the death of Edwards an inquest was held by Coroner Freeman, of Milton, to enquire into the cause of death. The case for the Crown was conducted by Mr. Dewar, Crown Attorney, of Milton, and Mr. R. M. Fleming, of Brampton. Mr. McGibbon, of Milton, was counsel for the defence. The evidence adduced was mainly of a circumstantial nawas counsel for the defence. The evidence adduced was mainly of a circumstantial nature, there being none to swear that they had seen Lindsay administer the kick. Dr. Fox, who attended Edwards, stated that he had treated him for acute inflammation of the covering of the bowels, which might have resulted from a kick or blow, or possibly from natural causes. There were no external marks of violence. of violence. - The post-mortem examination revealed the fact that there were traces of previous inflammation, and that the inflamma-tion from which death had resulted was deep and widely spread, the central point being close under the umbilicus, where the de-ceased had stated that he received the kick. ceased had stated that he received the kick.

The most direct evidence was the deposition made by the deceased under oath before Justices of the Peace John Brain, R. S. Hall, and Jas. Lindsay. The deposition is as follows:—"On Friday, August 27th, I went to the post office at Hornby for papers and electric oil. Afterwards went into Moore's hotel to get a glass of something to drink. When coming out of the hotel David Lindsay pounced on me. Do not know for what. The first thing I recollect was Lindsay spatting me on the face. I had had several glasses of liquor; had too much. It was after dark ting me on the face. I had had several glasses of liquor; had too much. It was after dark when it transpired. I am sure I was kicked by Lindsay in the lower part of the stomach. by Lindsay in the lower part of the stomach. I was in Moore's sitting-room before the assault took place. Do not recollect having had any words with Lindsay. Do not recollect calling Miss Hutchison a liar. Do not recollect the words which started the fray. I may have struck at Lindsay, but do not recollect. I have very slight hopes of recovery. Had no pain in the stomach that day. Was always good friends with Lindsay."

Mr. McGibbon objected to the above statement being taken as a dying deposition, be cause deceased had subsequently expressed a hope of recovery, but it was ruled as evia hope of recovery, but it was ruled as evidence by the coroner. The jury retired, and after due deliberation on the evidence submitted, returned the following verdict:—
"The said James Edwards died on the 3rd day of September, 1880, at Auburn, from inflammation of the covering of the bowels, resulting from a kick inflicted by David Lindsay, jr., during a quarrel at Moore's hotel on the evening of the 27th day of August last."

The deceased was unmarried; was formerly

ast."
The deceased was unmarried; was formerly

B. M. E. CONFERENCE.

Quadrennial Gathering of Coloured Church.

A Large Meeting at the Chestnut Str Church—Preliminary Business. Church-Preliminary Business.

A quadrennial meeting of the British Methodist Episcopal church commenced on Monday at the neat little brick structure in Chestnut street. The conference is composed of ministers and elders from all parts of the Dominion, United States, West Indies, Bermuda, and Demerara. The Right Rev. Dr. Disney, of Chatham, presiding Bishop of the circuit, officiated as chairman, being assisted by the Rev. C. A. Washington, pastor of the church, and his elders. Among the brethren in attendance were:—Benjamin Stewart, Bexton; L. B. Anderson, Drummondville; J. O. Banyoun, Hamilton; Thos, Jefferson, Bronte; S. D. W. Small, Chatham; B. P. Whipper, Oakville; Walter Grayson, St. Catharines; Wm. H. Haynes, Thos. Jefferson, Bronte; S. D. W. Smail, Chatham; B. P. Whipper, Oakville; Walter Grayson, St. Catharines; Wm. H. Haynes, Brantford; J. Asbury, London; Wm. J. Butler, Bronte; Robt. Johnson, Oakville; John Chaung (Agent for the Conterence); Wm. Collins, Dresden; J. W. Crosby, Collingwood; J. H. Buckner, Windsor; J. B. Roberts, Guelph; Cornelius Butler, Chas. Mayo, St. Catharines; Sam. H. Brown, Peel; Walt Hawkins, Chatham; S. McJ. Harper, St. Thomas, D.W.T; Geo. W. Brown, Yarmouth, N.S.; C. W. Dorsey, Halifax; J. A. Johnson (assistant secretary), Liverpool, N.S.; M. C. Brooks, Amherst, N.S.; Wm. Youbanks, Shelburne, N.S.; Wm. B. Hill, St. John, N.B.; Robt. Miller, Bermuda; Chas. M. Gibbons, Tuckerstown, Bermuda; Benj. Burchall, Summersett, Bermuda; Wm. Trotf, Hamilton, Bermuda; J. H. Turpin, Demerara, W.I.; Nicholas B. Stewart, Georgetown, Demerara, W.I.; James Steele, Bexton; Joseph McArthur, Collingwood; Henry Brown, Drummondville.

The Bishor opened the meeting with prayer, and after a hymn had been sung the Conference proceeded to business. The Rev. J. O. Banyoun was elected secretary and Rev. J. A. Johnson assistant secretary. Rev. W. H. Haynes was appointed reporter for the conference.

The Bishor named Rev. Seth D. W. Smith.

The Bishor named Rev. Seth D.W. Smith, Benjamin Stewart, and C. W. Dorsey as the committee on credentials. The committee examined the certificates of all delegates, and finding them to be correct reported to the

and finding them to be correct reported to the conference accordingly.

The Bishop then addressed the brethren. He congratulated them on their reunion, and hoped that the Conference would result in the edification as well as the gratification of the members. He exhorted them to be faithful in their work for the Lord, and earnestly prayed that they would bring many souls to salvation. He instructed the members in the business of the session, and assured himself that they would not only reflect credit on themselves, but on the parishes which they represented.

The delegates were billeted at the houses of different members of the congregation, who had made preparations for their reception.

The session closed with prayer.

In the evening Rev. Mr. Youbanks preached an able and eloquent sermon to a large congregation. The meeting was then adjourned.

AN EXPENSIVE FIRE.

Destruction of Simpson's Knitting Factory Just at half-past four o'clock yesterday fternoon an alarm sounded from box 89, and long before it had ceased striking, dense volumes of smoke told that a large fire was in progress in the eastern part of the city. The firemen proceeded to the corner of Esplanade and Berkeley streets, where Simpson's knitting factory was in flames, and the confused pile of goods and the partially dressed employes told how short had been the time allowed for escape. The firemen went to pushed him out of the room, and a scuffle took place on the platform, during which Edwards received the injuries which have since caused his death. He stated that he had been kicked in the abdomen by Lindssy, and complained of great pain. He remained in an outhouse all night, and on Saturday was taken to Dr. Fox, who declared his case to be a very serious one. He was driven back to the hotel, and from thence walked to his boarding-house in Auburn, a distance of about two miles. The inflammation rapidly grew worse, and he died in intense agony on Friday, Sept. 3rd.

Immediately after the affray a warrant was placed in the hands of Constable Askin for the

completely gutted, and shortly afterwards the roof fell in, allowing the men to confine their endeavours to preventing the spread of the flames to the ground and first floors. Water was poured in, and by half-past five the fire was under control, but not until all that the flames had spared was in a badly damaged condition.

How the fire originated no person seems to know, but it was first noticed in the cotton bin near the picker, and the supposition is that a pebble or nail passed through the machine and struck fire. The inflammable nature of the cotton caused an instantaneous blaze, which the employes were unable to check, and almost immediately a run for life commenced. Seven men and boys were in the room at the time,

immediately a run for life commenced. Seven men and boys were in the room at the time, and one of them picked up a fire-king extinguisher, but before he could turn it on he was compelled to drop it and run. Thomas Wrenshall, another employé, was the next to try, and before he gave it up was severely burned on the arm. He supposed he was the last to leave the room, but Thomas Chambers, residing at Chambers' corners, Kingston road, made one last attempt to quench the fire that nearly cost him his life. He had approached the bin when a sheet of flame suddenly burst out, and with his head, neck, arms, and back badly burned, he had just time to reach a badly burned, he had just time to reach a window and throw himself out. He fell on the roof of the engine-room, and was taken to the Nipissing sheds, where his wounds, which are painful, but not serious, received a temporary dressing, and he was removed to his home.

While the Yonge street double hose reel

was coming at a rapid rate along King street it collided with a coal cart, and received con-siderable damage. One of the firemen named Robert Hill was severely hurt, but it is sup-posed that he will be able to resume work again within a short time.

AFTER THE BATTLE.

A Free and Independent Elector Tries to Make Money Out of the Election, and Gets Three Months.

John Leith is the name of a respectable-looking man, who was charged in the Police Court last week with an offence which, although no doubt a common one, seldom comes before the public. He resides at the corner of Brant and Camden streets, where he carries on the business of an awning at the corner of Brant and Camden streets, where he carries on the business of an awning manufacturer, and after the heat of the recent election, added to his income by fraud. Mr. Ryan, the Reform candidate, was chosen as his victim, and the story is best told by that gentleman's evidence. On being sworn, he said that he had met the prisoner on the first of the month. He (the prisoner) in the course of conversation, told him that he had worked hard in his interest, and asked for the sum of \$20, saying that in order to put it

make it square should it come to court would give him his I.O.U. Witness fin gave him \$15 on the strength of his assert hat he had been sent by his father.

Frank Cassidy, book-keeper, corrobors the evidence of the last witness, and prisoner was asked what he, had to say, made a very rambling statement to the ef that he was in the habit of borrowing mo from city merchants on his I.O.U., and no intention of defrauding Mr. Ryan.

The Magistrante said it was an ingeniou contrived plan to escare nusishment. uare should it come e him his I.O.U. W contrived plan to escape punishment, he that it was very plain he was endeavour; to make money out of the candidates by dhonest means. He would therefore senter him to three months in the Central Prison.

A GRAIN RUSH.

Enormous Shipments From New York—A Wild Time Ameng Shippers.

New York, Sept. 4.—The past month has been one of great excitement and unusual vigour in the grain market. The enormous amount of 13, 300,000 bushels of grain have been shipped from this port during the month. Every vessel in port that can carry grain has been chartered, and space for part cargoes of grain has been secured a month ahead. The large elevators are busy night and day loading vessels, and the demand for more vessels is increasing. Shippers say the demand for grain has only commenced. Orders from Burope are steadily pouring in, and the present month will be the largest in the exportation of grain ever seen in this port. They confidently expect the shipments will amount to fifteen million bushels.

CRIMES AND CRIMINALS.

Montreal, Sept. 5.—An attractive young girl, belonging to the unfortunate class, named Lizzie Carroll, was out driving in a cab with a male companion to-night. After imbibing rather freely they quarrelled, and the girl scratched the man's face, when he threw her out of the vehicle as it was proceeding at a rapid pace. The result was that the girl got fearfully injured about the head and face, and would have bled to death but for being taken in a cab to the general hospital where her wounds were dressed. The doctors think her case a dangerous one. The perpetrator of the outrage has escaped so far, but the police are in hopes of arresting him before morning.

MONTREAL AFFAIRS.

MONTREAL, Sept. 4.—The Natural History Society of this city has extended an invita-tion to the American Association for the Ad-vancement of Science to hold the annual meeting here in 1882. At the general meet-ing of the Association in Boston this week a resolution was passed recommending the acceptance of the invitation. It must be confirmed, however, at the next annual meeting, which takes place in Cincinnati in 1881. The last meeting of the Association held in Montreal was in 1867, and it was acceptanced. treal was in 1857, and it was considered a

decided success.

One of the most shocking cases of inhumanity that has probably ever been known here of children towards an aged and infirm parent occurred to-day. In the afternoon a well-dressed man visited the Central Police well-dressed man visited the Central Police station with an old woman over eighty years of age leaning upon his arm. He set her down upon a chair in the corridor and went out, returning again with a small bundle of clothes, which he deposited on the floor beside her. Without saying a word to the officer on duty in the building he took his departure. No particular notice was taken of the matter at the time, but subsequently a policeman in passing observed the woman in an exhausted condition, and on his approaching her she fell helplessly into his arms. She afterwards rallied sufficiently to inform the authorities that she was the widow of a man named Labelle, and had been living with her family at St. Vincent de Paul. Owing to her frailty they had become tared of her, and in order to get rid of the burden they brought her to town for the police to hand her over to a charitable institution. Even the policemen, who are institution. Even the policemen, who are accustomed to hard scenes, were moved at

accustomed to hard scenes, were moved at the tale, and manifested the utmost indignation at the unfeeling cruelty of such human monsters as the Labelle family, who are said to be in good circumstances. The poor old woman was taken to the general hospital, where she will be cared for until her unnatural family are brought to court.

The survey now being carried on under the supervision of Mr. Walter Shanly for a tunnel under the St. Lawrence at this city is making great progress. The topography of the whole area within which a tunnel and its approaches are practicable is being scientifically and thoroughly surveyed and mapped. So far the engineers have been busily engaged in accumulating the above-ground data to enable Mr. Shanly to make his plans and pronounce upon the location, as far as that can be fixed by mere topography. The next step will be the underground examinations of the lower bed and underlying strata, which will have to be ascertained before any estimates of cost can be made.

Prospects were never so bright as now for

have to be ascertained before any estimates of cost can be made.

Prospects were never so bright as now for a great development of commercial and financial relations between this country and France. Information has just been received by cable of a subsidy of one hundred thousand dollars being granted by the French Government for a new line of steamers between Havre and Montreal. For the past fortnight the head of the great French firm of dealers in phosphate at Granville, Mr. Dion, has been in the Ottawa valley, and has there secured one hundred thousand acres of phosphate lands, the product of which he intends shipping extensively hereafter to his own country. United with the phosphate scheme is that of cattle exportation, a M. Escaud, of Paris, having been so satisfied with his experiment of sending sheep to France that he will co-operate with the Dion brothers, who will send their phosphate, while M. Escaud will make cattle the great cargo, along with such cereals as shippers may desire to export. As a cap to these arrangements we have to-day the arrival of M. de Lalonde, mayor of Longuerne, France, and special delegate of the Rouen and Seine Société Centrale d'Agriculture, who is about to make a tour through the Dominion, and more especially this province and the North-West, with the through the Dominion, and more especially this province and the North-West, with the this province and the North-West, with the view of reporting upon the prospects presented for a safe and profitable investment of French capital. He has credentials from the French government to their consul here, and will be guided in his researches by that official. The consul has applied to the Dominion and provincial governments and railway officials for information and facilities for the delegates.

in the evening of the 27th day of August had for some time past been suffering from a pulmonary complaint, and was on a twelve months sick leave from the Othawa Bank. The decoased was unmarried; was formerly in which he was teller. He did not appear to be particularly ill yesterday, but still he occasionally had not a pain in file, region of his lange, and the properties of the properties of the still had not a pain in file, region of his lange, which are sided with a fit of coughing, which was to a first of the properties of the still had not a pain in file, region of his lange, which are the work of his lange, which are the work of his lange, which are the work of the state of the st

At a meeting of the Conservative electors of the county of Brome, Dr. Prime, of Knowlton, and Mr. Davies Manson, of Mansonville, were proposed as eligible candidates. After a scrutiny it was found that Mr. Manson had the majority of vater a scrutiny it was found that Mr. Manson had the majority of votes, and he was nominated. The supporters of Dr. Prime, however, were not satisfied, and threaten to run him as an independent candidate. There will likely be a compromise, and it is possible that both gentlemen will withdraw, and Mr. Edward Carter, Q. C., the eminent lawyer of this city, will be brought forward. Mr. Carter has consented to throw himself into the breach, if necessary, but will not divide the party by opposing a local candidate in the same interest.

THE PENETANGUISHENE REFOR-To the Editor of The Mail.

Sir,—In your issue of to-day, quoting an item of the Collingwood Messenger which charges in effect that there is reason for believing that the cruel treatment of the guard caused the death of a boy who recently died in Penetanguishene Reformatory, you say that "the guard referred to was removed from the Central Prison for cruel-ty." Now, assuming this to be the fact. moved from the Central Prison for cruelmoved from the Central Prison for cruelmoved from the Central Prison for cruelty." Now, assuming this to be the fact
as to the removal of the guard, and the writer
presumes you know it to be so, why was it
that a person unfit for an official position in
the Central Prison by reason of cruelty was
considered a suitable person to fill the position of guard in a reformatory? How was it
concluded that if, on account of cruelty, he
had to be removed from an institution where
the inmates are all men, and most of them
strong, hardy, self-reliant men, too, where
there is every facility for speedy investigation into every wrong, and where the very
fact of there being a great number of officials
precludes to a great extent the exercise of individual cruelty, how was it thought prudent,
or right, or safe te place such a person as
guard of the Penetanguishene Reformatory,
where, the institution being smaller, there
would be less restraint upon the individual
officials; where, by reason of remoteness and
other causes, there are fewer facilities for
necessary complaint and investigation; and
where the character of the inmates, youths
not yet matured or confirmed in crime, unable to endure hardship or correlate. not yet matured or confirmed in crime, unable to endure hardship or cruelty, and amenable to kind treatment, requires a firm, patient, and watchful management rather than a harsh, unreasoning, unsympathetic rule Surely cruelty should be an absolute and in superable barrier to an appointment of this

Yours, &c., AN ENQUIRER.

Barrie, 3rd Sept. DEATH FROM SUFFOCATION.—On Friday night last an old man named Thomas Considine, aged 61 years, employed as a tailor at the De la Salle Institute, turned on the gas in his bedroom, but as it did not ignite when he applied a match he thought there was none in the pipe, and forgetting to turn the tap off again he went to bed, and died on Saturday from suffecation by coal gas. Not having appeared for breakfast it was supposed that he desired to take a sleep, and no person went to his room until about one o'clock, when it was decided to break a pane of glass in the bed-room window. It was then discovered that the man was lying on the bed, frothing from the mouth. The door was burst open and a doctor sent for, but bewas burst open and a doctor sent for, but be-fore his arrival the poor man breathed his last. The matter was not reported to the police, and the facts of the case only leake police, and the facts of the case only leaked out yesterday. No inquest was held on the

When lips receive a rosy flush,
And teeth become a dazzling white,
Beneath the efforts of the brush,
When SOZODONT is used aright; The mouth becomes sweet, pure, and warm, And the fresh breath an odorous charm.

Nervousness, and all derangements of the nervous system, are usually connected with a diseased condition of the blood. Debility is a frequent accompaniment. The first thing to be done is to improve the condition of the blood. This is accomplished by taking Vege-TINE. It is a nerve-medicine, and possesses a controlling power over the nervous system.

BIRTHS. BURGESS—On the 2nd inst., at Mimico, the wife of William Burgess, of a son. HASTINGS—On the 2nd of September, at Deer Park, Yonge street, the wife of George H. Hastings, of a son. LOCKIE-On Tuesday morning, at Parkdale, he wife of James S. Lockie, of a son. MARRIAGES.

WELLER-HERRIMAN Married at Lindsay, on Sept. 1st, at the residence of the bride's father, H. B. Weller, Esq., Attorney at Law, Millbrook, to Stella eldest daughter of E. A. Herriman, Esq., 401-1 M.D.

Allowong—Girbs—On Sept. 1st, by the Rev.
W. S. Blackstock, at the residence of the bride's
father, Prospect Place, Oshawa, Ont., John Allomong, of Cincinnati, Ohio, U.S., to Frankie Gertrude Gibbs, youngest daughter of W. H. Gibbs,

Esq.

KILIMASTER—GRASETT—At Trinity church, Simcoe, by the rector, Rev. J. Gemley, on the 2nd of September, John G. Killmaster, Esq., barrister, of the firm of Killmaster & Wells, to Mary Emily, second daughter of the late Canon Grasett, all of Simcoe.

GLIBERT—SMITHE—At the residence of the bride's father, on 1st inst., by the Rev. George Keys, William R. Gilbert, agent T., G. and B. railway, Kielnburg, to Esther A., second daughter of Moses Smith, Holland Centre Mills.

WELLING HERMINAN—At Lindews on Sant WELLER-HERRIMAN—At Lindsay, on Sept. lst, at the residence of the bride's father, H. B. Weller, Esq., attorney-at-law, Millbrook, to Stella, eldest daughter of E. A. Herriman, Esq., M.D.

SMALL—McDonald—At 38 Gloucester street, Toronto, on September 2nd, 1880, by the Rev. Mr. Milligan, Mr. W. B. Small, to Helen Eliza-beth, daughter of the late James McDonald, formerly of this city. formerly of this city.

Ross—STARR—On the 2nd inst., at the Brunswick street church, Halifax, N.S., by the Rev. C. Stewart, LL.D., uncle of the bride, assisted by the Rev. Ralph Brecken, M.A., Robt. H. Ross, of Montreal, son of the late John Ross, of Brookville, to Ljille, eldest daughter of John Starr, Esq., of Halifax.

BROKE-JEWELL—At the residence of the bridegroom, Hagersville, by the Rev. Wm. Cross, on Wednesday. August 25th, John C. H. Brooks, school teacher, son of the late Alex. Brooks, Esq., of St. Davids, to Jerusha A., youngest daughter of Ezekiel Jewell, Esq., of Charlotteville. REID-Cox-At All Saints' church, Toronto, on Tuesday, 7th September inst., by the Rev. Arthur H. Baldwin, rector, assisted by the Rev. Canon Houston, of Clifton, George P. Reid, agent Standard Bank, Picton, to Caroline, daughter of the late Rev. Robert Gregory Cox.

ter of the late Rev. Robert Gregory Cox.

PERKINS—RICHARDSON—On the lat September, at the Bridge street Methodist church, Belleville, Ont., by the Rev. Dr. Jeffers, Harriet, daughter of R. Richardson, manager Bank of Montreal, Belleville, to Arthur M. Perkins, Esq., merchant, Montreal. Montreal.

LAYTON—CAMPBELL—At St. Stephen's parson age, on the 9th of July, by Rev. A. J. Broughall Mr. Thomas George Layton, only son of the lat Thomas Layton, Edg., to Maria S., second daugh ter of G. Campbell, Esq., all of this city. GREENWOOD—DAY—On the 7th inst., at the church of the Holy Trinity, Toronto, by the Rev. A. Stewart Darling, assisted by the Rev. Chas. Darling, Russell, son of Robert Ellington Greenwood, of Halstead, Essex, England, to Alice Ursula, daughter of the Rev. Edwin Day, Croylon, England, and late priest of the above

LAMB-HAMBLY—At the parsonage of Little Prinity church, on the 1st inst., Joseph Lamb, of the Toronto Fire Department, to Miss. Rebecca Hambly, of Bowmanville, Ont. DEATHS. Evans—In Petersville, on Tuesday morning, august 31, Albert J. Evans, son of John Evans, wood dealer, aged 5 years and 2 months.

FORD—In Kingston, on the 27th August corge, third son of Mr. Wm. Ford, aged 29 years SIMS—On Tuesday, 31st August, at his resi lence, near New Durham, Robert Sims, in the 6th year of his age. McCrimmon—At his mother's residence, 4 McDougall street, on the 6th inst., after a long illness, George, fourth son of the late Norman McCrimmon, aged 23 years.

BIELEV—At Salem, Mass, on August 1st, Porteous Bielby, M.D., assistant surgeon (Retired) U.S.N., in his 36th year. tired) U.S.N., in his 35th year.

DICKSON—On Tuesday, the 7th inst, at the residence of his brother, George P. Dickson, 16 Gerrard street east, James Dickson, of Columbus, Ont., aged 57 years.

ROSS—At Poplar Cottage, Innisfil, on the 5th inst., in the eighty-fifth year of her age, Mary Foster Blythe, relict of the late Benjamin Ross, Esq.

COWAN—Suddenly, of heart disease, at Dunbar, Scotland, on August 24th, John S. Cowan, M.D., aged 38 years.

O'LEARY—In this city, on the 3rd September label, only daughter of W. O'Leary, aged 1 3rd of September, Highard Barrett, aged 52 years; a native of Cornwall, England.

Plymouth, England, papers please copy.

JONES—On the 3rd of September, at 201 Parliament street, Temperance Jones, widow of the late John Jones, in her 72nd year. STOVEL—Suddenly, of apoplexy, on the evening of ist September, at his residence, 5! Wellesley street, Mr. Samuel Stovel, aged 38 years.

Notra-On the 4th of September, at his residence, 10! Chestnut street, after a lingering illness, George Nott, aged 67 years.

WALSH—In this city, on the 4th inst., Captain John Walsh, late of the Island ferry steamer Princess of Walss. KEEFER—At St. George, on Wednesday morning, September 1st, Emma C., beloved wife of C.P. Keefer, Postmaster, aged 21 years and 10 months.

PETERSON—At Emerson, on the 17th Aug., Flossie, infant daughter of G. L. Peterson. aged 2 months and 4 days.

SMITH—In London, on Tuesday, August 31, Rebecca, wife of James Smith, cooper, York street, aged 60 years and 11 months.

Vegetine. More to Me than Gold.

Medical.

WALPOLE, Mass., March 7, 1880. MR. H. R. STEVENS:

I wish to inform you what Vegettine has done for me. I have been troubled with Erysipelas Humour for more than 30 years in my limbs and other parts of my body and have been a great sufferer. I commended taking Vegetine one year ago last August, and can truly say it has done more for me than any other medicine. I seem to be perfectly free from this humour and can recommend it to every one. Would not be without this medicine—'tis more to me than gold—and I feel it will prove a blessing to others as it has to me.

Yours most respectfully,

MRS. DAVID CLARK.

Thinks, Owen Sound, two-storey brick house, mansard roof, well finished, quite new; frame bern and stables; young orchard, 400 choice fruit trees bearing; good view Owen Sound Bay; a gcres good improved land attached; whole or part will be sold with house. Soli and situation well adapted for gentleman's resource, garden as farm purposes. Terms easy. Apply to W. I. HOLMES, Owen Sound. J. BENTLEY, M.D., says. HOLMES, Owen Sound.

A403

PIRST-CLASS IMPROVED FARM FOB sale, consisting of 284 acres, lot No. 4 on Lake Erie shore, township of Dunn, county of Haldimand, the property of the late George Docker. This desirable farm will be sold either in a block or each half separately; for full particulars apply to ARTHUR DOCKER, Esq., Port Maitland P. O.

A58-15

TEOR. 2415 t has done more good than all medical treatment. NEWMARKET, ONT., Feb. 9, 1880.

MR. H. R. STEVENS, Boston, Mass.:
SIR,—I have sold during the past year a considerable quantity of your Vecetime, and I believe in all cases it has given satisfaction. In one case, a delicate young lady of about 17 years was much benefitted by its use. Her parents informed me that it had done her more good than all the medical treatment to which she had previously been subjected.

Yours respectfully.

J. BENTLEY, M.D. Loudly in Its Praise.

Port Maitland P. O.

A33-15

NOR SALE—ONE OF THE BEST FARMS in Huron County, being Lot 23, S. T. R. Usborne; 150 acres; 141 under cultivation balance hardwood, timbered; good frame house and woodshed, good bank barn 50x90, barn and driving shed 30x50, hog pen, sheep and hen house and yard; wells, cisterns and good orchard school, church, and post office, with daily mail within one mile; convenient to Mitchell, Ereter and St. Marys markets. Good gravel road in a directions. Apply to GEORGE HACKNEY, Farquhar Post Office.

105-61 TORONTO, ONT., March 3, 1880. Farquhar Post Office.

ARM FOR SALE—BEING LOT 22 AND west half of 21, in the third concession of the township of Hamilton, county of Northumberland, Ontario, about 300 acres, being residence alate Hon. Zaccheus Burnham; 200 acres cleared, and balance good hardwood bush, situate just outside of the town of Cobourg, on the grave road to Port Hope; the land is in a good state a cultivation; good dwelling and farm buildings; immediate possession given if required. For terms, apply to JOHN BURNHAM, Solicitor, Peterboro, Ont. DEAR SIR,—Considering the short time that VEGETINE has been before the public here, it sells well as a blood purifier, and for troubles arising from a sluggish or torpid liver it is a first-class medicine. Our customers speak loudly in its preside. J. WRIGHT & CO., Cor. Queen and Elizabeth streets.

Vegetine

H. R. STEVENS, Toronto, Ont Vegetine is Sold by All Druggists.

RADICAL CURE

DR. J. ADAMS 58 BAY STREET, TORONTO. References permitted to persons who have been

Total Weakness and Prostration, from over-work or indiscretion, is radically and promptly cured by HUMPHREYS' HOMGOPATHIC weakness and Prostration, from overwork or indiscretion, is radically and promptly cured by HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFIC No. 28. Been in use twenty years, and is the most successful remedy knewn. Price \$1 per vial, or five vials and large vial of powder for \$5, sent post free on receipt of price. HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC MEDICINE CO., 109 Fulton street, New York. Wholesale Depot for Canada, H. HASWELL, & CO., 150 McGill street, Montreal.

Farms for Sale.

M UST BE SOLD — 12 FARMS IN NOT-TAWASAGA, Sunnidale, and Tiny. Apply to LAIDLAW & NICOL, Stayner, or J. D. LAIDLAW, Toronto. 401-4 RUIT FARM AT WINONA - NEAR I' Grimsby-1,000 apple, peach, pear, plum trees; 500 grape vines; must be sold. EDWARD PETTIT, Winona. TARMS FOR SALE—FIFTY ACRES, NORTH Quarter lot 23, 7th concession Darlington. Iso. fifty acres, north quarter lot 23, 8th concession, Darlington. ROBERT EVANS, Ennis-illen. Ont. OR SALE-FARMS IN TOWNSHIPS OF

FOR SALE—FARMS IN TOWNSHIPS OF Nottawasaga, Sunnidale, Mulmur, and Flos. county of Simcoe. Send for list. E. LAKE & CO., Stayner, or WILKIN B. BUTLER, 51 King street east, Toronto.

FOR SALE—FIFTY ACRES, 1½ MILES EAST of Oakville on Lake Shore road; large orchard, apples, pears, plums, cherries; good frame buildings; plenty of water. Apply to W. WASS, or W. BLACKWELL, Oakville. TOR SALE - 235 ACRES LAND - CLAY leam, 190 acres cleared, free from stumps and stenes; good fer stock and grain; first-class buildings; well feaced and watered; every convenience; within four miles of county town, County Haldimand; price \$40 per acre; terms casy. For particulars, apply to A. W. THOMP-SON, Mount Healy, Ont. 401-5 e.o.w.

BY AUCTION On the 37th of SEPTEMBER inst., in a partition suit, one hundred acres in Township of Brant, County of Bruce; and at same time, fifty acres adjoining. For particulars, apply to WILLIAM BARRETT, Walkerton, Ont.

FARMS FOR SALE.

The farm occupied by the late Conrad Schmidt, containing 133 acres, two miles north of the Town of Waterloo, will be offered for sale by Public Auction, on TUESDAY, November 2nd, 1880, at 1 o'clock p.m. Terms liberal. For further particulars, apply to C. KUMPF, Waterloo P.O. Ont., Farms Wanted.

WANTED TO RENT A FARMFOF FROM 70 to 100 acres, with good house and buildings, the neighbourhood of Brantford preferred. Address Box 74, Mohawk P.O., Ont. 401-2 Apply to BANK OF COMMERCE, Barrie.

Maedical.

Peterboro', Ont.

2293

SPLENDID FARM OF 124 ACRES FOR Sale; 10 miles from Toronto, in the township of York; 116 acres in the highest state of outling tion; balance, bush; dwelling house and fine class outbuildings, with an ample supply of water. Possession given at any time, as the owner is about to retire from farming; comvenient to churches, schools, and within a few minutes walk of the Grand Trunk, and Toronto Grey and Bruce railway stations. For particulars apply to or address JAMES CONRON. Weston, Ont.

Weston. Ont.

WHY GO 2,000 MILES WEST WHEN THE
Whest of farming land is sold on Cockburn
Island at 50 cents per acre. Cockburn Island
has lately been surveyed out into farm lots of
one hundred acres each. The soil is elsy loan,
timbered with hard wood. The swamp lands is
deep alluvial soil, timbered with the best of
cedar and tamarac, and when cleared up will be
perfectly dry and tillable. There is a splendic
harbour on the Island, with a wharf 120 fest
long. Large storehouse accommodation, Indian long. Large storehouse accommodation Land Office, Post Office, and Custom Of large store, two good boarding-houses, &c., and within twenty-four hours' travel from Toronto. The Collingwood line of boats call here twice per week, up and down, and the Sarnia steamer about five times per week. Capitalists and persons of limited means can secure homesteadhere, and it is one of the most beautiful an healthy places on the Northern Continent. Experienced farmers speak favourably of the Island, and are purchasing farms for their sons. For further particulars write Mr. ROSS, the Land Agent, or address letter to P.O., Box 20 Cockburn Island. OOR SALE—IN THE COUNTY OF KEN

The garden county of Canada, farm of 23 acres, about three miles from the town of Chahan, the best business town in the Dominion 210 acres under cultivation; 40 bush. No better land in the whole world, consisting of black learn one foot in depth, which is nothing but a bed of manure; under this is clay, which makes land that will last for a thousand years, and there are one thousand loads of manure in the barnyard and not one care that needs it. No stumps, and stones, and not one Canada thistie or other has weed on the place. Good frame house; stable for eight horses; new barn building, 40 by 75 corn cribs, etc., etc. Easy terms of payment Price \$55 per acre. Come and see it; if not as represent, will pay your way here and hom again, and keep you while here. Will rais every kind of produce growable in Canada, am quitting farming, so am bound to sell. I ad vertises three farms two months ago, and hav sold two. I received for one \$19,000, and for the other \$10,000. I have also two other farms to sale, one of 180 acres, 170 under cultivation, and one of 160 acres, 120 under cultivation. Writfor particulars. Address JOHN NORTHWOOD Farmer, Box \$45, Chatham, Ont.

A very desirable combined farm and mill preperty, containing fifty acres of the best possible
clay soil; an almost new grist mill with two run
of stones and a chopper; a new saw mill; a handsome frame house with stone cellar; severalarge barns, blacksmith shop, and other buildings, all in good order. Never failing and abundant water-power. This property is part of Loc
No. 2, in the 2nd con. of Flos, half a mile from
the rising village of Elmvale, and is in the midst
of one of the best farming sections of Ontario.

Lor 2.—One hundred and twenty-five acres in
the newly incorporated and thriving village of
Midland, on Georgian Bay, all laid out, with regular streets, in village lots, which are in great
demand. 100 acres excellent wood land.

Lor 4.—Lot 25, 2nd con., Essa, 200 acres; ab 40 acres in cultivation. A good new frame bor This is a very choice lot.

Lor 5.—East half of Lot 5, 13th con. of Sun dale. Uncleared and covered with very value. timber.

Lot 6.—Four hundred acres splendid hard withbered land, being Lots 29 and 30, 9th Sombra, County of Lambton, five miles frown of Dresden, Sydenham River.

Lot 7.—Two hundred acres wild land, in mof excellent farming country, being Lot 37, Township of Sullivan, County of Grey.

All these properties will be sold at reason prices. One-third nurchase money down.