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## THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE <br> Page 38 GRAIN LIvE STOCK AND PRODUCEMARKET

## Steady Prices Looked For

(Gnans Gnownas' Gans Coupant's Ornics, Manca 1, 1910)
Wheat.- We have very little nee to erport in the wheat situation since our last letter of Pebruary 15. During this time the United States have had quite a winter *heat erop scarc, and a great many reports have been received that the damafe to the timulating effect on the American markets, and to a certain extent has helped to keep urs stesdief, although the dvance is our mahert has not bren very great. May wheat
 time as on.0s. You can, theefore, see that the fluetuations have been within a very asrow range. The demand for cash wheat has been steady with slighty increauing fot being worked, and this at a very close margin, if showing any margin at all. The oid Country markets seem to be practically ignoring us as they sppear to be independent os for thirir supt lies for the next two or three months.

The market letters we have received from the United Kingdom and the continent are almost entirely "bearish." They give as their reason that stocks of wheat in the costinent and the United Kingdom are greater than they have been in years, and
otorks of flour aie also exceedingly beavy with very alow demand. Ofd Country stocks of flour sae also exceecingly beavy with very slow demand. Off Country markets have cortainly not foilowed our dvanecto to ny extent, However, the domestic
milling situation here seems strong. The mills are continuing to take nearly all the theat we have to offer, and are paying pood premiums for it. Un to thil this demand ceave ve look for steady prices. We do not think markets sill go much higher just now, but on the other hand we do not expeet to see much of a decline. Our advice in the meatime is for farmers

Oats have been steady with a moderate demand at alightly declining prices. We do not look for lower proces in oats, but rather look for higher market during the summer than w
Barley has not been in demand at all. There is very little of it changing hands, and any sales made have had to be forced and forced sales as a rule are made at a de dining price.

Fax has been very steady with very little price changes.

## Liverpool Market Letter

(By Proctor \& Co., Ltdo, Livenfool, Fkhatary 15, 1910)
The option market keeps steady and shows a slight gain, although for aetual Fheat there is but little demand, and with over $3,000,000$ qras. of oheat now afloa lot Europe, buyers are content to wait. The shipment during the past seek was on forecasted in our letter a week ago...The Plate shows a moderately increased quantity and Australia about the same as a week ago. Two cargoes of Plate wheat on passage changed hands yesterday, but the demand is very spasmodic and today there pa not a bid in the market. France.-Broomhall reports damage by flood, and also loses of color, and a weak plant, and mentions that much will have to be resown in the spring. However, Prench markets have not grown excited over the prospect, and in the same paper in which he reports the crop damage, Broomhall publishes the Paris markets
d. per $q$. lower. Germany.-The weather is still remarkably mild, but the crops are 3d. pet qr. Tower. Germany.- The weather is still remarkably mild, but the crops are
favorably spoken of. Russia.-Reports still speak of very mild weather and conse. quently bad roads, and arrivals at the ports light on this account. A return to severe weather after snow might do harm, but from Roumanis snow is now reported, so it it quite probable we may hear of this in Russia also. Argentine. - No reliable estimates are yet to hand, the most popularly believed being that of an export surplus of $10,000,000$ qrs.

## Continental Europe Wheat Market

By H. Wiener \& Co., Antwerp, February 11, 1910)
Wheat. Since our last report markets in America have risen by 1 to $1 /$ cents This rise occurred quite unexpectedly last night precisely at the moment when the tendency in Europe must be called distinctly weak, with prospect towards lower prices
The American position must be jidded quite apart, Farmers over there have evidently for the moment their own way and can keep the position in check as long as they find sufficient outlet for their marketings in home consumption. But this will be the case no longer, when, in spring the progress of the plants proves that it is of no use sticking to prices which keep the U.S. entirely out of competition with other countries, leaving perhaps, North America with high price reserves which, when they will be the much more disposed to get quickly rid of, before the new crop turns up. But these are only supposituons which shall merely explain the remarkable steadiness of the U.S., as we have been quite apt to go on for many months without U.S. wheats. But we so muc morally, that yesterday's rise sufficed yo give to the trade quite a better tone and rfesh courage. We, for our part, find no objection to see America continuing her support to the general tendency, for we cannot help thinking that the present price more than discuunts the question of offer and demand for the remainder of the season. Every body thought that velure the arrival of the new Plate wheats, especially as they were so would be cilte a so bad in quaily, and wila the navigation dose ia kussia, there When the spring sources would be open. But the sale of flour has been so extracrdinari Iy slow that the moderate quantities at our disposal during winter were entirely sufficient and now, when the first shipments of Plate are approaching and Australia is forwarding heavily her new crop, whilst Hussia neither ceases shipping, it is without doubt that there is ample wheat enough to go for another munth, when there will be beginning a nee perive with the opening of waters. In fact, the reserves left in Russia are told to be slucst nut inferior to what has already been forwarded. We, on our part, believe wheat which will, in the firot half of the year give us, with the other countries at stake more than consumption can absorb, at least at the present level of prices.

