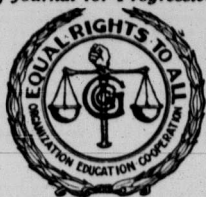


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THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE
 "Equal Rights to All and Special Privileges to None"
 A Weekly Journal for Progressive Farmers

Published under the auspices and employed as the Official Organ of the Manitoba Grain Growers' Association, the Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association, and the United Farmers of Alberta.



The Guide is the only paper in Canada that is absolutely owned and controlled by the organized farmers—entirely independent, and not one dollar of political, capitalistic or special interest money is invested in it.

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Authorized by the Postmaster-General, Ottawa, Can., for transmission as second class mail matter.

Subscriptions and Advertising

Published every Wednesday. Subscriptions in the British Empire \$1.50 per year. Foreign subscriptions \$2.00 per year. Single copies 5 cents.

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FRED W. GREEN DEAD

(Press Report)

Moose Jaw, Sask., July 13.—F. W. Green, one of Moose Jaw's most prominent citizens, known thruout the prairie provinces as a member of the executive and honorary secretary of the Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association, died in the Royal Victoria Hospital, Montreal, last night, after an illness of many weeks.

Early in the year Mr. Green's health broke down and he was forced to take to his bed suffering from pernicious anemia. For several weeks he was under the care of local physicians, but when his condition showed no marked improvement, it was thought best to risk taking him to Montreal, where he was placed in the Royal Victoria Hospital, under the care of three of Canada's most famous blood specialists.

Shortly after he reached Montreal, accompanied by Mrs. Green and John R. Green, his brother, his condition seemed to improve somewhat, and hopes for his ultimate recovery were held out. A few days ago, however, it was seen that his strength was slowly ebbing and that the end was near. He passed away last night at 9.30.

Moose Jaw Old Timer

F. W. Green has been a familiar and prominent figure since the beginning of things here, coming to Moose Jaw in 1882. He took up farming on the site of his present estate, Boharm, and there remained until 1890, when he was appointed Dominion government immigration delegate. In 1895 he was appointed a director of the Saskatchewan Agricultural Society, and in 1906 he was made the president. In 1907 and till 1910 he was one of the board of directors, holding the office of secretary-treasurer. In 1906 he was made chairman of the executive committee of the Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association, which office he held up to his death.

In addition to these offices, Mr. Green has been secretary of the Saskatchewan Grain Growers, chairman of the Boharm school board, a member of a delegation of western farmers which waited on the Dominion parliament in 1910, agricultural representative of the university advisory board for Saskatchewan, member of the royal elevator commission, and had in addition taken an active and effective interest in all affairs pertaining to farmers and their work.

Fred W. Green was born in Rippingale, Lincolnshire, England, April 30, 1859. In 1884 he married Miss Margaret Anderson, at Brandon, by whom he is survived. He also leaves four sons, Alfred, Barkely, and J. H. Green, of Boharm, and William R. Green, of the firm of Grayson, Armstrong and Emerson, barristers, of this city, and six daughters, Anna, Mary, Sarah, Eva, Frances and Grace Green, of Moose Jaw; his father, Robert Green, and his brother, John R. Green, of Moose Jaw.

Body on Way West

Montreal, July 13.—The body of Fred W. Green, a prominent worker in farmers' organizations in Western Canada generally, and in Saskatchewan particularly, who died last night in the Royal Victoria Hospital here, was forwarded tonight to Moose Jaw, where interment will take place. The remains, which left here tonight at 10.15 o'clock,

are due to arrive in Moose Jaw Friday night.

Mr. Green had been in the Royal Victoria Hospital for nearly a month. He entered June 19 last, and had been steadily failing, so his death was not unexpected. The nature of the illness which caused his death cannot be learned.

CHEAP FARES FOR FARM HELP

Winnipeg, July 19.—The various railway companies have put into effect a one cent a mile rate on all railways for men who desire to seek work on the farms in Manitoba. Beyond the western boundary of Manitoba from Winnipeg the rate has been fixed at one and a half cents per mile. Already there is a demand in many districts for farm help and men out of work in cities and towns should find no difficulty in securing work in the country from now on.

NATURE ON THE PRAIRIE

Photos and Notes by S. J. Wigley, Edgerton, Alberta

I—The Anemone

Few flowers receive a warmer welcome upon the Western plains of Canada than the crocus anemone or pasque flower, the state flower of South Dakota. It is the first flower to bloom in spring and bursts from the ground before the snowdrifts have melted. The plant is a perennial with finely divided hairy leaves and solitary flowers, from one to two inches across. The flowers clustering from one root or clump are many in number and



Crocus Anemone, or Pasque Flower

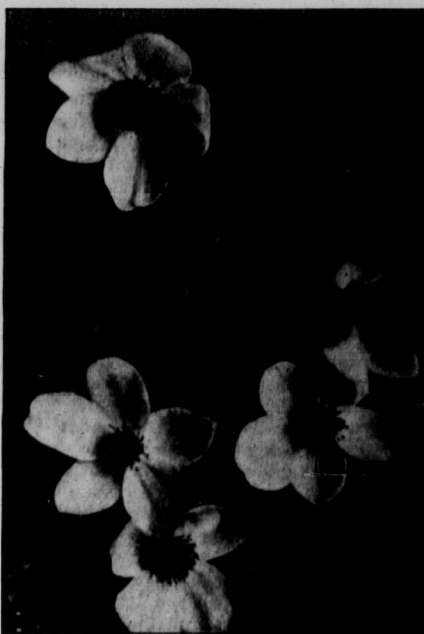
very conspicuous. The bluish or pure white petals—or to be more strictly accurate, the petal-like sepals—are from five to seven in number and at first resemble the crocus in being only a few inches in height. The stem soon elongates and then the leaves put in an appearance. Later a "plumose" fruit follows the flower and is a favorite food for young gophers during the last few weeks in May.

These seeds with their long silky styles so closely resemble the clematis that botanists differ in the classification of the plant. Hence it has two botanical names—Anemone patens and Pulsatilla hirsutissima.

CANADA ANEMONE

(Anemone Canadensis)

This beautiful flower is found in all parts of Canada from the Atlantic to the Pacific. The word anemone in the Greek



Canada Anemone

language means wind and this anemone is one of the most handsome of the "wind" flowers. Many of our flowers have stories or legends connected with them. Anemone was once a pretty nymph in the garden of Chloris. Jealous of her beauty, Chloris turned her out and left her to perish in the wild woods. Here the Spirit of the West Wind found her dying and turned her into a beautiful white flower.

Anemones belong to the buttercup family and are perennial plants with only one set of floral leaves, colored like petals, but usually regarded as sepals by botanists.

In the red wind-flower (anemone multifida) these sepals number from five to nine and vary in color from greenish to red. The leaves grow at the base of the flower stalk, but there is also a stem leaf which forms an involucre a little distance below the flower.

MANITOBA CONSERVATIVE CONVENTION

The Manitoba Conservative convention was held in Winnipeg on July 14, 15 and 16. The 1,693 delegates present selected Sir James A. M. Aikins as the party leader, and after lively discussions an outline of a new party platform was decided upon. Altho no official platform has yet been issued, the policies to which the Conservative party of Manitoba, under the leadership of Sir James Aikins, stands pledged, are as follows:

Total prohibition so far as is possible under Manitoba's powers, by the re-enactment of the Hugh John Macdonald act of 1900, with no provisions for referendum or repeal.

The repeal of the Coldwell amendments to the Public Schools Act.

Woman's suffrage.

A broad educational policy upon the principle of promoting efficiency and the provision of an adequate elementary education for every child, irrespec-

tive of race or creed; the inculcation of a thorough knowledge of English; the furthering of agricultural education and adequate assistance for the University of Manitoba.

The amending of the Controverted Elections Act to prevent saw-offs by providing for compulsory hearing of election protests.

Total abolition of the patronage system in connection with government supplies and contracts.

The appointment of an auditor-general, who may be dismissed only upon a two-thirds vote of the legislature, to open all tenders in public, to investigate and certify to all payments, and to have power to summon and examine persons under oath.

The total elimination of the spoils system of civil service, and the appointments to and retentions in that service to be based upon merit and efficiency alone.

The strict enforcement of election laws.

An aggressive and progressive agricultural policy.

The appointment of a producers' agent at the Union Stockyards, to advise as to market conditions, prospective prices, delays in transit, excess charges, etc.

A more practical system for destruction of noxious weeds and insect pests.

A better and more adequate system of compiling crop statistics.

The construction and operation of public abattoirs.

The furthering of the co-operative movement in communities, and the establishment of a "co-operative bureau."

A broad, sympathetic and effective policy regarding unemployment and the broadening of the scope of the labor bureau.

Annual provincial conventions, run by the people.

Clean and business-like administration, and the abolition of manipulation and "machine" politics.

CHEER UP SOCIETY

N. J. Kerswell, J.P., Makaroff, Manitoba, wants everybody to join the "Cheer Up Society." The entrance fee is nil, and the financial obligations the same. The object is to cheer up; the head officer is each member's own heart; the results, to remove the growing gloom from reading about the war and all its consequences, and to remove the gloom of our daily trials; to enable each member to put forth his best, and thus climb the hill of difficulties more easily. He suggests that if you feel that you cannot become a member of the "Cheer Up Society" you should (1) Sit down and count your blessings; (2) Get as much sleep as possible; (3) Get a good bath; (4) Put on a good-fitting suit of clothes; (5) Then ask yourself if you ought not to be a member of the "Cheer Up Society."

A WARNING

We have received several letters from our readers informing us that they have not received returns for produce consigned to the National Poultry Co., 389 Pritchard Ave., Winnipeg, Man. As a consequence we have discontinued this advertising, and would recommend our readers not to send any further produce to them.

GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE.