...here machine, oper-
...er which he has no
...ly died for the elect
...orld was unpreached
...God has a revealed
His revealed will is,
preach to every
shall be invited to
of grace, &c. "His
the elect shall have
To such the call is in-
hope that they are of
the assurance of the
at life. "Every thing
changeably foreordain-
the elect," and also of
finitely "fixed" that
or diminished." That
orn infinitely are includ-
No marvel that Calvin
pon the theory of un-
termed it "the decree
t readers of the Pro-
Uncle Toby for giving
arkable sermon. The
— Creek congre-
oon left the sanctuary
uilderment, not know-
what to disbelieve!
Mr. G——r, with the
who was conscious of
effort on the previous
writer's quiet country
g conversation in sub-
him and a parishioner:
rning, Mr. G——r.
g. How are you?
you, I am reasonably
eel somewhat jaded
rday. How did you

...rmon in the morning
It reminded me of a-
hether preach a few
salvation is free for
lost, it is the result of
sermon in the after-
nsistencies. It did no
to your heart. Your
revolting conclusion
of sin. If everything
ion is determined be-
ce, where is the use of
church? According
annot be changed or
gree.
coloring. I perceive
he doctrines of grace
ous. Men are short-
t six years in college
about theology than
hiefly taken up with

agitated. I think
hend the contradic-
sermons yesterday.
account when they do
st doctrinal inconsis-
Never preach that
reprobation again. I

excited. Such doc-
in the past, you may
one other. Remember

your doctrine, and I
od day, sir, you and

day, sir. I hope you
and learn to treat a
esy.
the last straw broke
orough reconciliation
parties were unyielding.
tached to both. The
e collector, and the
gain occupied their
— Creek Church—

...telligence.

...al.

...e Colonial) that in de-
the Imperial Govern-
ernments have been
present to the licens-
essels to the privileges
have hitherto enjoyed
ty, and that the Hon.
or Canada yesterday
anging the terms and

...as a general holiday.
...cept groggeries were
y that as usual on such
were not idle. Still
The Emperor steam-
rm, and up and down
g an opportunity to
fresh air. The day
was most genial and
in the Gardens of the
a grand success. The
layed admirably, and
lovely, reflecting the
ill and care of Mr.

last, Mr. Alfred New-
goods store of Bell &
in the employ of E.
Mr. Thomas Woods
When in the Eastern
he boat and she cap-
Mr. Woods succeeded
at, but the other un-
and was drowned.—

presents quite a neat
thanks to the inde-
Treneman, and the
of which he is Chair-
vements commenced,
planted, forming near-
hose lately set out are
promise in course of
icturesque appearance.

persons charged with
amed Fleming, whose
ying beneath Vance's
Iron Mines, had their
go. The accused were

Flagship of Admiral
erine, arrived here on
uebec. The Gunboat
rrived here from Eng-

va Scotia Railway for
n increase of $21412.14
onth of last year.

housand persons took
way on Thursday last.

man named Matthew
ccidently killed while
on the Tower Road
ating in the bank, who
ch were several lan-
crushed his skull. It
minutes after the ac-

thinks that Mr. Gol-
f the New Brunswick
ames Johnson will go
eral.
President of the New
uncil, died at Fredric-
ent has granted $1,000
light-house at the east
Island.

TRIPLE ROBBERIES.—The Fenians pillaged ...burg; five stores were entered. ... helped themselves to boots, hats, ... They pulled off their old clothes and put ... the old still lie on the floors of the ... An examination shows what beggarly ... the raiders were. The clothes left ... filled with vermin, and too filthy to ... They opened most of the letters at the ... post office.

...all the stores here to-day, and find ... considerable. It is stated that ... kinds of goods were carried off by the ... I went through several private houses ... Fenians. I went through several private houses ... had been ransacked. In some of the ... the damage will exceed one thousand dol-—*Canada Paper.*

The Government of the United States, it must be admitted, stands in no dignified position be-fore the world, in connection with the recent raids in this country. While the Fenian leaders complain that they were first inveigled into the enterprise by the direct or tacit encour-agement of the Federal Executive, and then prevented from carrying out their design, American papers, Republican and Democratic, argue that the movement ought to have been stopped long ago, or not interfered with at all by the United States authorities. We, of course, believe that it should have been arrested long ago, and the public opinion of Christendom will decide, as in that view of the case. We believe that no civilized country has ever acted towards another as the United States has acted towards us; and if the loss has fallen to our lot, all the disgrace is theirs, excepting always the share of it which belongs to their Fenian allies. It is mere hypocrisy on their part to pretend that they could not have put a stop to their prepara-tions openly avowed and made for the invasion of British North America, long before it was attempted; for as the New York *Tribune* says, President Johnson, it is now evident, "had only to say the word," and not a hostile Fenian foot would have intruded on our soil.—*Montreal Telegraph.*

The Ottawa correspondent of the N. Y. *Times* says:—I think people on your side of the lines fall into error in ignoring the loyalty of this Province and in undervaluing its martial strength and resources. In the first quality it is undoubt-edly more loyal than the English at home them-selves—a proposition freely admitted by all who have both countries well. The necessity for a display of its martial spirit has unfortunately called on two or three occasions within some four or five years, and the response has been truly remarkable. The present occasion affords the proof of this. Within a few hours of the first alarm, several thousand men were marching to different points as directed. Within twenty-four hours fifteen thousand were marching under arms. Within three days forty thousand were at the disposal of the Government. A week more of real necessity would find an additional hundred thousand prepared to defend the soil. I speak now only of volunteers. The regular troops here are numerically inconsiderable—per-haps some six thousand in all. They are, how-ever, composed of veterans "trained in war's alarms"—men who have confronted the hosts of India against Sepoys and other more worthy foes, and been exposed to the colds of the win-ter trenches of Sebastopol. Some of the most renowned batteries in the English service are now stationed in Canada. The number of medals which adorn the breasts of these men attest the great amount of active service they have seen, and the manner in which they performed it. I speak of the rank and file, who have but to obey, and the gallantry of the officers makes them worthy to command such men.

RESOURCES OF CANADA.—Says the Boston *Journal*: "Throwing out of account the pro-spective mines of gold, the annual production of coal, and the claim of oil wells not yet satisfac-torily developed, the real solid wealth of Canada, based upon its cereals and its immense forests, is worthy of attention. Last year over 25 000,-000 bushels of wheat were harvested, 12,000,000 bushels of peas, 40,000,000 bushels of oats, over 1,500 000 tons of hay, 13,000,000 bushels of buckwheat, 28,000,000 of potatoes, and 10,000,-000 bushels of turnips. Canada also produced 30,000 000 lbs. of beef, sheered 5 500 000 lbs. of wool, and made 45,000,000 lbs. of butter. The number of milch cows, horses, sheep, and pigs is considerably over 2,000,000. Lower Canada alone has over 2 000 saw mills, and in one year cut nearly 800,000 000 feet of lumber. The coast line from the Gulf of St. Lawrence to Lake Superior is over 2,000 miles, and there are now over 2,000 miles of railroad traversing the coun-try in various directions. The population of Canada able to do military duty is about 500,-000, the enrolled military 90,000, volunteers 30 000. There are 300 newspapers, and 800 schools educating 60,000 children."

THE REMARKABLE PROPERTIES of Brown's *Bronchial Troches* have been thoroughly tested since first introduced. The demand for them has steadily increased, and purely upon their own merits, they have found favor with those, who, from Pulmonary, Bronchial, or Asthmatic complaints require them. For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Influenza, they are en-tirely efficacious, removing all obstructions, and increasing at once the power and flexibility of the voice.

TO MOTHERS.—MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for children, is an old and well-tried remedy. It has stood the test of many many years, and never known to fail. It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, add gives rest and health to the child and comfort to the mother.

United States.

One of the most valuable collections of na-tural history in the United States was destroyed at the recent burning of the Academy of Sci-ences in Chicago. The ornithological collection had been gathered with great care by the Smith-sonian Institute, and by Mr. Robert Kinnecutt, the Arctic explorer. The museum was valued at $30,000, and was totally destroyed.

The wholesale plundering of the White House, after the assassination of Mr. LINCOLN, has prompted the creation of an officer to be known as the steward of the President's household, who is to be responsible for the plate, and who is to give bonds for the faithful discharge of his duty.

In the Senate two members opposed a grant to the Paris Exhibition on the ground that Louis Napoleon is a "tyrant, a robber, a despot and no gentleman."

TERRIBLE CATASTROPHE.—*Seven Children killed, nine others wounded.*—One of the most heart-rendering and appalling catastrophes which we have ever been called upon to record, occurred at the village of Bamberg, on the Augusta branch of the South Carolina Railroad, seventy-six miles from Charleston, between three and four o'clock Tuesday afternoon, by which nearly every family of that village has been thrown into the deepest gloom and mourning. The scene of this distressing occurrence was about three hundred yards from the depot, in a two-story frame building, known as Allen Lodge of Freemasons, used as a school-house by Mr. Robert Seabrooke and his sister. Into this building some eighteen of the scholars, boys and girls, had assembled about three o'clock for the purpose of joining in a festive party given by the young misses to their youthful male friends. While in the act of spreading a table with refreshments, candies, cakes, &c., the building was struck by a violent gale of wind or Tornado from the west, which passed over the village, taking a northeasterly direction, sweep-ing trees, fences, and everything else before it. The chimney was carried away at the same time that the roof was rent asunder.

An attempt was made by George W. Patrick, one of the older boys, to open the door, but that was found to be so jammed as to defy removal. Another of the youths, Charles Steward, then proposed to escape by the window, and jumped out for the purpose of assisting the others, when the whole building fell, killing young Steward and five others instantly, and wounded five others, one of whom expired shortly after reaching home.

Most of those who were saved were found where they had crept under the school benches upon which the timbers had rested after the falling of the building. But a few moments sufficed to spread the news of this awful catas-trophe in the village, and the whole community soon gathered round the place. The bodies of both the living and dead were either covered or wedged in between the heavy timbers, and re-quired the use of axes to release them.—*Charlottetown, (S. C.) Courier, 7th.*

GEN. SCOTT'S RECEPTION BY THE 'SPIRITS.'—At a spiritualist meeting in New Jersey, one of the mediums, gave the following account of the reception of Gen. Scott in the spirit land:

"Gen. Scott was received by all the spirits *en masse*. At his right stood Washington.—Behind him was Wellington, the Iron Duke.—At his left appeared the late Czar of Russia. Before him, with folded arms, Napoleon was stationed as the representative of France. Jef-ferson, Madison, Taylor, Lincoln, and the other deceased Presidents of this republic, whose names the medium had clearly forgotten, acted as the reception committee. All the dead heroes of the recent war were on duty, with many thou-sands of other famous people, whom the medium would not name. A little child whom the General had dearly loved, was deputed to pre-sent him with a crown of laurel, and as it was placed upon the hero's head there were exclama-tions from the vast throng."

FRIGHTFUL TRAGEDY.—The New York *Times* of the 1st inst., gives the following par-ticulars of a case of poisoning in which there were 213 victims:—

"It is now nearly two months since the peo-ple residing along that portion of the Walkill Valley which lies in the western part of Orange county, were attacked by a disease which for some time baffled the skill of the physicians, they being at a loss to divine the cause. The malady exhibited the most positive symptoms of lead poisoning. In some cases whole families were stricken down, while in others only one or two members of a family were attacked. To day hundreds are suffering from its effects, many of whom will never be able to do anything, and will in time waste away and die, the victims of this terrible disease.

After considerable research it was found that the lead was conveyed into the stomachs of the sufferers by bread and meal, and as a greater part of those staples were manufactured at the mill of a Mr. Marsh at Philipsburg, an investi-gation was at once made in that direction, and, greatly to the surprise of every one, the miller himself included, it was discovered that the lead became mixed with the meal at the mill in con-sequence of a run of stone, which was old, hav-ing the cavities filled up with lead. In this way every pound of flour became mixed with as much lead as would make a small buckshot. When the flour was fermented and subjected to the baking process, this lead became immediately transformed into carbonate of lead, the deadliest of all poisons. Besides the 213 poisoned by this process in the immediate vicinity of Mid-dleton, about 100 have been poisoned in Goshen. Several of these cases have terminated fatally.

NEW YORK, June 20.—Col. Roberts, Presi-dent of the Fenian Brotherhood, was introduced on the floor of the Senate at Washington by the Hon. Mr. Wilson, on Monday, and to the crowd assembled at Sailors' and Solders' Orphan Fair in the evening, by the Speaker of the House of Congress, Mr. Colfax. He addressed the crowd on the subject of Irish liberty, and Speaker Col-fax also delivered a few remarks. Head Centre Stephens was to have been introduced on the floor of Congress by invitation of Speaker Col-fax; but understanding that similar honors were intended for Roberts, he declined, as he thought it would look like a collusion between himself and Col. Roberts to the people of Ireland.

Gold 153.

NEW YORK, June 20, p m —A Neutrality Bill was introduced into the Congress to-day. It makes it legal for the people of this country to sell munitions of war, vessels of war, &c., &c., to any government and people with whom we are at peace. It takes England's example dur-ing the last American war, and makes it the rule for the future.

Gold 152.

NEW YORK, June 21.—The Panama *Star* says that when last seen the Spanish fleet was steaming for the south-west evidently bound through the straits to Montevideo for supplies. Two vessels had left the fleet, probably for Manilla, where the Spaniards have a large store of munitions of war, and the entire fleet may come back again.

The last steamer from Point Lookout had on board 180 Spanish subjects who were compelled to leave the country. Gold 151 1-4.

NEW YORK, June 21, p. m.—A Galveston (Texas) despatch says the steamer *Crescent* brings an extra Rio Grande *Courier* of the 19.h inst., with details of the capture by the Liberal forces under Grevin of a large merchandize train from Matamoras to the interior. The train was conveyed by 10 Imperialist companies, numbering 350 men under Captain Heppa; 100 guer-illas, made up of Confederates, and 1500 Mexi-can Imperialists. It had 8 pieces of artillery and 6 Mexican guns. The fight lasted one hour when the train was captured on the 16th inst., about 3 leagues from Canango Canal, and Maranina and Escabado with their remnants and placed themselves under Grevin. The Li-berals numbered 2500, well armed and equipped. The train contained merchandize and ammuni-tion of great value. Gen. Olivaras was wounded, and passed through Reynoas on Saturday night. Several officers of his command had ar-rived at Matamoras who confirmed the capture of 800 prisoners of Olivaras, and about 400 others with the convoy were sent to Canango under a double guard, with orders not to allow anything to be touched. Rumor says the Mexi-can Imperialist regiment changed sides in the fight. The Imperialists have suffered an irrepa-rable loss by this capture. Twenty-one of the Austrians escaped.

A Monterey specie train is reported as being at Calva for 6 days attempting to return to Mon-terey, and fears entertained that it would also be captured. Gold 148.

BOSTON, June 22.—Judges Metcalfe and Thomas, of Boston, and Holmes, of St. Louis, awarded the first prize for first-class law disser-tations at Harvard University to J. Travis, of St. John, N. B., against very formidable compe-tition.

NEW YORK, June 22, p.m.—A Vera Cruz letter dated the 15th, states that the yellow fever is raging in that city fearfully. The last steamer from Europe brought 800 troops for Maximilian. The liberals have released 28 of the confederates captured near Cordova. All work on the Im-perial railroad to the city of Mexico has been discontinued for want of funds and from the aggressions of the Liberals. The Imperialists have lost and abandoned most of their impor-tant cities in the interior, and the general im-pression is that the Empire will not last long. Maximilian is in great financial distress. The Americans on the Cordova settlement are dis-heartened and preparing to return to the United States. Tampico is surrounded and closely in-verted by a strong force of Liberals. The Liberals are very active in the neighborhood of Matamoras.

Gold 149¼.

NEW YORK, June 22.—A despatch from Toronto says:—"It is expected that the New Brunswick Legislatures will adopt the Confeder-ation Scheme, and delegates from the various Provinces will probably leave for England at the end of the present month."

A fire at St. Joseph's, Missouri, yesterday destroyed property valued at $300,000.

An Austrian decree has been received at Washington, stating that all American vessels not having goods contraband of war on board, shall be unmolested by her Navy.

Gold 149 1-4.

NEW YORK, June 23, p. m.—Six deaths from Cholera have occurred in Elizabeth, N. J.

An Ottawa Canada despatch says, much ex-citement was caused in the Canadian Parliament, by a speech of Mr. Chambers, who declared that it was impossible for Canada to support troops enough to defend herself against the United States. It was three millions of people against thirty-five millions. He also called for an investigation into the conduct of some of the Commanders of Provincial troops in the recent trouble, and denounced the management of the Volunteers as a blunder. The speech origina-ted in a motion by Mr. Galt, to indemnifiy the Government for the expenses incurred in the invasion, which was adopted.

GALVESTON, TEXAS, 22nd.—The train cap-tured near Camarao consisted of 368 wagons, and was valued at 300,000 dollars.

Gold 158.

NEW YORK, June 25, P. M.—It is reported that the steamer which sailed from Vera Cruz on the 6th inst., took 5,000,000 dollars from Maximilian to Napoleon.

It is stated that the Fenian Col. Crotty was arrested near Cornwall, Canada, on Saturday, on the canal. He was in uniform. He was lately commander of the St. Louis Fenian Regiment.

Stephens spoke to a large crowd, yesterday, near Jones' Woods. There was no disturbance. He predicted a successful blow for Ireland in 1867.

The cholera patients at quarantine are conva-lescent. There has been no death since Satur-day up to last evening. The passengers on the steamer *Union* will be sent to the city. No new cases reported in the city on Sunday.

Paris dates, of the 12th inst., state that the Emperor of France, in a letter to M. Drouyn Lhuys, has defined the attitude France would have observed if the Conference had met.—She would have repudiated all idea of territory aggrandizement so long as the European equi-librium should not be disturbed. Gold 153.

European.

NEW YORK, June 25.—The steamer *Germa-nia*, from Southampton, with dates to the 12th inst., has arrived.

The London *Times* says: "An opinion seems to have arisen here, that after last week's expe-rience, no serious attempt will be made to op-pose the seven pounds franchise.

FRANCE.—*La France* believes the rumours of an expected Imperial message and the issue of a new loan are unfounded, and says: "Should Mons. Rouher be questioned on the policy of the Government, he will only repeat the third of May declaration.

SPAIN.—Marshal O'Donnell has expressed opinion that the year 1866 will not pass without Spain having to defend her territory.

ITALY.—In the Chamber of Deputies, the first article of the Bill for the suppression of all relig-ious bodies throughout Italy, was almost un-animously adopted.

AUSTRIA.—The passport system has been in-troduced. The Emperor has started for the Head-quarters of the army of the North.

PRUSSIA.—The minister of the Interior has been deputed by the King to rely to the various addresses in favour of peace. He regrets the absence of that devotion, which characterized the Breslau address. The Convocation of the Holstein States has not been annulled. The Austrian Ambassador has not left Berlin.

BAVARIA.—The popular agitation against Prussia increases. The Ultra Montaine party is desirous that Bavaria should take part with Aus-tria. Efforts are being made to arouse the King to change his Ministry, who maintain the policy of declaring against the powers that shall com-mence the war.

THE DUCHIES.—Austria has protested against the policy of putting the Prussians into Holstein, declaring such a step to be a violation of the Gastein Convention. The Prussians have occu-pied Bramstadt, Horst, and Itzehoe, and will oc-cupy immediately Gluckstadt and Elmshorn. Gen. Manteuffel had arrived at Itzehoe. Prus-sia has appointed Baron Sheel Plessen Pre-sident of Schleswig Holstein. He has issued a proclamation stating that Gen. Manteuffel will proceed against any act that Prussia regards as illegal on the part of the former Government or the States about to meet. The opening of the Estates is expected with much anxiety. Austria will not permit the meeting in any part of the Holstein. Gen. Manteuffel has issued a procla-mation, stating that the King of Prussia intends in conformity with the principle of the unity of both Duchies to convoke the Estates of Schles-wig Holstein in order to prepare for this unity. The necessary preparations for this convocation have been made.

Breadstuffs firm.
Provisions steady.
Consols 86½ to 86¾.
U. S. 5-20's. 65 3 4.

NEW MUSIC.—We have received, and would recommend to lovers of good music, the follow-ing pieces, published by O. Ditson & Co., Bos-ton, and for sale by Z. S. Hall of this city.—"I built a bridge of fancies," by Fricker. "Be gentle with the fallen," by Bailey; two simple, but effective songs. "Kathleen Avoon," with variations by Brinley Richards. "Sunbeam Schottish," by Gilbert. "Humming Bird Waltzes," by Coote;—all attractive Piano Forte compositions.

From the establishment of Horace Waters, New York, we have before us "Sunlight" a brilliant instrumental piece by Mr. Parkhurst. "I'll marry no man if he drinks," a Temperance song; and "You must be a lover of the Lord," a sacred air, set with a pleasing chorus to a fa-miliar hymn.

Marriages.

At Sheffield, on the 13th inst, by the Rev. James Tweedy, at the residence of the bride's brother, Rich-ard N. Knight, Esq., of Carleton, St. John, N. B., to Sarah J., youngest daughter of Thomas Harrison, Esq., of Sheffield.

At Christ Church, Brooklyn, New York, on the 30th ult., by the Rev. A. Partridge, Edwin S. Taylor, to Annie Victoria, daughter of E. G. W. Greenwood, of this city.

Deaths.

On the 21st inst, in the 72d year of his age, Mr John Philip, a native of Kircaldie, Scotland.

On the 22nd inst, Mr. William Mitchell, in the 43d year of his age

On the 22d inst, Elizabeth Maria, eldest daughter of the Hon. Judge DesBarres

On the 20th inst., Margaret Watson, aged 80 years, a native of Aberdeenshire, Scotland.

At Hantsport, on the 10th inst, Rachel, beloved wife of Peter Shey, Esq., in the 68th year of her age.

At Dartmouth, on the 20th inst, Mr John J Par-ker, a native of Shropshire, England, in the 67th year of his age.

On the 23rd inst., Ann, wife of William Holland, aged 37 years

Drowned, on the 21st inst., Alfred, son of Mr. Wm. Newcomb, aged 23 years.

Shipping News.

PORT OF HALIFAX.

ARRIVED.

WEDNESDAY, June 20

Brigs Fawn, Doat, Barbadoes; Margaret Leah, London; brigts Wanderer, Layhold, Cienfuegos; Minnehaha, Taylor, New York.

THURSDAY, June 21

Steamers Alhambra, Nickerson, Charlottetown; Commerce, Paine, Boston; brig Chanticleer, Matson, Boston; schrs Prince of Wales, McNab, Cienfuegos; Robt Noble, Ormiston, do; Cordelia, St John, N B.

FRIDAY, June 22

Steamer Africa, Anderson, Boston; H M S Dun-can, Capt Gibson, Quebec; H M S Wolverine, do; H M S Cherub, Plymouth; barque Jean Lithgow, Doo-dy, New York; brigt Elsie, O'Brien, Porto Rico; schr Spray, Boston.

SATURDAY, June 23

Brigt Enterpise, Gould, New York; schr Julia, Fenton, do.

SUNDAY, June 24

H M S Jason, Portsmouth; H M S Minstrel, do; schrs Six Sisters, Grant, Boston; Geo McKeen, Ham-met, Kingston, Jam.

MONDAY, June 25

Brigt George F, Glasgow; schrs Will o' the Wisp, Power, Sheet Harbour; John Gilpin, Kenny, do; El-len, Thorpe, do; Emma, Balcam, do; Gipsy Bride, Watt, do; Ellen, Shehnutt, Bay Chaleur.

CLEARED.

June 23—Barks Klockman, Shubenhaden, Mira-michi; Wilhelmine, Beckmar, Buctouche; brig Frank, Jones, Barbadoes; brigt Eliza, Boudrot, Bad-deck; schrs Meesenger, Young Lunenburg; Foam, McLeod, Liverpool; Eliza, Young, Port Mulgrave; Father Matthew, Boudrot, Arichat; Superb, Swaine, Sydney; Mary, Nickerson, Liverpool.

June 25—Steamer Island City, Wood, Liverpool, Shalburne and Yarmouth; ship Lebanon, George, Quebec; barques Fearess Ivlktout, Greenland; Mil icite, Munn, Richibucto; brigt Clora, White, Lingan; schrs C McKean, McKean, Yarmouth; Margaret A, Thomas, Arichat; Saladin, Charlton, Bridgewater; Martha, Orong, Bay St George.

THE

SINGER

FAMILY MACHINE.

OUR Letter A. Family Sewing Machine, with all the new improvements, IS THE BEST and CHEAPEST, (working capacity considered) and most beautiful Sewing Machine in the world.

No other Sewing Machine has so much capacity or a great range of work, including the delicate and ingenious process of Hemming, Braiding, Binding Embroidering, Felling, Tucking, Cording, Gathering, &c.

The Branch offices are well supplied with Silk Twist, Thread, Needles, Oil, &c., of the best qua-lity. Machines for Leather and Cloth work always on hand.

The Singer Manufacturing Company,
No. 458 Broadway, New York,
Oct 25 H. A. TAYLOR, Agent, Halifax.

New Advertisements.

New and Choice Piano Music!

Afloat on the Tide. *M Keller.* 30
Gently our boat glides along o'er the stream,
Wood by the tide, and we woo by our dream.
Be kind to Darling Sister Nell. *H P Danks* 30
Kiss me while I'm Dreaming. *Wimmerstedt.* 3
I am happy thus to slumber,
While such sweet dreams come to me;
Kiss me Sister while I'm dreaming,
Let me dream again of thee.
I love the little rippling Stream. *Crosby.* 30
The ragged cliff, the ragged plain.
The brooklet in the valley,
I love them all, but not so dear
As my sweet charming Nellie.)
Dear Father, drink no more. *Ackerman.* 30

The above sent by mail postpaid on receipt of price. OLIVER DITSON & CO, Publishers, 27, Washington street, Boston.

BAZAAR

and TEA MEETING.

THE Ladies of the Wesleyan Congregation at Shubenacadie purpose holding a Bazaar and Tea Meeting in the School house near Mr. Black-burn's, on Thursday, the 12th day of July. To open at 1 o'clock, p. m.

june 27

JUNE—1866.

INLAND ROUTE

St. John, Portland, Boston, &c.

Fares Reduced

THE Steamer Empress will leave Windsor for St John during the month of June, as follows:—

Saturday, 16,	2 00 p m
Wednesday, 20,	5 00 a m
Saturday, 23,	7 00 p m
Wednesday, 27,	10 30 a m
Saturday, 30,	1 00 a m

Connecting with International Company's Steamers, which leave St. John for Eastport Port-land, and Boston, every Monday and Thursday mornings at 8 o'clock.

FARES

Halifax to St John,	$4 00
" to Eastport	5 50
" to Portland	7 00
" to Boston	8 00

Connecting with the Grand Trunk Railway at Portland for all parts of Canada and the West. Through Tickets and any further information can be had on application to

A & H CREIGHTON, Agents.

june 13

R. N. BECKWITH & CO.

89 Granville Street,

HAVE by recent arrivals from London, Liverpool and Glasgow, completed their

Spring Importations

COMPRISING A VARIED ASSORTMENT OF

STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS.

And are now prepared to attend to their customers WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

may 23.

E. REMINGTON & SONS.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Revolvers, Rifles,

Muskets and Carbines,

For the United States Service. Also,

Pocket and Belt Revolvers,

REPEATING PISTOLS,

RIFLE CANES REVOLVING RIFLES,

Rifle and Shot Gun Barrels, and Gun Materials sold by Gun Dealers and the Trade generally.

In these days of Housebreaking and Robbery, every House, Store, Bank, and Office, should have one of

REMINGTONS' REVOLVERS.

Parties desiring to avail themselves of the late improvements in Pistols, and superior workman-ship and form, will find all combined in the New

Remington Revolvers.

Circulars containing cuts and description of our Arms will be furnished upon application.

E. REMINGTON & SONS, Ilion, N. Y.
MOORE & NICHOLS Agents,
No. 40 Courtland St New York.

ju 6

Steamer "Africa."

JUST OPENED AT

99 Granville Street 99

NEW MILLINERY.

99—GRANVILLE STREET—99

ju 13. SMITH BROS.

REV. A. McBEAN,

Superintendent of Colportage

FOR THE

Am. Tract Society,

147 Lockman St.,

HALIFAX, N. S.

Communications respecting Colportage may be addressed as above may 9

Horrockse's White Cottons

At 99 Granville Street.

JUST received a full supply of the above, which will be offered by the piece considerably lower than heretofore.

SMITH BROTHERS,
may 9 99 Granville street.

IS THERE

any VIRTUE in

Mrs. S. A. ALLEN'S

WORLD'S

HAIR RESTORER

AND

ZYLOBALSAMUM?

CONVINCING TESTIMONY

FROM

DISTINGUISHED CLERGYMEN.

REV. C. A. BUCKBEE, *Asst Treasurer American Bible Union, N. Y. City*, writes: "I very cheerfully add my testimony to that of numerous friends, to the great value of Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum."

REV. J. WEST, Brooklyn, L. I.: "I will testify to their value in the *most liberal sense*. They have restored my hair where it was bald, and, where gray, to its original color."

REV. A. WEBSTER, Boston, Mass.: "I have used them with great effect. I am now neither bald nor gray My hair was dry and brittle; it is now soft as in youth."

REV. H. V. DEGEN, Boston, Mass.: "That they pro-mote the growth of the hair where baldness is, I have the evidence of my own eyes."

REV. JOHN E. ROBIE, Buffalo: "I have used both the Restorer and the Zylobalsamum, and consider them in-valuable. They have restored *my gray hair to its original color.*"

J. H. EATON, LL. D., President Union University, Tenn., writes: "I have used Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum. The falling of my hair has ceased, and my locks, which were quite gray, are restored to their original color.

Sold by Druggists throughout the World.

PRINCIPAL SALES OFFICE,

Nos. 198 & 200 Greenwich St., New York.

Numerous Certificates as above.

A RARE CHANCE!!

The 'Brooklyn Farm,'

Is Now Offered FOR SALE.

THE property of John Lane, DeSable, P. E. Island. It is long and well known as one of the best Farms in the District, comprising 120 Acres—chiefly cleared. The rear is covered with a valuable growth of Hardwood; in front is a small Marsh, cutting 4 or 5 tons hay. The fields are well watered, and in size, from 4 to 6 acres, separated by Thorn and Spruce Hedges, and Dykes of Stone and Sod.

As this FARM has never been offered for sale before, nor intended so to be, the land is in the most perfect state of cleanliness and high culture.

There is a commodious Dwelling House, fronted by a beautiful Garden, soft and hard water, and a good Dairy in connection with the kitchen; ac-companied by Barns, Carriage House, Granary, Workshop Woodhouse, Washhouse, and all the necessary supply of buildings and other conveni-ence and appurtenances requisite about such a residence.

This Property is most beautifully situated at the entrance of DeSable River, convenient to market and manure, marl, &c., &c.; all of which, with many other indescribable advantages, renders it one of the first residences in the country, either for a farmer or private gentleman.

This Property will only be in the market by private contract, until the 1st of July. Any party desirous of embracing such a chance will do well to apply early.

Half the purchase money may remain on the place on interest. For further particulars enquire of the Subscriber on the premises.

ap25 C. S. LANE.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL

DURING the proposed alteration of the pre-mises

THE LONDON DRUG STORE

will be located at 149 HOLLIS STREET, (the Store lately occupied by W. D. Harrington, and next door north of Jas. Hunter,) where the subscriber will be happy to see his old customers and as many new ones as will do him the honour of employing him

GEO JOHNSON,
ju 13 Family & Dispencing Chemist.

BRITISH SHOE STORE!

A. J. RICKARDS

HAS opened a large stock of Boots & Shoes suitable for the Wholesale Trade, comprising the different styles of

Elastic Side and Balmoral Boots.
Women's French Merino, Prunella, Memel, Serge and Kid Boots at very low prices,
Women's stout Leather Boots and Buskins,
Men's Calf and Grain Wellington Boots,
do Stout Grain and Kip Boots, custom made,
do do Lace Shoes, Congress Boots,
Boys' Grain, Balmoral, Calf, Elastic Side, and Pegged Boots, Brogans, Lace Shoes, &c.
Children's Memel, Balmoral, Kid, Elastic side and coloured Prunella Boots, copper tips, and Lace Shoes.

HATS AND CAPS,

At Wholesale only.

Our stock of Boots is very superior, and is offer-ed at exceedingly low prices, Wholesale & Retail.

145 GRANVILLE STREET.

june 18

BAZAAR.

THE Ladies of the Church and Parsonage Aid Society of River John, purpose (D V) holding a Bazaar in aid of the contemplated New Church some time in July next. As the good old Chapel erected chiefly by the zeal of our revered Father McNutt during the early part of his minis-try on this circuit is worn out and unfit for ser-vice, it is now indispensably necessary to build a new one—the friends of Methodism are most ear-nestly and respectfully solicited to render all pos-sible help to accomplish that object. The Com-mittee who will very thankfully receive the "free will offerings" are as follows:

Mrs. J V Jost, Mrs. S. Burns, Mrs. C. Henry Mrs J. Kitchen, River John; Mrs. E. Jost, Hali-fax; Mrs. Wm Harrison, St John; Mrs. James Burns, Guysboro'; Mrs A B Black Truro; Mrs Geo Johnson, Wallace; Mrs. H. Narraway, Pic-tou; Mrs. E. B. Stinson, St. Andrews; Mrs. T. M. Lewis, Yarmouth. CASSIE JOST, Secretary.

N. B. It is requested that the prices be put upon the articles sent.

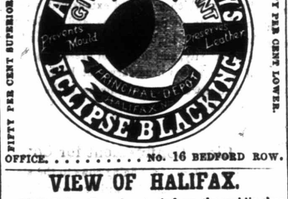
Notice to the Public.

THE CITY RAILROAD CARS will com-mence running for public accommodation on Tuesday morning, 12th inst., at 8 a m, to meet the early trains leaving the city, and will continue throughout the day in each direction at intervals of 15 minutes. The cars will stop at any point di-rected to take up or let down passengers (save on curves.)

Tickets are on sale at the following places:—Messrs. Jacobs & Boyle Hollis st.; George E Morton, Hollis st; R. T. Muir, London Book Store; Lowe's Freshwater Grocery, and also by Conducters on board the cars, and at the Company's Office, in parcel's to suit purchasers.

june 20 1m

FOR SALE EVERYWHERE!



OFFICE..... No. 16 BEDFORD ROW.

VIEW OF HALIFAX.

THE Subscribers beg to inform the public that the delivery of the View of Halifax, cannot be ready for circulation before July. The completion of such an important work of art could not be calculated upon to a week; the artist is deter-mined not to spare time or means in making it satisfactory to the citizens of Halifax. It is, how-ever, confidently expected that copies will be in the hands of each Subscriber by July next.

W. B. WOODBURN, Artist.
may 30. D. McALPINE, Agent.

R. McMURRAY & CO.

NEW SPRING DRESSES,

PER STEAMSHIP "AFRICA"

A large assortment of good and useful dresses at economical prices.

New Fancy Checked Mohairs, 6d to 9d per yard;
Do Chene Checked Mohairs, 1s per yard;
Do Striped and Fancy, 1s 3d. to 1s 9d per yard;
Silk Striped & Brocade Poplins, 2s to 2s 6d per yard;
Shepherd's Plaid Challi, 1s 3d per yard;
New Printed Cambrics, etc.

Commerce House,

144 GRANVILLE STREET.

A large lot of Fancy Goods, Carpets, etc., just arrived per Annette and Ottawa.

may 2

EVERY FAMILY SHOULD HAVE a bottle of

LANGLEY'S CORDIAL RHUBARB,

(Patented 10th March, 1866)

Or a Bottle of

New York Cholera Mixture,

In the house for the time of need—especially in case of attack by night. A dose when the bowels are out of order will speedily act as a corrective.

To be obtained at the London Drug Store, 148 Hollis street. GEO. JOHNSON,
ap 25 Druggist,

JUST PUBLISHED

And for sale at the Wesleyan Book Room, Halifax.

"Newfoundland and its Missionaries,"

In one handsome 12 mo volume;

BY THE REV. WILLIAM WILSON,

Fourteen years a missionary on the Island.

Price $1.50. ap 18

LONDON HOUSE,

GRANVILLE STREET. 103

The Spring and Summer Stock of

DRY GOODS,

&c., at the above Establishment is now complete, and embraces a variety, that for cheapness is unsurpassed (we believe) in the city. Call and judge and act accordingly.

A splendid STOCK of MADE CLOTHING now in stock.—Clothing made to order—Floor Oil Cloth. TEA—Ex "Sir R. G. McDonnell" & "Annette."

THOMSON & CO.

may 30.

THE STANDARD

Life Assurance Company,

Establishdon 1825.

With which is now united the

Colonial Life Assurance Comp'y

Colonial and Foreign Assurances.

AS amalgamation having been formed between the Standard Life Assurance Company and the Colonial Life Assurance Company, the bus-ness of the Unit d Companies will henceorth be conducted under the title of the

STANDARD LIFE ESSURANCE COM'Y

The Annual Revenue of the Standard Company is now upwards of £650 000, and the Accumulat-ed Funds amount to upwards of £3 500 000. Sig. The New Business transacted during the past year amounted to the large sum of £1,375 000 sterling, the corresponding Premiums amoun