"Christianus mihi nomen est, Catholicus vero Cognomen." - "Christian is my Name, but Catholic my Surname."-St. Pacian, 4th Century.

VOLUME XIII.

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Catholic Kecord London, Sat., August 2ad, 1890.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

THE Rev. Sam Small has been appointed President of the new Mathodist University of Ogden in Utah. Those of the Methodist body who do not consider vulgarity in the pulpit to be the best qualification for such a position are not pleased with the appointment. The chief reason for his election is the fact that he is thought to be a successful collector of funds, but the Christian Advocate thinks that for such a position other qualifications should be taken into consideration. It says :

"Mr. Small may be a very capable col-lector; but it would be strange if no-man could be found with the same gift who would have been more generally and favorably known to our Church, and at the same time better commended by his antecedents for a place of such dignity as the head of an educational institution intended to be of the first rank. We doubt whether any Mathodist University wants a president who goes by the name of Sam." "Mr. Small may be a very capable col

THE discontent in St. George's (Angli car) Church arising out of alleged Ritualism on the part of the rector, has culminated in the formation of a new corgrega. tion by the dissentien's. They have asked Bishop Lewis to appoint as their pastor the Rev. J. F. Garman, rector of Renfrew, whose Low Church viewe suit them better.

THE trustees of Toronto University Gladstone and all who acknowledge him have received the cheque for \$10,000 voted by the Quebec Legislature towards not stay the avalanche which will soon rebuilding the institution. The trustees have paid no attention to the advice of the Francophobists who recommended that the money be refused. They have, on the contrary, passed unanimously a resolution thanking the Legislature for is far from being acceptable to the the generous gift and for the expression of good-will which accompanied it.

THE August number of a magazine entitled The Converted Catholic has reached us. It professes to be edited by an expriest, who certainly sees things through distorted spectacles. He says :

The priests will continue to say Masses for souls in Purgetory as long as there is a dollar forthcoming. . . but if pay-ment be not made there will be no Mass. No pay, no pray."

would find that the hirelings whose motto is no pay no pray, are the pastors \$15,000 per annum. Here is where the " no pay no pray " comes in.

LONDON, ONTARIO, SATURDAY, AUGUST 2, 1890.

governing bodies, ruling the different countries or Provinces according to the wishes of the ruled. It is the recollec-tion of this fact which makes so ridicu-lous the alleged apprehension that the establishment of an additional Legisla-ture for Irelandwawuld make smithereens of the Imperial bond. In Canada there are seven Home Rule Parliaments. There is, first of all, in Canada a Domin-ion Parliament, which meets at Ottawa, and consists of two houses, and is elected by voters resident all over the Dominion. Newfoundland, which is outside the Dominion, is ruled by a Legislative Council of fiteen and a House of Assembly of thirty-three. The Parlia-ments in the Canadian Dominion are Quebec, Ontario, Nova Scotia, Prince E Iward's Island, New Brunawick, British Columbia and Manitoba." CAPTAIN FITZ HOBRIGAN, & native of Picton, Oat., obtained high and wellmerited honors at the recent examinations held in the D Infantry school of this city. He has secured a 1st class certificate grade A., and on his return home shall obtain the promotion to which he is entitled_that of Major of his regiment. now stationed at Kingston. We beartily congratulate our gallant young friend, and prognosticate for him (what is a mongst our most fervent wishes) honors still higher, and, should the occasion call for it, a grand career of military glory in the future.

ARCHDIOCESE OF KINGSTON.

Last evening a very large concourse

Facts like these should be of sufficient force to convince men of Prof. Goldwin Smith's calibre that they are doing gross icjustice to the cause in which the Irikh Nationalists are advocating, when, as in a recent article by that hater of every-thing Catholic and Irish, they represent as Fenians, anxious to break up the British Government, all who say a word in favor of Irish Home Role. But it is consolatory to know that Professor Smith's opinions are of little weight with the public with whom it rests to pass a verdict upon the demands of Ireland, and there is no longer any doubt what that verdict will be at the next election.
Mr. SMITH carries his hatred of Ireland too far when he counts among the enemies of the British Empire Mr. Gladstone and all who acknowledge him as their leader. Such absurdities will not stay the avalanche which will scon were : Very Rev. Dean O'Connor, Ches-terville ; Reva. M Mackey, Maryeville ; I J McCarthy, Williamstown ; J Mater-son, Prescott ; M J Stanton, Smith's Falls ; M A Donahoe, Perth ; J. Twomey, Orysler ; C B Murray, Treaton ; T Davis, Madoc ; C A McWilliams, Railton ; T J Spratt, Wolfe Island ; J H McDonagh, Picton ; C J Daffas, Merrickville ; G Cor-bett, St Andrews ; P A DeSaunhac, E at Cornwall ; W M Fox, Lochlei ; J T Hogan, Napanee ; T Fitzpatrick, St. Raphael's ; G Cicolarl, Ertnsville ; M McDonald, Kemptville ; M C O Brien, Brockville ; J J Connelly, Frankford ; M J Leahy, Moose Creek ; J Fieming, Tweed ; P Har-tigan, Centreville ; W E Walsh, Spencer-ville ; W McDonnell, Glennevis, D A Twomey, Morrisburg ; T McCartby, Read ; J O'Gorman, Ganaucque ; M O'Rourke, Carleton Piace ; D C McRase, Cornwall ; T P O'Connor, Burgess ; J McCartby, Pres cott ; J S Qalan, Brewer's Mills ; T Carey, Westport ; J J Kelly, Young ; J Collins, Madoc ; A Carson, Glennevis ; T M ur-tagh, Kirgston ; J V Neville, Kirgston. His Grace the Archbishop then pro-ceeded to the other platform from which the stone was to be laid. Here the Itt-any of Saints was chanted, after which the stone was laid with due solemnities,

existence of such a country as the United States, except in a single para-graph on one page. It is not surprising that such a paper as the Toronto Mail should gloat over the glorious victory gained at the school elec-tions of that city over the Catholics, since the victory was gained over Christianity as well. It is well known by the articles on prayer and miracles which appear from time to time in the Mail, that it is hostile to Christianity as far as it dares to proclaim its sentiments. But it is a matter of surprise that journals which claim to be religious, and ministers who

henceforth divided in two, that ir, Kingston and Alexandris, have all con-tributed most cheerfully and generously to this memorial fund. For this the Archbishop here offered to them and their congregation his most hearty thanks and prayed God to bless and reward them. You also, Catholics of Kingston, he said, ought to unite with in thanking them and praying the divine blessing upon and praving the divine blessing upon them. His Grace then solemily chanted the Archiept copal benediction, the clergy

Catholic Record.

the Archiepircopal benediction, the clergy and the entire essembly failing on their knees to receive it reverently. Then all retired singing the "Magnifi cat," the oldest and grandest of all Caris-tian hymns. The chapel, which is to be dedicated to the honor of S⁴. James Boanerges, brother of St. John the Divine, will be a hand some stone structure, solidly built and tastefally and appropriately decorated both inside and out. It will be 57 feet 6 inches in length and 27 feet in width on the inside; heighth of wall 17 feet, and from the ground to the top of the cross rom the ground to the top of the cross 46 feet.

The architect is J. Conpolly, R C. A. of 54 Church street, foronto, and the con-tractor is Mr. Newlands, who has also the contract for the grand tower now in contract for the grand tower now in course of erection at the Cathedral and which when finished will add so much to the appearance of the city.

LATEST CATHOLIC NEWS.

Many Florentines are protesting against the burial of Garibaldi in their

eautiful cathedral of Santa Croce. Italian journals state that the dome of St. Peter's Oathedral in Rome is cracking in a somewhat serious manner.

The Athenacum says in a recent issue that "Cardinal Newman proves that the deeper you go into history the less Pro-testant you become," During the last three years nearly 40 per cent, of the children for whom re-sult fees had been paid by the Inter-mediate Educational Board have been educated by the Christian Brothers.

John Sherman, was received into the Catholic Church, some time ago, in Washington, by his cousin Father Sherman, and is now a sincere and practical Catholic.

So opposed is Cardinal Manning to the use of intoxicating drinks that twice when in dauger of death he refused to make use of them; and he appeals to the fact that he cot well as proof that the fact that he got well as proof that they are never necessary.

The priests of San Antonio, Texas, have purchased twenty acres of land in the suburbs of that city and will build Work will begin immediately, and it is to be finished in a years' time.

Lord Randolph Caurchill is favorable to the Carristian Brothers as educators, and he is endeavoring to get the Com-missioners of National Education to make alterations in their rules to enable the Caristian Brothers to obtain State aid for their primary schools.

The last convent of Franciscan Sisters at Dubno, in Russia, wherein all the re ligious from other convents which had been already confiscated, were living, has been closed by the Government and turned into a prison.

Bishop Murray, of West Maitland, Australia, thus attests the success of missionary work among the natives of that colony: "Tae Benedictine Fathers in Western Australia, the Jesuit Fathers in the Northern Territors of South Australia in the Northern Territory of South Austra-lia, the Marist Fathers in New Z aland and the South Sea Islands, the Fathers of the sacred Heart in New Guinea, and I must

THE IRISH CHIEF SECRETARY.

A DIGNIFIED PROTEST.

The following is a copy of a letter ad-dressed by Most Rev. Dr. Woodlock, Bishop of Ardagh, to the Irish Chiet Secretary, resigning his position on the Sanate of the Rayal University, in accordance with the resolution of the

Senate of the Royal University, in accordance with the resolution of the Catholic hierarchy, sgreed to at their recent meeting in Maynooth College: St. Mel's, Longford, 29th June, 1890, SIR-I had the honor, together with the late lamented Cardinal McCabe, of being selected by the Catholic Bishops of Ireland to represent our hierarchy on of Ireland to represent our bierarchy on the Senate of the Royal University at its first institution. Our appointment was accepted as an carnest of the determin-ation of Government to redress our admitted grievances in the matter of higher educati

The first meeting of the Senate was The first meeting of the Senate was held on the 24th June, 1880, and now, after ten years of expectancy, the hopes then created are found illusory. During the last session of Parliament you, sir, in answer to Mr. Sexton's eloquent state-ment, raised new expectations, tut only to disappoint them. It became my duty, therefore, to ask my brother pre-lates at the first opportunity whether it was their wish that I should continue in my present anomalous position or my present anomalous position, or whether, in their opinion, I ought not to resign my seat at their representative on the Senate of the Royal University, thus to protest as far as in us lies against the continued neglect of the interest of the Catholics of Ireland in respect of University education. My most rever-end brathren are of opinion that my duty as their representative is clear and, therefore, I request you, sir, to place in the bands of Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen, through His Excel-lency the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, my resignation of the office of Senator of the Royal University, which she was graciously pleased to confer upon me in her Royal Charter of the 27th April,

Forty-five years ago the right of Irish Catholics to University education was acknowledged, and still, after nearly half a century, we find a Protestant university with a Protestant clergyman as its head with a Protestant clergyman as its head and with teachers nearly all of whom are Protestants, asserting in the Catholic capital of Catholic Ireland Protestant Educational Ascendency. We find that University endowed with an income of over $\pounds 60,000$ a year, while not one shilling of direct endowment is given to the Catholic University of Ireland and Soliting of direct endowment is given to the Catholic University of Ireland, on which our Catholic people have spent $\pounds 200,000$. And after ten years of trial the Royal University, instead of raising our Catholic University to a level, as it was hoped, with Trinity College, Dublin, protects and fosters the Queen's Colleger, founded on the principle of mixed edu founded on the principle of mixed edu cation, which the Catholic Church and even conscientious Protestants condemr

demn. As for mixed education we will have none of it. We demand equality in education on the basis of religion. We ask for nothing more — the Catholic Bishops and people of Ireland will be content with nothing less. I have the honor to be, sir, your faithful servant, + BARTH. WconLock.

Honor to be, er, your matchin servant, + Barrtn. Wcoblock, Bishop of Ardagh and Clonmacnoise, The Right Hon. A. J. Balfour, M. P., Chief Secretary for Ireland.

COLLEGE GREEN.

HOME RULE.

THE BATTLE FOR A PARLIAMENT IN employed in this work. The following are the particulars of the

THE BISHOP OF ARDAGH AND would have been the is evitable verifict . f

NO. 615

the jury. At the court session recently held At the court session recently held at Strekeetown, Roscommon County Mr. O'Conor Morris, county court judge, reduced the sentence of nine months' imprisonment with hard labor, imposed upon Mr. Jasper Tally, editor of the Ros-common Herald, to three months, without hard labor.

hard labor. At Kullarney Quarter Sessions, Kerry Co, County Court Jadge Curran, address-ing the grand jury, congratulated them on the state of the district, fewer outrages having been committed during the past few months as compared with the corres-ponding period of last year. Erictions on the Smith Barry property in Tipperary have been resumed. The grocery premises and corn stores of the

In Tipperary have been resumid. The grocery premises and corn stores of the Messes. Explish, the house of Miss Walsh and the offices of the Tipperary People were taken possession of the other day. The evicting forces were under the con-trol of Colonel Caddell, with District In-spectors Wynne and Gamble and Mr. Arnold Power, sub sheriff.

Arnold Power, sub sheriff. The Wexford Free Press relates the fol-lowing instance of landlord arbitrary con-duct: Since the decrees have been ob-tained rgainst the tenantry on the Ely estate, the agent, Mr. Taylor, has been seting in a very high handled manner. He takes Nathaniel Hammond out for a ditea and points out estil for the July drive, and points out cattle for the bailiff to reize. Several tenants were able to pay their rent, and called at the rent office shortly before decrees being granted, but they were told by the agent that the clerk they were told by the agent that the clerk was not present, and to come next day. The process server was with them next morning before they thought of going to the rent office, and the result was that the tenants so treated had to pay £2 cost. During the year 1889 the Irish lan-guage was taught in fifty-one national schools, in Ireland, the number of pupils examined and the number passed

examined and the number passed being as follows: nine hundred and fourteen pupils examined; five hundred and seventy six pupils passed. Thirteen tenants on the estate of Lord

Castletown have bought their holdings for £14, 187. Mr. Rochfort Maguire, recently elected

Mr. Rochfort Maguire, recently elected by the Nationalists for North Donegal, is an Irish Protestant and a native of the county Roscommon. He is a graduate of Oxford, and has for some years taken a strong interest in Irish political affairs. Mr. Maguire has been associated in South Africa with Mr. Cecil Rhodes, who con-tributed £10,000 to the Irish National funds a few years ago. In the House of Commons recently Mr. W. A. Macdonald asked why there was no volunteer force in Ireland? The Secretary of State for War quoted an

Secretary of State for War quoted an answer given to a similar question in Baladstone, to the effect that there was no reason to doubt the loyalty of the no reason to doubt the loyalty of the majority of the Irish people, but, owing to the strong religious dissensions in the country, it was feared that a volunteer movement would assume a sectarian character. He held that this reason ex-

character. He held that this reason ex-isted in full force now. It is stated by the London corres-pondent on the authority of a prominent official who stands high as one of the organizers of the Conservative party that Mr. Balfour is very doubtful of his own re-election in East Manchester, Larger meiorities than his hore hear own re-election in East Manchester, Larger majorities than his have been reversed during the bye elections, and the Liberals have a good prospect of changing Mr. Balfour's majority of six-hundred and fifty into a minority.

Evictions are again proceeding on the Massarene estate. The usual brutality is in every case exhibited by the police

Emigration from Ireland showed a slight increase in the month of June,

purpose of giving offence to Catholics respectable Protestants who have in them either love of Christianity or of their country. Dr. H. D. Jenkins has published a letter in which he says : "I lately examined scores, if not hundreds, of text-books in use in the Public schools, and I have no hesitation in saying that from a Christian stand-point Meyer's History is the worst. I simply would not permit one of my children to attend a school in which it was used as a text book."

overwhelm the Salisbury Government.

THE NEW history which the Boston

School Board has adopted for the express

Facrs like these should be of sufficient

It is also objected to on the score

If this self styled ex priest, who is that in its seven hundred and twentymost probably an impostor, if we judge five pages there is no recognition of the by the usual facts with regard to like existence of such a country as the anti Catholic zealots, would only look United States, except in a single para-round his own city of New York he graph on one page.

of the Protestant churches which are as the Toronto Mail should gloat over the closed at this very season. The Catho- glorious victory gained at the school elec. lic churches are always open : and, while | tions of that city over the Catholics, since the Catholic priests are laboring hard on the victory was gained over Christianity salaries which barely support them, Fro. as well. It is well known by the articles testant ministers are drawing from their on prayer and miracles which appear congregations, often from \$10,000 to from time to time in the Mail, that it is

A TELEGRAM, evidently sent by Canadian Francophobists to Eoglish newspapers through Reuter's Agency, says that Le Patrie, Mr. Beaugrand, and by insinuation, Mr. Laurier, leader of the Liberal party of Canada, call upon the Ontario Liberals to join it in endeavoring to break up the Canadian Confederation. The fallaciousness of such a telegram of course is evident to all in Canada ; but it We heartily wish them joy of their " vio. cannot be doubted that the determined hostility of a considerable faction of the people of Ontario is creating much disgust in Q lebec against the union of the Provinces. Should such sentiments become much more widespread in impulse from the triumph of fanaticism, Ontario, there is little doubt that the as they were never in more flourishing counter sentiment in Quebec will also condition than they are at present. increase in strength, and the result will inevitably be the breaking up of the Dominion. Let who may lose.

THE Dublin Freeman's Journal gives an admirable reply to those who presist. ently pretend that the object of the agitation for Home Rule is to break up the British Empire. In England and Ireland the term Separatists has been invested by the Tory press on purpos to make the British public believe that the object of the Nationalists is to separ ate Ireland from the Empire, but it is shown that there already exists many Legislatures or Parliament in the Empire with the result that Home Rule is en joyed in the colonies which are governed by them, and that the people of the colonies are all the more loyal to the throne because they are allowed to govern themselves. The Freeman's Jour. nal thus puts the case, and it is certainly a strong argument why the demands of Ireland to govern herself should be the Governor of Cordova, was also obliged granted :

"There are under the British Crown at least a score of native Parliaments, or

claim to be religious, and ministers who profess to be Christian teachers, should sing joyful paus on occasion of such a triumph. None were more loud in proclaiming the result of the elections to be a glorious victory than the Christian Guardian, the Presbyterian Review and Rov. Dr. Fulton, and their sentiments were loudly applauded by Toronto audiences. tory." The Catholics of Boston, however, are not to be defrauded of their faith by aggressive measures of the School Board. The Catholic parochial schools have received an altogether new

THE Russian Minister of the Interior has adopted the plan of preventing all foreign missionaries from preaching

among the Jews, so as to secure to the Greek schismatical Church a monoply of converts.

A SERIOUS insurrection is reported from Buenos Ayres. The 10th regiment of soldiers in garrison in the city, headed by its officers, revolted, on the 26th ult... and being joined by many other battalions advanced on the residence of the President, who was obliged to flee for safety to Rosario. Subsequently he took refuge on board of a foreign ship. The revolution rapidly extended even to the Provinces, and it seems to have become very general. There has been severe fighting in the city and the insurrection. ists are reported to have triumphed everywhere, though the Government still holds out. The President's brother, to make good his escape as best he could. At last account fighting was still

going on.

hine bipartitæ clero populoque in gratiæ ac honoris argumentum collatu struendum, idem Antistes, XLVI, sacredotum corona circumdatus, solemni ritu inchoavit VIII. Kal, Aug. anno MDCOCXC."

TRANSLATION

For a perpetual memorial of the See of Kingston, being now raised to Metro-politan rank, this chapel of St. James Boanerges, to be built with moneys pre-sented to the Most Rev. James V. Cleary, first Archbishop, as a token of gratitude and respect, by the whole clergy and people of his diocess, divided from hence-forth into two, was begun with solemn rite by the same prelate, surrounded by a choir of priests, forty six in number, on the 8th of the kalends of August, in

Archbishop Cleary then spoke a few cheering words to those present, and ex plained the purposes to which the proposed chapel should be applied. He said it was to be the home of Our The shall it was to be the nome of Our Lord Jesus Christ throughout the winter months of all future years. In it the Adorable Sacrifice of the New and Eternal Testamont was to be officied daily by the Great High Priest Himself, through the ministry of His duly or-dained vicarious priests, for application of the merits and satisfaction of the bloody atonement of Calvary to the liv-ing and the dead. The sacraments of baptism and penance and Blessed Eucharist and matrimony will be admin-istered here forever to the children of the faith. The cost of its erection will be something over \$13,000, of which amount \$10,000 have been presented to him (the Archbishop) as a free gift, by the ciergy here present and their conthe ciergy here present and their con-gregations, with liberty to apply the money to any purpose he may deem fit for commemorating the great event of Kingston being elevated in this year of grace to Metropolitan rank. His Grace has closen to devote this generous money-offering to the erection of a memorial chapel in conerection of a memorial drag, which will be of manifold utility to the Catholics of Kingston, whilst it will serve also for various purposes of advantage to the diocese and its ciergy on occasion of ecclesiastical assemblies. The clergy and people of the old diocese, now and

well own members of the secular clergy have rendered signal service by their apostolic labors in be-half of the native races." A writer in an English paper gives the

following interesting particulars of the missionary zeal and excellent work done by 1rish saints in various countries: The Irish built 138 monasteries in di ferent parts of Europe during the first three centurles of their Christian history, and vestiges of their footsteps are in every country. Districts are named after them and cities bear their title. We can count 45 Irish saints in England. 45 in Gaul, 30 in Belgium, 13 in Italy, 8 in Iceland and Norway, and 150 in Germany. We further know that amon them were such men as St. Virgillus of Salzburg, first discoverer of the sphericity of the earth, and the existence of City of the earth, and the existence of the antipodes; John Albinus, the founder of the University of Pavia; St. Cumean, the Patron of the Monastery of Bebbie; St. Gall, the Apostle of Switzerland; Columbkille, the Apostle of the Picts; St. Aiden, the founder of Lindis-fane and the Patron of Northumberland; and St. Boniface, Apostle of Germany.

The following incident, which is related in one of the English papers, being fur nished by its Roman correspondent dent illustrates the antiquity of the Catholic practice of devotion to the Blessed Virgin: "A few days ago the clever professor, M. Marrucci, showed the Oatian catacombs to a distinguished party. Stopping before the picture of the Blessed Virgin holding the Infant Jesus in her arms, he said : 'Protestants pretend that the cult and picture of the pretend that the cult and picture of the Blessed Virgin were not introduced until the Council of Ephesus, in the fifth cen-tury, had proclaimed that the Virgin Mary was really the Mother of God. Now here we have a picture of Our Lady which is anterior by a century to the Council of Ephesus. And it is the most recent of the representations of Mary which are to be found in the catacombs. which are to be found in the catacombs If we were in the catacombs of St. Pris-cilla, I could show you a painting of the Virgin Mother which dates from the first

century, which was seen and venerated if not by the Apostles Peter and Paul themselves, at least by their immediate disciples."

the Bishop of Cloyne against the London edition of the New York Herald, We copy from the London Tablet : In an action for libel, on Thursday,

against the New York Herald by the Bishop of Cloyne, Mr. Lockwood, who appeared with Dr. Commins and Mr. Arthur O'Connor, said he was happy to say it was not necessary for a verdict to be taken, and that, after consultation with defendants' counsel, an order would be drawn up in accordance with an ar rangement. The action was by the Bishop of Cloyne

against the New York Herald for in published in London, in May, 1889 For some years past the plaintiff had held high office in the Church in Ireland. He had not been a political man, although he took a sincere interest in political matters, and had striven to do his duty in his high office. He felt sure that the defendants counsel would agree that during the time the plaintiff had held his office he had done his duty with sincerity and seal. When his pastoral was published he reminded his flock that there were certain distracting occurrences in Ireland which had a ten-dency to withdrew their attention from their religious duties. The defendants put upon the language of that pastoral what was an absolute contradiction of the lan-

guage of the pastoral. The plaintiff did not wish to make money out of the action, and it has been agreed that 100 guineas should be paid him, to be made use of by him in his diocese as he thought fit, and also it was agreed by defendants to pay all costs that had been incurred. He felt sure that Mr. Asquith would give a full apology for the sorrow and pain the libel had caused the plaintiff. Mr. Asquith, Q. C. (who appeared with Sir Charles Russell and Mr. Roskill for Sir Unaries number and the assented to every-thing Mr. Lockwood had said. The writer of the article had been misled by a mutilated report. Yet, spart from that, the libel was entirely unjustifiable. On behalf of the defendants he expressed great re-gret for having published the libel.

gret for having published the libel. Mr. Justice Matthew said he quite sgreed with the course that had been taken. The libel must have been written in entire ignorance of the character of the venerable ecclesiastic. The defendants had taken a wise course in anticipating what

but, according to the Board of Trade returns just issued, it still exhibits a marked decrease when the first six months of this year are compared with the same period of 1889. The number of Irish emigrants in June was 5,286 as compared with 5,181 in the same month last year; but the number for the six months ended 30th June was only 34,605 as against 43,102 for the same period of

The tenants of Mrs. Vandaleur in Kilmacduane, West Clare, have adopted the plan of campaign against their landlord, who lives in London. The tenants met the agents, Mr. Armstrong, on Saturday at Kilrush, when a demand of 63 64 in the pound reduction was made by the ten-ants, who met in a body at the rent office. They stated that this was given to them before, and that a similar reduction had been allowed in his arbitration award by Sir Charles Russell to the tenants on Captain Vandeleur's estate. The agent declined to give such a reduction, but offered 5s. in the pound, which the ten-ants refused. They next proceeded to hold a meeting, when the plan of cam-paign was unanimously adopted, and the rents lodged with a privato trustee.

An admirable illustration of the manner in which law and justice are ad-ministered in Ireland is to be found in the recent conviction of Mr. John Kelly, who was actually sentenced to four months' imprisonment for his use of the pronoun us in a conversation of the pronoun us in a conversation which was overheard by a policeman, who arrested him for treasonable talk. A Mr. O'Dwyer said of a certain woman, who showed considerable courage in the cause of Ireland, "that is the woman to fight." Whereupon Kelly said : "I find that women are great deal more deter-mined for us than the men." It was for this aversation that he was applyed mined for us than the men." It was for this expression that he was sentenced by Balfour's model magistrate. The Liverpool Catholic Times in commenting on the case says the Arians used to be called martyrs of a diphtaong. [Mr. Kelly may well be called the martyr of a pronound. pronoun.

The committee of the National League appeals to all branches to thoroughly re-organize and to contribute to the central funds, upon which heavy calls are made. 1

rec.