C. M. B. A.

Jno. K. Barrett, of Winnipeg, has been appointed a District Deputy for Manitoba, British Columbia, Northwest Territory, and the Districts of Thunder Bay and Rainy River in Ontario. This makes Brother Barrett's eastern limit, Port Arthur.

The Grand Council of the Catholic Mutual Benefit Association of Canada is incorporated in Ontario under the General Act of Incorporation.

We have now one hundred and seventeen Branches in Canada and five more ready to be organized.

Assessments 1 and 2 have been issued calling for the payment of thirty three deaths, five of which are in Canada.

The amount in the reserve fund of the Grand Council of Canada at the present time is $7,568 03.

An Impressive Ceremony.

On Thursday morning St. Mary's church, St. Catharines, was filled to its utmost capacity by the sorrowing members of the congregation, the occasion being the grand Requiem High Mass for their lamented deceased pastor, the Rev. Father Haggerty. The Mass, a solemn and imposing ceremony, was celebrated by Vicar General Rooney (representing the Archbishop), assisted by Rev. Father Sullivan, of Thorold, as deacon, and Rev. Father McPhillips, as sub deacon; with Very Rev. Fathers Kites and Walsh in attendance. Rev. Dean Harris delivered the funeral discourse, and a grander display of eloquence has not in many years been heard in this city. The eloquent gentleman avoided all doctrinal points and technical references, delivering a touching tribute to the dead pastor, moving his hearers to bursts of audible sorrow, while tears filled his own eyes, his emotion at times nearly overpowering him. It was a masterpiece of oratorical display, the more affecting as the reverend gentleman was unconscious of the effect it produced, being wrapped up in the pathetic terms with which he paid acknowledgment to the merit and piety of his co laborer. The body of the deceased priest remained in state in St. Mary's until Friday evening.

From an early hour crowds were flocking to the little church. The death of this good priest caused as much mourning in the homes of his parishioners as if a member of the household had been snatched away by the dark angel. Long before the hour announced for the removal of the remains to the Grand Trunk station for carriage to Montreal, where the final interment would occur, the little chapel was densely packed, all testifying to the loss sustained in a true friend and counselor, whose advice often guided aright many members of his flock. The body was clothed in full vestments, having a gold chalice in the clasped hands, with a beretta on the head. The casket was of red cedar, covered with fine black broad cloth, and heavily molded. The handles were of solid silver, with a gold cross in the centre of each. A silver plate on the casket bore the following inscription:

REV. CHARLES JOSEPH O'HAGGERTY, P. P.,
AGED 34 YEARS
Requiescat in Pace

The interior of the coffin was handsomely upholstered in satin; the outside case was polished oak, with massive silver handles and silver corners, the interior being lined with violet plush.

The C. M. B. A., to the city branch of which the deceased belonged, was represented by large delegations from Niagara Falls, Thorold, Merritton and Port Dalhousie, while the local branch turned out to a man.

The pallbearers were Messrs. J. E. Lawrence, Capt. John Sullivan, W. J. Flynn, M. Sullivan, T. Durnin and John Nestor.

Notwithstanding the threatening weather the route of the cortege from the church to the Grand Trunk was lined with onlookers, while the concourse itself was quite large.

The body was placed on the 5:17 train, for Montreal, Capt. John Sullivan accompanying the same on behalf of the C. M. B. A. Thus were the final melancholy honors paid to a good man, a zealous and devoted priest and a sincere friend leaving the parish of St. Mary's on the hill to bewail the loss of one whose chief care was their temporal prosperity and religious conduct.

Resolutions of Condolence.

Perth, Feb 3 d, 1890.

At the regular meeting of Branch 89, Perth, the following resolutions of condolence were read and passed on motion of Brother B. J. Conway, seconded by Brother James Hartney:

Resolved, That whereas it has pleased Almighty God to remove by death the father of our esteemed brother, J. Horan,

Resolved, That the members of St. John's Branch of C. M. B. A. tender Brother Horan and family our sincere sympathy in the sad bereavement which it has pleased the will of Divine Providence to inflict on them.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to Brother Horan and published in the CATHOLIC RECORD and the C. M. B. A. Monthly. JOHN DOYLE, Rec Sec.

Perth, Feb. 3d 1890

At the regular meeting of Branch 89, Perth, the following resolutions of condolence were read and passed on motion of Brother B. Conway, seconded by Brother James Hartney:

Resolved, That whereas it has pleased Almighty God to remove by death the sister of our esteemed Brother, Peter John Adams,

Resolved, That the members of St. John's Branch of C. M. B. A. tender Brother Adams and family our sincere sympathy in the sad bereavement which it has pleased the will of Divine Providence to inflict on them

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be given to Brother Adams and published in the CATHOLIC RECORD and the C. M. B. A. Monthly. JOHN DOYLE, Rec, Sec.

Richmond, Jan. 31st, 1890.

DEAR SIR—Will you kindly insert the following resolution, which was passed at the regular meeting held on Friday, Jan. 31s, in the CATHOLIC RECORD and you will greatly oblige the members of C. M. B. A., Branch 102:

It was moved by Rec. Sec. Henry Pearson, seconded by Brother C. N. Desauniers, whereas, it has seemed good to Almighty God the Disposer of events, to remove from our midst the father of our worthy and esteemed President C. Bedard, and,

Whereas, the intimate relations held by our worthy Brother with this Branch render it proper that we should place on record our feelings of regret at his loss, therefore be it

Resolved, That we deplore the loss of our worthy President's father with deep feeling of regret softened only by the confident hope that his spirit is with those having fought the good fight here and are enjoying perfect happiness in a the world.

Resolved, That we tender to his afflicted relations our sincere condolence and earnest sympathy in their affliction at the loss of one who was a good citizen, a devoted father and an upright man

Resolved, That a copy of the above resolution be sent to the relatives of deceased, and recorded in the minute book and a copy sent to the CATHOLIC RECORD

J. N. DUBRULE, President pro tem.
HENRY PEARSON, Rec. Sec.

Moved by C. B. Ryan, seconded by John Frezell, that the following resolutions of condolence be adopted by Branch 19, Ingersoll:

Whereas our worthy and esteemed President, Robert Keating, has recently undergone the sad affliction of the loss of his beloved wife by the stern hand of Death, be it therefore,

Resolved, That the member of this Branch hereby earnestly extend to Brother Keating and family their heartfelt sympathy in their great loss, and trust that Divine Providence may grant them fortitude to reconcile themselves to the will of our Heavenly Father in their sad bereavement; and furthermore be it

Resolved That we sincerely condole with Brother Keating and family in their sad affliction and that a copy of this resolution be sent to Brother Keating and family and the official organs of the C. M. B. A., and spread on the minutes of this Branch.

Chatham, Feb 8 1890.

To the Officers and Members of Branch 8:

GENTLEMEN—Please accept my sincere thanks for your prompt payment of $2,000, the Benefiary in your society held by my son, the late James E. Curtis, handed me by your Secretary, as well as for your manifestations of sympathy during his illness

Yours respectfully,
MRS JAMES CARROL.

At a special meeting of Branch 8, held Dec. 22nd, 1890, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas it has pleased Almighty God in His infinite wisdom to call from amongst us our much esteemed and worthy Brother, James E. Curtis, and by his death this Branch has lost a devoted member,

Resolved, That, while humbly submitting to the will of Providence we cannot refrain from expressing the sorrow we feel in the loss we have sustained, and of tendering to his relatives our heartfelt sympathy in their sad bereavement; be it further

Resolved, That our charter be draped in mourning and prayers be offered for the repose of his soul at our regular meetings for three months.

W. J. MCRENER, Rec. Sec.

Dundas Feb 8th, 1890.

THE EDITOR—The following resolutions were passed at a meeting of Branch 11, Dundas, held last evening:

Yours truly,
T. A. WARDELL, Rec. Sec.

Whereas it has pleased Almighty God in His infinite wisdom and goodness to take from us our esteemed and worthy Treasurer, Brother Cornelius O'Connor, and

Whereas by his death this Branch suffers the loss of a true and faithful friend, his wife a kind and devoted husband, and his children a fond and loving father, therefore be it

Resolved, That the members of Branch 11, C. M. B. A. tender his wife and children their sincere sympathy in this the sad hour of their affliction, and be it further

Resolved, That this resolution be published in the local papers, also in the official organs of the C. M. B. A., and entered in the minutes of this meeting and that a copy be sent to the bereaved family.

St. Catharines, Feb. 8th, 1890.

At the regular meeting of Branch 10, St. Catharines, held on the 6th, the following resolutions were unanimously passed:

ANDREW MCDONALD, Rec. Sec.

It was moved by J. E. Lawrence, and seconded by G. A. Begy,

Whereas it was pleased the Almighty, the Creator and Giver of all, to take from us our kind-hearted and worthy Brother, Rev. Father O'Hagarty, and whereas by his death this Branch looses a sincere and faithful friend, and St. Mary's parish of this city a devoted and exemplary pastor, therefore be it

Resolved, That the members of Branch 10, St. Catharines, tender his aged mother, sisters and cousins, their heartfelt sympathy in these the days of their sorrow, and pray to God to guard and direct them in His holy keeping; and be it further

Resolved, That these resolutions be spread on the minutes of this Branch and be published in the official organ, and that a copy of the same be presented to his bereaved relatives, also our charter be draped for thirty days.

M. J. MCCARRON,
CAPT. JOHN SULLIVAN } Committee.
J. E. LAWRENCE

Election of Officers.

Branch 12, Berlin.

President, Louis von Neubronn
First Vice-President, Joseph Fehrenbach
Second Vice Pres, John Wintermeyer
Treasurer, Joseph Winterhalt
Recording Sec, John F Stumpf
Assistant Secretary, Alex von Neubronn
Financial Secretary, Thomas Tracy
Assistant Financial Sec, Allis Bauer
Marshal, Frank Hesse
Guard, Nicklaus Welheiser
Trustees, for two years, Marks Frank, Frank von Neubronn and Valentine Schwinn; for one year, John Wintermeyer and Henry Lang.

Branch 36, Port Lambton.

Spiritual Adviser, Rev N Dixon
Chancellor, P J Gibroy
President, John McCarron
First Vice President, Geo W Downs
Second Vice President, M L O'Leary
Recording Secretary, Nicholas Hall
Assistant Recording Sec, James O'Leary
Financial Secretary, Richard Cano
Treasurer, John Hennigan
Guard, D L Goodwin
Marshal, Chas Ridge
Trustees, Jas O'Leary and N Hall.

IRELAND'S STRUGGLE.

Everybody is preparing for the opening of what promises to be the most interesting session of Parliament for many years next Tuesday. Parnellites, Gladstonians, Tories, every party, with the exception, perhaps, of that puny aggregation of nondescripts, known as Liberal Unionists, whose leader, Mr Joseph Chamberlain, has buried himself in Egypt, have their plans laid. The decision of the courts in the suit of Mr Parnell against the London Times has infused new hope into the Parnellites' hearts. It is the unanimous opinion of the leaders here that the Tories will concede anything the Parnell party demands in regard to the report of the parliamentary commission. Forward! is the watchword and home rule the end looked for in the very near future. Mr. Gladstone has gone up to Oxford to live in bachelor seclusion and academic meditation until Parliament meets. A suite of apartments in his old college of All Souls has been turned over to him, and, though he dines in the hall, it is understood for the rest that his privacy will not be intruded upon. He declined to receive an address from the Liberal Association of the university because he desired absolute immunity from speeches, but strong pressure is being brought to bear to get him to attend a non partisan meeting next week of the Oxford Union, the famous debating society of which he was president in 1828. From this calm and scholastic retreat the old man will emerge next Tuesday to lead an impetuous and fierce attack on the ministry, with his lean fore-finger pointing in trembling indignation at Mr. Balfour and with wild cheers of the Irish members punctuating his periods.

Omens of great political excitement increase as the time for the meeting of Parliament approaches. There is still entire uncertainty as to what the report of

THE PARNELL COMMISSION

is like, and even as to whom it will be delivered to. Some say to the home office, others to the speaker, but it is characteristic of the sacred fetichism which surrounds everything official here that nobody has dared to ask those dignitaries who know. There are rumors that Justice Day has differed with his colleagues on the most important point, but there is no reason for believing this to be the case.

The election for the Partick division of Glasgow has been fixed for Tuesday, so that the evening of the opening session will be oppressed by deep anxiety on both sides to know the news, and there is certain to be a tumultuous demonstration over the figures which ever way they go. It is a very hard fight, owing to the fact that Partick is a suburb filled with wealthy residents whose sympathies are Tory, and, though the Liberals will gain votes, it will be a matter of great surprise if they succeed in wiping out the whole adverse majority of 800.

But the most dramatic of the events clustering about this inaugural date will be the monster reception to be given to William O'Brien in London the evening of the 12th. He is to address a mass meeting in Holborn, and the preparations indicate that the occasion will be a memorable one. It is O'Brien's first appearance at a metropolitan public meeting, and the personal interest aroused by his fainting on the platform in Leeds last week, and by his whole remarkable struggle against physical weakness in prison and out, has made him for the time a distinct hero in the eyes of the London crowd. This fainting fit was a disagreeable reminder to him that there are limits to human endurance. His highly strung and nervous temperament is unfitted for the continuous and heavy strain which he puts upon it, and, as a result, he fainted twice in attempting to address his audience. The only rest the Irish patriot allows himself is while in a cell. But Irish prisons are by no means convalescent homes.

OLD LINE TORIES

are furious over the report that Mr. Goschen intends recommending that a part of the treasury surplus be devoted to free education. The Standard devotes a savage leader to the denunciation of the idea, declaring that there is no difference in principle between providing the poor with gratuitous knowledge and providing them with gratuitous bread, boots and blankets. Further on it exclaims that the character of the English people is certain to be fatally injured if these demoralizing doctrines of free education are ever carried out upon a large scale, a view which will be of help to American readers in forming an idea what the Tory party in England really is like. A pronunciamento of this sort may possibly scare Mr. Goschen out of his plan, but it is more likely that it will be presented, and that after immemorial precedent the party whip will be applied to compel the Tories to pass it. This may not, however, happen for a long time yet. Things move here with historic slowness. It will be thirty years next month since a select committee of the House of Commons made a report in favor of opening the British Museum in the evening, and these good people, who pride themselves on their energy and executive ability, have this week begun to admit the public to the museum during evenings.

THE PARNELL CASE

The Post says on the Parnell case: While it was not doubted that the Times would lose its case, yet the array of counsel had raised hopes that some extenuating circumstances would be brought out. As this course was not taken, we are compelled to admit that the result is a shock to public confidence.

The News understands that Mr. Parnell will receive not only the costs legally recoverable but the reimbursement of the whole expense he has incurred in the matter. The conclusion is as satisfactory as it is startling. The public now only awaits a ministerial apology, the making of which common courtesy should dictate.

The Chronicle says the acceptance of smaller damages than a jury would have awarded is a proof of genuine moderation, for which Mr. Parnell is entitled to credit.

The Telegraph says it is impossible not to condemn the negligence of the Times in becoming the dupe of a disreputable rascal. The settlement is satisfactory and should be taken to heart by both parties, and the present session might afford a dignified discussion of a great question without the descent to personalities.

The Daily News states that the Parnell case was settled on Saturday, and that counsel for the Times suggested the course which was adopted.

MORE COMMENTS.

The London Star (T. P. O'Connor's paper), in an article on the victory of Mr. Parnell in his suit against the Times, says that Mr Parnell has legally reinstated his character in the face of a tribunal packed by his enemies on the treasury bench. If he had failed to establish his case he must have quitted the House of Commons. Having succeeded, he must be reinstated with appropriate honors. The Star further says that the first duty of Mr. W. H. Smith, the government leader in the House of Commons, is to propose a resolution acquitting Mr. Parnell of the charges made against him and summoning Mr. Walter, proprietor of the Times, to the bar of the House for a grave breach of privilege.

The Dublin Freeman's Journal calls the denouncement in Mr Parnell's action "The Times's Sedan." Nothing in history, it says, is more craven than the course of the Times.

The Pall Mall Gazette says that Mr. Parnell has won a complete victory, both morally and materially. He will carry a conqueror's prestige into the investigation into the charges against him which will be demanded from Parliament.

Mr. Soames, the solicitor for the Times, says that the Times will only pay ordinary costs to Mr. Parnell, and that Mr. Parnell is not released from the payment of the interlocutory.

In addition to the taxed costs in the Parnell case the Times newspaper will have to pay the whole of the actual expenses and loss.

MORLEY'S COMPLIMENTS.

Mr. Morley, speaking at Liverpool, said the Marquis of Hartington's programme was a very poor one. He was sorry for it, as he would like to imagine all Liberals intent upon measures tending to make the lot of the toilers equal to the lot of the wealthy. The Marquis of Salisbury had threatened them with the stubborn resistance of the peers in case Mr. Gladstone should be returned to power. Well, they were prepared for that, and he thought it would have been better for the Tories if they had kept that sinister force in the background. The speaker then paid an eloquent tribute to Mr. Parnell's statesmanship. He said if Mr. Goschen was so satisfied, as he pretended, with the argument on the government's side on the Irish question, he, for his part, was equally satisfied with the results of the bye elections. The Irish, he held, would be deserving only of contempt if they did not show to the utmost their resentment against the present administration.

MORE FORGERIES.

The Dublin Express publishes a number of documents showing the secret organization of a league to promote conspiracy against Smith-Barry, president of the landlords' syndicate, and other landlords. The documents ask the Irish people to brand as traitors and to boycott all persons dealing with emergency agents whose addresses are given. They also show that a vigilance committee was appointed in every parish to obstruct the sale of cattle that have been cared for by emergency men on farms the tenants of which have been evicted.

O'BRIEN AT LEEDS.

Mr. William O'Brien was received at Leeds with an enthusiastic demonstration of the Liberal party. He predicted the policy of calumny toward Mr Parnell and the Irish nation would recoil upon its inventors and the enemies of the Irish cause. He could perceive, he said, that the conscience of the English people was turning, like the needle to the pole, toward the policy of justice, kindness and peace, wherewith Providence had inspired Mr Gladstone. Mr O'Brien was compelled by weakness to stop his speech.

TANNER SENTENCED

Dr. Tanner, member of the House of Commons for the middle division of Cork, has been sentenced to serve three months in prison, or to find two sureties of £100 each, for uttering alleged threats against Smith Barry, head of the landlord syndicate, who has evicted nearly the whole of Tipperary town and large numbers in the surrounding district. Dr. Tanner has appealed.

PARNELL'S CALL

Mr. Parnell has issued a circular calling the attention of his followers to the opening of Parliament. He writes to them that in his judgment constant and unremitting attention to their parliamentary duties will be especially necessary in the coming session, because opportunities are certain to arise for rendering effective service to the Irish cause.

THE CATHOLICS OF SCOTLAND.

Ottawa Citizen, Jan. 27.

"The Catholics of Scotland" is the title of a volume of 872 pages, treating of the history of the Catholic Church in Scotland from 1593, and the extinction of the Hierarchy ten years later, down to the death of the well known Bishop Carruthers in 1852, by the Rev. Father Dawson, LL D, of this city. The author states in his preface that the sketches which make up the volume origially appeared from week to week in the columns of the CATHOLIC RECORD, and that it was owing to the expressed wishes of many persons of Scottish origin that he undertook the responsibility of publishing them in their present form. After a hurried perusal of this book, we are not surprised that such wishes have been expressed, for the interesting and exciting events of that momentous period are recounted with a graphic simplicity of style which can hardly fail to arrest the attention of the reader. Doctor Dawson has shown great industry in collating such a mass of interesting matter, and no small literary skill in the manner in which he has condensed and classified it. The book will probably be bought by most educated Catholics in Canada of Scottish descent as well as by those of other descent and creed, and therefore we may hope that the courage and enterprize displayed by the author publisher will meet with something like an adequate reward. The book can be procured through any bookseller.

Dean Wagner Collects Postage Stamps, etc.,

The following circular speaks for itself, and affords all our readers an opportunity to still further participate in the merits of the good work in which the rev. gentleman is engaged, without any other expense than a postage stamp or two:

Windsor, Ont., Canada.

DEAR SIR—I am collecting cancelled postage stamps of all descriptions, in land revenue stamps, old postal cards, envelopes with postage stamp printed on them (at least the front part on which address is written), wrappers with stamp printed on them, finally bills of broken down banks, which are entirely valueless; all in aid of our Catholic Colored Orphan Asylum.

The older the above valueless goods are the better; but the recent are also acceptable. The stamps should as much as possible not be torn, but cut from the envelopes, leaving about 16th of an inch of the envelope's paper all around, lest they be injured.

I beg you would with the assistance of a few other charitable persons, gather for me, from private individuals and business firms within your reach, as large an amount of these valueless goods as possible, and kindly forward them to me by *parcel post*.

As a reward for your trouble, you will secure for yourself a share in the merits of this apostolic work in which I am engaged.

Wishing you God's blessing, I remain sincerely yours in Christ,

J. T. WAGNER, P. P., Dean,
Windsor, Ont, Canada.

We hope all our readers will collect all the cancelled stamps, etc, in their various localities, and forward them to Dean Wagner as directed. It will take 50 pounds of these, comparatively speaking, worthless goods to keep one colored orphan for a year.

THE "MISTAKES OF MODERN INFIDELS."

His Lordship the Right Rev. Bishop McIntyre, of Charlottetown, P. E. I., has sent the following letter to Rev. G. R. Northgraves, expressing his high appreciation of Father Northgraves' book, "Mistakes of Modern Infidels":

Charlottetown, P. E. I.,
Feb. 4, 1890.

Rev. G. R. Northgraves:

REV. DEAR SIR—Your work, "Mistakes of Modern Infidels," was received. With my thanks, please accept my congratulations on being the benefactor of religion in putting forth a work so well calculated to confound the aggressors of revealed truth.

Faithfully yours in Christ,
PETER MCINTYRE,
Bishop of Charlottetown.

PUBLIC OPINION.

Here is what the Woodstock Sentinel Review of 8th inst. says of the attacks of the Free Press on Archbishop Cleary. The Sentinel-Review is one of the ablest and most liberal dailies in Ontario:

"The London Free Press continues to slash away with simulated fury at the devoted head of Archbishop Cleary. It is only recently that our esteemed cotem has let the world know its opinion of His Grace. It is a pity that circumstances should point to a close connection between its present opinions and party exigencies. Archbishop Cleary is a good Conservative and a warm personal and political friend of Sir John A. Macdonald, whose lieutenant it is W. R. Meredith's proud boast to be. Mngr. Cleary is one of several Catholic prelates whose aid, up to a couple of months ago, Mr. Meredith expected would enable him to defeat Mr. Mowat. But it seems that Mr. Meredith's desire to play to the Orange gallery and the Equal Rights party made the Kingston prelate suspicious of him and this prevented the carrying out of the nice little scheme that Mr. Meredith and his followers had in view. Having failed in forming the alliance they hoped for, it now suits Mr. Meredith and his party to howl at the Catholic bishops and the Catholic Church. The Free Press pays a poor tribute to Protestant intelligence in Western Ontario when it attempts to arouse prejudice by holding up to odium a prelate whose influence it and its leader would be very glad to secure. It will be a good time for Canadians when the traders in sectarian prejudice will become an extinct political species."

A SUCCESSFUL YOUNG CANADIAN.—One of the smartest young lawyers of New York is James C. McEachen, late of Charlottetown, P. E. I, whose offices are situated at 24 Park Place and 221 Thirty Sixth street (east). He finished his law studies when but nineteen years of age, and ever since, now in his twenty-sixth year, pushing himself to the front, he has now a very large practice, and is counted one of New York's smartest lawyers. He is a prominent man among the Tamanyites. He has lately been elected chief of the N. Y. Caledonian Club, the largest club of its kind in America. The club is in existence nearly fifty years. Mr. McEachen has the honor of being the youngest man and only Catholic that has ever held this high position. We congratulate him on his success, and wish him a long and happy career.

THE GOOD WORK OF SEPARATE SCHOOLS.—The parish of Woodslee, in this Diocese, has had a Separate school since 1874. It was started with three pupils. One of the vestries was the school room for two years. Then the trustees built a brick school house, with the co-operation of the priests. It is now in a most flourishing condition. Three pupils passed the High School examination in December last, at the town of Essex, Ellen Trudell, who obtained the highest number of marks, was one of the Woodslee pupils. In 1888 when the July examination came off, Woodslee school had two successful pupils, when Joseph Fuerth obtained the highest marks. Woodslee school has had some excellent teachers. Miss Marie E. La Marche has taught the school six and a half years. She resigned in June last. Miss Mary M. O'Connor is the present teacher, and is giving excellent satisfaction.

LATEST MARKET REPORTS.

London, Feb 13.—GRAIN—Red winter, 1 38½ to 1 41½; white, 1 38½ to 1 41½; spring, 1 38½ to 1 41½; corn, 83 to 90; rye, 90 to 1,00; barley, malt, 80 to 90; barley, feed, 65 to 75; oats, 80 to 84; peas, 90 to 95; beans, bush, 90 to 1,40; buckwheat, cental, 1,00.

PRODUCE.—Eggs, fresh, 16 to 18; eggs, store lots, 15 to 16; butter, best roll, 19 to 22; butter, large rolls 16 to 18; butter, crocks, 16 to 18; store packed firkin, 14 to 18; dry wood, 4 50 to 5 00; green wood, 4.50 to 5.00; soft wood, 2 50 to 3 50; lard, No. 1, lb, 12 to 13; lard, No. 2, lb, 10 to 11; straw load, 3.00 to 4 00; clover seed, bush, 3 00 to 3 50; Timothy seed, bush, 1 50 to 2 00; hay, ton 6 00 to 8 00; flax seed, bush, 1.40 to 1 50.

POULTRY (dressed.)—Fowl, per lb, 7; fowl, pr. 60 to 70, ducks, pr., 75 to 1 25; ducks, lb., 6 to 7; geese, each, 65 to 85; geese, lb. 7 to 7½; turkeys, lb, 10 to 11; turkeys each 80 to 1.75.

MEAT.—Beef by carcass, 4 50 to 6 25; mutton by qr. 7 to 8; mutton by carcass, 7 to 8; lamb, lb. 8 to 9; veal by qr., 7 to 8; veal by carcass, 6 to 7; pork, per cwt., 5 00 to 5.50; pork, per qr, 7 to 8.

VEGETABLES—Potatoes, per bag, 70 to 85; turnips, per bag 30 to 40; onions, per bag, 100 to 1 25; Spanish onions, per bag, 1 50.

LIVE STOCK.—Milch cows, 35.00 to 45.00; live hogs cwt., 3 50 to 4 00; pigs, pair, 5 00 to 6 50; fat beeves, 4 00 to 4.50; spring lambs, 3 00 to 4.00.

Toronto, Feb. 13.—WHEAT—Spring, No. 2, 85 to 86; red winter, No 2 87 to 88; Manitoba, No. 1, hard 1 12 to 1 03; No 2 1 00 to 1 01; barley, No. 1, 51 to 52; No. 2, 46 to 47; No. 3, extra, 41 to 42; No 3, 35 to 37; peas, No. 2, 58 to 60; oats, No 2 27 to 29; flour, extra, 3.55 to 3.60; straight roller, 3.00 to 3 85; strong bakers, 400 to 4 50

Montreal, Feb 13.—FLOUR—Receipts and sales none; market dull and unchanged; grain and provisions, nominal. Stocks here this morning:—Wheat, 208 948 bush.; corn, 24 603 bush.; peas 264 692 bush.; oats 145 051 bush.; barley 86 702 bush.; rye, 38,246 bush.; flour, 62 342 bbls.; oatmeal, 1,111 bbls.; cornmeal 109 bbls.

BUFFALO LIVE STOCK.

East Buffalo, N. Y., Feb. 13.—CATTLE—Offerings, six cars; mostly western cows and odd lots; one load of light butchers' cattle sold at 3 50, but they were choice stock; the odd lots peddled out at last Monday's prices.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Offerings 22 cars, including a deck of Canada lambs; good, strong and higher; common, dull and weak; extra sheep worth 6 00, one to prime, 5 75 to 5 90; good to choice, 5.50 to 5.75; Canada lambs, 7 10; Michigan p time, 6.75 to 7.00; choice to prime, 6 60 to 6 80

HOGS—Twenty five cars on sale; Yorkers weaker; pigs dull and lower; other grades steady; mixed, mediums and heavy, 4 25; Yorkers, 4.20 to 4 75; pigs 4 00.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Feb. 13.—CATTLE—Receipts 2,000; market strong; beeves, 4 80 to 5 00; steers, 3.60 to 4 70; stockers and feeders, 2.25 to 3 40; Texans 2 40 to 3.60. Hogs—Receipts, 16,000; shipments, 5 000; market strong; 5c higher; mixed and heavy, 3 75 to 4 00; light, 3 75 to 4.05; skips, 3.10 to 3 70. Sheep—Receipts, 2 000; strong; natives, 3 50 to 5.90; Western corn-fed, 4.75 to 5 75; Texans, 3 90 to 5 00; lambs, 5.00 to 6 25.

"LA GRIPPE" OR LIGHTNING CATARRH.

MR. EDITOR.—"La grippe," or Russian influenza, as it is termed, is in reality an epidemic catarrh, and is called by some physicians "lightning catarrh," from the rapidity with which it sweeps over the country. Allow us to draw the attention of your readers to the fact that Nasal Balm, as well as being a thorough cure for all cases of the ordinary cold in head and catarrh, will give prompt relief in even the most severe cases of "la grippe" or "Russian influenza," as it will effectually clear the nasal passages, allay irritation and relieve the dull, oppressive headache accompanying the disease. No family should be without a bottle of Nasal Balm in the house, as cold in the head and catarrh are peculiarly liable to attack people at this season of the year, and Nasal Balm is the only prompt and speedy cure for these troubles ever offered the public. Easy to use and agreeable. If you cannot get it at your dealers it will be sent post free on receipt of price (50 cents and $1 per bottle) by addressing

FULFORD & Co.,
Brockville, Ont.

BORN

On February 1st, at Hastings, Ont., the wife of Richard Cougalin, M. D., of a daughter.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall Street, New York

TEACHERS WANTED.

A CATHOLIC LADY TEACHER, HOLDING a second or third class certificate, capable also of acting as organist and conducting choir. Letters and testimonials, stating salary, to be addressed to "Teacher," care editor Catholic Record, London. 588 tf

SITUATION WANTED.

A LADY DESIRES A POSITION IN A private family. Willing to assist at light house work and sewing. Salary not so much an object as a home. Apply at Catholic Record Office.

No. 3330 Agents Wanted Everywhere

PRICE $5.87 Sample Free

This offer is good for 60 days and is made to assist us in securing good agents to introduce our Watches and Jewelry. We require everyone ordering, to cut this advertisement out and send with their order, agreeing to try and make sales from our mammoth catalogue which is sent free with every watch. On receipt of fifty cents in postage stamps, as a guarantee of good faith, we will send the watch to you by express, C.O.D. subject to examination. If found perfectly satisfactory and exactly as represented you can pay the balance $5.87 and take the watch, otherwise you pay nothing. The case is warranted solid Goldoid, a composition metal which can not be told from pure gold, except by experts; it is richly engraved, with solid cap, solid bow and crown, imported French crystal and is warranted for 20 years. The movement is a genuine imported expansion balance, quick train, hand fitted, adjusted and regulated, fully warranted, with fair usage will last a lifetime. This watch for $5.87 and one free if you sell 6. CANADIAN WATCH & JEWELRY CO., 69 & 71 ADELAIDE ST. EAST, TORONTO, CAN. Whenever goods are to be sent by mail, cash in full must accompany the order, as no goods can be sent by mail, C.O.D. Where cash in full accompanies the order, we send free a fine gold plated chain.

REFERENCES:—The Imperial Bank of Canada. The Canadian or Dominion Express Co., Toronto.

KNABE PIANO FORTES
UNEQUALLED IN
TONE, TOUCH, WORKMANSHIP AND DURABILITY,
WILLIAM KNABE & CO.,
BALTIMORE, 22 & 24 East Baltimore Street.
NEW YORK, 148 Fifth Avenue.
WASHINGTON, 817 Market Space.

FREE — THE NEW AMERICAN MUSICAL BOX — FREE
LENGTH 13 IN. WEIGHT 30 LBS. WIDTH 16 IN.
WILL PLAY 100 TUNES.
To introduce them, one in every County or Town, furnished reliable persons (either sex) who will promise to show it. Morden Music Box Co., 7 Murray St. N.Y.

ROYAL CANADIAN INS. CO.
FIRE AND MARINE.
J. BURNETT AGENT.
Taylor's Bank Richmond St.

MONEY FOR ALL.
WANTED—A good energetic man, or men, to sell our Fruit Trees, Roses, Shrubs, Ornamentals, etc. Permanent employment. Write at once or terms, and secure choice of territory. We sell only first class stock. Handsome outfit free. Address MAY BROTHERS, Nurserymen, Rochester, N. Y.

VOLUME 12.

Catholic Record

London, Sat., Feb. 22nd, 1890.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

WHAT a tremendous difference it makes if the *Mail* ox happens to be gored. When Wm. O'Brien visited Toronto a few years ago half a dozen lines appeared in that journal in reference to the riot that then occurred. Thousands of ill-behaved, well-dressed rowdies made an attack on Mr. O'Brien and a few companions as they emerged from the Rossin House. Rocks flew in every direction and many persons were injured, while Mr. O'Brien's life was saved by his taking refuge in a small shop behind the Rossin House, which place he finally succeeded in entering by climbing over a high wall. Before this happened, however, scenes quite as disgraceful occurred in Queen's Park, when thousands of well-educated ruffians, together with thousands of the untutored element, gave a brilliant exhibition of the manner in which free speech would not be permitted by people who are forever boasting of their liberality and love of fair play.

In the *Mail* of last Thursday appeared an editorial article of over a column in length, dealing with the riot in Hull. The production is of the whining order: This person and that person is to blame—freedom of speech is outraged—it was a lamentable and disgraceful proceeding—do we live in a free country or not?—and plenty more of the same sort; but the climax is capped in this precious morsel:

"When Mr. W. O'Brien came here from Ireland a year or two ago it was perfectly well known that he would utter opinions that were contrary to the sentiments of many of our citizens. The authorities, however, were prepared to protect him, he said his say, and was the victim of no outrage."

A close study of the manner in which the *Mail* refers to the O'Brien case will reveal a very neat specimen of newspaper quibbling and dishonesty. True, indeed, is it "that the authorities were prepared to protect him," but equally true is it that they either would not or could not do so. "He said his say," but such was the din raised by the Orange mob that those who were within a few feet of the speaker could not understand what he said. In stating that Mr. O'Brien "was the victim of no outrage," the *Mail* squarely takes issue with the truth. The whole world, save those who read only the *Mail*, knows that Mr. O'Brien was the victim of outrage, and that his life was not taken was not owing to any willingness on the part of the Orange mob to spare him.

IT IS regrettable that some of our Canadian dailies which circulate very extensively amongst the people are frequently guilty of dishonest utterances of this kind; and we cannot hope for a solid foundation of good feeling amongst all classes of the community until public opinion stamps with the disapproval of contempt all newspapers conducted on such base and hypocritical lines. Not one word have we to say in extenuation of the conduct of the rioters in Hull. They should be arrested and punished in a manner most severe—in a manner that will for all time prevent a recurrence of such discreditable scenes. The Catholic people of Ontario demand justice, equal rights, fair play, free speech, etc., and they demand at the same time that a like condition of affairs prevail as regards the Protestant minority in Quebec. It must be borne in mind, however, that a riot in Toronto is just as serious a matter as a riot in Hull or anywhere else, and that, if complaint can be made of inactivity on the part of the Hull authorities in suppressing the riot, complaint can be made with equal force against the authorities in Toronto, who have, on more than one occasion, permitted the Catholic people to remain at the mercy of the lawless element of the Orange lodges.

PERHAPS the most satisfactory feature of the Parnell investigation is the fact that the London *Times* has been so badly smirched that it can never again rise to the dignity of a great newspaper. This occurrence will not only prove a matter for which the Irish people the world over will be thankful, but the English people as well, we think, should be equally gratified that the *Thunderer's* power is broken. It was the organ of the titled and privileged nobodies—the organ of those indolent snobs who were firmly impressed with the ridiculous superstition that the blood they possessed was of a superior kind—that the possession of this blood rendered it dishonorable to pursue any useful occupa