THE GOVERNMENT'S REVENUE

The revenue during January lagged rather behind the increases which have been recorded during recent months, but nevertheless, both the total revenue and the customs revenue show a ten per cent, advance over last year. With less than two months of the fiscal year to run, some of the newspapers have begun jubilantly to anticipate-for strictly party purposes-the amount of the surplus, and they airily name \$30,000,000. Perhaps that may be the surplus of the amount of the revenue over the expenditure on revenue account, but it is to be expected that so experienced a financier as Hon. W. T. White will, in this matter as in others, leave cheap-jack methods alone. Though it may not lend itself to such sensational headlining in the popular press, the quiet announcement that Canada's revenue has been sufficiently elastic to allow for the expenditure of, say \$30,000,000, on capital account as well as the payment of all current expenses, will carry more weight with men of affairs abroad than the trumpeting of a \$30,000,000 surplus on revenue account—a form of words, by the way, which is dangerously apt to be misleading. For the ten months to the end of January, the revenue reached \$109,566,983, an increase of about \$14,700,000 on the revenue of the same months of the last fiscal year. Expenditure on revenue account for the same ten months was \$70,-655,588 against \$65,447,763, an increase of \$5,200,-000. Capital expenditure during the period was \$24,624,073, the great bulk of it being on account of the National Transcontinental Railway, against \$25,877,429, the falling-off being a result of the discontinuance of bounties and the fact that railway subsidies are \$800,000 less to date than they were last year. Revenue and capital expenditure together for the ten months reach \$95,279,661, leaving a balance of revenue of \$14,300,000. But this will be heavily reduced by the payments on revenue account now due. At the end of the fiscal year, these payments are usually very heavy.

Following are summary tables of the revenue and monthly statement of debt:

IANUARY'S REVENUE.

CustomsExcise	700.000 823,513	\$ 6,396,303 1,534,058 834,184 919,084 400,406
Miscellaneous	. 622,001	400,400
Totals	\$9,144,873	\$10,084,035

TEN MONTHS' REVENUE.	
Customs	\$70,500,292
Excise	15,777,582
Post Office 6.988,202	7.984.184
Public Works 9.185,803	9.802,959
Miscellaneous 4,992,440	5,501,966
Totals \$904.810,707	\$109,566.983
SUMMARY OF PUBLIC DEBT.	
LIABILITIES.	
Funded Debt— 1910.	1911.
Payable in Canada \$ 4.883,661	\$4,819,154
Pavable in London 270,839,882	263,131,937
Donk Circulat'n Redemption	
Fund 4.316,406	4,661,777
Dominion Notes	115,149,749
Cavings Bank (P. O. and	
Gavernment)	57,118,023
m Eunds 9,399,000	9,715,053
Province Accounts 11,920,982	11,920,583
	00 550 012
Accounts	22,770,213
Total Gross Debt\$476,224,373	\$489,286,489
Assets.	
Investments—	\$12,209,066
Sinking Funds	29,776,851
	2,296,429
Descripco Accounts 2,200,120	2,200,120
Miscellaneous and Banking Accounts	120,017,716
	\$164,300,062
Total Assets\$142,888,228	324.986,427
Total Assets	
Increase of Debt \$6,450,185	
Jin 100 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	

The Detroit United Railway, at its annual meeting, in Detroit, renewed for one year the blanket mortgage given ten years ago to the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, for twenty-five million dollars. Of the bonds authorised under the mortgage, only \$15,531,000 have been issued. The annual statement of the company showed the largest gross and largest net earnings in its history. The 1911 figures compare with the figures for the last two years as follows:

is fo														Gross.	Net. \$3.851.904
1911		,			,									£10.253.133 9.345,219	3 516 922
1910	٠.			,				٠	٠	٠		•	•	8 047 555	3,149,664
1909	,			,		٠ ٠		٠	٠	٠		٠	٠		-unting to

After meeting interest charges amounting to \$2,123,397, writing off \$400,000 for depreciation, and paying \$625,000 in dividends, there remained \$703,506 as surplus for the year. The old board of directors was re-elected.

TOTAL REVENUE AND CUSTOMS REVENUE FOR EIGHT MONTHS OF THE FISCAL YEARS 1910-11 AND
1911-12. WITH RATIOS OF INCREASE.
(Compiled by The Chronicle).

			BRURNIT	,			-		RATIOS OF INCREASE		
	1910-		REVENU		Increase '11 '10-1	12 over	Monthly	Figures	Aggregat	Custom	
ine,1910-1911 ily	9,320,586 10,174,930 10,317,823 9,666,193 10,061,060	5,911,403 6,560,662 6,619,006 5,981,174 05,959,360	11,059,525 11,727,444 12,032,908 12,221,653 11,595,670	6,880,373 7,947,420 8 7,803,027 6 7,904 57 7,042,32 9 6,872,55	Revenue E \$ 1,053,528 31,748,939 1,552,514 1,715,085 1,755,460 1,2,555,460 1,534,610 1,805,712 1,805,712	\$ 826,607 969,570 ,386,758 ,184,021 ,923,397 ,082,964	P.C. 10.96 18.80 15.26 16.62 26.44 15.25 18.44	P.C.	To June (3 mos.) To July (4 mos.) To August (5 mos.). To September (6 mos.). To November (8 mos.). To November (9 mos.) To December (9 mos.) To January (10 mos.)	P.C. 11.63 13.00 13.54 12.50 15.92 15.83 16.12	P.C. 14.9 15.3 16.6 16.8 19.3 18.5