As a proof of this let us refer to the experience of the Experimental Farm at Indian Head. There, there has been kept more reliable data in connection with the growing of cereal crops with a limited rainfall than are available in other parts of the province. These records show remarkable success even in the driest seasons. For the purpose of this article and to invite comparison between the crops of Saskatchewan and those of any other state or province where the rainfall is even much greater, I cannot do better than to quote Superintendent McKay's figures in connection with the operation of this Experimental Farm during the last nineteen years. They are as follows:

Year	Rainfall Inches*	Red Fife Bushels Fallow	Wheat per acre Stubble	Oats Bushels Acre
1891	14.03	35	32	73
1892	6.92	28	21	51
1893	10.11	28	21	51
1894	3.90	17	9	34
1895	12.28	41	22	95
1896	10.50	39	29	97
1897	14.62	33	26	69
1898	18.03	32	xx	85
1899	9.44	33	xx	84
1900	11.74	17	5	55
1901	20.22	49	38	117
1902	10.73	38	22	87
1903	15.55	35	15	119
1904	11.96	40	29	85
1905	19.17	42	18	107
1906	13.21	26	15	87
1907	15.03	18	18	72
1908	13.17	29	14	78
1909	13.96	28	15	92

*This precipitation is exclusive of snowfall.
xx No record.

Notwithstanding the fact that during the nineteen years the average annual rainfall of the summer months, as shown by the above statistics, has only been 12.88 inches, the average yields for both wheat and oats, 32 bushels and 82 bushels respectively, are truly remarkable under such circumstances.

Lest it be contended that the result on a governmnet operated farm is not a fair indication of what should be done under ordinary circumstances, permit me to refer to the results under similar conditions on my own farm some twenty-five miles north of Indian Head. These are as follows:

Year	WHEAT Bushels per acre
1891	30
1892	28
1893	34
1894	24
1895	26
1896	31
1897	35
1898	27