

London Advertiser.

[ESTABLISHED BY JOHN CAMERON IN 1853.]

Managing Director and Editor, John Cameron

London, Saturday, Aug. 12, 1899.

The Summer Holidays.

Londoners going away on vacation may have their favorite paper—The Advertiser—sent to their temporary residence, without extra charge. Leave your address in the business office.

The Strike Situation.

It is nearly three months since the strike against the London Street Railway Company began. Mr. Everett, in his wisdom, decided that the way to treat the matter was to decline all concession and to refuse full and fair arbitration, on the ground that there was nothing to arbitrate; but to run his cars, whether full or empty. During the three months there have not been enough bona fide passengers to pay for the grease on the wheels; and of bona fide passengers there are no more carried today than when the strike began. The extraordinary spectacle of a company determined to conquer the public, and of the great mass out of 40,000 people determined not to ride, and not to be conquered, is something as unique in its way as is our Western Fair. London is seldom commonplace, at any rate.

The Company complain of the public boycotting their cars. But they should remember that they began the boycotting, when they undertook to discriminate against the more capable and independent-minded of their employees for the crime of believing that they were likely to be less certain of fair treatment as isolated units. The Company invented the boycott, and the invention returned to plague them. Although in one sense, all competitive business and social life is a boycott of some sort, or of somebody or other, from start to finish, The Advertiser most strenuously declines to believe that boycotts of any kind are the most Christian method of settling disputes such as that which in London has now lasted three months. A full and fair arbitration all round would have been more Christian-like, and much cheaper to boot. Not for a moment since the strike began has The Advertiser desired that it should be settled in any manner that would not be fair to all parties. Full and fair arbitration is what The Advertiser contended for from the first; and though our opinions were derided then, today there is not a person in London who does not see that we were right. That there has not been a resort to compulsory arbitration in this London case, is due to defective laws, which do not allow the state, as in New Zealand, to intervene at a certain stage in behalf of the public interests. If the stubbornness of the Cleveland millionaire inflicts a continuance of the present state of affairs until the meeting of the Legislature, we venture to predict that meeting will see the beginning of the end of his greed, and his disregard of the rights of the British subjects who are the final owners of London's public streets. In that case, London will have had the honor, though at no small cost, of leading a legislative enactment shown to be absolutely necessary in the interest of the general public.

The Movement of British Trade.

We hear a great deal about the invasion of the British market by Germany, but nothing about the invasion of the German market by Great Britain. Those who have been led to believe that Great Britain is being plastered over with the "made-in-Germany" legend may be surprised by the trade statistics. In 1898 German exports to Great Britain were about \$142,660,000, while Germany bought in return British goods to the value of \$166,660,000. In fact, each of these great commercial rivals is the other's best customer. This explodes the narrow idea that the progress of the one country is necessarily injurious to another country. The comparison is wholly favorable to Great Britain, since her markets are free, while British goods are obstructed by a heavy tariff at the German frontier.

British imports last year were \$1,855,000,000, of which the United States supplied \$630,310,000 worth, chiefly in foodstuffs. How would the United States fare without the British market? Great Britain also bought last year \$256,895,000 worth from France, mostly in foodstuffs, too. Yet both France and the United States try to shut out British goods. Australasia and Holland sell to Great Britain about as much as does Germany. Imports from British India were \$137,350,000, from Belgium, \$107,670,000; from Canada, \$103,775,000; from Russia, \$97,445,000; from Spain, \$85,940,000; Denmark, \$58,515,000; Sweden, \$48,685,000;

Egypt, \$44,280,000; and China, \$16,970,000.

Of British exports, which aggregated \$1,020,000,000 last year, Germany, as stated, took the largest share; India was next, with \$151,815,000; the United States third, with \$142,670,000; Australia fourth, with \$117,150,000; and France fifth, with \$102,570,000. Russia, Belgium, South Africa and Holland took \$270,155,000 among them; Canada, \$37,705,000; China, \$37,235,000, and Spain, \$17,530,000.

British exports in the five years from 1894 to 1898 inclusive, increased 6½ per cent, and the imports increased 14 per cent. In that period the exports to the colonies rose from \$393,000,000 to \$450,000,000—a gratifying sign—and the colonial imports rose from \$470,000,000 to \$497,500,000. The year 1899 will show a marked advance in export trade.

Notwithstanding the excess of imports over exports, amounting to several billions of dollars in the five years, Great Britain imported \$140,000,000 more gold than she exported.

A Friendly Voice.

It is pleasant to hear a sane, friendly note above the cacophony in which our dear neighbors are indulging over Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the Dominion. The Chicago Times-Herald, the most influential Republican organ in the West, has been among the few United States newspapers which have treated the Alaskan boundary question judiciously and with deference to Canadian claims. Most of the American journals content themselves with abusing and deriding Canada and Canadian statesmen and reminding us how insignificant we are in the eyes of the great republic. When Sir Wilfrid Laurier spoke of the alternatives of war or arbitration, and scouted the former idea as criminal and impossible, his words were maliciously distorted and he was accused of hinting at war with the United States. Sir Wilfrid's remarks were entirely calm and friendly, but he was laughed to scorn as a gasconading Lilliput challenging the giant Uncle Sam. Similarly he has been lampooned because a ludicrous interviewer from Washington represented him as saying that he might be insulted by the American people if he visited Chicago this fall. The Times-Herald thus refers to the episode:

"The newspapers that rushed precipitately into editorial censure of Sir Wilfrid Laurier on the strength of a yellow interview, which represented him as declining an invitation to attend the Fall Festival in Chicago, are now put in a humiliating light by the complete repudiation of the interview, which it will be remembered, was promptly discredited by the Times-Herald at the time.

"The Canadian Premier had intended to maintain a dignified silence in regard to the interview, depending upon his reputation in this country as a gentleman of good breeding as a sufficient repudiation of the sentiments attributed to him by Mr. Fitzpatrick. Being forced to make some statement in regard to it, however, in answer to the question of an opposition member of parliament, the premier declared with much force and vigor that Mr. Fitzpatrick had put words in his mouth for which he did not hold himself responsible, and that he had received no invitation from Chicago to take part in the demonstration proposed to be held in Chicago. . . . The affront to decency and good taste on the part of the one who was responsible for the interview is particularly censurable because of the fact that Sir Wilfrid Laurier, more than all his predecessors, has stood valiantly for a policy that means closer trade relations between the United States and Canada.

"Chicago and the West believe the Alaskan boundary dispute is a question for arbitration, and that it must be settled ultimately as the Venezuelan boundary question is now being settled by a court of arbitration sitting in Paris."

It will be seen that the Times-Herald's attitude toward the boundary question is identical with Canada's. It is a pity there are not more like the Times-Herald on the other side.

Manual Training Must Soon Come.

Mr. John Miller, M.A., the Deputy Minister of Education for Ontario, has been studying the system of technical education in Massachusetts, the most advanced state of the union in educational methods. Manual training is obligatory there, in every city of over 20,000. In Boston alone there are 27 manual training schools, and 22 schools in which sewing and cooking are taught. These schools correspond to the high schools and collegiate institutes in this Province. Mr. Miller was highly impressed with the system, and goes so far as to recommend that "in all our cities and large towns the public school boards should provide instruction in sewing, cooking and manual training of an elementary character." Technical education, the corollary of manual training, may, in Mr. Miller's opinion, be carried on in the high schools, but it can be better done in separate buildings. This he also recommends.

We may expect soon to have an official pronouncement from the Department of Education on the subject of manual training and technical education. The local school board, too, may as well understand that domestic science, which it treated so contempt-

uously, is the complement of manual training, and that both of these courses must, sooner or later, be included in the curriculum. Preparatory to the innovation the trustees should begin to tinker up a few progressive ideas. Other cities, without waiting for orders, have already introduced the elements of technical instruction in their public schools.

The West Indies seem to be the classic islands of the sugar cane and the hurricane.

The latest assessment returns will show London's continued growth and prosperity, which were never more in evidence than now. The season has been marked by unusual activity in the building line.

The Free Press continues to reproduce with much pleasure every paragraph disparaging to London, that it can lay hands on. Our contemporary has tried hard to blacken the character of the city by exaggerating and coloring certain features of the street railway trouble.

The Ottawa Citizen is quite ferocious over the railway grants, and thinks many of the subsidized railways will give the Government no services in return. Well, if the Government doesn't exact services from all the subsidized railways, then the Government is to blame.

The city of Montreal is about to issue debentures to the value of \$222,000, of \$50 each, and to any one who will purchase them at par. The rate of interest will be 3½ per cent. "People who want the bonds," says a Montreal paper, "will have to write to the city treasurer saying how many shares they would like. Those who want small lots will be given the preference over those who want large lots. These letters will be opened on Sept. 15, when the loan will be divided up as per requests for it."

The Immigration into Canada, from Europe are largely a transitory population. Many of them soon get tired of the inhospitable climate, or are unable to find employment, for they cross the border and come to the United States. —Louisville Courier-Journal.

The Courier-Journal has been asleep for three years. Canada is now getting so many permanent European immigrants that some small-Canadians are growing. Not only that, but the Americans are pouring into the North-west and making their homes there. By so doing they get into a better country and a better climate. Canada is above the blizzard line.

What Others Say.

An Important Issue.
[Windsor Record.]

We are going to stick to that boundary line if only to save the reputation of our new two-cent "vaster empire" stamp.

The Corporation First.
[Branford Examiner.]

It is no secret to say that the conduct of the London city council in connection with the car drivers' strike has afforded unlimited profane laughter all over Ontario. The peace and good order of the community and the interests of the citizens seems to be of the very least importance so long as the street railway corporation is not hurt in its feelings.

An Active Old Man.
[Dundas Banner.]

Sir Charles Tupper is a pretty active old fellow, considering his age. He is

FALLING HAIR RESTORED

By warm shampoos with CUTICURA SOAP, followed by light dressings with CUTICURA, purest of emollient skin cures. This treatment will clear the scalp and hair of crusts, scales, and dandruff, allay itching, soothe irritation, heal eruptions, stimulate the hair follicles, and supply the roots with nourishment and energy, thus producing a clean, wholesome scalp, with luxuriant, lustrous hair.

Hair Came Out Freely.

I had the typhoid fever after which my hair came out freely. My mother suggested that I use CUTICURA. I did so, meeting with untold success. My hair grew in thicker than at first, after use of CUTICURA SOAP and CUTICURA (ointment). H. J. PATTERSON, 1208 W. St., N. W., Washington, D. C.

Bad Scalp Humor Cured.

I had a bad scalp humor, and thought I would go frantic with itching. I lost considerable of my hair (of which I had an abundance, and was very proud). I tried several remedies but they all proved a failure. I tried CUTICURA SOAP, found immediate relief, and the itching is all gone. Mrs. M. JUDAN, 246 Halliday St., Jersey City.

Bad Dandruff Cured.

Dandruff made my hair fall out so bad I got discouraged. I rubbed CUTICURA (ointment) well into the scalp twice a week, and shampooed with warm water and a good lather of CUTICURA SOAP once a week. My hair is growing out thick once more, and free from dandruff. Miss ADA JAYES, Chelsea, Mass. Sold throughout the world. For Free Trial, send 3¢ stamp to CUTICURA Co., 150 N. 2nd St., Philadelphia, Pa. Heads and Hair by using CUTICURA SOAP.

Phone 1046

THE RUNIANS, GRAY, CARRIE CO.

Phone 1046

208, 210, 210½ and 212 DUNDAS STREET.

Store News for Saturday & Monday

In addition to our Semi-Annual Discount Sale we submit a special list for Saturday and Monday. The sale discounts will remain the same for another week, while the Extra Specials are for the above two days only. The Basement Bargains, as usual, are attractive, also the Clothing and Shoe Lists. In fact, every department is in good shape for Saturday and Monday either with special discounts or special bargains.

Smallwares, Laces, Etc.

One lot White and Cream Lace, 1 to 6 inches wide, including Valenciennes, Torchon, Oriental, etc., regular 5c to 25c a yard, SPECIAL DISCOUNT SALE ONE-QUARTER OFF.

One lot of Colored and Black Velling, spot and plain, regular 15c, 20c and 25c a yard, SPECIAL DISCOUNT SALE ONE-QUARTER OFF.

An assorted lot of Ladies' Handkerchiefs, plain and fancy edge, regular 10c, 15c, 20c, 30c, and 40c each, SPECIAL DISCOUNT SALE ONE-QUARTER OFF.

One lot of Shirt Waist Sets and Belt Buckles, SPECIAL DISCOUNT SALE ONE-QUARTER OFF.

Staple Department

Prints, Muslins, Gingham, Etc.

Scotch and Fancy Gingham, in plaids and stripes, regular prices, 8c, 10c, 12½c and 15c, SPECIAL DISCOUNT SALE ONE-QUARTER OFF.

Fine Scotch Gingham and Zephyrs, 20c, 25c, 30c and 35c a yard, SPECIAL DISCOUNT SALE ONE-QUARTER OFF.

Fancy Dress Muslins, including all the finest French Organzas, at 3c, 10c, 15c, 20c, 25c, 35c and 45c a yard, SPECIAL DISCOUNT SALE ONE-QUARTER OFF.

1,000 yards Fancy Gingham, regular price 12½c a yard, during the sale, 8½c.

200 White Honeycomb Quilts, regular price \$1 25 each, special 79c.

50 White Honeycomb Quilts, extra size, regular price \$1 50, during the sale, each, 95c.

6 pieces 62-inch Unbleached Table Linen, pure flax, our regular price 45c a yard, DISCOUNT SALE ONE-EIGHTH OFF.

3 pieces only, Bleached Table Linen, 64 inches wide, regular price 68c a yard, SPECIAL DISCOUNT SALE ONE-EIGHTH OFF.

4 pieces only, Bleached Table Linen, 68 inches wide, regular price \$1 25 a yard, during the sale 95c.

Bleached Table Cloths, sizes 8x4, regular price \$1, \$1 25, \$1 50 and \$2 each, SPECIAL DISCOUNT SALE ONE-QUARTER OFF.

All Ends of Bleached and Unbleached Table Linens at reduced prices during the special sale.

Ladies' Skirts and Suits

Crash and Pique Skirts, one-quarter

All Print Wrappers, one-quarter off.

1 only Brown Covert Suit, lined with silk, regular price \$35; sale price, one-half off. . . . \$17 50

1 only Covert Suit, lined with satin, regular price, \$25; sale price, one-third off, Saturday and Monday \$13 33

1 only Navy Covert Suit, jacket lined with black satin, regular price, \$30; sale price, one-third off. . . . \$20 00

1 only Navy Cloth Suit, jacket lined with cardinal satin, regular price, \$30; one-third off; sale price \$20 00

Hosiery and Glove Department

Very Special—Ladies' 4-Button White Chambray Driving Gloves, colored stitching, regular price \$1, SPECIAL DISCOUNT SALE, ONE-QUARTER OFF.

3-Clasp Black, Tan and Terra Cotta Kid Gloves, regular 88c a pair, all sizes, SPECIAL DISCOUNT SALE, ONE-QUARTER OFF.

Jammie's Celebrated 3-Clasp Kid Gloves, in cream, white and pearl-gray, price \$1. DISCOUNT SALE, ONE-EIGHTH OFF.

All Children's and Ladies' Fancy Cotton-Lisle and Cashmere Hosiery, SPECIAL DISCOUNT SALE, ONE-QUARTER OFF.

The Runians, Gray, Carrie Co.

Light and Shade.

AMERICAN INTEREST IN SHAKESPEARE.

The last report of the Shakespeare Memorial Association of Standard Americans. It shows that of the 18,000 visitors to the memorial building last year one-quarter came from this country. Notwithstanding this flood of pilgrims to the shrine of English-speaking pilgrims, the American window in Trinity Church, Shakespeare's burial place, remains unfinished, and is in the same condition as when Mr. Bayard unveiled it several years ago. It is pathetically stated in a placard in the church that if every American visitor will give one dollar, the window will be completed in a short time. It is not a very great window, the opportunity for an important work not being presented by the space available in the transept. The Englishman who gave the window in the choir was able to do much better by Shakespeare's burial place than the American can possibly do. Still, the window is a worthy example of modern glass, and it ought to be completed. Contributions, however, lag, as contributions for like purposes always will after the first outburst of enthusiasm is spent. Perhaps it would be best not to wait for the contributions of visiting Americans. They too often arrive at Stratford in the night, and leave by the noon train of the next day, seeing what they can through the windows of a cab.—Harper's Weekly.

"Is getting caught unhealthy, mammy," asked the little fish.

"Not always, my son. I've known several of our tribe who increased 50 per cent in weight after they had been caught.—Harlem Life.

"I have, I have for years been stinging people so that their faces swelled up, but nobody puts any picture in the paper and calls me a 'kissing bug.'"

Washington Star.

A Good Test.

If you have backache and there are brick dust deposits found in the urine after it stands for 24 hours you can be sure the kidneys are diseased. To effect a prompt and positive cure and prevent Bright's disease, suffering and death, use Dr. A. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, the world's greatest kidney cure.

Chance gives us relations, but we must make our own friends.

HELPING HIM ALONG.

Author—So you decline to produce my play?

Manager—Yes. It would be useless.

Author—Isn't the plot a good one? Isn't the dialogue bright?

Manager—Oh, yes, but it's decent.

Why don't you take a look around? See what plays are drawing the crowds. Then write another and I may be able to use it.

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Carpet Department

20 pieces Yard Wide Union Carpet, prices, 25c, 32c, 35c and 50c a yard, SPECIAL DISCOUNT SALE ONE-EIGHTH OFF.

5 pieces All-Wool Yard Wide Carpet, prices, 65c, 75c and \$1 a yard, SPECIAL DISCOUNT SALE ONE-QUARTER OFF.

70 pieces Tapestry Carpet at 40c, 50c, 60c and 75c a yard, DISCOUNT SALE ONE-QUARTER OFF.

5 pieces only, Best English Brussels Carpet, \$1 and \$1 15 a yard, DISCOUNT SALE ONE-QUARTER OFF.

25 pairs Lace Curtains, from \$1 50 to \$3 50 a pair, DISCOUNT SALE ONE-EIGHTH OFF.

125 pairs Fine Nottingham and Swiss Lace Curtains, from \$5 to \$18 a pair, DISCOUNT SALE ONE-QUARTER OFF.

Trimmed Roller Blinds and Cords, Loops, etc., ONE-QUARTER OFF.

Discount Sale of Silk

ONE-QUARTER OFF—This lot includes Colored and Black Bengaline, at 75c and \$1 per yard.

Fancy Blouse Silk, at 69c, \$1, \$1 45 and \$1 65 a yard. DISCOUNT SALE ONE-QUARTER OFF.

Special Bargains in High-class SILKS during this sale.

Clothing and Furnishing Department

Men's Linen Coats and Vests, regular price \$2 50 and \$3, one-quarter off. \$1 88 and \$2 25

Men's Halfcoat Tweed Suits, all sizes, regular \$10 and \$12 each, sale price, one-quarter off. . . . \$7 50 and \$9

Boys' Two-Piece Suits, regular price \$2 50, sale price \$1 50

Men's Ragatta Shirts, regular price \$1 and \$1 25, sale price 59c

Men's and Boys' Linen and Straw Hats, from 25c to \$1, one-quarter off.

Children's Print and Linen Blouses and Suits, discount sale, one-quarter off.

Children's Sailor Hats and Tams, from 25c to 75c each, sale price one-quarter off.

Saturday and Monday in Basement

We sell no granulated sugar but REEDPATH'S—21 pounds for . . . \$1 00

2 bars of our special 3-pound bar Soap, each 22c

1 pound of our Cook's Delight Baking Powder, equal to any sold at 25c; our price 15c

3 pounds of Rice and 3 pounds of Tapioca for 25c

2 pounds Raisins for 15c

2 pounds Currants for 15c

1 pound Lemon Peel for 15c

5 packages Corn Starch for 25c

5 pounds Washing Soda for 25c

Extracts in all flavors.

6 only Banquet Lamps, regular \$5 each; one-half off \$2 50

25 only Vase Lamps, assorted patterns and designs, \$2; one-half off \$1 00

200 Decadent Glass Salt and Pepper Shakers, 10c each; one-half off 5c

50 dozen 6-inch White Plates, regular 50c a dozen; one-half off 25c

Whitewear and Corset Department

7 Only Ladies' White Muslin Gowns, trimmed with insertion and embroidery, regular \$1 75 each, SPECIAL DISCOUNT SALE ONE-QUARTER OFF.

2 Only Ladies' White Muslin Gowns, trimmed with insertion and embroidery, regular price \$1 45 each, SPECIAL DISCOUNT SALE ONE-QUARTER OFF.

5 Only Ladies' Fine Muslin Gowns, trimmed with fine lace and embroidery, \$2 each, SPECIAL DISCOUNT SALE ONE-QUARTER OFF.

1 Each Fine New York Gown, trimmed with embroidery, lace and insertion, our prices, \$6 50, \$4 50 and \$4. SPECIAL DISCOUNT SALE ONE-QUARTER OFF.

8 Only Fine Muslin Skirts, embroidery trimmed, regular price \$3 each, SPECIAL DISCOUNT SALE ONE-QUARTER OFF.

1 Only Fine Muslin Skirt, trimmed with Torchon lace, price \$2 50, SPECIAL DISCOUNT SALE ONE-QUARTER OFF.

1 Only Fine Muslin Skirt, trimmed with Torchon lace and insertion, price \$3 75, SPECIAL DISCOUNT SALE ONE-QUARTER OFF.

1 Only Fine Muslin Skirt, trimmed with insertion and embroidery, price \$2 75, SPECIAL DISCOUNT SALE ONE-QUARTER OFF.

1 Only Fine Muslin Skirt, trimmed with Valenciennes lace, price \$3, SPECIAL DISCOUNT SALE ONE-QUARTER OFF.

Boot and Shoe Department

36 pairs Women's Chocolate Velvet Kid, turn and welt soles, regular price, \$3 a pair; one-quarter off, sale price \$2 25

24 pairs Women's Chocolate Bicycle Boots, regular \$3 per pair. . . . \$1 95

25 pairs Misses' Dongola M.S. patent tip, button boots, sizes 11 to 2, regular price \$1 25 a pair, for . . . 90c

A few pairs Women's and Misses' White Oxford Shoes, regular \$1 to \$1 50 a pair; Saturday and Monday, to clear 35c

Men's Cordovan Welt Soles, lace boots, regular \$3 a pair, for . . . \$1 70

Assorted lot of Men's Oxford Shoes, all sizes, regular \$1 25 to \$2 50 a pair; Saturday and Monday . . . 75c to \$1 50

Dress Goods Department

10 pieces Figured Lustre and Satin Cloth, 42 inches, black only; regular price 25c a yard, one-eighth off 22c

10 pieces Fancy Figured and Striped Goods, Priestley's black, regular price 75c, 85c and \$1 a yard, one-quarter off 56c, 64c and 75c

3 pieces 42-inch Black Serge, heavy twill, regular 25c, one-eighth off . . 22c

2 pieces Lengths, 5½ to 7½ yards each, fancy blacks and black crepons, from \$1 to \$3 a yard, one-quarter off.

4 pieces Black Grenadine Dress Goods, regular 75c a yard; sale price 56c

One Table Containing Three Lots of Colored Dress Goods, Saturday and Monday, one-eighth, one-quarter and one-half off.

See Our New Plaids, per yard . . . 75c

New Serges, black and colored, per yard, 25c, 35c, 50c, 75c and 90c.

See Tables in Center of Store for Bargains in Blouses and Parasols during this sale.