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Real Estate Broker, 10 Victoria Street
Has a complete list of properties for sale in all parts of the city, ranging in price from $100 to $7,000.

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TWENTY-FOURTH YEAR — EIGHT PAGES—WEDNESDAY MORNING SEPTEMBER 16 1903—EIGHT PAGES — ONE CENT

Senate Reading Room
16julyoo

Canadians Score First Good Point In Alaskan Boundary Controversy

Attorney-General Finlay Makes Chief Justice Alverstone Side With Canada.

London, Sept. 15.—The first day of the oral arguments in the Alaskan boundary question was taken up by Attorney-General Finlay, who partially presented the Canadian view of this important controversy. The tribunal adjourned at a few minutes after 4 o'clock this morning until to-morrow morning.

THE CANADIANS WERE GRATIFIED AT SCORING WHAT THEY BELIEVED TO BE THE FIRST GOOD POINT. During the afternoon session the Attorney-General sought to establish the position of Portland Channel and fix the entrance thereto. He interpreted the words of the woman: "A. La Hauteurde" in the Russo-British correspondence leading to the signature to the treaty of 1825 not as showing that the boundary line was on the same parallel "as the lower end of Prince of Wales Islands," as claimed by the United States, but "off of," as asserted by Canada. The effect of this would be to fix the line of 54 degrees 45 minutes as claimed by Canada.

Chief Justice Alverstone agreed with Attorney-General Finlay.

When the American counsel have the opportunity to speak they will show how the Canadians themselves have given interpretations of the phrase, and they are inclined to minimize the importance of Lord Alverstone's statement.

Terms of Treaty.

Attorney-General Finlay commenced the presentation of the Canadian argument. The Attorney-General's arguments were at first more for the purpose of removing any doubts which counsel feel may exist in the minds of the members of the tribunal. The agents of the governments, sitting on either side of the blue-covered table, behind which the commissioners sat, and counsel occupying the desk in the centre of the chamber, followed the Attorney-General's address with the closest attention. Th Attorney-General briefly described the historical aspect of the question and took up the treaty under which the commission was appointed. He then presented the Canadian contention, each point of which has already been stated in the argument of Hon. Clifford Sifton, the Canadian Minister of the Interior, and urged the commissioners to strictly confine themselves in considering the question to the terms of the treaty between Great Britain and Russia of 1825, and not to depart therefrom.

Supported Canadian Case.

The interest of the commissioners grew as Attorney-General Finlay proceeded with his analytical study of the treaty. Speaking of the location of the line along the coast from the head of Portland Channel, as fixed by the treaty, the Attorney-General pointed out that the report of the United States coast survey in 1893 showed that the Washington government had adopted the view that the line should follow the "general trend of the coast," which supports the Canadian contention.

Senator Turner at this point interrupted the speaker, saying that the report referred to the trend of the general coast.

Attorny-General Finlay remarked that this was a "subtle distinction," and Chief Justice Alverstone ended the discussion with saying that it made little difference, as it was "merely the direction of the surveyors."

At Great Length.

The Attorney-General went on at such length that Lord Alverstone reminded him that the tribunal was familiar with the documents in the case, and suggested that he simply cite the pages and volumes on which his references were founded. At 1.15 p.m. the tribunal adjourned for luncheon. After luncheon Attorney-General Finlay resumed his argument. The meeting of the commission to-day ended a few minutes after 4 o'clock.

Attorney-General Finlay to-morrow will resume the presentation of the Canadian case.

CANADIAN VIEW POINT.

London, Sept. 15.—(C. A. P.)—The first sitting of the Alaska Boundary Tribunal took place at the Foreign Office to-day in the large room in which deputations are received by members of the government. The commissioners and counsel were all present. The Attorney-General proceeded to open the case for Great Britain by describing the territory in dispute as being chiefly of value to Canada as affording access to the Yukon Territory. He went on to say that the question of boundary had been in dispute since 1872, and more than thirty years the subject of difference periodically between the governments, tho but little known to the outside world up to 1896, and then confined to state papers. In that year the discovery of gold in the Yukon made it a subject of active concern. He alluded to the joint survey of 1895 and negotiations of the Joint High Commission in 1898, which, unfortunately, bore no fruit. Coming to the treaty of 1903, he said the tribunal was organized thereunder to interpret the treaty of 1825. It can only answer questions—it has no power to draw the boundary. Referring to the last paragraph of act three of the treaty of 1903, he argued that under it the tribunal could take cognizance only of acts of the governments concerned.

Toronto Hunt Polo Tournament and Gymkhana Tickets at Thomas'.

DIED AT OWEN SOUND.

Owen Sound, Sept. 15.—Wm. Keefer, a prominent and wealthy retired resident of Owen Sound, died this evening of heart failure.

Smokers, buy Perfection smoking mixture, the only tobacco that is cool and pleasant. Alive Bollard.

FIRST IN 30 YEARS.

Newtonville, Sept. 15.—The financial district meeting of the Methodist Church for the Bowmanville district was held here to-day for the first time in 30 years.

Metal Ceilings, Skylights and Roofing. A. Cromboy & Co., cor. Queen and George St. Telephone d7

May Die at Any Moment.

Neepawa, Sept. 15.—The condition of Hon. A. J. Davidson is very low, and there is little chance that he will survive the night. He is battling with coma, and while he still retains his senses he is very weak and the end may come at any moment.

Radnor mixes well with Rye.

Gamey to Open Fair.

Wingham, Sept. 15.—R. R. Gamey, M.L.A., Manitoulin, has consented to open the Wingham Fall Fair on Sept. 25.

Music from 6 to 8 Thomas'.

SOCIALISM IN THE WEST FOSTERED BY IMMIGRANTS

Report of Special Commission of Upper Canada Bible Society "Views With Alarm."

Following the conferences of the Presbyterian and Methodist Missionary Societies, regarding the work in the Northwest, yet altogether apart from these two parties, comes a report from the delegates of the Upper Canada Bible Society who went specially thru the western country, inspecting the work done there. Briefly, the report says denominational pressure and duties, prevent a work of general advantage, being carried on by the clergy, and speaks of Socialism among the immigrants in tones, almost of alarm. The delegates also point out the need of greater remuneration for the society's workers, and say that in some sections the people have not been visited for years.

At the regular board meeting of the Upper Canada Bible Society last night in the society's rooms, the most important item was the reception of the report tendered by Messrs. Bryon and Gibson, who have just returned from a tour of the Northwest, where they have been visiting the different stations as a special commission, with a view to investigating the condition of Bible society work therein, and for the purpose of extending the work of increasing interest in, and stimulating liberality toward it. The report was quite lengthy, commencing with a review of the conferences held in the west, and of the condition in which they found the Colportage branch of the society. Something had been accomplished along this line. The commissioners found, tho, that in many cases the rates of remuneration were altogether too low, and that each district would have to be judged in the matter of remuneration, according to its own merits.

Some Places Utterly Neglected.

They had held conferences with such men as Rev. Dr. Woodsworth and Rev. J. H. White, superintendent of Methodist Missions. Rev. Mr. Gordon of the Presbyterian Church, and Rev. Mr. McEwan of the Baptist denomination, and these gentlemen had assured the commissioners of their hearty co-operation.

The commissioners regretted reporting that such places as Port Arthur, Rat Portage, Medicine Hat, Calgary, Nelson, Rossland, and others "complain that no agent has visited them for years, and no one has had sufficient interest to hold a meeting. Some ministers have tried to do so, they say, but have failed. Then the pressure of local denominational claims sums to have monopolized all their attention."

Constant changes were taking place in that country, the report said, and ministers were moving away, the churches being served by students and others. Then again the provisional agents were not always the best men, they had not understood the work, and had lectured on archaeology, fulfilment of prophecy, higher criticism, etc., and had not touched upon the work of the Bible Society.

Crisis in Country's Destiny.

"In the opinion of your delegates," continues the report, "we have reached a crisis in the destiny of this country." The immigration into the United States has averaged between 500,000 and 800,000 per year since 1880. The free grant land, in the United States, is about exhausted. The tide of empire is ever moving toward the land of the setting sun. The race cradled in the east is slowly but surely moving west. Now that the free grant of the American Republic is about exhausted, this mighty tide of immigration is flowing into our own west. People are pouring in there with amazing rapidity—over 120,000 have come during the past year. It is well for us to remember that we are laying the foundation of a great nation in this land and that no superstructure can be more stable than its foundation.

"This country is yet in the gristle," society in many parts, especially the west, is still chaotic; religious, educational and political institutions are embryonic, but their character is being rapidly fashioned by the swift-impetuous forces of intense western life."

Must Build Upon the Bible.

"In this young country, threatened, as it is, with Socialism introduced by immigrants from Europe and the States, with strong drink working such havoc among the people, we must build upon the Bible."

The society is preparing to welcome the special deputation from the British and Foreign Bible Society, consisting of the Venerable Archdeacon Madden of Liverpool, Rev. G. H. Bondfields of Shanghai, China, and Sir. Algernon Coote, who are in this country forming preparations for the centenary of the B., F. B. S., which occurs on March 6, 1904.

A Clearance.

The Siche Gas Company, at the recent Exhibition, sold out every style of machine exhibited, several times over, except the very large machine which, it will be remembered, stood immdiately south of the West Indies building, and lit the same. This machine was yesterday sold to Mr. G. H. Goetchins of Orangeville. Mr. Goetchins examined all the machines exhibited at the Fair with great care, as he was in search of a large plant to run 150 lights. He reserved judgment until he could return to Orangeville and make enquiries into the record of several Siche machines there, which had been put in to replace electric lights. He finally decided that there was nothing in the market to equal the Siche, and bought the $350 machine accordingly. This is another triumph for goods invented and "made in Canada," the Siche Company having its office at 81 York-street, in this city, and its works at Weston, Ont.

Notice—Take your prescription to W. H. Lees Kink Edward Drug Store, King Edward Hotel. Now open all night.

You Smoke Tobacco.

Use the best. Clubb's Dollar Mixture won't burn the tongue. Sold at a popular price: 1 lb. tin, $1; 1-2 lb. tin, 50c; 1-4 lb. package, 25c; sample package, 10c; at A. Clubb & Sons, 49 West King-street.

A good "mix-up"—Radnor and Dan Crawford.

INCREASED POLICE FORCE IS BUSINESS MEN'S AIM

An Effort Will Be Made to Have Police Commissioners Move in This Direction.

There is an agitation on foot among a number of downtown business men to gather sufficient influence to quicken addition to the Toronto police force.

The number of policemen now available for patrol duty, as was pointed out in The World some days ago, is between 75 and 100, at any one time during day or night. This is thought to be too small a number now that the city has attained such large proportions and the area to be covered become so extensive. Over 250 miles of streets and 84 miles of lanes are under the protection of the police.

It was rumored that the Retail Merchants' Association would be approached and a deputation formed to call upon the Board of Commissioners urging an increase in the staff. While only a rumor, it was learned from an authoritative source that an effort will be made to induce the commissioners to make the additions.

WHITBY ON THE BOOM.

Co-Operative Harvester Manufacturing Co. Negotiating for a Site.

Whitby, Sept. 15.—(Special.)—Messrs. James Rutledge and Lyman T. Barclay were elected here to-day as water commissioners, these offices having been created by the recent bylaw for municipal water works and electric light. The system of water works will be installed at once, and a new era of prosperity is predicted for the town.

The Farmers' Co Operative Harvester Manufacturing Co., an association of 2000 farmers, with Oronhyatekha and John A. McGillivray of Toronto and Joseph Stratford of Brantford at their head, are in negotiation for the purchase of the foundry here. Their intention is to manufacture the Clokey binder and other implements. Seventy-five men are to be employed at the start. Free water and the building of a switch from the Port Perry branch of the G.T.R. to the works are the only favors asked from the town, and these will be readily granted.

"SAM" JONES BRUISED.

Postmaster in Georgia Had Serious Objections to Remarks.

Cartersville, Ga., Sept. 14.—The Rev. "Sam" Jones, the fighting Methodist evangelist, who once whipped the Mayor of a Texas town, was badly bruised to-day in a personal encounter with Walter Akerman, postmaster of Cartersville. Mr. Jones, from the pulpit, denounced Mr. Akerman for selling wine, and said: "The people of Cartersville would prefer for President Roosevelt to come the Indianola game on them. They would rather have a sober, decent negro to hand them their mail than a dirty dog who uses his official position to violate the law." He also charged that one of the marshals of the town is running a "blind tiger." Mr. Jones and Mr. Akerman met this morning and the fight was on at once. Mr. Jones declared after the fight that his fist was the only thing about him bruised.

Edwards & Company, Chartered Accountants, 26 Wellington Street East. Geo Edwards, F.C.A., A. H. Edwards, W. P. Morgan. Phone Main 1163.

GUELPH TO GODERICH.

Goderich, Sept. 15.—The long-talked-of Canadian Pacific Railway from Guelph to Goderich is to be built at last. Engineer Peterson of Montreal, representing the C. P. R., accompanied by Lieut.-Col. A. H. Macdonald and Wm. Bell of Guelph, is here to-day. The engineer is selecting a site for the station. The construction of the line is to be commenced at once.

Smokers, 10c. cigars for 5c.; Gomez, Garcias, Gatos, Oscar Amanda, Japs Royal Infants, La Arrow and Irvings. Alive Bollard. 123 and 199 Yonge St

ESTIMATES NEXT WEEK.

Ottawa, Sept. 15.—In the House tonight, Sir Wilfrid Laurier stated that the supplementary estimates would be brought down early next week, and the railway subsidy resolution soon after.

FAVOR FREE TRADE.

Southport, England, Sep. 15.—The economic science section of the British Association for the Advancement of Science to-day debated the fiscal problem.

Dr. Cunningham of Cambridge advocated the levying of preferential and retaliatory tariffs, but his remarks found little support.

The majority of the speakers favored the maintenance of free trade.

DUTY TO CANADA.

London, Sept. 15.—(C. A. P.)—Professor Cunningham, formerly a lecturer on economic history at Harvard University, reading a paper before the British Association, said: "If we wish to preserve Canada as an integral part of the empire, we are bound either to attempt to break down American protection so Canadian loyalist sentiment may have fair play, or give Canadians some countervailing duty that they can appreciate."

STRANGE GOING AWAY OF EDDIE WIDOWED MOTHER MOURNS LOSS AGED PATRON TELLS ODD STORY

Mrs. Corkwell Gave Her Son to Farmer Cornell Who Lost Him—Where's He Now?

There is something mysterious in the circumstances enveloping the disappearance of little Eddie Corkwell, whose widowed mother lives at 169 West Queen-street. Having apparently secured for him a good home with a wealthy farmer in the north, she is now on the verge of despair because of the boy's prolonged absence and unknown whereabouts.

According to the story told by Mrs. Corkwell, Eddie, who is 11 years of age, and uncommonly bright and intelligent for a boy of his years and limited education, left his home in Toronto a week ago last Friday in company with W. E. Cornell, an aged farmer who lives near Shelburne, Ont. She herself accompanied them to the Union Station and saw them leave. Last Friday she was shocked when Cornell returned to Toronto and told her that from the time they had gone together on the train he had seen nothing of the boy. He seemed to be very anxious about the boy's safety, and when told that she had heard nothing and supposed Eddie was with him, said he would return home and institute a thoro search of the surrounding country. From letters received since then, Cornell has driven for scores of miles around but failed to get a trace of him. Mrs. Corkwell has also telegraphed the police authorities in a number of places along the line of railway, and has secured the assistance of the train crews on that division, but to no purpose.

Affection Seemed to Be Mutual.

But the queerest part of the affair relates to the incidents leading up to the boy's going away at all. According to the mother's story, she was with her children at the Exhibition on the opening Monday, when Eddie came to her with a man who she says introduced himself as W. E. Cornell, a farmer near Shelburne, and about 80 years of age. He had struck up an acquaintance with the boy and had taken him thru several of the place of amuzement on the grounds, and then told him he would like to have him go home with him. He even bought the boy a bicycle. An elder brother of the body is at present on a farm, where he was placed some four years ago, and where he has a fine home, and Mrs. Corkwell says she thought it would be to Eddie's advantage to go, especially as he threatened to run away from home to accompany "grandpa," as he had already learned to call him.

Was to Be Well Provided for.

Cornell, accompanied Mrs. Corkwell home, and when he heard Eddie play upon an organ, for the boy is said to be a born musician, he was even more anxious to have him, and they all adjourned to a nearby merchant's, where articles of agreement were drawn up relating to the boy's adoption by Cornell, by which Eddie was guaranteed a good home until he was 21 years of age, anyway, and if the farmer should die before that time, Eddie was to be well provided for. Cornell said he was married but had no children. He also wanted to adopt the fourteen-year-old daughter of Mrs. Corkwell, but she refused to let the girl go. Mrs. Corkwell claims to have investigated the assertions he made as to his being a man of property, and found that they were true.

What Eddie Looks Like.

Eddie attended the Duke and Elizabeth-street schools in this city; is eleven years of age and about four feet high, and has light-colored hair and blue eyes. When he left home he was dressed in a navy blue suit with white braid trimming, black short trousers and a small cap. His mother says he was an excellent writer for his age and cannot imagine why, if he became lost on the train, he has not attempted to communicate with her. She asked the assistance of Inspector Stark, who, however, could promise but little aid from the local detectives.

NOW WE'LL ALL GROW BIG.

Chicago Man Discovers Food That Will Make Us Giants.

Chicago, Sept. 15.—The age of the race of giants is about to be ushered in again. Henceforth there will be no pigmies, for a wonderful food substance has been discovered in Chicago that makes men and animals grow fast and large. The new food is lecithin. Its qualities have just been demonstrated by a series of experiments by Dr. Shinkishi Hatai, professor of neurology at the University of Chicago. Dr. Hatai experimented with white rats, and by feeding them lecithin made them grow 60 per cent. faster than they grow ordinarily. This was under conditions of atmosphere and general surroundings that were unfavorable. The scientific men say that lecithin will have a similar effect on human beings.

PINCH BUG BURNS CHURCH.

Oliver, Ill., Sept. 15.—The Christian Church here was destroyed by fire started by a pinch bug which boys had placed in a box of matches as a joke on the janitor.

WORKHOUSE FOR McGROARY.

Millionaire Finds North of Ireland Hotels Not to His Taste.

Dublin, Sept. 15.—At the weekly meeting yesterday of the Donegal Board of Guardians, a nam named McGroary, who said he had returned to Ireland after making a fortune in America, applied for admittance to the workhouse as a paying boarder, on the ground that he found the hotels in the northwest of Ireland not to his liking. The application was granted, and McGroary drove to the workhouse in a carriage and pair. He pays $5.25 per week for his board.

Try a Gin Rickie made with Radnor.

TRAMP STILL AT LARGE.

Stratford, Sept. 15.—The tramp who assaulted a little girl in South East-hope a week ago last Saturday is still at large, and so far as can be learned all trace of him has been lost.

Responsible Government Gone Out Government by Commission Come in

PAPER OF EDWIN CANNAN AIMED AT COL. DENISON

His Food Supply Scheme Said to Be Worthy Only of Children in Kindergarten.

(Canadian Associated Press Cable.)

London, Sept. 16.—Edwin Cannan, reading a paper before the British Association, on "What is Necessary for Success in Securing Foreign Trade," said: "The idea of obtaining an uninterrupted supply of food from Canada in case of war with the United States was only worthy of children who had not reached the map of the Western Hemisphere."

The Canadian Pacific Steamship Company will start a new steamship service from Antwerp to St. John, N.B., on Nov. 1, with a bi-monthly service in winter and tri-monthly in summer, to Quebec and Montreal.

A prominent city merchant doing a large trade with China and Japan says that something ought to be done to secure the carrying of mails to China and Japan via Vancouver, as by fast steamers on the Atlantic and quicker trains to the Pacific that route would have a chance to compete with the Trans-Siberian Railway, which at present easily the best.

GOOD-BY AUDITOR-GENERAL

Is the Effect of Fielding's Measure, Says Tarte.

Montreal, Sept. 15.—Hon. Mr. Tarte, commenting on the Auditor-General's letter, says: "Mr. Macdougall is not an enemy of the government. He is a Liberal of the old school, and was a member of parliament during the Mackenzie regime. The writer has had occasion to judge Mr. Macdougall with full connaissance de cause. The Auditor-General may seem to the inexperienced Minister a little exacting, but he has always worked in the public interest. The Treasury Department is essentially a political organization. It is, so to speak, the oul of the party in power. There are more important questions discussed in the alcoves of the treasury than around the Council table. The measure introduced by Mr. Fielding is equivalent in a great degree at least to the abolition of that control of the financial administration of the several departments by the Auditor-General.

FINDS $18,000 IN WRECK.

A Fisherman Buys a Treasure Ship for 21 Shillings.

Digby, N.S., Sept. 15.—By the aid of a diver Thomas Burns, a fisherman of Seawall, N.S., has recovered nearly $18,000 in gold from the hull of a wrecked vessel, for which he paid 21 shillings, and he expects to find even more treasure.

The wreck was that of a brig lost a mile below Centreville seventy years ago. She is said to have been the Barbarie, lost on her way home after a three years' trading cruise in South America. It was said that her commander and his son had for the owners $60,000 in gold, the profits of the trip.

Burns bought the hull for the copper nails and fastenings. A diver who was exploring other wrecks was engaged to look into this one. Most of the gold coin is Spanish. One piece bears the date 1824 and is stamped "Republica Del Colombia." Others are dated 1817.

TO-DAY IN TORONTO.

Canadian Manufacturers' Association annual meeting, at King Edward Hotel, 10 a.m.; reception at Parliament Buildings 8 p.m.

Fire Underwriters, King Edward Hotel, 10 a.m.

Industrial School Board, City Hall, 5 p.m.

Queen's Own Rifles, Armouries, 8 p.m.

Labor men select candidates, Occident Hall, 8 p.m.

Temperance campaign meetings, Northern and Olivet Congregational Churches, 8 p.m.

Princess Theatre, "Mr. Pickwick," 2 and 8 p.m.

Grand, "The Country Girl," 2 and 8 p.m.

Shea's, vaudeville, 2 and 8 p.m.

Star, burlesque, 2 and 8 p.m.

Radnor makes the best Gin Rickie.

MRS. DRODIN IN THE BAY BODY FOUND YESTERDAY

Police Think Toronto Woman Committed Suicide—Had Been Missing Since Sunday.

The body of a woman was discovered in the Bay yesterday afternoon at the foot of John-street, and has been identified as that of Mrs. Brodin, ford Road. The body was discovered by two boys, while bathing, lying face upwards, floating on top of the water. The body was taken to the Morgue, and in an endeavor to identify it a thoro examination was made. It was then perceived that there were no traces of any foul play and the conclusions are that the unfortunate woman threw herself into the water. She could not have been there long before the discovery was made. It was learned that the woman was missing since Sunday, and it was feared something of this nature had happened her.

BOY'S PROVIDENTIAL ESCAPE.

Almost Another Fatality on Tracks at Foot of Yonge-St.

Yet another accident on the Esplanade at the foot of Yonge-street occurred yesterday which again cries loudly for activity on the part of the city to take steps to arrange a passage of safety across the tracks at this point before more deaths are recorded.

C. B. Mortimore, 12 years of age, in company with his brother, was crossing the tracks on his way to the ferry. He just got over one track as a train was coming, and before he realized it was almost in front of another train hidden from view by a number of standing freight cars. Before he could clear himself the side of the engine grazed his body, throwing him to the ground. Beyond a bad fright and a cut nose no injuries were sustained. His brother, who was ahead, saw the train first and sprang across the tracks.

Both boys were on their way yesterday to Port Hope College from San Francisco, Cal., and intended leaving on the 5 o'clock train. Master Charles was taken to the Emergency Hospital, where his injury was attended to, after which he left with friends to await the next train to Port Hope.

ABOUT $60,000 RICHER.

Coal and Steel Dividends Given to Elgin Loan Co.

St. Thomas, Sept. 15.—W. K. Cameron, solicitor for the Elgin Loan Company, this morning received from the National Trust Company certificates for the 525 shares of Dominion Coal, amounting in value to $52,500, and 50 shares of Dominion Iron and Steel, valued at $5600. In addition he also received a cheque for $1050, being the amount of dividends paid on the stock while in the custody of the National Trust Company. The stock is worth about $18,000 less now than at the time it was first demanded by the Elgin Load liquidators, and the National Trust may also be liable for this amount.

FAILED TO INSURE.

Now Garafraxa Farmer Bemoans Loss of Season's Crop.

Fergus, Sept. 15.—During a heavy electrical storm which swept over the greater part of Garafraxa this afternoon, the barn of David Ferrier was struck by lightning and burned to the ground. The barn contained a large part of the season's crop, but a stack of hay and oats was saved. There was no insurance on buildings or contents. Agents were around about two weeks ago, but he put them off.

Smokers 10c. cigars 4 for 25c.; Marguerites, Boston, Fortuna Alive Bollard.

REV. R. BENSON A CATHOLIC.

London, Sept. 15.—The Rev. Robert Benson, son of the late Archbishop of Canterbury, who died in 1896, has been received into the Roman Catholic Church.

Did you ever try the top barrel?

If Not, Why Not?

You should have an Accident Policy. See Walter H. Blight. Phone 2770, Medical Building, Bay and Richmond-streets. 136

MARRIAGES.

TYNER—MALLINDINE—In St. Matthew's Church, on Tuesday, Sept. 15, 1903, by Rev. Canon Farncombe, assisted by Rev. F. C. C. Heathcote, Rev. F. D. Tyner, to Jennie Mallindine.

DEATHS.

BEST—At 456 Markham-street, Toronto, on Tuesday, Sept. 15, Mary Edna Best, daughter of T. H. Best, aged 21 years.

Service at 456 Markham-street, at 4 p.m. on Wednesday. Funeral at Collingwood, Thursday, at 10.30 a.m.

COTTENDEN—On Tuesday, Sept. 15, Mary Ann (Tiney) Cottenden, aged 46 years.

Funeral on Thursday, at 2 p.m., from her late residence, 1098 Queen-street West, thence to St. James' Cemetery. Friends will please accept this intimation.

FURNISS—At L'Orignal, on Sept. 15, 1903, George Furniss, formerly of Toronto.

Funeral on Friday, Sept. 18, at 10 a.m.

SHANNON—On Tuesday, Sept. 15, Ann, relict of the late Edward Shannon of Stratford, Ont.

The funeral will take place at 9 a.m. Thursday, 17th inst., from the residence of her nephew, James B. Wright, 82 Oak-street, to St. Michael's Cathedral, thence to Mount Hope Cemetery.

TURNER—At Locust Hill, on Monday, Sept. 14, 1903, Josie A. Hagerman, beloved wife of John Turner, and only daughter of Sinclair H. Hagerman, Hagerman's Corners, Ont.

Funeral from her late residence Wednesday, Sept. 16, at 2 p.m., to Locust Hill Cemetery.

Imported German Lager—Thomas'.

Commission to Build Eastern Section of G.T.P. Will Not be Independent.

Ottawa, Sept. 15.—(Special.)—From early morning till late to-night the opposition maintained a peppering fire on the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway contract. Clause 16 of the bill which deals with the functions of the commissioners who are to have in charge the construction of the eastern section drew the first battle shots.

F. D. Monk showed clearly that the commissioners would not be independent of parliament, therefore the government might as well save the $60,000 or $75,000 they would cost, and superintend the work itself. He took exception to commissioners generally, but more particularly that commission that is to be entrusted with the construction of the eastern section of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway. W. S. Fielding stood aghast at the thought of investing a commission with power that would enable it to be independent of the government. To which Mr. Monk replied that the commission should be responsible to parliament, not to the Executive. The commissioners during the period of construction should be removed, as judges are removed, and in no other way.

Government by Commission.

W. F. Maclean suggested that the government was seeking to provide a concern behind which it could entrench itself and so evade the responsibility which properly belongs to it. The country had a Minister of Railways spending many hundreds of thousands of dollars a year, why then should this money be spent on commissioners. Three commissioners had already been created and the corollary of to-day's argument was that a fourth commissioner should be appointed to administer the I.C.R. "We are having too much government by commission," declared Mr. Maclean. "Probably the Minister of Customs would like a commission to assist him, also, perhaps, the Minister of Justice would like similar assistance. If we give Ministers positons and pay them to advise us as to how we ought to transact the public business, let us carry out the system, but if we intend to abandon it and resort to commissions we ought to have a clear statement to that effect. There should be an announcement to the people that responsible government has ceased to exist, and that government by commission has taken its place." Mr Maclean declared that the Liberal party had declared in its Ottawa platform against commissions. They had condemned that form of government time and again. There was a constitutional limitation to appointment of commissions.

Limitation Exceeded.

Mr. Maclean said the limitation had been exceeded in this case; the proposition before the house ought to be, as it certainly was not, the solution of the

Continued on Page 2.

KILLED UNDER THRESHING MACHINE

In Running It Down Hill, Young Man Slipped Under Wheels.

Garden Hill, Sept. 15.—(Special.)—A sad accident occurred near here today, resulting in the death of Hugh Trew, a young man about 25 years of age. Together with Robert Langstaff he had hold of the tongue of the truck of a threshing machine attempting to steady it while going down hill. A wheel struck a stone and the tongue swerved, knocking Trew down, and the wheels passed over his chest. He was so severely crushed that, in spite of the medical attendance rendered by Dr. Beatty, he died in a few hours. Dr. Corbett, the coroner, was notified, but deemed an inquest unnecessary.

DECISION REACHED TO-DAY.

Whether Queen's Will Remain a Church Institution or Not.

Kingston, Sept. 15.—At the conference of the General Assembly Committee and Queen's Trustees to consider what shall be done to retain Queen's as a church institution, the opening hours of to-day's session were spent in review. Principal Gordon and Dr. Milligan presented Queen's reasons for separation and various reverend doctors of the church held for retaining the college and maintaining it. The matter will not be decided before to-morrow. Rev. Dr. Fletcher, moderator, presides, and Rev. Dr. Campbell is secretary.

The Big Ladies' Hat Opening.

Not often we have a chance to announce such an opening sale of ladies' hats as that figuring on the back page of this paper, advertising a fall opening for the W. & D. Dineen Company, corner of Yonge and Temperance-streets. To realize what this sale is you should take the earliest opportunity to visit it. Every hat is an original and modern one—every one different—all Parisian and New York designs.

LOCAL THUNDERSTORMS.

Meteorological Office, Toronto, Sept. 15, 8 p.m.—The weather to-day has been showery in Northern and Western Ontario fine and very warm in the more southern parts of the province. In Quebec and the Maritime Provinces it has been fair and cooler, and in Manitoba cold, with heavy frost i nthe early morning.

Minimum and maximum temperatures—Minnedosa, 30—44; Winnipeg, 24—46; Toronto, 64—84; Kingston, 66—80; Ottawa, 58—72; Montreal, 62—68; Quebec, 56—64; Halifax, 52—68.

Probabilities.

Lower Lakes—Fair, with high temperature and local thunderstorms.

Georgian Bay—Partly cloudy and moderately warm, with showers.

Ottawa Valley—Partly cloudy and moderately warm, with showers.

Upper St. Lawrence—Mostly fair and warm. Local showers at Kingston and comparatively cool further east.

Lower St. Lawrence and Gulf—Easterly winds; fair and moderately warm.

Maritime—Easterly winds; fair until night; important disturbance on Atlantic to the south.

Lake Superior—Strong winds; cool and showery.

Manitoba—Partly cloudy and cold, with light local rains.

Radnor in the morning.

STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.

Sept. 15.	At.	From.
Kondig Albert	New York	Bremen
Kaiser Wilhelm II.	New York	Bremen
Manchester	Quebec	Manchester
Monmouth	Avonmouth	Montreal
Canada	Father Point	Boston
Minnehaha	London	New York
Columbian	London	New York
Mongolian	Glasgow	New York
Nomadic	Liverpool	Portland
Dominion	Liverpool	Montreal
Montrose	Liverpool	Montreal
Westernland	Amst'dam	Philadelphia
Ivernia	Amsterdam	Boston
Anchoria	Moville	New York
Vancouver	Genoa	Boston

Premier Balfour Comes Out as a Protectionist

Presents Arguments in Favor of Tariff Revision

Do to Foreigners What They Do to Each Other

'The First and Most Essential Object of Our National Efforts Should Be to Get Rid of the Bonds in Which We Have Gratuitously Entangled Ourselves"—Rumors as to Chamberlain's Part.

(Canadian Associated Press Cable.)

London, Sept. 16.—The Prime Minister's economic notes on Insular Free Trade, issued this morning, is the first big gun fired in the great fight for fiscal reform. It is noticeable that Mr. Balfour says not a single word on the taxation of goods. The pamphlet says: "I PLEAD FOR FREEDOM TO NEGOTIATE. THE FREEDOM OF EXCHANGE MAY BE INCREASED. IT CANNOT BE RIGHT FOR A COUNTRY WITH FREE TRADE IDEALS TO ENTER INTO COMPETITION WITH ITS PROTECTIONIST RIVALS AND ALLOW ITSELF TO BE DEPRIVED OF THE ONLY INSTRUMENT BY WHICH THEIR POLICY CAN CONCEIVABLY BE MODIFIED. THE FIRST AND MOST ESSENTIAL OBJECT OF OUR NATIONAL EFFORTS SHOULD BE TO GET RID OF THE BONDS IN WHICH WE HAVE GRATUITOUSLY ENTANGLED OURSELVES. WHAT IS FUNDAMENTAL IS THAT OUR LIBERTY SHOULD BE REGAINED.

INSULAR FREE TRADE.

London, Sept. 16.—(C.A.P.)—Premier Balfour issued this morning the advance sheets of a pamphlet on the subject of "Insular Free Trade," in which he presents at length arguments in favor of a change in Great Britain's fiscal policy.

He says: I am a free trader, but not of the pattern which holds that the doctrine of free trade is so universal in its application and so capable of an exact expression that every conclusion to which it logically leads must be accepted without hesitation and reserve."

Exports Seriously Diminished.

The Premier points out that as a result of England's policy of retaining a fiscal policy made for a free trade country in a world of free traders, the rate of her export trade has not increased, and, in fact, has seriously diminished. Meanwhile, Germany, America, France, Russia and even Great Britain's self-governing colonies continue to build up a protected interest within their borders.

Mr. Balfour declared that the optimists who advocate a continuance of the free trade policy in place of the injury worked by protection on Great Britain's interests, are foolish.

Mr. Balfour concludes: "It cannot be right for a country with free trade ideas to enter into competition with protectionist rivals. The most essential object of our national efforts should be to be rid of the bonds in which we have gratuitously entangled ourselves."

Abandoning Preference.

The publication of the pamphlet immediately after the momentous cabinet Council indicates that it will be a statement of policy accepted or rather acquiesced in by the majority of the Cabinet. If this assumption is correct, IT MEANS THE ABANDONMENT OF THE IDEA OF A PREFERENTIAL TARIFF WITH THE COLONIES AND THE TAXATION OF FOOD IN FAVOR OF A SYSTEM OF RETALIATORY DUTIES. Even this, however, is tentative.

The most striking feature of the pamphlet is that it does not refer to Mr. Chamberlain's proposals. The whole line of Mr. Balfour's reasoning is opposed to tariffs for purely protectionist purposes. Hence, Mr. Chamberlain is faced with the alternative of either abandoning preferential tariffs or prosecuting his campaign unsupported by Mr. Balfour.

Neither does Mr. Balfour admit that Great Britain's trade is on the verge of ruin. He says: "I can find no evidence that we are living on our capital." The Premier thinks that this is because protectionist tariffs are less bad than they look, and protectionist countries and the British colonies "are still our most important customers."

Disadvantages to Grow.

He contends, however, that in the future the disadvantages under which Great Britain suffers must increase with the growth and spread of protection abroad and the absorption of new markets.

Mr. Balfour says further: "The only alternative is to do to foreign nations what they always do to each other, and instead of appealing to economic theories, in which they wholly disbelieve, TO USE FISCAL INDUCEMENTS WHICH THEY THOROLY UNDERSTAND."

The Liberal papers strongly denounce the booklet because they contend that it leaves Mr. Balfour on the protectionist side without in any way settling the issue before the country.

The Duke of Devonshire had a conference lasting two hours with Mr. Balfour. To-night Chief Irish Secretary Wyndham, the Earl of Selborne, and Gerald Balfour also called on the Premier. It is believed that within a day or two the resignation of the Chancellor of the Exchequer, Mr. Ritchie, and, perhaps, of the Duke of Devonshire, will be announced.

Not to Press It.

According to The Daily Mail, Mr Chamberlain agrees under the stress of necessity not to press his program.

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