

CHAPTER. COMPARATIVES OF COLOURS

the general colour, and so take it for granted that this new name implies a new colour. Only a few names of colour are original, as, for example, to Arion red, red, yellow, green and blue may be so called, but even these names may have referred to some other colour. All other names of colour are derived from nature.

1st. *of plants and trees*—crimson, peacock green, cherry, straw berry, pomegranate, olive, blue, olive, minnow, apple green, corn, cardinal, orange, yellow.

2nd. *of flowers*—violet, pink, rose, Echidna, wisteria, mauve, red, white, purple, yellow, blue, ivy, magnolia, carnation, rose, red, green.

3rd. *of animals*—red, white, straw, sage, hazel, and only for women's eyes.

4th. *of minerals*—red yellow, red blue, red grey, red lead, copper red, blue white, poplar, Spanish for mineral of gold.

5th. *of precious stones*—ruby, emerald, sapphire, turquoise, garnet, topaz, and others—blue, lazur, lapis lazur, pearl grey, pearl blue.

6th. *of metals*—terra di Siena, terra cotta, chrome yellow, chrome orange, terra verte, cobalt blue, mineral grey,umber, ochre.

7th. *of animals and animal substances*—sepia, crocodile, titiens, Antillean Warbler, fawn, ibis, llama, ivory, black, canary yellow, robin, egg blue, elephant green, seal brown, dove, salmon, chamof.

8th. *of proper names of persons*—Bismarck, orange brown, Jean Bart, dark blue, Van Dyck brown, Van Dyck red, Rembrandt red, Davy's grey, Payne's grey, Ophelia, Sappho, Victoria green.

9th. *of proper names of places*—

a) *countries and districts*—Gamboge, Quito, Egyptian, Labrador, Havana, Siam, Palestine (dull pink), Saunterne, African green, Helvetia, Magenta.

b) *nations or tribes*—Italian pink, Judee, Zulu, Prussian blue, Chinese white.