II. DEFINITIONS

Article 3

General Definitions

- 1. In this Convention, unless the context otherwise requires:
 - (a) the term "Estonia" means the Republic of Estonia and, when used in the geographical sense, means the territory of Estonia and any other area adjacent to the territorial waters of Estonia within which, under the laws of Estonia and in accordance with international law, the rights of Estonia may be exercised with respect to the seabed and its subsoil and their natural resources;
 - (b) the term "Canada" used in a geographical sense, means the territory of Canada, including:
 - (i) any area beyond the territorial seas of Canada which, in accordance with international law and the laws of Canada, is an area within which Canada may exercise rights with respect to the seabed and subsoil and their natural resources;
 - the seas and airspace above every area referred to in subparagraph (i)
 in respect of any activity carried on in connection with the exploration
 for or the exploitation of the natural resources referred to therein;
 - (c) the terms "a Contracting State" and "the other Contracting State" mean, as the context requires, Estonia or Canada;
 - (d) the term "person" includes an individual, an estate, a trust, a company, a partnership and any other body of persons;
 - the term "company" means any body corporate or any entity which is treated as a body corporate for tax purposes;
 - (f) the terms "enterprise of a Contracting State" and "enterprise of the other Contracting State" mean respectively an enterprise carried on by a resident of a Contracting State and an enterprise carried on by a resident of the other Contracting State;
 - (g) the term "competent authority" means:
 - in the case of Estonia, the Minister of Finance of his authorised representative;
 - in the case of Canada, the Minister of National Revenue or his authorized representative;
 - (h) the term "national" means:
 - (i) any individual possessing the nationality of a Contracting State;
 - any legal person, partnership and association deriving its status as such from the laws in force in a Contracting State;