

say nothing more upon this point, hoping that should this slight hint meet the eye of any of those who were then present, they may be induced to think "and become convinced of the sin and wickedness of behaving unbecomingly in the house of God."

After the communion service, I was, like many other strangers, loitering about, and examining the Church, when the Rev. Mr. Anderson, who is in charge of the Mohawk mission, came up to me, and asked me to go home with him, it being very cold. After arriving at his house, and being seated a few minutes, two highly respectable men of the township (Tyendinaga) were shown in, who in the most gratifying manner presented the Rev. Gentlemen with five pounds on behalf of the Orange Lodge of which they were members, as a mark of their respect to him, and further as a thank offering for his having performed service and preached for them on the 5th of November last.

Mr. Anderson was much affected by this token of kindness, and thanked them very warmly. From some things I heard, I have good reason to suppose all the other Lodges in the Township will club together in subscribing a sufficient sum to procure him another horse, one not being equal for all he has to do.

The day after Christmas I determined upon returning home, but Mr. Anderson insisted that I should remain to witness a *fete* he intended giving the school children on the mission. I consented, for I like to see little people happy. They were to have dinner—one was the hour, they were not to come before—I heard Mrs. Anderson telling several bright-eyed boys and girls at the Church; but who ever heard of children, and school children too, being late. Oh, no! they would rather be early; and so by eleven o'clock, troop after troop came pouring in, much doubtless to the discomfort of mistress and maids; but it was to be a day of joy, so nothing was said; they were allowed the range of the house, except the dining room. How anxiously I saw some of them peering through the windows, wondering, I suppose, when dinner would be ready, and what they would have to eat!

About half-past one, the parents of the children had arrived, and some other persons who had been invited; dinner was announced, and then the strife was who should go in first, for there was not room enough for all at the same time; but the difficulty was soon settled, and Mr. Anderson, with the aid of one of the school-masters, had soon twenty-four hungry little people seated. The table groaned under the weight of provisions of every kind—beef, geese, ducks and hams were in abundance, with tea, coffee, pies and cakes of every kind, and apples on the side tables. After grace had been said, they commenced a vigorous attack on the good things. By four o'clock the children had all dined; there were about forty in number. They were then dismissed to their games and romps—like magic the tables were cleared, and again covered with a fresh supply of good things; and the parents of the children followed their example in doing justice to the viands. Such scenes, Rev. Sir, call to my recollection the happy days of my youth, when pastor and flock were wont to celebrate together with innocent mirth the blessed season of which I have been writing; what more appropriate season to tell little children, that the King of Kings came into the world to save us from our sins, than the day or season we celebrate as his birth! This was not forgotten ere the children took their departure to their respective homes. Mr. A. called them together and addressed them in plain forcible language, telling them that the feast of Christmas was to remind them of the birth of Christ, who came into the world to save us all from our sins; and as often as this season returns we ought not only to rejoice for having a share of the good things of this life, but feel thankful for the goodness of God in sending his Son to save us. There is no use in me trying to tell the interest of this moment, to see so many eyes, sparkling like diamonds, turned upon the missionary—his earnestness, and the deep feeling of his language. Ah, Sir, he felt his responsibility at that moment—the same was worth a dozen sermons. All knelt, and the God of heaven was invoked on behalf of the youth; and, Sir, if ever I joined heartily in the beautiful prayers of the Church, it was then. The Benediction being pronounced, the children departed, after receiving a kind invitation to pay a visit to the Parsonage next Christmas.

I am, Reverend Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,
A VISITOR.
Belleville, 17th January, 1852.

To the Editor of The Church.

MR. EDITOR.—At a time like the present, when a General Election has just closed, in which interests of vital importance, not only to this rapidly improving colony, but also in some considerable degree to that vast Empire of which we form a part, have been at stake; when great principles have been involved, and men's minds are not unnaturally led to look anxiously into the future for the ultimate consequences; it might seem to be an act of presumption almost, to call off your attention to minor matters, to things which would seem rather to belong to private life. And such I confess would be my feeling were it not that I well know your disposition to notice with attention and kindness everything, no matter how apparently trifling, which concerns the steady advancement of the Church, or the comfort and welfare of the Clergy in this extensive diocese. You will, I am sure, be gratified to learn, and I doubt not, many of your "constant readers" also, that the Church in this section of the diocese is advancing steadily and surely—is "lengthening her cords and strengthening her stakes," is taking deep root in the hearts and affections of many. As an instance of this, I take the liberty of mentioning a fact which has lately come to my knowledge.—The members of the Kingston Choral Society, St. Paul's Congregation, and some others, desiring to testify their high regard and appreciation of the gratuitous services of Mrs. Greig, wife of the respected Incumbent of St. Paul's Church, who has not only acted as Organist of that Church for some time, but also for the Choral Society since its commencement; a short time since presented that lady with a fine toned Melodeon, one of the first-class, from the manufactory of Messrs. Eldridge & Co., Cherry Valley, New York. The columns of a newspaper, even the *Church*, should not of course be unnecessarily occupied with details of comparatively private matters, which would be uninteresting to general readers. I would therefore only add that the above handsome present reflects great credit on the taste as well as the good will of the kind donors, no less than on that amiable lady herself. In this age of money-making and speculation, it is gratifying and heart-cheering to see such things. To behold a community, when the secular teacher is abroad seeking to divorce religion from science and education, showing at once their sound Christian feeling and good taste by weekly meetings for the practice and enjoyment of Sacred Music, is surely calculated to cheer and encourage the

sincere Christian amid the noise and irreligion engendered by the strife of demagogues and time-serving politicians. May such a spirit long continue amongst us! May the Churchmen of Kingston keep fast hold of that Christian feeling and unanimity which the above, and indeed many a no less "gentle deed" were we at liberty to mention them, abundantly testify.

I remain, Mr. Editor,
Respectfully yours,
Kingston, Canada West,
January 30th, 1852. Φιλόγ.

ARRIVAL OF THE "HUMBOLDT."

Halifax, Feb., 2.

The steamer *Humboldt* put into this port yesterday, she left harbour on the morning of the 14th ult., and Cowes roads the same afternoon: bringing London papers of that date; she has 35 passengers and a valuable cargo of manufactured freight from the continent. She encountered a succession of heavy westerly gales, and was damaged so badly as to cause much trouble in steering and much delay; she put in here to repair, and has taken on board 200 tons of coal, having over 200 of old stock on board.

ENGLAND.—The London *Times* announces that the next Session of Parliament will be opened on the 3rd of February, by the Queen in person, and the present Cabinet, without any further modification, was resolved to face the difficulties of the session. The *Times* however, gives no hope that Lord John Russell's Government will survive the session, but plainly hints that it will speedily fall before the accumulated difficulties which it must experience; all the overtures of the Russell Ministry to the leaders of the Peel party for a coalition have been declined. The *Times* recommends a modification of the Ministry in a broad and liberal sense, as the only hope of the salvation of Lord John Russell.

Sir H. Smith has been superseded by the Hon. Major Gen. G. Cathcart, Deputy Lieut. of the Tower of London. The appointment is unfavourably received, as Major General Cathcart has never had any experience in British warfare.

It was thought probable that the Marquis Clanricarde would replace the Marquis of Normanby as Ambassador at Paris, in the event of his joining the Cabinet. He has arrived in England from Paris.

A subscription was being raised throughout the United Kingdom, for the benefit of the widows and orphans left by the destruction of the *Amazon*. The Queen gave £150, and it was expected £50,000 would be raised. It is understood that J. R. Crosskey, Esq., the U. S. Consul at Southampton, has addressed a letter by this steamer to the Mayor of New York, suggesting the propriety of commencing a subscription there.

The London *Times* of the 12th ult., states in reference to the Prometheus affair, that the British Government will express to the Government of Washington, their regret at what has occurred, and testify in a marked manner their disapprobation of the aggressor's conduct.

The Crystal Palace is at last cleared out, and the vast area is soon to be thrown open to the public.

FRANCE.—The President of the French Republic has issued a decree dissolving the National Guards throughout France; but they are to be re-organized when the Government may deem it necessary for the maintenance of the public order; in such case the President will appoint the commanders colonels and lieutenant-colonels.

It was daily expected that Louis Napoleon would declare himself Emperor; but it was felt that such a step would not add to the despotic power he at present exercises.

Large numbers of persons were being shipped off to the pestiferous marshes of Cayenne. Decrees have also been issued banishing Victor Hugo, Charest, and a great number of the Mountain party, from the territories of France, Algiers and the Colonies. The same decrees ordered the removal of Generals Changarnier and Lamoriciere, Didot, M. M. Thiers, Girardin, and twelve others for a time from France and Algiers, for reasons of public security. The Generals were released from the Fortress of Ham, and escorted to the frontier.

A curious effect of mirage was witnessed at Newport on the 20th ult. A large steamer was seen plainly at a long distance, apparently standing for New York. This statement was telegraphed to New York, where some time afterwards the steamer "Arctic" arrived, when the captain stated, that at the time mentioned in the despatch from Newport, he was distant from that town sixty-five miles. He says:—

"At that time a vapour like that rising from hot water was floating over the sea, from one to four feet above its surface. Several of my passengers observing, and wondering at this appearance, asked me its cause. That night the lights all showed as two, one above the other; the lower, or what seemed the reflected light, appeared several minutes before the upper or real light. The phenomenon of the 'Arctic's' being seen by the naked eye at a distance of sixty-five miles, is clearly therefore one of mirage."—*Patriot*

Further Extracts from our English Files.

LOSS OF THE STEAMSHIP AMAZON.

Mr. Vincent (son of Capt. Vincent of the Severn), the midshipman in the *Amazon*, who was saved, has been so good as to furnish us with the following narrative:—

"We left Southampton with the West Indian and Mexican mails on board on Friday, the 2nd inst. On the 3rd at noon, we were in latitude 49.22 north, longitude 4.56 west, steering west by south half-south, with an increasing fresh breeze. At 9.30 p.m. we stopped with half berring. At 11.20 we proceeded, wind still increasing. About 20 minutes to 1 on Sunday morning fire was observed bursting through the hatchway fore-side of the fore funnel. Every possible exertion was made to put out the fire, but all was ineffectual. The mail boat was lowered, with 20 or 25 persons in it, but was immediately swamped and went astern, the people clinging to one another. These were all lost. The pinnace was next lowered, but she hung by the fore tackle, and being swamped, the people were all washed out of her. In lowering the second cutter the sea raised her and unhooked the fore tackle, so that she fell down perpendicularly, and all but two of the persons in her were washed out.

"Captain Simons was all this time using his utmost exertions to save his passengers and crew. Sixteen men, including two passengers, succeeded in lowering the lifeboat, and about the same time I (Mr. Vincent), with two men, the steward and a passenger, got into and lowered the dingy. In about half an hour the lifeboat took the dingy's people into her, and bore down for the ship with the dingy in tow, but the sea increas-

ing, and being nearly swamped, they were obliged to cast the dingy off and bring the boat head to sea. The masts went—first the foremast, and the mizenmast.

"About this time a bark passed astern of the lifeboat; we hailed her with our united 21 voices and thought she answered us, but she wore and stood under the stern of the burning vessel, and immediately hauled her wind and stood away again.

"The gig with five hands was at this time some little way from us, but the was running so high we could render her no assistance, and shortly afterwards lost sight of her. [This boat may have been saved.]

"About 4 a.m. (Sunday) it was raining heavily, and the wind shifted to the northward; sea confused, but decreasing; put the boat before the sea. At 5 o'clock the ship's magazine exploded, and about half an hour afterwards the funnel, sent over the sides and she sunk. At noon we were picked up by the *Marsden*, of London, Capt. Evans, dy whom we were treated in kindest manner possible.

"We were pecked up in latitude 48.5 north, longitude 5.30 west; wind north to north-east. The captain stood into the coast of France, but the wind shifting to the southward he bore up for Plymouth, where we arrived at 10.50 p.m. on the 5th, and were most hospitably and kindly received by the landlord of the Globe Hotel."

The literary world will have cause to regret the death of Elliot Warburton, the well-known author of "The Crescent and the Cross." This accomplished scholar and gentleman was one of the most useful travellers and amusing writers of the age, and the sincerely Christian tone occasionally observed in the productions of his pen, gave indications of a sincere religious faith and an amiable and benevolent disposition.

The city of London stands upon 620 acres. The fixed property in houses located on this small spot is estimated at forty millions sterling; and the value of moveable property in the City, according to the *Railway Journal*, is considered to be worth a hundred millions sterling.

The Niagara District Branch of the Diocesan Church Society.

The members of this Association are hereby notified that the public annual meeting thereof will be held at St. Catharines, (D.V.) on Thursday, the 26th inst.; Divine Service to commence at 6 o'clock, P.M.

The Chairmen of the several Parochial Associations are requested to transmit the Report to the Secretary by the 21st instant, at latest. The Managing Committee will meet in St. George's Church, at one o'clock, P.M.

T. B. FULLER, Secretary.
N. D. B. D. Church Society.

Thorold, Feb. 2nd, 1852.

Church Society—Newcastle District Branch.

At a meeting of the Committee, held at the Rectory, Cobourg, on Friday Dec. 12, 1851, the Parochial meetings of the Newcastle District Branch of the Church Society, were appointed to take place as follows:—

Port Hope.....Monday, Jan. 26, 7 p.m.
St. George's, Clarke.....Tuesday, Jan. 27, 2 p.m.
Bowmanville.....Tuesday, Jan. 27, 7 p.m.
Cartwright.....Wednesday, Jan. 28, 11 a.m.
Manvers (Craig's)....." " 3 p.m.
Cavan, St. John's.....Thursday, Jan. 29, 10½ a.m.
Do. St. Paul's....." " 3 p.m.
Perrytown.....Friday, Jan. 30, 10½ a.m.
COBOURG, annual meeting Wednesday, March 3, 7 p.m.

JONATHAN SHORTT, Secretary.

DIED.

At Brockville, on the morning of the 9th of January, at the residence of Ormond Jones, Esq., Mrs. Jones, relict of the late Ephraim Jones, Esq., of Augusta, in the 90th year of her age.

On Sunday the 22nd ult., after a few hours sickness, Richard Birdsall, Esq., of Asphodel, County Peterboro'. He was a zealous friend of the Church, and died lamented by numerous friends.

TORONTO MARKETS.

TORONTO, February 4, 1852.			
Spring Wheat per bushel	5	d.	3 5
Oats, per 34 lbs	1	0	1 2
Barley	2	0	2 4
Flour, superfine (in Barrels)	14	0	17 6
Do. fine (in Bags)	18	0	20 0
Market Flour, (in Barrels)	17	0	18 0
Do. (in Bags)	15	0	18 0
Oatmeal, per barrel	15	0	17 6
Beef, per lb.	0	23	0 23
Do. per 100 lbs.	15	0	17 6
Pork per cwt	15	0	22 6
Bacon	32	6	37 6
Hams, per cwt	40	0	0 33
Mutton per lb.	0	23	0 39
Turkeys, each	2	0	2 6
Ducks per pair	1	0	1 6
Geese do.	0	10	1 3
Fowls	0	4	0 5
Bread	0	7	0 9
Butter, fresh, per lb.	0	5	0 6
Do. salt, do.	0	5	0 6
Potatoes, per bushel	2	3	2 6
Apples	5	0	7 6
Eggs per dozen	0	9	1 0
Hay per ton	35	0	50 0
Straw per ton	25	0	27 6
Fire Wood per cord	12	6	16 3
Coal per ton	27	6	10 0

New Advertisements.

BAZAAR.

UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF MRS. STRACHAN.

THE LADIES interested in St. George's Church, Toronto, purpose holding a BAZAAR in the month of April next, for providing funds to erect a PARSONAGE HOUSE. They beg to solicit contributions from all who may feel disposed to forward this object. Contributions will be thankfully received, on or before the 19th day of April, by any of the under-named Ladies, who have kindly consented to act as

Patronesses:

Mrs. W. H. Boulton.	Miss Lambert.
Mrs. Cameron.	Mrs. Loring.
Madame DesLandes.	Mrs. Lett.
Mrs. Jarvis.	Mrs. Munro.
Mrs. Perkins.	Mrs. Thompson.
Mrs. J. B. Robinson.	Mrs. Wilder.
Mrs. Sherwood.	Mrs. Wilson.
Mrs. Stanton.	

Toronto, February 4th, 1852.

MR. CHARLES MAGRATH.

OFFICE: Corner of Church and Colborne Streets, opposite the side entrance to BEARD'S Hotel.
Toronto, February, 1852.

Trinity College.

FACULTY OF LAW.

LENT TERM, 1852.

THE Course of Lectures of the Faculty of Law for Lent Term, 1852, will commence on MONDAY, the 2nd of February, 1852, and continue during the College Term on every Monday and Thursday, commencing each day at 9 o'clock, A.M.

Lectures will be delivered on the following subjects:—
1. Real Estate,
2. Contracts,
3. Equity Jurisprudence.

At Osgoode Hall.
Gentlemen attending will be required to subscribe to the Rules of the Faculty on entering their names with the Bursar, and to pay an annual fee for the course of £1 5s.

Further information may be had from
CHARLES MAGRATH,
Bursar and Secretary, Trinity College,
Corner of Church and Colborne-Sts.
Toronto, January 22nd, 1852. 26-2m

REMOVAL.

SAMUEL HEAKES

BEGS respectfully to inform the LADIES OF TORONTO, that he has taken the premises, 4, King Street, Seven doors West of his old stand, which he intends opening on 1st of March, with a carefully selected Stock of DRY GOODS, &c., &c.

S. H. returns his sincere thanks for the patronage so liberally bestowed upon him; and trusts, by a strict personal attention to the business, to merit a continuance of the same.

The present Stock SELLING OFF at reduced Prices.

LONG LIVE THE QUEEN!

12, King Street East, Jan. 28th, 1852.

26-1m

IN THE PRESS,

AND SHORTLY TO BE PUBLISHED,

A HISTORY of the rise and progress of TRINITY COLLEGE, from the publication of the Lord Bishop's first Pastoral Letter, to the ceremony of Inauguration, containing full reports of the various ceremonies, copies of Addresses, Statutes, &c.
N.B.—As only a limited impression will be issued, early applications for copies,—price 5s.,—are requested at this Office.
Toronto, 15th January, 1852. 23-1f

Fire and Life Insurance.

THE ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON AND LIVERPOOL.

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FRANCIS H. HEWARD, Agent.

Royal Insurance Office,
New Market Buildings,
Toronto, 20th January, 1852.

25-1m

JUST PUBLISHED.

QUESTIONS ON THE FESTIVALS AND HOLY DAYS, for the use of Parochial and Sunday Schools, Edited by the Rev. HENRY PATTON, Rector of Cornwall, and Rural Dean of the Johnstown Deanery. Price 1s. a liberal discount to the trade. For Sale by
A. F. PLEES, 7 King Street West.

THE YOUNG CHURCHMAN, for 1852; the January number of this Journal which has been delayed from unavoidable circumstances, will be ready in a few days. As only a limited number of copies more than what are actually ordered will be printed, parties intending to send in orders will be pleased to forward the number they will probably want, as early as possible.
A. F. PLEES, Publisher.
Toronto, January, 1852.

WANTED,

A SITUATION as Daily Governess, by a Young Lady competent to instruct in the various English Branches, also French and Music. References given if required. Address A. H., Post Office, or apply to the Office of this Paper.
Toronto, Jan. 7, 1852. 23-1f

A YOUNG LADY lately arrived from the old country who has had several years experience in teaching, is anxious to procure a Situation as resident Governess, where the children are young. For further information apply to the Rev. Mr. Gregg, Presbyterian Minister of Belleville, the Rev. Mr. Greer, English Minister, Belleville. Letters pre-paid.
Toronto, January 7th 1852. 23-1f

THE GREAT BRITISH QUARTERLIES

AND BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE.

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THE WESTMINSTER REVIEW (Liberal).

AND BLACKWOOD'S EDINBURGH MAGAZINE (Tory).

THESE Reprints have now been in successful operation in this country for twenty years, and their circulation is constantly on the increase notwithstanding the competition they encounter from American periodicals of a similar class and from numerous *Eclectic* and *Magazines* made up of selections from foreign periodicals. This fact shows clearly the high estimation in which they are held by the intelligent reading public, and affords a guarantee that they are established on a firm basis, and will be continued without interruption.

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Remittances and communications should be always addressed, post-paid, to the Publishers,
LEONARD SCOTT & CO.,
79 FULTON STREET, New York.

N. B.—L. S. & Co., have recently published, and have now for sale, the "FARMER'S GUIDE," by Henry Stephens of Edinburgh, and Prof. Norton of Yale College, New Haven, complete in 2 vols., royal octavo, containing 1600 pages, 14 steel and 600 wood engravings. Price in muslin binding, \$6; in paper covers, for the mail, \$5.

THOMAS MACLEAR,
Toronto, C.W.

Toronto, January 7th 1852.

23-1f