

In citing some of the cases treated with this remedy I shall not go into a minute description of any case, but briefly state the conditions which existed and the results obtained, which were uniformly good.

Case 1. S. B., aged 16. Caught a severe cold while traveling. This developed into an unusually severe attack of bronchitis with mucous rales, pain, cough, and some slight fever. Prescribed Glyco-Heroin (Smith), one teaspoonful every two hours, decreased to every three hours. After a few doses were taken there was a decided improvement, the respirations were slower and deeper, the expectoration freer, and the temperature normal. In a few days the patient was practically well and able to return to school. No medicine except Glyco-Heroin (Smith) was given, and the results from its use were excellent.

Case 2. W. L., aged 31. Acute bronchitis; painful cough, with difficult expectoration, particularly when in a reclining posture. Glyco-Heroin (Smith) in teaspoonful doses every three hours gave speedy relief and a cure was effected in a few days.

Case 3. B. E., aged 26. Severe bronchitis, accompanying an attack of influenza. Various remedies were tried in this case, with negative results, until Glyco-Heroin (Smith) was given in teaspoonful doses every three hours. In a short time decided relief was obtained and the cough stopped permanently.

Case 4. R. L., aged 6. Capillary bronchitis, with pains over chest; cough, and difficult expectoration. Glyco-Heroin (Smith) administered, 15 drops every three hours. After taking a few doses the condition was much improved, and a speedy return to perfect health followed.

Case 5. W. H., aged 5. Whooping-cough; spasmodic paroxysms of coughing, sometimes being so severe as to cause vomiting; tenacious mucus was present, requiring great expulsive effort to loosen it. There was little fever, but the patient was much prostrated and weakened by the cough. Glyco-Heroin (Smith) was given in 10 drop doses every two hours with good results. This was combined with hygienic treatment, the patient being given as much of fresh air as possible. In a few days the condition was much ameliorated, the cough under fair control, expectoration was freer and easier to raise, and convalescence uneventful. The case was discharged cured and there were no unpleasant sequelæ, the patient at present being in perfect health.

ERYSIPELAS—PNEUMONIA.

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June 5, 1905, I was called to attend to Mr. K. I found him suffering with a very aggravated case of facial erysipelas. I applied my usual