

tion with the Provincial Board of Health, and to submit to the Board before their adoption all plans in connection with said sewer or sewerage system. It shall be the duty of the Provincial Board of Health to inquire and report upon said sewer or system of sewerage, as to whether such is calculated to meet the sanitary requirements of the inhabitants of the said municipality; and as to whether such sewer or system of sewerage is likely to prove prejudicial to the health of the inhabitants of the said municipality or of any other municipality liable to be affected thereby.

(3) The Provincial Board of Health may make any suggestions or amendments concerning the plans submitted, or may impose any conditions with regard to the construction of such sewer or system of sewerage, or the disposal of sewage therefrom, as it may deem necessary or advisable in the public interest; and the construction of any main sewer or system of sewerage shall not be proceeded with without being reported upon and approved of by said Provincial Board of Health, and no change in the construction thereof or in the disposal of sewage therefrom liable to injuriously affect the public health shall be made without previous submission to and approval of said Board.

(4) The decision or report of the Provincial Board of Health with regard to any system of water-supply, or any public sewer or public system of sewage, or the disposal of sewage therefrom, shall be subject to appeal to the Lieutenant-Governor in Council, such appeal to be made within one month after the filing of the report or

decision in the office of the Minister of the Department to which the Provincial Board of Health is attached; and such decision or report, when not so appealed against, or when confirmed or amended, and confirmed upon appeal by the Lieutenant-Governor in Council, shall be binding and conclusive upon all the municipalities and persons affected by the same; provided always that whenever it shall appear that any change of circumstances or conditions has arisen the Provincial Board of Health may, if it deem it advisable, make further inquiry and report as to any system of water-supply, or main sewer or system of sewerage or the disposal of sewage, which report shall be subject as aforesaid, and have the same force and effect as aforesaid.

4. Section 99 of the said Act is amended by adding thereto the following sub-section:

(8) Whenever any medical health officer, sanitary inspector or other health officer of the Board of Health knows or has reason to believe that blood, offal, or the meat of any dead animal which has not been previously boiled or steamed when fresh or before becoming putrid or decomposed, or which, although boiled or steamed, is putrid or decomposed, has been or is being fed to hogs, he may summon the owner, the person in charge, or any person found feeding the same, before a justice of the peace for violation of the provisions of this section; and wherever such blood, offal or decomposed flesh is found on any premises, the burden of proof that such was not intended to be so fed shall rest with the person charged.