

antiseptically, and dressing not removed until the seventh day, when the stitches were taken out. The wound healed by first intention. No bad symptoms occurred. Use of knee is perfect and painless. The body removed was of a rounded outline about $\frac{3}{4}$ of an inch, in diameter, and calcareous on one side.

Dr. McCargow presented a case of contracted lung. The case was one of peculiar interest, on account of the complete contraction of the left lung. The patient, aged 74, was brought to the city hospital and placed under the care of Dr. H. S. Griffin. There was complete dullness over the left side of the chest. The patient was in a dying condition. His previous history could not be obtained. The post-mortem notes taken by Dr. F. E. Woolverton: Body well nourished; slight oedema of upper and lower extremities; rigor mortis well marked. On making the usual incision a considerable amount of dark bloody fluid escapes, principally from the left pleural cavity. ~~Quantity about four~~

~~pints~~ Lung contracted to a mere band, and very thick and tenacious, the fluid filling the remainder of the cavity on the left side of the chest; weight of lung, $9\frac{3}{4}$ ounces; ~~in~~ in water. Pleural surface studded with hard, white bodies; costal pleura thickened and studded with tubercular deposits in upper part, in a purulent state. Right lung ~~not~~ adherent to a considerable extent, and there ~~was~~ some fluid in the pleural cavity—about $1\frac{1}{2}$ pints. Lung crepitant. Weight 29 ounces. Respiration was carried on entirely by the right lung. Weight of heart $10\frac{1}{4}$ ounces; aortic valves competent, 3 ounces of fluid in pericardium, of a similar nature to the fluid in the pleura. Liver weight 3 pounds $5\frac{3}{4}$ ounces, nutmeg appearance and very soft. Kidneys: Right has three large cysts on surface—pelvis fatty; left has a large cyst at lower end and several in the substance—pelvis also fatty.

Dr. McCargow presented a case which came into the Hamilton Hospital, December 20th, with acute periostitis of the right humerus.

History.—Complains of pain and tenderness on inner side of right arm. January 4th, says his right wrist pains him when moved; arm red and very painful from elbow to shoulder. He felt a pain in the spine of the scapula

last summer; arm first became enlarged in October last, when he felt a constant burning pain in his arm, attended with much swelling. About three weeks ago his arm was lanced, when a large quantity of pus escaped. On admission to the hospital a small hole was seen about the middle of the humerus. Pressure on shoulder and under part of arm caused the discharge of a considerable quantity of clear serous fluid. On the evening of the 1st of January a second sinus opened about half an inch above the first, which discharged a quantity of pus mixed with serous fluid. On probing, rough bone was felt at upper end of humerus.

On January 6th, Dr. H. S. Griffin amputated the arm at the shoulder-joint by anterior and posterior flaps. The patient's temperature before the operation had several times reached 104° ; after the operation his temperature gradually declined. He is now completely recovered.

F. E. WOOLVERTON,

Secretary.

Hamilton, Feb. 20, 1886.

Book Notices.

Insomnia, and the other Disorders of Sleep.—By HENRY M. LYMAN, M.A., M.D. Chicago: W. T. Keener.

Dr. Lyman has given us in this little volume all that is known of the pathology and treatment of this troublesome condition. Some of the chapters, especially those on dreams and somnambulism, are exceedingly interesting. They exhibit a wide experience and an extensive knowledge of the literature of the subject.

A Manual of Hygiene.—For the use of the Normal and Model Schools. Issued by the Provincial Board of Health of Ontario. Under the authority of the Minister of Education. Toronto: Wm. Briggs, publisher.

The chapters have been written by various members of the Provincial Board of Health of Ontario, in such intervals of time as they could find amid their ordinary avocations, and reflects the greatest credit upon our Health Board, of which we are so justly proud. A careful perusal of this work will prove of interest and