

top, for *Schizogyna* read *Schizocosa*; line 11 from bottom, for *leaving* read *having*, and insert the clause, *but . . . anteriorly*, within the parenthesis after *littoralis*.

P. 148, lines 14, 24 and 35 from top, for *Priata* read *Pirata*; line 15 from top, for *Anocosa* read *Allocosa*; line 27 from top, insert between *probably* and *insularis*, Em., the words *related to*; line 14 from bottom, for *semiferous* read *semeniferous*; line 19 from bottom and in foot-note, for *Tullgren* read *Tullgren*; in the foot-note, for *Lönberg* and *Ahad*, respectively, read *Lönberg* and *Akad*.

BOOK NOTICE.

THE HARRIMAN ALASKA EXPEDITION, VOLS. VIII. AND IX.—Insects, Part 1, pp. ix + 238, 17 plates; Part 2, pp. 284, 4 plates; numerous headpieces and figures in the text. Published by Doubleday, Page & Company, New York.

These two sumptuous volumes contain the entomological results of the far-famed Harriman Expedition to Alaska in the summer of 1899. The voyage was undertaken by the generous leader of the enterprise, as a journey for recreation and enjoyment, but its far-reaching importance was established by the invitation of twenty-three literary and scientific men to accompany the party. The results are now being made known to the world by the publication of a series of splendid volumes, beautifully printed and bound, and fully illustrated with admirable plates and a variety of artistic engravings.

The entomologist of the party was Professor Trevor Kincaid, of the University of Washington at Seattle. How zealously and successfully he worked may be gathered from the fact that during the two months devoted to the Expedition, a large portion of which was necessarily spent on board ship in travelling from place to place, he collected about 8,000 specimens, including 5,500 pinned insects and a variety of Arachnida, Myriapoda and larval forms. On his return home, these collections were carefully gone over and then sent to Dr. L. O. Howard, United States Entomologist, for distribution to specialists for study and report. The results are now given in these two volumes, and form eighteen papers by twelve well-known entomological authorities. Prof. Kincaid himself furnishes a very interesting introduction, in which he describes the localities visited, and the flora and insect fauna that came under his observation, and also papers on