convex external margin of the wings, while the primaries above are very distinct in appearance." Their general color is dull pale ochraceous, deeply shaded on the apical half of the costa, and on the inner margin with dark ferruginous. A specimen of this insect has been sent us by Mr. J. M. Jones, President of the Nova Scotian Institute of Natural Science, Halifax, N. S.

Anarta luteola, Grote & Rob. (Pro. Ent. Soc. Phil. iv. 493, pl. 3.) – Taken by Mr. W. Couper in the vicinity of Quebcc. Primaries black, with the reniform spot very conspicuous, white; secondaries clear yellow, with a broad neatly defined black border of uniform width. Alar expanse 1.00 inch, length of body 0.50 inch.

Anarta Acadiensis, Bethune.— A full description of this new species will appear in the forthcoming number of the Transactions of the Nova Scotian Institute of Natural Science; we shall take an opportunity of transferring it to the pages of this ournal at some future time. The species was determined from a specimen sent us by Mr. J. M. Jones.

*Phesia mappa*, Grote & Rob. (Trans. Am. Ent. Soc. ii. 204).—This very heautiful species is described from a specimen taken by Mr. Bowles at Quebec. We have received a specimen from Mr. J. M. Jones, of Halifax, N. S., and have seen others that were taken in this Province. Its general color is purple rosy, with shades of very deep brown and black, and numerous golden dots and markings.

Anomis grandipuncta, Guen.—Determined for us by Mr. Walker. Taken in great numbers at Cobourg in September, 1865, and not uncommon in various parts of Ontario. In the British Museum Catalogue (Lep. Heteroc. xiii. 989) the specimens are stated to be from South America and the West Indies. The primarics are pale fawn-colour tinged with roseate, with a few scattered reddish streaks representing the transverse lines, and a large blackish-white speckled discal spot in the place of the reniform; secondaries dark greyish cinereous. Alar expansion 1.50 inch; length of body 0.50 inch.

Vania typica, Linn. — A common European insect, also taken in the United States, sent to Mr. Reed in Mr. D'Urban's collection made in Lower Canada The following is Mr. Stainton's description (Manual, i. 212): "Fore-wings brown, marbled with dark brown; the lines paler; the veins and margins of the stigmata whitish ochroous: hind-wings dark grey. In June. Larva greenish grey, with a faint rosy tint in the incisions; a row of oblique whitish streaks intersect the dark grey sub-dorsal line, and those on the 11th or 12th segments are followed by a black streak; spiracular line whitish, edged above with blackish (Duponchel). On dock, willow-herb, &c. When young the larva is quite gregarious, and almost defoliates the plant on which it occurs."

Syneda Hudsonica, Grote & Rob. (Pro. Ent. Soc. Phil. iv. 494, pl. 3).-