which the Rev. George W. Taylor, another life long friend of Dr. Fletcher's, is curator, where we spent a couple of days. On parting from him, he with his usual thoughtfulness, insisted on carrying my case to the waiting conveyance, as he considered I was still an invalid. Little did we think it was to be our final

parting.

I can bear witness to the inestimable value of the assistance he afforded this province in all those questions affecting the welfare of the agriculturist and the people generally; that to the other parts of the Dominion and to mankind in general are but too well known and have been dilated upon by abler pens. And now arises the question, how can his place be filled? In our hearts at least there is a void which we feel that time can but partially cure, and in bidding farewell to one who has so endeared himself to all and whose life was so successfully and disinterestedly devoted to the welfare of his country, we may well say,

"He so sepulchred in such pomp dost lie That kings for such a tomb would wish to die."

J. R. ANDERSON.

Victoria, B.C., 26th January, 1909.

EPIGÆA REPENS IN WATERLOO COUNTY.

As all references to the habitat of Epigæa repens, L., I have seen, have been "sandy or rocky woods especially under evergreens," a description of the conditions under which it grows wherever I have found it in Waterloo County may be of interest. I have collected it at three stations and always in cold cedar swamps with Ledum groenlandicum, Oeder. At one large swamp where it is abundant it is difficult to reach while in bloom, owing to the inundated condition of the swamp in spring, but although very wet in its surroundings it is mostly found on hummocks, old rotten logs, and more elevated places such as is mostly found around the roots of cedars. Nothing can better describe the conditions under which it grows than the following list of trees and plants that are immediately associated with it: Ledum groenlandicum, Oeder; Dalibarda repens, L.; Chiogenes hispidula (L.) T. and G.; Cypripedium reginae, Walt.; Tiarella cordifolia, L.; Caltha palustris, L.; Picea mariana (Mill) B.S.P.; Thuja occidentalis, L.; Taxus minor (L.) Britton, and Larix laricina (DuRoi) Koch. W. HERRIOT, Galt, Ont.