

DRAINAGE SCHEME IS TURNED DOWN

Liberal Plan To Help North Ontario Frustrated By Government.

BUDGET DEBATE RESUMED

Algoma Member Says Rich and Poor Will Share War Burden Alike.

(Special to The Advertiser.)
TORONTO, March 2.—In the Legislature this afternoon, the Government refused to give ear to a suggestion from the Opposition that money be set apart out of the Northern Ontario Development Fund of \$5,000,000, to provide \$100,000 for the drainage for settlers to be advanced along the same lines that it is proposed to advance seed.

Benefit Large Areas.
Malcolm Lang, Liberal member for Algoma, introduced the proposal by way of amendment in committee to the seed bill, and declared that large areas in his district would be benefited by the enterprise. He estimated that at the rate of \$25 per acre, 4,000 acres would be provided with adequate drainage. In support of his contention he cited statements from the agricultural colleges that where the drainage was installed seedling was possible three weeks earlier in the season.

The Premier thought no argument would be advanced against the advantages of the drainage, but the cost of drainage was considerable, and there were many things the newer section of the province wanted more than the drainage. Outside of the organized municipalities the demand was small.

Budget Debate Resumed.
When Mr. Lang's motion was rejected another was brought up by J. E. Macdonald (Sturgeon Falls) wanting a similar amount for open drainage. The Premier indicated that this work was now being done in connection with road construction and the needs of the districts were being fairly well met, and while he was not ready to ask the House to accept the clause just now it was entitled to some consideration.

DOCTOR, ARRESTED, TAKES HIS OWN LIFE

Peterboro Man Was Charged With Criminal Operation On Young Girl.

PETERBORO, March 2.—As the result of the death of Helen Brown, aged 18, here, which, according to the finding of a coroner's jury, resulted from a criminal operation, Dr. Ernest W. Brown was arrested this afternoon, and a few hours later committed suicide by taking strychnine.

After his arrest, Dr. Brown sent for his solicitor to make his will. The chief of police was present at the time, and saw him set down a glass from which he had evidently taken a drink. The police had examined witnesses in Brown's presence and Brown spoke of the evidence with great bitterness and said an attempt was being made to incriminate him, though he was perfectly innocent. The doctor said he was very tired and the chief locked him in the cell. Returning later with a clergyman, he heard a shriek, and found Brown in convulsions. By the time a doctor arrived Brown was dead. Dr. Brown was about 55 years of age, and a graduate of Trinity Medical School, Toronto. He had been practicing here about twenty years. He leaves a wife, one son and one daughter.

MORE ECONOMY IS PLEA OF LIBERALS

Government Expenditures Mount High in Year of War.

ARMSTRONG UPHOLDS TAX

Lambton Member Thinks People Are Glad To Foot Bills.

(Special to The Advertiser.)
OTTAWA, March 2.—More economy and less taxation, was the advice which the Government today received from Hon. Dr. Pugsley, in a speech upon the budget. He said that before the session ended, the Government would see that it would revise its plan. Instead of taking from twenty-five to thirty million dollars out of the people by new and increase taxation, they should cut down their expenditure by that amount. Any one who looked over the spending program of the Government would see that this could be done. When the Laurier Government left office, four years ago, the country was getting along very well upon an expenditure of \$200,000,000 a year. This year, in spite of war and hard times, the Government was asking \$140,000,000 from Parliament to spend upon the running of the country. The Government preached economy and practiced extravagance. In the estimates this year were millions of dollars more. These items were in the estimates last year. They were for works for which there was no little urgency that they had not been commenced, yet the Government in this year of hard times was asking them of the Government again. It was clear that they were designed to catch votes in the various constituencies to which they were assigned.

Burden on Poor Man.
The Government's new plan of taxation did not widen the burden. It proposed to take the greater proportion out of the poor man. Why had extra duties been imposed upon cottons, wools and linens and not upon silks, velvets and ribbons? The attack upon the British preference which practically destroyed it, Dr. Pugsley characterized as un-Canadian, un-British and un-patriotic.

That it was the duty of the Opposition to stop all criticism and let the Government do as it saw fit, was the claim of Mr. J. E. Armstrong, of Lambton, who followed. He advised the Government to appeal to the country in a general election, and predicted that but few members of the Opposition would be returned. He maintained that the people would gladly pay the new taxes which the Government proposed to collect from them.

A favorite cry of the Conservatives was that the Liberals lacked loyalty. said Mr. L. J. Gauthier, of St. Hyacinthe, but what was the record in the present war? Sir Wilfrid Laurier, in the autumn, was addressing recruiting meetings, while the ministers, instead of getting out and urging young men to enlist, were preparing for an election.

Mr. Scott's Maiden Speech.
Mr. Stewart Scott, of South Waterloo, made a very favorable impression upon the House in his maiden speech. After paying a tribute to his predecessor, Mr. George A. Clark, he took up the Liberal charge that the new taxes were being paid by these least able to bear them.

The Bank of Montreal, he said, would pay \$150,000 a year; the Bank of Commerce, \$135,000; and the Imperial Bank, \$260,000. Mr. Scott added that he had been in the office of a general manager of a bank in Toronto just after the taxes were announced, and that gentleman had told him that the banks would not try to shift the tax to the public. They would pay it, he had said, willingly, feeling that they owed it as an obligation.

Tomorrow, First Day of Spring 1915 Opening to Make Your Selections



What Is the Story of Fashion For Spring?

This store, at least, is splendidly ready to meet all inquiries on this subject, and to illustrate it by great numbers of actual present examples in all our style departments. Every section is able to make every minute of your visit unusually interesting and pleasantly profitable. Foremost among which are the Ladies' Ready-to-Wear, Spring Dress Fabrics, and particularly the Millinery Section, where such a maze of styles present themselves, that the only possible problem is to choose correctly out of so many that are equally proper, smart and becoming. Style is the supreme point in millinery buying; the woman of style individuality abhors the mediocre, avoids the ultra extreme, and is doubtful about the ordinary. In presenting this ensemble of English, French and American hats, comprising exact copies of Periot and Georgette models; also the Military, Shepherdess, and the smart little Chin-Chin shapes, you will be impressed with the exactness and detail of combination of the right materials, with trimming adjusted neither one inch higher or lower, nor to the right or the left, but "Just So." It must be done under the direction of milliners, not merely of skill, but with true fashion knowledge and correct judgment in color and refinement. Tomorrow is an excellent opportunity to inspect these styles at their best, for they will be here in full strength and great variety.

New Parasols and Sunshades

A gathering of the new shapes, i.e., Bell, Pagoda, Dome, India and Standard, in Dresden, stripes and plain effects. Colors in sky, pink, navy, sand, red, white, Belgian blue, Tipperary green, battleship grey, brown, also black.

Children's Parasols

In Standard and Bell shapes in Dresdens, Paisley, stripes and plain. Shown in colors of green, sky, pink, white and tuscan.

The New In Dress Goods

Varied assortment in Weight, Design and Color. Many materials may come and go, but Serges and Worsteds go on forever. They have become year-round fabrics, suitable in their varying weights to meet the demands of our ever changing climate, and the seasons as they swing around on the calendar. Plain colors in shades of those of our mothers' day are claiming first attention. Navy, brown, greys and myrtle. Other prominent fabrics for street wear are the Black and White and Grey and White Checks and Stripes, some of which are shown in the large decided patterns, to those of the small designs that at a distance have the effect of a plain material. Silk and Wool Mixtures.—These are to be seen in a profusion of weaves and weights, shown in the new colors and black. They are particularly adapted to the overdress and pleated effects, and are recommended as an ideal spring dress fabric. San Toy, Poplin, Charmaline. The New Polo Coatings.—The coming season will find this novelty coating in great demand. The ground colors are mostly of the light order, with broken plaid effects, comprising shades of Sand, Tipperary Green, Blue, Peach and Tan. Black Dress Goods and Suitings.—Gabardines, Whipcords, Serges, and Worsteds, Black Dress Fabrics, Silk and Wool Poplins, San Toy, Henrietta, Charmalines, Meteors, All-Wool Armures, Tricotines, Crepes, Wool Satins, Crepe de Chine.

A Few of the Attractive Gloves For Spring

Particularly smart styles are shown in Black Kid with White Stitching. Another in White Kid with Black Stitching. In Colored Fine Kid Gloves, worthy of special mention, and which will meet with much favor, are shown in Belgian Blue, Tan, Battleship Grey; also Black and White. French Kid in Pique Sewn will be among the leaders this coming season. To be had in Tan, Navy, Grey, also White and Black.

What Is New In the Silk Department

New shades in Silk Crepe de Chines for street and evening wear; new shades in Pappelion or Pussy Willow Taffetas for street wear; new shades in Meta Messalines. New shades for afternoon and evening wear in Taffetas. Cheney's Showerproof Foulards. New shades in Silk Suitings in Cord, Plain and Twill Effects; plain and two-tone effects. New Black Dress Silks in Poplin, Bengaline, Faille, Taffetas, Messalines, Moires and Paillettes.

New Cotton Dress Fabrics

What a change for better cotton goods has been made in recent years. The demand and continual improvement for higher class lines have now brought them to a level of beauty with wool and silk materials for summer uses. The exhibits comprise a series of Voiles in checks, figured and embroidered.

Another display of White Figured Crepes and Crepons, Honeycomb Cloths, Mercerized Poplins, Plain and Crepe Ottoman Cords, Checked Repps, Organdies and Scotch Zephyrs, and many others. Do not fail to visit this section.

The New Ready-to-Wear For Ladies

The offerings show an unmistakable tendency to put aside the old and welcome the new models for the coming season. Thus the coats go "a-flying," in straight lines from the shoulders, or ripple away in graceful folds, which are sometimes pleated and again gathered. There is a tendency to shorten the length of skirts. The general effect of many suits is of the Military order, having a swag flare and characterized with braiding across the front, terminating in buttons or ornaments.

New For the Children

The lines laid down for adults have been faithfully carried out for the little ones—Military effects predominate. In the children's spring styles, skirts are slightly above the knee, a style more comfortable for spring and summer than winter. A pleasing range that is sure to satisfy particular people will be found in this department.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM

WEDNESDAY NIGHT



DR. GORDON SPEAKS TONIGHT ON

Fools of Modern Society

SONG SERVICE, 7:45.

COLLECTION.

FIRST METHODIST CHURCH

ligation to Canada and the Empire.

Farmers Glad to Pay.

Mr. Scott said that the people of Canada were not disposed to take the Liberal critics as seriously as they take themselves. After paying a tribute to the deep-rooted loyalty of the people of the West, he explained the conviction that the farmers of the prairie provinces would be glad of an opportunity to pay their share of the war taxes. The member for South Waterloo disapproved of the criticism of the "made in Canada" propaganda. Dr. Clark, of Red Deer, had said it was too much like "made in Germany" to suit him. The people of Canada, however, have something to learn from Germany, both in regard to industrial efficiency and education. Access to the markets of free trade, England had done much for the development of German strength. Germany was an example of what Canada might expect to accomplish after the British Empire has come triumphantly through the present struggle.

War Helps Conditions.
E. W. Nesbitt, of North Oxford, said that but for the war, conditions would be 100 per cent worse in Canada than today. The Government was well aware

that hard times were coming, but made no preparation to meet them. The budget, Mr. Nesbitt described as a disappointment. He had expected greater things of the Minister of Finance. The new taxes would not supply one dollar

DRUNKENNESS CAN BE CURED ALCURA WILL DO IT.

ALCURA, the widely-known treatment for Alcoholism can now be obtained at our store. It is guaranteed to cure or benefit, or money refunded. Remedy that has been tried by thousands and found to do just as it claims.

Drunkennes is a disease. Those who are afflicted with the craving for liquor have to be helped to throw it off. Alcura No. 1 can be given secretly in coffee or food. Alcura No. 2 is the voluntary treatment.

Help your loved ones to restore themselves to lives of sobriety and usefulness and to regain the respect of the community in which you live. Only \$1 per box. Ask for Free Booklet. W. T. Strong, druggist, 184 Dundas street, London.

to meet the expenses of the war, not even for interest on the borrowed money, because it would all be required to pay current expenditures. Mr. Nesbitt thought it was foolish to talk about sending our men to help the Empire. We were sending them to fight for ourselves. If Great Britain were defeated, Canada would become a German dependency. We are fighting for ourselves and charging the people of Britain an extra five per cent on goods they export to Canada to show our gratitude for what Britain has done for us.

Should Be Prosecuted.
Of army contracts, Mr. Nesbitt said that any businessman who overcharged either the Canadian or British Government, should be criminally prosecuted. He maintained that the estimates could be reduced. The \$5,000,000 for the Hudson Bay Railway could be cut out, as it was entirely wasted. The Government would win the lasting gratitude of future generations by giving up their enterprises. Mr. Nesbitt estimated that the Ontario estimates for public buildings, etc., could be reduced for the year by fully \$5,000,000.

WOUNDED GERMANS ON THEIR WAY HOME

Trainload of Cheerful Cripples Taken From France In Exchange.

[Canadian Press.]
Geneva, via Paris, March 2.—The first trainload of maimed German prisoners of war, who are to be exchanged for wounded French soldiers, arrived here from Lyons, homeward bound, at 9:15 o'clock last night. The cars were immediately boarded by Red Cross nurses in their uniforms of white, who distributed gifts of oranges, chocolate and other delicacies among the sufferers, relieving their French co-workers of the responsibility of caring for the prisoners.

All Cheerful.
Swiss Government physicians went

rapidly through the train, but found that none of the 240 Germans aboard required medical attention. All of them seemed cheerful and content. They accepted gratefully the gifts showered upon them. There was no demonstration, as the public was excluded from the station while the special was there.

Many Lack Limbs.

Most of the Germans had been crippled by the loss of a leg or an arm, and many of them had lost two limbs. Most of them were smoking cigarettes, and all were making the best of their misfortune. They paid tribute to the kind treatment they had received in France's hospitals, but all declared they would be glad to reach home. After a long stop the train left for Schaffhausen, at the northernmost point in Switzerland, where it will pass the train carrying incapacitated French prisoners on their way home.

PRODUCTION CAMPAIGN FOR NEW ONTARIO

TORONTO, March 2.—So successful has been the patriotism and production campaign in Ontario during the month of February.

provincial department of agriculture has decided to extend it to New Ontario.

Beginning on March 20 a series of 20 meetings will be held at Fort William, Port Arthur, Sturgeon Falls, New Liskeard, Bracebridge, Englehart, Parry Sound and the surrounding country.

The department will be assisted by many of the speakers who took part in the campaign in Ontario during the month of February.

Corns Applied in 5 Seconds Cured Quick

Sore, blistering feet from corn-pinchers can be cured by Putnam's Extractor in 24 hours. "Putnam's" soothes away that drawing pain, cures instantly, makes the feet feel good at once. Get a 25 cent bottle of "Putnam's" today.

Public Reception Tonight

8 to 10 o'clock

The public are cordially invited to attend this reception for the purpose of getting acquainted with the whims of Fashion for Spring, 1915. Plans have been completed for a pleasant evening for all who avail themselves of the opportunity of being present.

Positively No Goods Sold At Night

TONY VITA'S ORCHESTRA

Will render the following program. Balcony, 8 to 9 p.m., Main Floor.

March Arabella
Overture Flora
Waltz Summer Breezes
Selection The Knight Errant
Sextette From Lucia

9 to 10 p.m., Restaurant, Fourth Floor.

Selection Bonny Scotland
Serenade Shine on Winter Moon
Waltz Adieu
Overture The Golden Scythe
March World Peace

SPECIAL

For Evening Only

Ice Cream, Assorted Cakes, Cup of Tea or Coffee, 10c.

Shades You Will See Worn:

Belgian Blue, Turquo Red,
Russian Green, Joffre Blue,
Nigger Brown, New Navy,
Sand, Dutch Blue,
Putty, Black.