THE ACADIAN.

WOLFVILLE, N. S., APRIL 12, 1889.

Willow Bank Cemetery.

Pursuant to notice the annual meeting of Willow Bank Cemetery Corporation was held in the basement of the Methodist church on the evening of Wednesday, April 3d. The meeting was called to order by the president, Mr J. W. Caldwell, after which the following were elected to fill vacancies in the board of trustees: J. B. Davison, T. R. Wallace and J. D. Chambers. The following were elected office bearers for the ensuing year: J. W. Caldwell, president; J. W. Wallace, vice-pres.; J. A. Woodman, secretary; J. D. Chambers, treasurer. The committee of management, consisting of G. V. Rand, J. W. Hamilton, J. B. Davison, J. A. Woodman, Obed Coldwell and J. E. Eagles, was reappointed; and G. V. Rand, J. W. Wallace and J. W. Caldwell were appointed a committee to look after the old burying-ground. Resolutions were passed in regard to the collecting of amounts due from lot holders and suggestions offered as to the management of the grounds.

It is to be regretted that so little interest is taken in these grounds by the lot owners. In consequence the committee of management naturally fall into the same state of apathy. Out of 57 lot holders only 11 were present at the meeting.

S. P. C.

The annual meeting of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty was held in the vestry of the Methodist church, Monday evening the 1st inst. The weather being unfavorable there was not a very large attendance.

After receiving the report of the executive for the past year the following officers were appointed:

President—A. W. Sawyer, D. D.,
Vice Pres.—Rev R. D. Ross,
Secretary—J. D. Chambers,
Treas.—J. W. Caldwell,
Counsel—J. W. Wallace,
Agent—J. Ingerson Brown,

Executive Committee—Prof A. E. Coldwell, J. B. Hemmeon, G. V. Rand, Judah L. Bishop, Geo. C Johnson, C. S. Fitch, J. L. Franklin.

Although the Society has been in existence for over a year they have not been in a position to do work, as they had not received any bye-laws or rules for government until a short time before this meeting. Mr Brown, the new agent, will now be empowered to deal with all cases of cruelty coming under his notice. He will have the power of police constable to arrest on sight, not only in Wolfville, but in any part of the province. For the benefit of the public a synopsis of the power of the Agent and kind of cases he can deal with will be published in the ACADIAN shortly.

Building Lots.

The ACADIAN very commendably from time to time records the progress of Wolfville—its growth, the accession from abroad to its population and the signs of prosperity generally which arrest its intelligent survey. It has shown too, more than once, the desirability and even necessity of providing that intending incomers should not be repulsed by any difficulty in obtaining lots of land for building purposes. A writer in response some time ago advocated, or at least suggested, the continuance of College Avenue eastward across the lands intervening between the two roads, the western and central leading to Gaspereau. The proposal was not very favorable entertained, probably because of the difficulties, which, it was foreseen would attend the measure. The proposed street would cross the properties of different parties who would resolutely oppose such a division of their lands, nor could the plan be carried out except at an expense too formidable to contemplate. But fortunately there are a number of other desirable building lots which could be commanded without such hindrance. The property of Mr Otis Harris, when it abuts in McKeen street, offers such lots, as does also that of the late Thomas L. DeWolf. And again a street opened across the properties of Mr Randall and Mr Dodd would furnish a number of lots no less desirable and attractive. In the last case alone would it be necessary to open a new street; but this the owners of the properties referred to would be ready to do, as soon as it should be known that lots were wanted. As the different properties mentioned, not to name others, would provide from twelve to twenty elegible lots of from a quarter of an acre each in extent, those wishing to make their residence in Wolfville would have no need of looking elsewhere because of an apprehended difficulty in being accommodated in the village. All the properties specified are in the centre of Wolfville, within churches on the right of them and churches on the left and in close proximity to the schools of the village and to such other conveniences and advantages as are afforded by the railway station and the post and telegraph offices.

* * *

April 8th, 1889.

W. A. Payzant, dentist, has just returned from dental college and is prepared to do finer work than ever. All kinds of dental work done by the latest methods. Office at his residence, Station street, opposite Acadia Hotel, Wolfville.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, etc.

The Importance of the Beard.

It is an oft quoted maxim that the world is growing weaker and wiser. Granting this to be true, yet we think we have struck a cord in which modern thought has somewhat degenerated. Although the beard regarded as an aesthetic and sentimental object occupies as high a position at present as at any time, still we believe the original value is not placed upon this important facial appendage. In the days of the Patriarchs the Jews regarded it with great pride and affection, and considered it a true sign of dignity and self respect. The Mohametans for many years swore only by their beards, esteeming them as necessary for salvation. An Emperor of Russia, wishing to show his authority, ordered all his male subjects to have their beards cut off; but so deeply did his people resent this innovation, that the Emperor soon lost his kingdom and his life. The Gauls when they captured Rome found only a few old senators quietly sitting in their senate house waiting to be cut to pieces by their enemies. But the stroking of their long beards was more than Roman blood could stand and they resented this sacrilege with their dying strokes.

How often our blood has coursed rapidly through our veins as we thought of the immortal devotion of the three hundred, who, in the summer morning sat combing their long hair and beard for death in the pass of Themopylae. But we must end these illustrations for we find their supply

"Thick as the Autumnal leaves that strew the brooks
Of Vallombroza."

We have to complain that the hair has been the subjects of many lyrical effusions, and the beard has been almost entirely neglected by the muses. We read with pathos and feeling of "Silver Threads among the Gold," and "Only a Woman's Hair," and how

"Fair tresses man's imperial race ensnare,
And beauty draws us with a single hair;"

but in no place in pathetic or sentimental literature have we ever seen presented "Only a Man's Beard," or "Wealth of Golden Whiskers," and so sensible are our feelings on this point that perchance should we meet with them like Launce's dog we would shed never a tear. Milton with much pathos mentioned Adam's "hyacinthine locks," but he considered his beard so ineradicably and essentially undignified that he never mentioned it in his grand arguments. Now when we approach the domain of romance our feelings are almost overcome when we think of the important and tender part the hair plays in affections. We are not prepared to say how many beautiful and doting maidens have sighed fondly in secret over a lock of her lover's hair, secured it may be at the price of one of her own; but the number who have languished over a curl of her lover's whiskers can be definitely numbered with but a slight computation. The far famed lute of Apollo was strung with his hair. Had the texture of the strings been different likely we had never heard of that important instrument at all.

We have said that the beard is not considered as important in the late centuries as of old, and we believe it to be so. But the careful reader who watches all the important movements in history can perceive that under the surface and concealed from public view there is a deep and lasting feeling that the beard must not be insulted. King John when he went over to govern Ireland mortally offended the chieftain by pulling their long beards. How deeply this was resented we know when we consider the ill feelings that they have cherished against the English ever since; and we believe that this incident has been the root of all the evictions, murders and rebellions that Ireland has experienced. When an English king levied a tax on beards the flame of resentment bursts forth upon him, and he was obliged to abandon his project.

We have shown from history that the beard is not as contemptable an object as many might think. At the present day some parts of it are considered as one of the most important things in a young man's makeup, especially being magnetically attractive just after concealment like a worm in the bud, has left the face. As we gaze at the knightly growth that attempts to adorn the upper lip of most of the young men seen in our village, we are reminded of the famous soliquy of Hamlet. To be or not to be. Alas to-day it puts forth the tender leaves of hope, to-morrow blossoms, but on a third a frost comes, nips the roots and it is gone. Let all young shavers who read this take fresh courage to press on and substitute for a shadow a permanent reality.

ROBERTO.

Particulars of Miss Buttrick's Death.

The following, from a Berlin paper, has been forwarded to the Seminary as giving all that is known concerning the death of Miss Buttrick:

The mystery which surrounded the disappearance of Miss Helen L. Buttrick, a young American lady from Milford New Hampshire, has been solved. As we stated in our last number, Miss Buttrick left her pension, No. 4 Hedemannstrasse, in the afternoon of Wednesday, March 13th, saying to a lady who lived with her, that she intended to visit a friend on Koniggratzerstr. Not returning at night, her friends became alarmed and enquiry showed that she had not called upon her friend on Koniggratzerstr. at all, search was made for her, the U. S. Consulate-General and the Police authorities informed and energetic steps taken to discover the missing lady's whereabouts. The sad result was that on Thursday the body of Miss Buttrick was found in the river Spree, near Stralau, some distance from Berlin. The body was at once identified by friends of the deceased, among them Rev. Mr Stuckenburg, of the American chapel. After considerable delay, inquest and other formalities being required, the body was delivered to the Consul-General for such disposal as he might deem proper. The Consul-General cabled to the father of Miss Buttrick and answer was received to forward the remains to the U. S. The body was subsequently embalmed and undertaker F. O. Kersten, Franzosische-str., intrusted to place the same in a metallic coffin for her transportation across the sea. The effects of the deceased, consisting of wearing apparel, gold watch, some jewlery, pocket-book with a small amount of money, and a letter of credit (£200, of which only £48 had been drawn) were taken charge of by the Consul-General, to be forwarded with the remains to America.

It is supposed that the deceased, for some time suffering from nervous prostration, most likely the result of over study, wandering aimlessly about, got into the country and either in a fit of mental depression or accidentally reached the river and was drowned.

Miss Buttrick came about 6 months ago to Berlin to complete her musical education. All who knew her speak in the highest terms of her, and Prof. Barth of the *Konigl. Hoch Schule der Musik*, counted the deceased among his best students, making excellent progress, contradictory to the statement of one of Berlin's papers that the lady, despairing success, sought an untimely end.

The remains were taken on Thursday last, in the afternoon to Rev. Dr Stuckenberg's Chapel, Junkerstrasse, kindly offered by the pastor for appropriate funeral services. A large number of the friends of the deceased, among them professors and students of the "Hochschule," the Consul-General and his wife and niece were present. Rev Stuckenberg spoke feelingly of the deceased, her excellent character and praiseworthy zeal as a student, evergreens and flowers covered the coffin (among them two beautiful wreaths, offerings of the professors and students of the "Hochschule,") and sadness prevailed among all present.

Thursday night the remains, accompanied by the Vice Consul General, were taken to Hamburg and will be shipped to New York with Sunday's steamer *Suevia*, arriving in the U. S. about the 5th of April.

Tobacco.

What a great thing temperance is! When people see their friends going down to a drunkard's grave, then it is that they realise the awfulness of intemperance. But I believe that tobacco is taken with liquor in what is called intemperance.

I know a number of members of a church, and ministers too, who think it awful to drink liquor, but who use tobacco themselves. Of course it is wrong to drink liquors, the Bible says it is, and it is not *wrong* to use tobacco. But it is one of the filthiest habits there is or ever was. Some men would say, "Oh, they were not going to smoke and chew tobacco, they would smoke cigars or cigarettes," and they really think it manly to strut around the streets with one of these things protruding from their lips. Many people do not know that children in large cities are employed to go around the streets and gutters to pick up old stumps of cigars which are made into new ones. When men are smoking cigars they do not know whose mouths parts of the cigar may have been in. There are many real cigars but often it is the case as just described.

I think one of the best ways to do good is to be a temperance lecturer and one of the ways to be good is not to drink or use tobacco in any form. When I see young men chewing or smoking I feel like going up to them and talking to them.

But nowadays there is hardly one man out of twenty who does not use tobacco, in some form, and why cannot this filthy habit be let alone and after a while die out?

I can imagine I hear some one say, when reading this, "Why, she doesn't know what she is talking about. How could we give up using tobacco? Why, I might as well stop eating as to do without my tobacco." And so people are really slaves to it, though they do not know it.

Many people are always talking against liquors and do not think that they themselves are setting an example which a young boy may follow and afterwards be led to drink. For it is easier to drink liquor after one has begun to use tobacco; as I have often heard remarked that tobacco gives a thirst for drink.

I happened to be at a place recently, where a fire broke out and several buildings were destroyed. Others might have been, but through the heroic efforts of some young men the buildings nearest the fire were saved. I admired the heroism of the young men, but upon the following Sabbath, when I went to meeting, what was my surprise to notice one of them with a plug of tobacco in his mouth. I felt very sorry for there was a noble young man chewing tobacco which did not make him appear very noble.

But of all things to chew tobacco in the house of God. Of course lots of people do, but at the same time, they would be *greatly* offended if told that they appeared in public in anything but a clean and tidy manner. Yet there they are with the dirty and poisonous weed inside their lips.

Tobacco is a very poisonous plant, as most people know, yet they will persist in using poison.

Everybody knows that after a person has used tobacco for a number of years he becomes pale, his nerves are all gone and his breath is bad, all because of this ruinous tobacco. And then again it takes money to buy it. Some people think they only buy a little once in a while and the money they spend for it is not much, they can well afford it. But every little counts up and often it becomes a large sum. And what good does the tobacco do anybody anyway? It only ruins their health.

Sometimes we hear men say that one of the great things they have to fight against is drinking rum. But they are using the very thing which will make them wish to. And taking everything together would we not be much better without tobacco?

Give me the men with sparkling eyes
And cheeks that glow like roses,
Who never taste or use the weed
Or make chimneys of their noses.

ONE INTERESTED

Spring Millinery!

New Goods Have Arrived and Are Arriving.

Commencing Monday, April 15th, I will have the largest and most beautiful assortment of

MILLINERY GOODS!

ever shown in Wolfville, comprising

HATS, BONNETS,
FEATHERS, FLOWERS,
RIBBONS, LACES, &c.,

and everything usually found in a first-class millinery establishment.

S. A. Hamilton.

Wolfville, April 12th, 1889.

TO LET.

The Two-storey House and Garden, corner of Earl and Water streets, now occupied by Mr Mumford. Possession given 1st of May next.

J. W. Barss.

Wolfville, 10th April, 1889. 2 ins

AUCTION!

To be sold at public auction on the premises of

C. W. ABBOTT, WOLFVILLE,

on MONDAY, APRIL 22d, at 1 o'clock p. m. (sharp) the following:—

1 Mare, three years old (by Confidential Charley); 1 Hugo Colt, one year old; 1 Farrow Cow, 1 Riding Wagon, 1 Sulky, Hay Wagon, Sleigh, 2 One-horse Sleds, Copperstrip Hay-cutter (new), 1 Light Harness, 1 Breastrap, Express Pad and Breeching, 2 Pairs Hames, 2 Collars, 2 Bridles, Buffalo Robe, Rubber Spread, 2 Horse Rugs and Sursingles, Sleigh Bell, Cow Bell, Several odd pieces of Harness, 2 Ladders, Feed Box, Dike Spades, Hay Forks, Garden Forks, Sythes, Snaths, Plow, Hoes, Pick, Well Bucket and Chain, Several Job Lots, Lumber, Hens, &c.

FURNITURE: 1 Hair-cloth Sofa, 3 Chairs, 3 Tables, 2 Large Hardwood Tables, 1 Card do, 4 Chairs, 6 Dining Cane-seated do, 1 Lounge, 3 Parlor Stoves, Lot of Pipe, 1 Feather Bed, Pillows, Bolsters, Bedstead, Sink, Bureaus, 1 Easy Chair, 3 Carpets, 1 China Tea Set (new), Spinning Wheel & Reel, Wringer, Crank Churn, 4 Kegs, Wash Tubs, Large lot of Pictures, Crockeryware, Glassware, Tinware, Lamps Crocks, Jugs, Jars and other articles too numerous to mention. Sale Positive! Bargains may be expected!

TERMS.—All sums of $5.00 and under, cash; over that amount 6 mos. credit with approved securiy at interest.

F. G. CURRY, Auctioneer.

Students,

You can learn to write well and rapidly from the start. Indeed if you like you can follow a speaker quite easily. Probably you will find that a help in school as well as in business. How can I teach by mail? Well, it is not how much you write but the way. Many men write every day for several years yet do not become good writers. There are a great many habits that prevent success; they can be pointed by mail just as well as personally.

Actually three months is enough. The charge is $4. The work is not much if the student is bright.

S. G. SNELL,
Windsor, N. S.

Send $8.00 to

G. A. HUESTIS

For a genuine Waltham or Illinois Watch in Solid Nickle Case, or $12.00 for the same kind of Watch in 3 oz. Coin Silver Case. Either watch warranted and sent by mail free on recipt of price. Address—

G. A. HUESTIS, Windsor, N. S.

All kinds of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Spectacles, Silverware, &c., in stock. Jan. 10.—3 mo.

Dressmaking!

Miss Taylor, Dress Maker,

Has removed her rooms to the residence of Mr J. L. Murphy, where she will be pleased to attend to the wants of her customers as formerly.

Wolfville, Sept, 6th 1888.

PAINTS!

Just received: 3 Tons White Lead, Raw and Boiled Linseed Oil, 100 Gals. Best Prepared Paint—Latest Aatistic Shades.

ALSO

Pure Prepared Paints in Quarts, Pints and Half Pints—All Shades.

WALTER BROWN.

Wolfville, April 1st, 1889.

Photo. Studio.

--Lewis Rice, of Windsor,--

—WILL REOPEN A—

Branch Gallery at Wolfville

April 1st, and remain one week of each month commencing first Monday in the month.

April 1 till 6, May 6 till 11, June 3 till 8.

NEW ROOMS PATRIQUIN BUILDING, WOLFVILLE, N. S.

SPRING

DRESS GOODS.

LACE CURTAINS!

CARPETS!

Trunks, Valises and Waterproof Goods!

Elegant Styles and Rare Value!

AT RYAN'S.

Main Street, - - - - Kentville.

March28th, 1889.

COAL!

On hand Hard and Soft Coal, at Port Williams.

J. W. & W. Y. FULLERTON.

Port Williams, Jan. 31st, '89.

For Sale!

Dwelling House, containing eight rooms, with garden and out-building attached: situated on College Avenue, Wolfville. For further particulars apply at ACADIAN office.

Feb'y 28th, 1888. 1 mo

Dr J. W. REID,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Office at the

American House,

Wolfville.

ALL KINDS of Plain and Fancy PRINTING done at short notice at this office. A Large Stock of Bill Heads, Letter Heads, Note Heads, Statements, Shipping Cards, Shipping Tags, Business Cards, Visiting Cards, Envelopes, &c., &c. always on hand.

CLOTHING FOR BOYS.

Burpee Witter

Has just opened a full assortment of

Child's, Boys' & Youths' Suits.

Latest Styles, Perfect Fits, Low prices!

PRINTS! PRINTS! PRINTS!

LIGHT PRINTS!
DARK PRINTS!
MOURNING PRINTS!

A LARGE STOCK AND BEAUTIFUL PATTERNS.

One Case Featherbone Corsets,

(The best fitting corsets now in the market.)

Ladies' Collars and Cuffs, Wire Bustles, Now Stock Women's Pegged Boots for Spring Wear, Ladies' American Rubbers just received from Boston

WANTED--Good Table Butter.

Burpee Witter.

Wolfville, March 22d, 1889.

The Most Successful Remedy ever discovered, as it is certain in its effects and does not blister. Read proof below.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

OFFICE OF CHARLES A. SNYDER, BREEDER OF CLEVELAND BAY AND TROTTING BRED HORSES. ELMWOOD, ILL., Nov. 20, 1888.

DR. B. J. KENDALL CO.
Dear Sirs: I have always purchased your Kendall's Spavin Cure by the half dozen bottles, I would like prices in larger quantity. I think it is one of the best liniments on earth. I have used it on my stables for three years.
Yours truly, CHAS. A. SNYDER.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., November 3, 1888.

DR. B. J. KENDALL CO.
Dear Sirs: I desire to give you testimonial of my good opinion of your Kendall's Spavin Cure. I have used it for Lameness, Stiff Joints and Spavins, and I have found it a sure cure, I cordially recommend it to all horsemen.
Yours truly, A. H. GILBERT, Manager Troy Laundry Stables.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

SANT, WINTON COUNTY, OHIO, Dec. 19, 1888.

DR. B. J. KENDALL CO.
Gents: I feel it my duty to say what I have done with your Kendall's Spavin Cure. I have cured twenty-five horses that had Spavins, ten of Ring Bone, nine afflicted with Big Head and seven of Big Jaw. Since I have had one of your books and followed the directions, I have never lost a case of any kind.
Yours truly, ANDREW TURNER, Horse Doctor.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

Price $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. All Druggists have it or can get it for you, or it will be sent to any address on receipt of price by the proprietors. DR. B. J. KENDALL CO., Enosburgh Falls, Vt.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

WANTED.

Live, Energetic Men to Sell Fruit Trees, Rose Bushes, Shrubs and Small Fruits.

Salary and Expenses Paid.

State age and name references to insure a reply. Address S. T. CANNON & CO., Mention this paper.] Augusta, Me

NOTICE!

The subscriber offers for sale or to let the farm on which he now resides at Church Street, Cornwallis. Particulars may be had from J. F. MARSTERS, Wolfville, or J. W. MARSTERS, March 14th, Church St.

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We will send, for one year, to any address,

THE ACADIAN

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Three Serial Stories Each Week,

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We hope that our friends will show their appreciation of our efforts in their behalf, by making up their minds to take advantage of the splendid offer—SUBSCRIBE AT ONCE.

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