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BIG VOTE OF CANADA FOR WAR

War Appropriation at Forth Coming Session at Ottawa Will be One Hundred Million Dollars

WILL COVER COSTS FOR PRESENT YEAR

Departmental Expenditures to be Cut Down and Economy Exercised in Every Possible Direction

Ottawa, Jan. 19.—A hundred million dollars of war appropriation will be asked of Parliament by the Government at the coming session.

It is considered that this sum will be sufficient for expenditure on troops in the field and those being raised in Canada to the end of the Calendar year.

All Government departments have pruned their estimates to the minimum and while no new public works will be undertaken the larger ones now under way will be continued.

A number of sums voted last session have not yet been spent and will appear as re-votes.

Contradicts Yarn That British Sunk German Off Havana

Havana, Jan. 18.—There is no truth in the report published in the States that the German steamer President was sunk off Havana last night by the British cruiser Berwick.

The regular weekly meeting of St. Thomas's Men's Bible Class takes place at Cannon Wood Hall this evening at 8.15.

Heavy Storm Rages In Belgium

Big Fall Of Snow In The Vosges

Weather Hinders Operations

(French Official Bulletin.)
Paris, via St. Pierre, Jan. 18.—From the sea to the Oise a fierce storm is raging, especially in Belgium. Artillery contests on several points and two German attacks repulsed near Dautreche.

In Soissons and Rheims sections the situation is unchanged. Our artillery scored good results in Perthes district.
In the Argonne, German attacks on height 263 were unsuccessful. We took possession of several German works northwest of Pontamousson, also repulsed a counter attack and maintained our gains.

BIG BATTLES IN ARGONNE

And French Seem to Have the Germans Busy Defending Themselves

London, Jan. 18.—The omission from the German official report of any reference to the Soissons scene of the recent marked German success, and the French statement that there has been no change in that region, leads to the belief that a renewal of the violent struggle there is impending, the temporary quiet being due to the fact that neither side cares for the risk of the offensive under present circumstances.

At separate points elsewhere on the Western front there have been engagements, but the weather is again playing an important part.
The storm in Belgium prevents operations, except artillery duels.

Say German Organisation Thorough As Machinery And Is Just As Heartless

London, Jan. 18.—A military observer at the British Army headquarters in France, writing under date Saturday, Jan. 16, discusses the state of the mental condition of the British troops and the Germans opposing them.

The writer, after making due allowance for the many German prisoners, who in many cases represent a somewhat inferior element of the German forces, says that there seems to be a difference in the state of feeling in the German rank and file from that which existed some weeks ago. Some of our prisoners, the observer continues, now realise that a victorious German advance is out of the question, and their duty is merely to hold their ground.

As regards the physical well-being, it is doubtful if the Germans are so well as the British. The German medical arrangements also are inferior. Many civilian physicians, without surgical experience are being used.

Both these points of German inferiority, the writer says, are more than offset by the general efficiency of the

fighting machine of the Germans, the excellent staff work, and high discipline and thoroughness with which every military requirement has been provided for.

Orders have been captured which give minute instructions for the care of clothing, equipment and sanitation which show great forethought and a high standard of interior economy. This minute care for the well-being of the soldiers, so long as he can fight, is, however, combined with callousness and losses, when sacrifice of life is thought to be necessary.

The latter part describes the story of an eye-witness' report and discusses the part aviation is playing in the military operations. The officer pays tribute to the remarkable work of the British aviators and mentions as a frequent occurrence, reconnaissances in driving snow with the temperature below zero, or in gales, under the fire of the enemies' air-craft guns, or travelling with the wind when the machine rocks and sways and attains a speed of 150 miles an hour.

British Auxiliary Naval Ship Damaged

Callao, Peru, Jan. 19.—The British steamer Kingsway, auxiliary of the British navy, and used as a collier has arrived in a damaged condition, having struck the rocks at Point Santa Elena.

Russians Harry Turkish Shipping

Sebastopol, Jan. 19.—Announcement is made here that Russian torpedo boats entered the Bay of Sinop, on the coast of Asia Minor and sank three sailing vessels.

MANY TURKS WERE FROZEN

Found Helpless in the Streets When the Russians Recaptured Ardahan

London, Jan. 16.—The Times correspondent telegraphs from Petrograd: "A prominent resident of Tiflis of the two who have arrived at Petrograd furnishes the Vetchernee Vremya with interesting supplementary details of the Turkish defeat in Transylvania. When the Russians recaptured Ardahan, thousands of Turks were found lying in the streets with frost bitten feet and praying for succor and mercy, while the inhabitants, whom the enemy had robbed of their last stitch, knelt imploring food.

"Prisoners arriving at Tiflis are muffled in blankets and are destitute of foot gear. Arab prisoners, unused to cold are in a terrible state. Their sole food for the last two months, has been roasted corn.

"The fact has been established that German officers induced the temperate tribesmen to drink cognac before an attack. Russian soldiers assert that many Turks fell from dizziness, before reaching the Russian bayonet."

British Bureau Hands Out Budget Very Good News

French Progress on Coast Continues—Russians Report Advances—The Turk Defeat.

(British Official Report.)
London, Jan. 18.—The French Government reports continued progress in the region of Nieuport and Lombaertzyde.

Appreciable results have been achieved by artillery in the region of Soissons and Rheims, and there has been some progress at other points.

The Russian Government reports further advances West of Serpe. German attacks were repulsed at several points.

Kiribaba Pass in Bukovina has been carried by storm.

In the Caucasus the Turkish army has been completely defeated, after a three day's battle at Karaugan. The remnants are fleeing towards Erzerum.—HARCOURT.

WEATHER REPORT

Toronto (noon)—Southerly gales with rain.

HOLDS CONFERENCE DISCUSS JAP HELP FOR THE ALLIES.

New York, Jan. 16.—The New York Tribune's London special cable says:

Although nothing whatever has been published here regarding a most important conference which is said to have been held recently in Petrograd. The Tribune's correspondent was informed by a person who claims to be conversant with the facts that the purpose of the meeting was to discuss the use of Japanese troops in the eastern theatre of war.

"It is considered entirely practicable for a Japanese army of 250,000 men to take the field with the Russians. A well-equipped force of Japanese could easily be transported across Siberia, and it would be just as easy to regularly make up the losses both in men and munitions, but the question of enormous expense would have to be considered."

War Proves Efficacy Of Vaccination

Inoculation of Serum Reduces Number of Cases of Typhoid—Non-Vaccinated Get Disease.

Paris, Jan. 17.—The war has demonstrated beyond all question, according to members of the medical committee, the efficaciousness of anti-typhoid vaccination. Most of the members of the active army had been vaccinated, before the war, but the reservists and territorials drafted and sent to the front later had not and as a result, towards the end of October, a large number of cases of typhoid developed.

By the end of December the good results of this treatment became apparent as typhoid had practically disappeared, the only cases remaining being among the men of two regiments, which the doctors were unable to reach.

Germans Try To Recapture Lost Ground

Make Dead Set on Ypres But Have so Far Failed in All Efforts To Take it.

Amsterdam, Jan. 19.—Heavy artillery fighting has been heard since early Monday around Ypres, where the Germans have taken an active offensive, says the Sluis correspondent of The Telegraph.

Their efforts to occupy Ypres have thus far been unsuccessful. Many fresh British troops have arrived at this front.

Express Due To-morrow

The Bruce reached Basques at 9 a. m. The express is due at 5 a. m. to-morrow.

Switzerland's Impartial Stand

Has Cost The Little Republic Five Million Dollars In Lost Trade

London, Jan. 17.—Dr. Guiseppe Motta, President of Switzerland, in an interview yesterday said that neutrality was costing Switzerland enormous sacrifices in money and trade, according to the Bern correspondent to The Daily News. Dr. Motta asserted that the budget deficit in money and trade for the last current year was in the neighborhood of \$5,000,000.

The president dwelt on the humanitarian services which his country is rendering in the exchange of prisoners and wounded of the belligerents, and in facilitating postal distribution of letters, parcels and money orders to prisoners, continued the correspon-

German Leaders In Poland On Horns of Big Dilemma Says a U.S. Military Man

London, Jan. 19.—Granville Fortesque, former military aide to President Roosevelt, says a nice question confronts the Germans now; whether to attempt to maintain themselves in Poland or to retire to their frontier.

If General Von Hindenberg's army strives to hold the position it occupies at present during the rest of the winter it will lose a minimum of 20 per cent. of its effectiveness before the spring. Part of this loss will be due to Russian guns, but the larger portion will come through sickness and the sacrifice will bring no results.

Every sign points to the fact that the German fighting machine is beginning to crack. During the last few weeks it has shown unmistakable signs of weakening at all points of contact.

It is still capable of heavy fighting but I am of the opinion that it has passed the period of its highest power. Under these circumstances the German General Staff may decide upon a withdrawal to their boundaries.

Such a movement would be a moral defeat but, in view of their limited

lines of communication in the present battle area it would be a safer experiment than an attempted occupation of seven of the ten governments of Poland.

The operations in East Prussia have a bearing on the situation here

Turks Suppress News of Defeats In the Caucasus

London, Jan. 19.—The Central News has a despatch from its Athens correspondent who declares the authorities at Constantinople are suppressing news of Turkish defeats in the Caucasus and have ordered the execution of any one spreading unauthorised news reports.

Rinks Crowded

Both rinks were largely patronized last evening. The ice at both was good and the young folk enjoyed themselves immensely.

KEPT TURK HOST AT BAY

Inspiring Story of Modern Horatius Who Defended the Gateway to Persia

Petrograd, Jan. 15.—The correspondent of the Bourso Gazette at Tiflis sends a statement made to him by Schodig El Daouleh, the former Governor of the Province of Azerbaijan, Persia, who has arrived at Tiflis. He is one of four survivors of a guard of 400 horsemen who defended the bridge at the entrance of Mianodab, "The Gateway of Persia."

He fought the Turks for ten hours enabling refugees to escape to Maragha, fifty miles south of Tabriz. All Christians who remained in Mianodab, he stated, were massacred.

"When I heard that the Turks were advancing," he said, "I posted 1500 troops in one of the Mianodab forts and 1200 in another. I myself with 400 relatives and friends fought a battle at the bridge until all but four were killed by the Turks' quick fires. I then rode horseback from Tabriz to Julfa. All members of the Consulates and banks escaped from Tabriz."

Another 'Quake Is Felt In Italy

But Not Yet Known if Any Loss of Life or Damage to Property.

Rome, Jan. 19.—News reached here today that a strong earthquake had occurred at Calabria, especially round Coscenc capital of the Province. It is not yet known whether there has been any loss of life or serious damage to property.

Anti-German Feeling Forced Attorney-Gen'l To Resign Position

Adelaide, Jan. 19.—Hermann Homburg, Attorney-General of South Australia since 1909, has resigned his position because of the anti-German feeling existing among the public.

Mr. Morine Returns

Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Morine returned by yesterday's express, having spent a month with their children in Toronto. They had a pleasant trip and enjoyed it immensely.

Door To Invasion Of Hungary

Been Flung Almost Wide Open

By Capture Of Mountain Passes

Petrograd, Jan. 18.—Recent developments in the vicinity of Warsaw appear to indicate that the Germans are directing their efforts to push the Russians beyond the east bank of the Vistula, at the junction of the river with the Pilica.

It is the opinion of high military authority that the Germans expect cooperation from the Austrian-German activity, which for the past fifty hours has been around a big village between Soichesev and Bellimew, where six attacks in succession were made on Saturday night.

In the region of Plock and Miawa

DISEASE THINS OUT GERMANS

Owing to Heavy Losses there is Lack of Prompt, Adequate Medical Treatment For the German Sick

TYPHOID FEVER BECOMES EPIDEMIC

Disease Induced by General Use of Raw Meat is Only Checked by the Prevalence of Cold Weather

London, Jan. 17.—The correspondent of the Daily News telegraphs: "Interesting particulars about the condition of the Germans in Flanders is supplied by a trustworthy eye-witness, who a week ago was allowed to leave Belgium. He said owing to the heavy losses in the German trenches, there is a lack of prompt medical attention, and, in addition, the sanitary conditions of the improvised hospitals, where filthy straw has been used over and over again until it is completely rotten, are responsible for a large number of Germans dying from exposure."

"Typhoid fever now is epidemic, having raged since November. This is mainly due to the Germans acquiring a habit of eating too much raw minced meat, spread over bread. Physicians admit the typhoid epidemic is alarming, but console themselves with the reflection that its spread is rendered difficult by the cold weather. Should it continue until summer, the war soon will be stopped.

"The Germans are utterly tired of the war, but still are determined to fight to the bitter end. What the Germans fear most is Italy's intervention, which will be followed inevitably by that of the Balkan States."

MORE RECRUITING TOURS ARRANGED

Dr. V. P. Burke, Messrs. W. A. Munn and W. W. Blackall leave today, accompanied by several members of the Second Contingent for Bay de Verde, to hold meetings throughout the district with the object of stimulating recruiting.

Hon. R. Watson and other members of the Patriotic Association will also probably leave shortly for northern points on a similar tour.

Last Night's Alarm

At 9.40 last night an alarm of fire from box 38 Patrick Street called the Western and Central men to the residence of Mrs. Bendie, opposite Victoria Park, the chimney being on fire. It was easily extinguished by the application of a few buckets of water. The "all out" sounded at 9.45.

Ice Moving Off

The ice moved off from the northern heads this morning. South of Cape Spear it is still tightly wedged on the shore.

KEPT WHAT THEY TOOK

Russians Capture Trenches in Poland and Beat Back Furious German Attacks

(Russian Official Bulletin.)

Petrograd, Jan. 18.—On the left bank of the river Vistula we delivered counter attacks on the night of Jan. 17, and we re-occupied certain trenches near the village of Gloumnee which the enemy had captured on the night of Jan. 16. The Germans defending the trenches were virtually annihilated.

Two efforts were made subsequently by the enemy in this locality to attack us, but were without success.

In the region to the East of Piotrkow (South of Lodz), our artillery has destroyed an armored motor car of the enemy.

New attempts were made by the Germans to bombard Larnon (in Galicia) with heavy guns.