

THE HERALD

TUESDAY, AUGUST 10, 1915.

The Norris government has a majority of 8 to 1 in Manitoba, almost a clean sweep. There are 39 liberals, 5 conservatives, 1 Ind. and 1 socialist with three deferred elections.

MANITOBA has risen to the occasion, and the people of that province have shown by their votes that political perfidy will not be tolerated in their country once it is found out.

LANARK COUNTY POLITICS.

In the last issue of United Canada the following article, of interest to many of our readers, appeared:

"In the recently united Counties of North and South Lanark, three very reputable men are now resorting to all the honorable, modern arts of political strategy to secure the Federal Conservative nomination for that constituency. There are three candidates, but Lanark will have only one seat in the next Parliament. The aspirants are Mr. Wm. Thoburn, M.P. for North Lanark, Dr. Hanna of Perth, M.P. for South Lanark since the death of Hon. John Haggart two years ago, and Ex-Mayor Balderson, Col. of the 42nd Regiment of Perth. All three go to the Convention to be held probably in September. Hon. Dr. Preston, M.P., of Carleton Place, Minister without portfolio in the Hearst Government, and one of the leaders in Ontario public life, is the friend of all three candidates, but will remain neutral until the delegates have made their choice. It is suggested to the Ministers at Ottawa that the Convention should be held at Carleton Place and to avoid confusion that the delegates might be instructed by the communities selecting them.

Every wind that blows from the Mississippi to the Rideau rivers now carries a fragrant rumor, and one is to the effect that Lanark division while once a Garrison headquarters has never been partial to Military men as representatives. United Canada has been asked for a ruling on this point. There is nothing to it.

Turning back to 1867, and Confederation, we find that Col. James Shaw sat for Lanark and Renfrew, (North and South) in the Canadian Assembly from 1851 to 1854. He represented also what was known as Bathurst division in the Legislative Council from 1860 until the Union of Confederation. Col. Shaw was one of the pioneer residents of Smiths Falls, where he came from Wexford, Ireland, in 1820. Messrs. Gerald White, Hon. George Graham, William Thoburn and Dr. Hanna, now represent in the House of Commons Col. Shaw's original constituency. Then again Lanark never had better representatives than that wonderful old man, Hon. Peter McLaren, and the late Hon. A. J. Matheson, of Perth. Both were soldiers.

SUMMARY OF NEWS.

So far \$62,948,295 worth of French gold has been exchanged for paper.

The Manitoba Grain Growers have promised some 10,000 acres' produce for patriotic purposes.

The British Government has decided to intern or deport all German missionaries in India.

Lieut. C. S. Craig of Cobourg, has been awarded the Military Cross for conspicuous bravery.

It was decided to wipe out an Ohio village to help save the State from any more flood devastation.

British steamers will soon begin calling at ports hitherto closed to them in German Southwest Africa.

The bodies of 200 prematurely born babes have been found in Toronto sewers during the past two years.

Two French peasants brought to a bank 18,000 francs in Louis d'Or, blackened from long burial.

The condition of Mr. Robert Hall, ex-M.P., of Peterboro', who was struck down by an automobile, is improved.

P. C. Wadsworth, a big cotton promoter, was arrested in New York on a charge of using the mails to defraud.

Hon. Honore A. Gervais, justice of the Court of Appeal, died at Montreal on Sunday. He was 52 years of age.

Belgian miners at Mons have gone on strike. Riots have taken place in which both Germans and Belgians have been slain.

Inspector Rogers, of the Provincial Police, believes that a secret society is responsible for the continued mysterious destruction of dams in Frontenac County.

Rain beating on the wind-shield caused the automobile accident at Muskoka, in which five Toronto people were drowned, according to Mr. John Clarke, the driver, who said he could not see his way across the curved bridge.

Camps and hospitals for prisoners of war are prominent features of Germany to-day. They number 247, some of which contain between 10,000 and 20,000 prisoners. The latest information gave the number of prisoners interned as 900,000.

The school inspectors of the province, one hundred in number, who are taking a two weeks' course of instruction in agriculture at the Ontario Agricultural College decided by unanimous vote to subscribe \$1000 for the purchase of a machine gun.

RETIRING IN SAFETY

Russians Successfully Evading Austro-German Net.

Touton Armies Are Still Advancing, and Have Penetrated to the Bug River, East of Novo Georgievsk.—Russian Success at Riga Shown by Report of Abandonment of the German Advance.

LONDON, Aug. 9.—Latest despatches from Petrograd and Berlin confirm the belief previously expressed here that the Russian main armies would fight their way in safety to their new lines of defence on the Bug. Meanwhile the Germans make progress in their efforts to cut off the retreat of the Russian army from the Polish salient. They have commenced an attack on the fortresses of Kovno and Ossowetz, which are among the obstacles they must overcome in order to reach the railway running from Warsaw through Vilna and Dvinsk to Petrograd.

They have taken the minor fortress of Sereck, at the junction of the Narew and the Bug, and have crossed the Vistula in the vicinity of Warsaw. Farther south General Woytsch is advancing eastward, but Field Marshal Mackensen is being stubbornly resisted and apparently making at the best very slow progress.

On the whole the daring scheme mapped out by the Germans, as a grand sequel to the capture of Warsaw—the destruction of the Russian army—is unfolding itself slowly, as must be the case from its very magnitude. With the three main railways, besides those built since the war, it is believed in military circles here that the Grand Duke Nicholas will be able to extricate his Warsaw army.

The Daily News Petrograd correspondent cables: The abandonment of the German attempt on Riga marks the failure of the general scheme for the forcing of a battle with the retreating Russians before they reach the Brest-Litovsk line. The stubbornness of the Russian defence on the Narew has contributed mainly to this important success. Seeing that the Russian retreat eastward to the new front continued uninterrupted, the Germans attempted to build bridges across the Vistula and engage the Russians before they could reach their destination, but the Russian artillery from Novo Georgievsk demolished the bridges as soon as they were constructed.

General von Mackensen has attempted a deep turning move from Cholm, and a similar movement is to be seen against Kovno in the north. It probably will be several days before the Germans establish their new attack, since they have failed to interfere with the new Russian lines of defence.

AGREEMENT LIKELY.

Balkan States Will Probably Settle Their Differences.

LONDON, Aug. 9.—There is much interest in the diplomatic negotiations in the Balkan capitals, the reports from which indicate that the Serbs at last is willing to cede Macedonia to Bulgaria, but that the Greek Government is now opposing any suggestion that she should return Kavala, the seaport in the Vilayet of Saloniki, to Bulgaria. It is thought, however, that this opposition may be changed when M. Venizelos returns to power, which is expected when the Greek Parliament reassembles early in September.

M. Venizelos offered Kavala to Bulgaria when he was Premier simply in return for her continued neutrality while Greece went to the assistance of the allies against the Turks, but King Constantine put his foot down on the whole policy, and the political crisis which resulted in the resignation of the Venizelos Cabinet followed.

MONTE SAN MICHELE TAKEN

Italian Troops Storm and Capture Key to Gorizia.

ROME, Aug. 9.—After a desperate battle the Italians have stormed and captured the summit of Monte San Michele, which dominates Gorizia.

The occupation of Monte San Michele, 900 feet high, five miles south-west of Gorizia, two and one-half miles east of Gradisca, and three miles north and a little west of Montefalcone, renders the Italian possession of the last two places secure and at the same time gives the invaders a position from which they can command the ridge north of the highway which runs from Gorizia south-west to Udine, and thence due north to Trieste, joining the Gorizia-Trieste Railway at Cobla. Behind this ridge the Austrians still hold the slopes of Mont Frigido, 5,500 feet, and Mont Gollak, 5,800 feet, whose summits are inaccessible.

License for Coal Needed.

LONDON, Aug. 9.—The Official Press Bureau makes the following announcement: "The Foreign Office, explaining its recent order prohibiting the export of coal, states that an entire stoppage is not intended, but that licenses will be required for exportation to places not in British possession or under British protection. The order came as a consequence of legislation regulating the price of coal in Great Britain."

He Is at It Again!

BERLIN, Aug. 9.—The Koelnische Zeitung says the Kaiser, replying to the congratulations from the King of Wuertemberg on the fall of Warsaw, telegraphed as follows: "We can see in the fall of Warsaw a significant step upon the road along which the Almighty in His grace has led us hitherto. We are relying upon Him. Our glorious troops will continue to fight until an honorable peace has been attained."

CROWN PRINCE ACTIVE

Another Effort to Break French Line in Argonne Fails.

Strong Attempt on Part of Germans to Take Mountain Heights is Frustrated by French Infantry With the Bayonet—Hundreds of the Enemy Found Dead in the Wire Entanglements Before French Lines.

PARIS, Aug. 9.—The army of the Crown Prince continued its efforts Saturday to find a weak spot in the French defences in the Argonne. For the first time since the fighting began ten days ago the Germans were able to deliver a strong infantry attack and penetrated the first line of French trenches, but they were immediately driven out.

The fighting in the Vosges was also of a desperate character, the enemy attempting to capture the peaks of Linge and Schatzmaennle on the French frontier. They delivered two violent attacks in the afternoon. In each of these attacks they approached the French line of trenches defending the summit, and were driven back by a bayonet charge.

The assailants suffered heavy losses, the corpses of hundreds of the enemy remaining in the network of the French wire entanglements.

The German forces in the Argonne attacked with great vigor again Sunday night and momentarily drove the French back in the western portion of the forest north of Fontaine Houlette. They were driven from their conquered trenches very shortly after, managing to retain only a listening post. At Fille Morte they were more successful, seizing a considerable length of trenches, but in the end being able to hold only 30 metres. In the Vosges, where the Germans attacked yesterday with extreme violence, the French troops were entirely victorious.

A note made public by the War Office last night says:

The Germans endeavored to-day to destroy of Nieuport by means of heavy shells two allied hydroplanes. Our artillery promptly silenced the German batteries. Of the two planes one came back unaided, while the other was towed into shore undamaged.

The following Belgian communiqué was given out here to-day:

The German artillery is showing great activity along the whole Belgian front. All of our advance posts were violently bombarded. Our artillery replied along the front from Ramsappelle, Furnes, Pervyse, Costoke, and Reninghe.

CZAR REJECTS PEACE.

Kaiser Known to Have Made an Offer to Russia.

PETROGRAD, Aug. 9.—From absolutely trustworthy sources The Bourse Gazette learns that last week Emperor William, through the King of Denmark, offered the Russians terms of peace. The reply of the Czar to the Danish monarch's letter was the categorical declaration that at the present time there could be no question of peace negotiations.

These statements are by no means improbable.

The Vechernee Vremya says: "We learn on good authority that Germany, through Denmark, proposed to Russia a separate peace, Russia to receive Galicia, while Germany would retain the western district of Poland. A representative of the Foreign Office categorically denied that there was the remotest possibility of any peace negotiations. In the lobbies of the Duma the proposal was dismissed as unworthy of serious consideration."

Having failed to carry out his original program of crushing France in the first few months of the war, Germany has now altered her general plan, and is straining every nerve to eliminate Russia from the number of her antagonists in order to be able to concentrate all her energies against the allies in the west when they at last are in a position to cause her serious inconvenience.

Germany had hoped, by the momentum of her assault on both flanks of the Polish salient, to cut off and utterly destroy the Russian armies occupying it, and thus reduce Russia to impotence.

No doubt her calculations were largely based on the idea that the Russians would cling desperately to the Warsaw and Vistula fortresses, and thus allow themselves to be caught in a trap.

Borden Addresses Wounded.

LONDON, Aug. 9.—Sir Robert Borden Sunday visited the Victoria League Club for Overseas Soldiers. There were present a number of Canadian soldiers wounded in the war, addressing the company, said he was especially interested in clubs of that character, because they afforded an opportunity for the overseas soldiers who had been fighting in the Dardanelles and in Flanders to meet each other, thus bringing the various Dominions in closer touch.

Rubbish in Ammunition Cases.

LONDON, Aug. 9.—The Daily Mail quotes a traveler who has returned from Russia as saying that the Czar's armies are terribly handicapped. Thousands of cases of ammunition when opened at the front were found to contain rubbish, he declares. This is attributed to the activity of German agents in the Russian munition factories.

Killed by Landslide.

GENEVA, Aug. 9.—Seven persons were killed and many injured by an enormous landslide which swept the village of Ragogna, on the Simplon line. The village was almost completely wrecked by the falling bank of earth and stone, which measured half a mile in length. The tunnel near this point was endangered.

A regiment of Russian soldiers is to be formed in Canada.

King George has authorized the establishment of another navy medal.

The Turks admit the loss of a 9,000-ton warship, the victim of an Allied submarine.

The first contingent of Italian reservists have left Toronto for their mother country.

One of the largest German guns captured by the British troops has arrived in Toronto.

Senhor Machado, gifted and popular, is Portugal's new President. He is strongly pro-British.

The Weather Bureau reports that the outlook is promising in Ontario for dry cropripping conditions.

Sheriff Chas. H. Moore of Grey county died in Bowmanville Hospital after a short illness at the age of seventy-eight.

The English language is to be substituted for German as a compulsory subject in Russian commercial schools.

Germany is making submarines at the rate of one a week. At points far inland parts are being made and shipped to naval yards.

In Liverpool treating has been made illegal in a new order regulating the sale of liquor in saloons and clubs. Credit has been abolished.

Alma Hanton, the ten year old daughter of Mrs. Geo. Hanton of Cornwall, three months ago lost the sight of both her eyes from some unknown cause. A week or so ago the child took measles and when she recovered from this disease her sight returned and she can now see as well as ever.

Orders have been received by Lt. Col. Dawson of the 59th Battalion to prepare an overseas draft at once. The draft of each battalion will be made up of five officers, eight sergeants, eight corporals and two hundred and thirty three men. The officers of the 59th who will go with the draft are Lieuts. Fisher, Malloch, Smith, Kennedy and Stagg. The draft will be sent as reinforcements to battalions now at the front, who have suffered in the recent fighting.

Deafness Cannot be Cured.

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflammation of the mucous lining of the Eustachian tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a running sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by Catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

P. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

BIRTHS.

WILLIAMS—In Carleton Place, July 30th, to Mr. and Mrs. Omer Williams, a daughter.

SMITH—In Carleton Place, July 30th, to Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Smith, a son.

STEVENS—In Beckwith, 7th Line, Saturday, Aug. 7th, to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Stevens, a son.

DEATHS.

BENNETT—In Carleton Place, August 10th, Dorcas, widow of the late Edward Bennett, aged 82 years.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TEACHER WANTED.

PROTESTANT, Normal Trained Teacher for S.S. No. 1 Ramsay. Salary \$350. Applications to be in not later than Tuesday, August 17th. HIRSH MCCREARY, Secretary. R.R. No. 1, Carleton Place.

CARD OF THANKS.

To all who in any way assisted us in our recent trouble and bereavement, and by their sympathy and kindness helped to relieve our burden, and to those who laid the beautiful floral tributes on the casket we desire to return our most heartfelt thanks. MRS. WM. MILLER AND FAMILY.

BECKWITH COUNCIL.

THE MUNICIPAL COUNCIL of Beckwith will meet at the Township Hall, on Saturday, August 21st, 1915, at 10 o'clock A.M. for general business.

J. W. ROBERTSON, Tp. Clerk.

THE DIRECTORS

—OF THE—

CARLETON PLACE RINK CO. LTD.

Have declared a Dividend of 3% on all shares paid in full on May 1st, 1915.

Cheques for same are now ready and may be procured by calling at Hulse's Drug Store.

W. J. HUGHES, Treasurer.

Carleton Place Rink Co. Limited. August 9th, 1915.

NOTICE.

ALL PARTIES indebted to the late William A. Miller are requested to settle their accounts on or before August 31st. Any person having an account against the estate is requested to present the same at once, to DANIEL MILLET, Carleton Place, Aug. 10, 1915.

TEACHER WANTED.

FOR Union S.S. No. 8 Lanark and No. 19 Drummond, a Female holding necessary certificate of qualification. Duties to begin after the summer holidays. Applications, stating experience and qualification, to be addressed to A. SHEPPARD, Sec., Ferguson's Falls P.O.

TEACHER WANTED.

FOR S.S. No. 11, Lanark, a Female holding necessary qualifications. Duties to begin after summer vacation. Applications, stating experience, qualification and salary to be addressed to ALF. HAMMOND, R.R. No. 1, Carleton Place.

FOR SALE

PROPERTY IN THE VILLAGE OF APPLETON. Splendidly situated. Good comfortable frame dwelling, stable and detached workshop. Bargain for some one. Apply to PATTERSON & FINDLAY, Carleton Place, Ont.

Overalls and Work Clothes

In Overalls we are able to supply all sizes, including extra large, extra long legs, etc. Unsurpassed values at 75 cts, \$1.00, \$1.25.

Cotton Pants, \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50.

Harvesters' Mitts and Gloves.

Work Shirts, the kind that are large enough to be comfortable and wear to your satisfaction.

A number of Men's Work Suits, a little out of style, to be cleared at very much reduced prices.

THE STORE FOR MEN.

BAIRD & RIDDELL.

PLYMOUTH BINDER TWINE

Special 500 feet

Green Sheaf 550 ft

Silver Sheaf 600 ft

Gold Medal 650 ft

—AT—

W. J. MUIRHEAD.

DEERING BINDER TWINE.

STANDARD, 500 Feet, 8½ cts.

MANILLA, 600 Feet, 10½ cts.

PURE MANILLA, 650 Feet, 12½ cts

Quality Guaranteed.

C. F. BURGESS

WAREHOUSE: NEAR C.P.R. FREIGHT SHEDS.

CAREFUL DELIVERY.

TELEPHONE No. 36.

A NEW ISSUE of the Telephone Directory

is now being prepared, and additions and changes for it should be reported to our Local Manager at once.

Have you a telephone? Those who have will tell you that it is the most precious of modern conveniences.

Why not order to-day and have your name in the new directory?

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Estimates furnished for all kinds of buildings and alterations. Hardwood Flooring—Birch, Beech, Oak and Maple. Plazas of all descriptions. Frank Street. Carleton Place.

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SPECIAL REDUCTIONS IN ALL

Trimmed Millinery

This Week

AT

MISS PERCIVAL'S

See Window Display.

SCAVENGING.

HAVING obtained a complete outfit, I am now prepared to do public Scavenging on the shortest notice. Yards cleaned and all classes of rubbish removed. Orders by mail or otherwise will be promptly attended to. W. H. DEMER, Franktown B341. April 13, 1915.