OAK AND PITCH PINE

TIMBER

For Ship Building purposes, constantly on hand. Also

WHITE PINE, BIRCH, &c., &c.

R. A. GREGORY,

Office—FOOT OF SIMONDS STREET - - - - - Portland, St. John, N. B.

References—GUY, STEWART & CO., E. D. JEWETT & CO. feb 13 1y

NEW GOODS!

Just received by last Steamer:

Black French Merinos,

STRIPED AND PLAID WOOL SHAWLS, very cheap.

Corsets, Morocco Belts, Cotton Mechlin Net, American Edgings and Laces, J. R. Braces, Flexible Ribbons.

ADSO, 3 cases CANADIAN TWEEDS; 3 cases SHIRTS AND DRAWERS;

At our usual low rates.

WHOLESALE WAREHOUSE.....55 & 57 King Street.

jan 16 EVERITT & BUTLER.

DR. J. E. GRIFFITH, Dentist

Office, Union Street, near Germain,

SAINT JOHN, N. B.

☞ Teeth Extracted without pain by the use of Nitrous Oxide (Laughing) Gas.

☞ ARTIFICIAL TEETH INSERTED IN THE BEST MANNER. ☜

dec 16

MARITIME

WAREHOUSING AND DOCK COMPANY!

Storage in Bond or Free. Cash Advances

on all descriptions of Merchadize. BANK STERLING CREDITS granted to Importers Application to be made to

Sept 27 T. W. LEE, Secretary.

JAMES D. O'NEILL,

MANUFACTURER OF

OIL-TANNED LARRIGANS!

Women's, Misses' and Children's BOOTS and SHOES

IN SERGE, KID AND GRAIN LEATHERS.

FACTORY, No. 1 NORTH WHARF, - - - - - ST. JOHN, N. B.

july 12 1y

MISPECK MILLS, - - - St. John, N. B

HOMESPUNS,

IN GREAT VARIETY.

All Wool Twilled Flannels and Tweeds!

ALL AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!!

Also, First Class

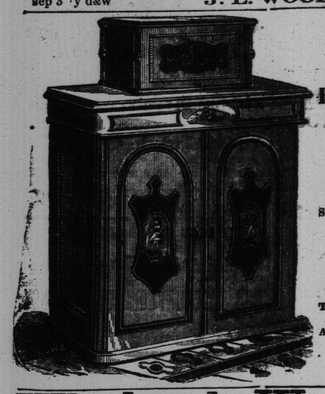
COTTON WARPS.

THE above named Seasonable Goods are all of SUPERIOR QUALITY, manufactured from the very best material, and warrant t to give satisfaction.

☞ Orders from the Trade respectfully solicited.

WAREHOUSE.....Reed's Building, Water Street.

sep 3 1y d&w J. L. WOODWORTH, Agent.



DAVID MILLER,

MANUFACTURER OF

Hoop Skirts, Corsets,

AND DEALER IN

Real and Imitation

HAIR GOODS!

Sole Agent for the Maritime Provinces for the following first-class

Sewing MACHINES!

The Lockman, Appleton, Hespeler, Web And Singer Manufacturing,

79 KING STREET.

feb 6

Wholesale Warehouse,

CANTERBURY STREET.

CAMP BLANKETING!

JUST RECEIVED:

5 Bales Camp Blanketing;
3 " Grey Blankets;
200 pieces Homespuns;
10 Bales Cotton Duck;
15 Cases Felt Hats.

mar 19 T. R. JONES & CO.

GREY COTTON!

WE would call the attention of Purchasers to the

GREY COTTON

We are now making. This article is manufactured out of AMERICAN COTTON, WHICH IS

MUCH SUPERIOR

o the material used in making English Grey Cotton.

☞ It will be found quite as CHEAP, and REALLY MUCH BETTER, than any other Cotton in the market.

For Sale by the Dry Goods Trade.

WM. PARKS & SON,

New Brunswick Cotton Mills,

aug 14—t f SAINT JOHN, N. B.

THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE

A 42 COLUMN PAPER.

The Best in the Maritime Provinces!

Only One Dollar a Year!

The Daily Tribune.

J. L. STEWART,..... EDITOR.

TUESDAY EVENING, MAR. 24, 1874.

Repeal.

The religious papers have been indulging in considerable flowery rhetoric on the school question. Every issue of the denominational organs has bristled with exclamation points. Protestant readers have been gently asked if they would submit their necks, with or without Willis & Co.'s "Victoria" paper collar, to be trodden on by the minions of the Pope—if they were prepared to submit to the establishment of the Spanish Inquisition in our midst, and Catholics have been invited to contemplate the cheerful prospect of immediate martyrdom for the sake of the faith handed down to them from the Apostles. While the *Visitor*, the *Intelligencer* and the *Freeman* have been firing the souls of the people with a determination not to have their paper collars soiled by boots ecclesiastic, not to permit the establishment of the Inquisition, not to allow their faith to be supplanted by atheism through submitting to the baneful free-school machinery established by a tyrannical majority, the people have gone on selling pork and molasses, tea and sugar, chignons and patent bustles, rum and onions, and working at employments varying in dignity from preaching the gospel to wood-sawing, and from that down to flourishing a cane at sightly street corners. There doesn't appear to be the least popular excitement over the prospect of necks being trodden on by the minions of Rome, or the establishment of the Inquisition, or the atheistical proselytism of the godless majority. Why is this? Is it because paper collars are cheap, because the study of the Christian Brothers' school histories has led Protestants to believe that the Inquisition was a blissful paradise to which erring mortals were taken for gentle reformatory persuasion, because Catholics console themselves with the thought that martyr deaths will make them saints? The people seem strangely apathetic. Are there no similes that will arouse them, no allegories that will startle them, no hyperboles that will knock them out of their complacency, no figures of speech that will lift them into the realms of the heroic—lift them above the contemplation of groceries, dry goods, ship timber, and hand carts? Try poetry—rhyme or blank verse. The *Courier* will get you poets in plenty—good poets. They grow in Milltown, The Ledge, the Ridges, and all over Charlotte. They have celebrated the fall of Theodore, the deaths of many angel babes, and the deeds of the noble reds. Get one or a dozen of them (they come cheap) and see if something can't be done towards arousing the people to a just sense of the magnitude of the impending crisis!

The *Freeman* is less frenzied than usual this morning, and comes down to a statement of the real issue before the people—the real question to be decided at the polls—namely, Repeal of the Common Schools Act. Bending the knee to the Pope, suffering in the Inquisition, or the destruction of the Catholic faith, has nothing to do with the next election. It is a simple question of continuing assessment for school purposes, or of repealing the law. Nothing more. Religion has nothing to do with it whatever, except that the great body of repealers happen to be Catholics who want schools of their own in which the tenets of their faith are taught. The issue is repeal, just as we declared months ago that it would be, and such men as Irvine, Donald and Hibbard are making haste to get out of the party on whose banners repeal will soon be inscribed. People need not persuade themselves that there is any other issue—religious or irreligious—in the coming contest, for there is not. Says the *Freeman*:

> Repeal, then, will be the watchword and the cry. Catholics despairing of justice, and Protestants tired of excessive taxation, will unite in the effort to shake off this burden, and at every poll they will join in calling for
>
> REPEAL! REPEAL!! REPEAL!!!

Now let no one vote for or against a candidate on any of the absurd religious cries that have been raised. If you favor assessment for school purposes vote for free-school candidates: if you want every man to educate his own children or not educate them, just as he wills or is able, then vote for repeal candidates. The Pope, the Inquisition, or the preservation of the Catholic faith, has nothing whatever to do with it The Inquisition cannot be established in this or any other civilized country, and as uncompromizing Catholics graduate from free non-sectarian schools as from any other.

A man in Wilmington, N. C., is thus described by a young lady of the same city: "He is so stingy that whenever he smiles it is always at his neighbors' expense."

The Superintendent of the E. & N. A. Railway proposes putting on another freight train to run between Fredericton Junction and Mattawamkeag, increasing business rendering it necessary.—*Bangor Whig.*

In the British House of Commons, Friday, on report of the address, Dr. Butt moved an amendment representing the dissatisfaction of Ireland with the present system of government, and declaring it to be the duty of Parliament to consider speedily the means of removing such discontent. He said the Irish asked for the management of their local affairs, leaving to Parliament the control of imperial matters. The government of Ireland was based on distrust. The people asked the new Prime Minister, not for immediate home rule, but for a complete policy of conciliation. The Lord Mayor of Dublin seconded the amendment. Messrs. Newdegate and Gladstone opposed it. Mr. Gladstone argued that such a division of legislation as the amendment proposed was impracticable. There was no authority to determine what affairs could be considered as exclusively Irish. Lord Robert Montagu, Sir George Bowyer, Mr. Johnston, and others supported the amendment. Sir Michael Beach, Chief Secretary for Ireland, denied the gravity of the grievances. He said each party in Ireland interpreted "home rule" according to its own particular wants. The discussion then closed, and the amendment was rejected by a vote of 51 to 114.

LOCALS

For advertisements of WANTED, LOST, FOUND, FOR SALE, REMOVED, or TO LET see Auction column.

New Advertisements.

Advertisers must send in their favors before 12 o'clock, noon, in order to insure their appearance in this list.

Election Card	J W Lanergan
do	A Chipman Smith
do	Thomas Miller
do	Robt O Stockton
do	J B Hamm
do	J W Fleming
do	Elias S Flag or
Amusements—	Lee's Opera House
do	Barnabee
New Seeds—	John McArthur & Co
Hypophosphites—	Hamington Bros
New Crop Molasses—	L McMann & Sons
Agents Wanted—	Hall & Haulington
Property For Sale or to Lease—	W M Jarvis
New Oil Cloth (on first page)—	Fairall & Smith

AUCTIONS.

Corporation Revenues—	Thos M Reed and others
Administrator's Sale—	John F Godard
Auction Card—	Hall & Hanington
Clothing, &c—	E H Lester

On First Page: The Gown and the Surplice; and Notes and News.

On Fourth Page: Yesterday's Second Edition.

Brevities.

A little snow fell this morning.

Mr. Flaglor's Card to the electors of King's may be found in another column.

Michael O'Neil fell in Mr. Dunlop's shipyard, and broke his arm, yesterday afternoon.

Patrick Martin fell in a fit in Portland last evening and was carried home.

The Invincible Base Ball Club meets for re-organization this evening.

The bill committee of the Common Council went to Fredericton yesterday afternoon to look after civic bills in the Legislature.

The Grand Southern Railway Company was organized at St. George on Saturday, with W. K. Reynolds for President.

Mr. Boyd's lecture was attended by so large an audience last evening that the hall was too small and they moved up stairs to the church. A vote of thanks was passed by the delighted audience.

The protest against W. E. Perley's election in Sunbury was up before Judge Weldon on Saturday, who adjourned the inquiry until the 31st instant.

THE DAILY TRIBUNE and all the most popular Canadian, English and American newspapers and magazines can always be obtained at the bookstore of Mr. W. K. Crawford, King street. au 8

Sale of Tickets

For matinee of Mendelssohn Quintette Club on Friday afternoon next, at the Music Hall, will commence at E. Peiler & Bros. on Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock. Subscribers to call early and secure their seats. 21

The "Dufferin Quadrille" and the Loyal Opposition Galop," two beautiful new pieces, for sale at Landry & McCarthy's.

Millmen's Muster.

There was another meeting last evening of the Millmen's Association, in the City Hall, Carleton. The former election of officers was annulled, and it was decided to discuss the constitution at the next meeting. One of the members gave notice that he would, when the constitution was discussed, move a section which would provide for the body arranging wages, for united demand for such wages, for securing the co-operation of all millmen, and to prevent any but members being employed in the mills.

One of the prettiest pieces of dancing music is the Autmun Tints Mazourka at E. Peiler & Bro's.

Lee's Opera House.

Ed. Chrissie's Automatons were a novelty in the Opera House performance last evening. The miniature figures, in their dances, were much admired. Pete Lee appeared and had a splendid reception, being recalled four times.

Oysters. Oysters. Oysters.

Shemogue oysters. Just received a very fine lot of the above oysters, at the Victoria Dining Saloon, Germain street, No. 8. CORNELIUS SPARROW.

Shipping Notes.

The brig Guysborough, of Windsor, N. S., Enos master, at New York 20th inst. from Matanzas 20 days, reports having been 12 days north of Hatteras, with heavy N. W. gales, during which lost and split sails and sprung aleak.

The bark Impulse, Robertson master, from Darien for Liverpool, with a cargo of pitch pine, was abandoned on the 12th inst. in lat. 46 30, lon. 30 46, in a disabled condition. The crew were taken off by the German steamship Baltimore, from Bremen, and landed at Baltimore yesterday. The Impulse registered 550 tons, was built at Miramichi in 1858, and hailed from Glasgow.

The bark Agnes Campbell, Landry master, from New York for Portland Roads, arrived at Cowes on the 20th inst. with sails split and decks swept.

NEW DESIGNS of Walnut Frames at Notman's.

Five Mile House.

Mr. J. McNamara is about to open his house on the Loch Lomond Road for the accommodation of the travelling public. This place is very near where Whitenect's house was burned down a few weeks ago.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT of Velvet Passe Partouts at Notman's.

St. John Stock Exchange.

BOARD ROOM, March 24th, 1874.

	Shares each	½ yr Div	Asked	Bid
Bank of New Brunswick,	100	5 p.c.		168
" " B. N. America,	250	4		
" " Montreal,	200	3		193
Maritime Bank,	100	4	93	92
People's Bank,	100	3½		
St. Stephen Bank,	100	4		100
Stadacona Bank,	100			100
Spring Hill C. M. Co.,	50		118	
Joggins C. M. Co.,	3	4	101	
People's Street Ry. Co.,	20		19	
St. George Red. Granite,	100			
Victoria Hotel Co.,	100		15	
Suspension Bridge Co.,	25			
St. John Gas Co.,	110	4		104½
Victoria Skating Rink,	20	3	108	
Confederate Life Ins. Co.,	100			
Royal Canadian Fire ins.	100		99	
N. B. Extract Tanning Co.	5			
Sussex Boot & Shoe M. Co.	50	1¾		104½
Ottawa City Bonds,		3		
Academy of Music,	20		60	
Parrsboro R. and Coal M	100		60	
St. Stephen Ry. 1st M. B.,		4	97	
Oldbrook Rolling Mills,	100	6		101
Moncton Driving Park,	100			40
City School Debentures,		3	95	
Corporation Bonds,		3		
South Bay Boom Co.,	40	5	75	
Carleton Branch Ry.,	20			
" 1st M. Bonds,		3		
Western Extension Ry.,			47½	
Port Philip Free Stone,	50			
M. P. Knitting M. Co.,	50		18	
M. Warehousing & D. Co.	50			103
N. B. Electric Tel. Co.,				
Fredericton Boom Co.,				
Central Fire Ins. Co.,	40	6		
St. John W. & S. Deben,		3		
Do. do. Carleton,		3		
Do. Reed's Point, Pettingill Property, etc.,		3		
N. B. Provincial Bonds,		3		
Joggins Coal M'g Co. (Old)				
Town of St. Stephen Deb.			90	

Exchange Bank Sterling, 60 days, 9⅝;
Do. do., sight, 10;
Drafts on U. S. currency, 9⅛ discount.
☞ Money offered at Board at 7 per cent.

E. Peiler & Bro. have some new and handsome styles of organs.

Markets.

[Corrected weekly for THE TRIBUNE.]

March 24th, 1874.

Hay, per ton	$12.00	@	$14.00
Sheeppelts	1.00	@	1.50
Beans, per bushel	2.00	@	2.40
Buckwheat, Grey	3.00	@	3.50
" Yellow	2.30	@	2.40
Flour, Am. Extra State	6.50	@	7.00
" Canada Superfine	6.25	@	6.40
" " Choice	6.65	@	7.00
" " Extra	7.00	@	7.50
Cornmeal	4.50	@	4.25
Oatmeal	6.00	@	6.25
Potatoes	60	@	1.00
Butter, Rolls per lb	35	@	38
Butter, Packed "	33	@	35
Lard "	13	@	15
Eggs, per dozen	20	@	22
Oats, (Prov.) per bush	25	@	55
Oats, (P.E.I.) "	55	@	58
Cheese, Dairy, per lb	12	@	14
Beef, "	6	@	9
Mutton, "	6	@	8
Pork, "	8	@	9
Lamb, "	7	@	8
Chickens, per pair	40	@	70
Turkeys, per lb	15	@	18
Geese "	60	@	75
Partridges, per pair	30	@	40
Beets, per bush	60	@	70
Turnips, "	40	@	50
Carrots, "	50	@	60
Hams and Shoulders, green per lb	10	@	11
Hams and Shoulders, smoked, per lb	12	@	13
Hides, per lb	6½	@	7
Lambskins	120	@	150
Tallow, per lb Rough	6		
" Cakes, per lb	9	@	10
Yarn, per lb	70	@	85
Socks, per pair	25	@	30

WHOLESALE JOBBING PRICES.

Pork, Am. Mess per bbl	$18.50	@	$19.00
" Prime "	14.00	@	15.00
" P. E. I. Mess	18.50	@	19.00
" " Prime Mess	00.00	@	16.00
Beef, Mess	11.00	@	12.00
Beef, Extra	14.00	@	15.50
Codfish, per quintal	4.00	@	4.50
Pollock "	0.00	@	3.00
Ling "	4.00		
Haddock "	1.75		
Herring, Bay, per bbl	3.00	@	3.25
" Shelburne "	4.50	@	5.00
" Split "	3.50	@	4.00
Shad No. 1 per hf-bbl	5.00	@	6.00
Digby, per box	80	@	
" No. 2 "	45		
Grand Manan, Scaled per box	18	@	20
Grand Manan, No. 1, per box	14	@	16
Oysters, P. E. I., per bbl	0.00	@	4.00
" Shediac,	3.50	@	0.00
Cordwood, Maple, per cord	7.50	@	8.00
Cordwood, Mixed, p. cord	6.50	@	7.00
" White Birch	6.00		30
" Dry Spruce	5.00	@	0.00
Kerosene, Can. per gal	24	@	25
" Am. "	22	@	23
Apples, Dried, per lb	10	@	13
" New, per bbl	6.00	@	6.50
Corn, per bushel	90	@	1.00
Molasses, Porto Rico, per gal.	48	@	55
Molasses, Cienfuegos, per gal.	35	@	38
Sugar, per lb	9	@	10
Teas "	25	@	50

Cargoes of Fish, Produce, &c., in Ship will average 8 to 10 per cent. lower prices.

To Advertisers.

The circulation of the TRIBUNE is at the present time very large, doubtless exceeding the circulation of any other St. John daily. Advertisers will consult their own interests by patronising the TRIBUNE. Yearly contracts made at favorable rates.

The Mills.

At present there is but one mill in Carleton, Portland or Lancaster that is in operation. The only one working is Cushing's, above the Falls, which has been run while all the others have been shut down. It looks strange to see everything so quiet where generally there is so much bustle and life, and not to see the fire and hear the whistles of the engines. Most of the mills have large quantities of shooks on hand, for which no market can be obtained. The millmen have, consequently, nothing to do, and many of them are taking advantage of the leisure to improve their homes and fix them up for summer. This is especially noticeable in Lancaster, where so many of the mill hands have cottages of their own. There they are working at their places repairing or building, and making things more comfortable for themselves. On the other hand there are many who have no such chance for employment, and they idle round the roads and loaf about the mills. To their credit, however, they have always been noted as a quiet and orderly class, and no ill reports have been heard of them. There could not have been a better time for the organization of a labor combination, and no doubt the promoters saw this. The mills will resume work about the first of April.

Bronchitis.

FREEPORT, DIGBY CO., N. S., January, 1868.

JAMES I. FELLOWS, ESQ.—*Dear Sir:* In the winter of 1866, I was afflicted with a severe attack of Bronchitis, and although our doctors were very attentive, and used all means in their power, they failed to afford me much relief. I obtained your Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites, and took it until it made a permanent cure.

I am now in perfect health and free from Bronchitis. Respectfully yours,

MENDALL CROCKER.

A Man Injured—A Horse Killed.

Mr. James Brown, teamster, of Waterloo street, was seriously injured at Indiantown yesterday afternoon. He had a load of shingles on his wagon and, while driving along, a bunch fell forward, striking him and knocking him off the wagon. One of the wheels passed over his leg, breaking it above the ankle. Another bunch fell against the horse, causing him to run, and he slipped on some ice on the road and fell, breaking his neck. The unfortunate man was taken to his house in Waterloo street, when Dr. Allison attended to his injuries.

By Telegraph.

Canadian, British and Foreign.

[*To the Associated Press.*]

NEW YORK, March 23—p. m.

Gold 111¾; sterling exchange 485 a 488; money 3 per cent.

The inflationists in the lower branch of Congress, to-day, largely outvoted the contractionists on two important amendments to the currency bill, which indicates pretty surely that the four hundred millions bill will pass.

A fire at New Britain, Connecticut, today, destroyed the Ætna cutlery works; loss $80,000. Five hundred persons are thrown out of employment.

LONDON, March 23.

Consols closed at 92 a 92½; breadstuffs quiet.

It is probable that General Wolseley will be rewarded with the rank of major-general, and a pension of $7,500 per annum.

ROME, March 23.

The anniversary of the accession to the throne of King Victor Emmanuel is being celebrated throughout the country.

The Pope has intimated that Archbishop Manning and nine other Archbishops will be created Cardinals at the next consistory.

LONDON, March 23.

THE ASHANTEE VICTORS.

Ten thousand people witnessed the landing of the Highlanders at Portsmouth to-day. Several accidents occurred in consequence of the pressure.

It is understood that the Queen has ordered an inspection in Hyde Park, Friday, of all troops of the expedition which have reached home.

IN THE FRENCH ASSEMBLY

to day a protest was presented demanding the dissolution of the Chamber. The protest is signed by Gambetta, Ledru Rollin, Chamel, Lacour, Peyrat and Barodet.

ROME, March 23.

VICTOR EMMANUEL.

The king, to-day, received some 3,000 persons from all parts of the kingdom to congratulate him on the twenty-fifth anniversary of his accession.

The Minister of Foreign Affairs presented his Majesty an address from American and English residents.

THE ANTILLES.

The Commission of Don Jose Concha, appointed to succeed Captain General Jouvellar, is understood to embrace the Government of Porto Rico as well as of Cuba.

SANTA ANNA.

Havana advices from Mexico report that Santa Anna has arrived at the Capital and paid a visit to President Ledro. He intends to reside at Tacubaya, seven miles from the city of Mexico. His fortune has been reduced to almost nothing. He proposes to petition Congress for a pension, or the restoration of some of his private property sequestered by the state.

(*Special to the News.*)

OTTAWA, March 23.

Cards of invitation have been issued for the reception at Rideau Hall on Saturday.

The *Globe* this morning announces George Brown's departure for Washington to engage in negotiations respecting a Reciprocity trade with the United States.

—The Ontario Legislature prorogues tomorrow.

It is reported that a commission will be appointed to enquire into all matters respecting the murder of Scott and promise of an amnesty to Riel. The latter is undoubtedly in Montreal. Bishop Tache says he holds documentary evidence of a promised amnesty.

Mr. Anglin will not take the Speakership without a distinct pledge from the Government to attempt such an amendment of the Union Act as will allow New Brunswick Catholics Separate Schools.

ST. STEPHEN, March 23.

The Town elections were held to day. James N. Clarke, Esq., was elected Mayor by a majority of 112 over William T. Rose, Esq. George Lindsay and William Waterbury were elected Councillors for King's Ward; Hugh Alexander and Samuel Connick for Queen's; John H. Rose and P. M. Abbott for Duke's. All are free school men.

The Milltown elections took place today. Hugh McAdam, Esq., was elected Mayor, and Messrs. King, Hanson, Andrews, Graham, E. S. Smith, and Helon Todd, Councillors. The school question was made the test vote, and those elected are all free school men except one.

LEGISLATURE OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

FREDERICTON, March 23—*Afternoon.*

After dinner Mr. Irvine said no man would go further than he to preserve a Non-Sectarian School law, but he had formed a very bad opinion of the manner in which the present Government came into and kept itself in power. The circumstances attending the Brayley House caucus were disgraceful to the country. He was highly pleased with Messrs. King and Fraser in the Government, and did not know two other men whom he would prefer to see in their places, but he could not say that he liked the Government as a whole. He referred to the pride of some persons who were placed in office and said a petition had been brought by him to the Surveyor General, asking that improvements made by a citizen of Carleton, Mr. Smith, might be paid for, the land on which they were made having been sold to a Mr. Winslow. The Surveyor General would take no notice of the petition, but he was glad the Secretary had treated him with more courtesy and promised redress. In giving members Supervisors' fees, without appointing them as Supervisors, the law is evaded. He believed the Government had not kept the law and therefore he did not want it to continue to do as it had done, as set forth in the amendment.

The Surveyor General said it was the desire of the Government to close the debate to-day. Those who knew him as Surveyor General would not agree with Mr. Irvine, that he was difficult to approach. He had for sometime endeavored to get the matter of Howard Smith arranged, and he could assure Mr. Irvine as before that Smith's case would have consideration. He had purchased lumber from Messrs. Tibbets' mill because it was nearest the building he had to erect for the immigrants. Attending to Mr. Gillespie's statements concerning Crown Lands office he challenged investigation and said his statement in reference to the sale he had attended was simply incorrect. Mr. Adams takes boldly the ground that he was insincere with Hon. Mr. Willis when he led the Opposition and he believed the party was as insincere now as Mr. Adams was then.

Mr. Adams said there was a little difference between a man who is insincere and one who is a traitor.

Hon. Mr. Tibbets referring to the charges against himself and Mr. Theriault, concerning Victoria bye-road money, said that on page 131 of the Auditor General's Report, would be found the returns of fifteen bye-road Commissioners for the money said to have been retained by himself and Mr. Theriault. He said that even if he had been a member of the firm of J. Tibbets & Son, the Surveyor General would have to get lumber from their mill as it was the only one near. He here produced a power of Attorney of March 1872, authorizing him to sign for the above firm, but he had no interest in the firm he said. He contended that nothing charged by Gough had been proved. He explained that the shingle machine referred to was once sold to the bridge contractor who gave his order for its price on the Board of Works.

FREDERICTON, March 23—*Evening.*

Mr. Montgomery took the floor this evening. As one of the Opposition of 1868 he had been with the Government thick and thin, but against it on all constitutional questions. He respected the Attorney General and the Chief Commissioner very highly, believing there was nothing to be said against them, but he thought the Secretary was in Government only as the representative of a large company whose interests are inimical to those of the country. He could find no language strong enough to express his contempt for the Surveyor General. The Government had maladministered the school law and made it serve their own selfish ends. The higher attainments of Scotch are in consequence of their separate school education, which he had come to believe in. The Supervisor of the Campbleton Bridge District had been dismissed to make room for Phillips's son, while Phillips himself handled all the money. Phillips never visited the Balmoral building while it was being constructed, and yet he got $100 for superintending it.

Mr. Donald showed how he had got a special grant or loan two years since, from last year's bye-road money, for the erection of a bridge in Dunbarton Parish. The bridge was built and when the fact was certified by the Commissioners he himself drew the money and paid the contractor, giving the Commissioners their commission at the same time and taking all the receipts. These he filed in the Auditor General's office in ample time, and yet in that official report opposite that appropriation, were the words "no account." This showed that a man may be unjustly charged with receiving moneys and not expending them properly. He referred to a case in which he had drawn $13 this session for a young man to whom it was due. He had done all in the interests of his constituents, and yet if he voted for the resolution before the House he would be condemning himself. He was not in sympathy with the Government in many things, but he would vote for their measure to open the prison doors and release poor men. He was against the resolution.

Mr. Landry said those implicated in the charge contained in the resolution would, of course, oppose it, and it showed how ingenious the Government had been in entrapping so many. They knew that when they gave patronage to a member that secured his sympathy, and the fact that so many members had been thus caught was a strong argument in favor of the resolution. The Purification Act was not passed to keep certain men then in office out of the Legislature, but to keep members beyond the control of the Government. Mr. Landry here read a letter from THE TRIBUNE concerning patronage secured by Mr. Phillips for himself and relations, and this brought Napier to his feet several times, and he was called to order. Mr. Landry claimed Mr. Phillips could not but be influenced by such kindness at the hands of the Government. His experience was that a man of political virtue cannot advance to political position as fast as one who is inconsistent, and not particular as to the means used to secure a desired end. As examples of inconsistency he instanced Willis and McQueen, referring at considerable length to their political record, and especially to that of the latter. He said the resolution might not pass, but its principle is one that no one can dispute, and the discussion would do good all over the country.

Mr. Phillips defended himself and said his son had been appointed supervisor of Campbleton bridge, and he happened to be in Fredericton when the supervisor of that district was removed, on the recommendation of the people. When the bridge was completed he got the money for the contractor at the request of the latter. He used his influence to get Barberie appointed Clerk of the peace, because the father of the latter, who was not his political friend, requested him to do so on his death bed.

The debate adjourned at 10.30, and was made the order of the day for 2.30 tomorrow. The Maduxnekik bill comes up at 11 to morrow, and the Government Railway bill is the order of the day for Wednesday.

FREDERICTON, March 24.

On motion of Mr. Brown the bill to incorporate the New Brunswick Mutual Fire Insurance Company was referred to a committee—Messrs. Brown, Humphrey, and Butler.

Mr. Hibbard introduced a bill to incorporate the Victoria Red Granite Co., St. George, which was read a second time He desired to make it the order of the day for some given time, which was not agreed to.

Hon. Mr. Tibbets introduced a bill to include certain lands in the Town plot of Edmunston.

The Maduxnekik Boom Company bill was recommitted, Mr. Palmer in the chair.

Mr. Wedderburn, on the section to revive and continue the act of 1845, wished to add the words—"subject, however, to the provisions of this act."