Guns Are Useful Now

Americans Killed by Artillery Which Dewey Presented to Aguinaldo.

The Batteries Are Being Worked by Spaniards Who Have Joined the Natives.

The Filipinos Lose Heavily--Their Casualties Number Over One Thousand.

(Associated Press.)

Chicago, June 15.—According to General Anderson, commanding the department of the Lakes, the heavy losses of American troops in the recent engagements in the Philippines were caused by the artillery which Dewey captured at Cavite and presented to Aguinaldo last winter. The batteries in question, General Anderson says, are being operated by Spanish prisoners who have been released by Aguinaldo on the understanding that they would enlist in the insurgent army.

General Anderson, who took the first detachment of troops to the Philippines last fall, was a prominent figure in the first negotiations with the Filipinos government, continued: "After the first skirmish with the insurgents last fall, I strongly advised that Aguinaldo and his men be driven from the province south of Manila, as they might cause trouble later if permitted to retain their position. General Otis did not see fit to follow my advice, however, and the insurgents have been there since, building entrenchments and preparing for an attack. The General entertained the opinion that the enemy could be dislodged at any time without trouble. This was a mistake, as the stubborn engagements of the past few days have shown."

Heavy Native Losses.

Washington, June 15.—General Otis cabled to-day as follows:

"Manila, June 15.—The success of Lawton's troops in Cavite province was greater than reported yesterday.

"The enemy, numbering over 4,000, lost in killed, wounded and captured more than one-third. The remainder, much scattered, have retreated south to Imus, their arsenal. Of five pieces of artillery, three were captured.

"The navy aided greatly on the shore bay, landing forces occasionally.

"The inhabitants of the country rejoice at their deliverance, and welcome with enthusiastic demonstrations the arrival of our troops."

Friendly Filipinos Killed.

Washington, June 15.—The War Department bulletins the following:

Manilla, June 15.—Prominent Filipinos, friendly to the Americans, have been assassinated at Zebu. The inhabitants of that locality have urgently requested American protection in stronger force. I have sent a battalion of the Tennessee regiment and two guns from Iloilo, which insures peace. Hughes is now in charge of affairs in that section. (Signed) Otis."

POST OFFICE ACT.

The Postmaster-General's Proposed Amendments--Bill Introduced in the House To-Day.

(Special to the Times.)

Ottawa, June 15.—Hon. W. Mulock introduced a bill in the House to-day to amend the Postoffice Act. A clause provides that newspaper publishers can send circulars and accounts in sample copies of newspapers. Another clause provides that the department can make good to the extent of $25 the loss of money in registered letters. An insurance fund will be provided to recoup the department for this loss. A change will also be made so that a mail superintendent may be appointed, although he may not have been ten years a mail clerk as now provided for. He may, for instance, be part of this time a mail clerk and part of the necessary time in inside service, as for instance assistant to mail superintendent. Sample copies of newspapers can be mailed the same as ordinary papers to regular subscribers.

N. F. Hagel, barrister, Vancouver, B. C., who was brought here by Sir Hibbert Tupper to give evidence on the Manitoba fraud election case, appeared before the public accounts committee, but had nothing to say in the nature of evidence. He was discharged after being asked a few questions. At the close of the meeting he was congratulated on getting a free trip and his expenses paid to Ottawa. Why Sir Hibbert brought him is a conundrum.

Mr. Ward, of Victoria and Vancouver, is here asking that the charges at the dry dock, Esquimalt, be raised.

NOTABLES DEAD.

(Associated Press.)

London, June 15.—Hon. R. P. Bland died at 4:30 this morning after sleeping 32 hours.

Milwaukee, Wis., June 15.—Frederick S. Perkins, the well known archaeologist artist and collector, died at his home in Burlington, Wis., yesterday.

New York, June 15. — Mrs. Julia Evelyn Capen Woodford, wife of General Stewart I. Woodford, former United States minister to Spain, died last night in Brooklyn of Bright's disease.

Kenosha, Wis., June 15. — Mrs. Maria Ramsay Bacot, who lived at the French court during the time of Napoleon III, and a literary woman of note, died at her home here yesterday, aged 79.

Berlin, June 15.—Professor Locke Richardson, the elocutionist, who underwent an abdominal operation on May 31st at the hands of Professor Dirgman, as a last resource to save his life, died here this morning. His remains will be cremated.

THE FRASER RISING.

(Associated Press.)

Yale, B. C., June 15.—The water has risen [illegible] inches since 4 o'clock yesterday.

Lytton, B. C., June 15.—The water is 34 feet above low water. It rose 7 feet during the past three days.

Quesnelle, B. C., June 15.—The river has risen six inches. The weather is cloudy.

Lillooet, B. C., June 15.—The river has risen fifteen inches since yesterday. The weather is warm.

NURSERYMEN MEET.

(Associated Press.)

Chicago, June 15.—Nurserymen from all over the United States and Canada, and from England and France, attended the opening session of the 24th annual convention of the American Association of Nurserymen here yesterday. A. L. Brooks, Kansas, president of the association, called the convention to order and delivered his annual address.

Arbitrators at Work

First Meeting of the Venezuelan Commission Held in Paris.

The Members Received by the French Minister of Foreign Affairs.

(Associated Press.)

Paris, June 15.—The first formal meeting of the Venezuelan arbitration commission opened this morning.

The arbitrators, counsel and others began assembling at the foreign office shortly before eleven o'clock, and were received by the minister of foreign affairs, M. Delcasse, in the apartments in which the tribunal will sit. These are the rooms used at the meeting of the Spanish-American peace commission, and during the Behring Sea arbitration. The main room is an oblong chamber luxuriously decorated.

The Pope's Appeal.

Paris, June 15.—The Figaro and Gaulois publish a letter from the Pope to the Archbishop of Paris, urging the clergy to take a resolute stand in favor of the Republic and order, and to work unanimously for religion and the prosperity of the country.

Altogether there were about forty persons connected with the tribunal present. The arbitrators and most of their staff were dressed in frock coats. There were less than a dozen spectators in the portion of the apartment spaced for the general public.

The arbitrators took their seats soon after 11 o'clock, Chief Justice Melville P. Fuller and Sir Richard Henn Collins, Lord Justice of Appeals, sitting on the right of Prof. de Martens, the umpire, and Baron Russell of Killowen, Lord Chief Justice of England, and Justice David J. Brewer, sitting on his left.

The Foreign Minister, in welcoming the arbitrators, said it gave him special pleasure to welcome the high commission on behalf of the government of the republic, which, he added, was greatly pleased at the fact that Paris had been chosen for the sitting of a tribunal, among whom he saw such prominent men, some of whom had occupied with distinction high positions. Under the presidency of M. de Martens, who was universally acknowledged an authority on international law, he continued, their labors could only result happily, for they would constitute another step towards the realization of the noble project which, launched from an illustrious throne, was making rapid way into the hearts and consciences of the people, and had thus imposed itself with singular force on the solicitude of those who governed them. M. Delcasse concluded with thanking the arbitrators for having accepted the hospitality of France.

DESTRUCTIVE CLOUD BURST.

Many Persons Are Reported To Have Been Drowned--Bridges and Railway Track Swept Away.

(Associated Press.)

St. Louis, Mo., June 15.—A special from San Antonio says a cloudburst occurred in the mountains north of Sperford Junction on Tuesday at midnight. An immense volume of water rushed down the mountain side, sapping everything before it, converting dry arroyos and small creeks and rivers into raging torrents and completely flooding the valley and level country behind.

At the sheep ranch of M. L. Butler every living thing was swept away, and the entire Butler family, consisting of father, mother and two children, are reported to have perished. H. Carver, on a cattle ranch lower down, was drowned.

The Southern Pacific track was carried away in half a dozen places, and two bridges were destroyed.

At one o'clock on Wednesday morning a bridge over the Pinto river was swept away, the water flowing four feet deep over the track in many places.

The distance between the two main washouts is about 2 miles, and it is impossible to gain any idea of the extent of the damage between these two points.

There are many rumors of loss of life but it is impossible to get particulars until the water subsides.

Great damage was done to cattle and sheep ranches.

FREE ART CLASSES.

Those desiring free instruction in art should apply to The Canadian Royal Art Union, Limited, 238 and 240 St. James street, Montreal, Canada.

The Art School is maintained in the Mechanics' Institute Building, Montreal, and is absolutely free. Monthly drawings, on the last day of each month, are held at the St. James street office for the distribution of Works of Art.

A Hard Day's Fighting

Americans Swim the Zopate River and Carry Filipino Trenches.

Ten Soldiers Killed and Forty Wounded--Natives Lose Heavily.

(Associated Press.)

Manila, June 14.—8:50 a.m.—Before dark last night the 14th infantry swam the Zapote river, charged and carried the trenches, the heavy fusilade of the artillery preparing the way and covering the crossing. The insurgents broke for the woods before the 14th reached them.

Almost at the same time the 9th and 12th infantry crossed the bar of the sea and came up on their left flank, at a point where a body of marines with Maxim guns had landed under the protection of the ship's batteries, and fired upon the enemy's left rear with demoralizing effect.

The 21st crossed the river by the bridge as soon as it could be mended.

Sixty-five dead Filipinos were found in the trenches, most of them shot through the head. Several five-inch smooth bore guns were captured with ammunition marked "U. S. navy yard."

After crossing the river the troops were withdrawn with the exception of the 9th and 21st infantry, these regiments being left with four guns to guard the bridge. As they were being formed into companies the insurgents commenced to fire volleys from the bamboo jungle 300 yards away. The regiments formed into line rapidly and coolly though under a heavy fire, and cheering, rushed to the woods driving the enemy a mile away, the Filipinos disputing every foot of the ground.

The 14th encamped across the river, the men caring for many wounded Filipinos. Eight prisoners were captured. The majority of the Filipinos wore red uniforms.

The American Losses.

Washington, June 14.—The following has been received at the war department:

Manila, June 14.—Lawton's troops, under Wheaton and Overshine occupy the country south to Baccor. They have scouted westward and some distance southward. The enemy appears to have retired on Imus, abandoning the Bay country.

"The fighting yesterday was severe. Our loss was 10 killed and 40 wounded, the majority at the crossing of the Zapote river.

"The natives were driven from heavy and well constructed intrenchments to which they held tenaciously. Their loss is several hundred, of whom 50 were buried this morning. They will not probably make any determined stand in the southern provinces. (Signed) Otis."

U. S. Soldiers Start for Home.

Manila, June 14.—The first volunteers started for home to-day. The outgoing Oregon troops left 62 dead from battle and disease, the result of a year's campaign.

OUTRAGES BY CUBAN OUTLAWS.

(Associated Press.)

Havana, June 14.—Particulars have been received here of the outrage by outlaws on a plantation near Guanjay. On Sunday night ten men mounted and well armed surrounded the house of Francisco and Manuel Mentelongo, brothers, the owners of the plantation, and demanded entrance. The Bontelongos opened fire, and the thieves retired but later returned, killing Francisco. They then forced an entrance and carried away all valuables, leaving Manuel bound.

Last night a band, presumably the same party, attacked farms at Pepilla and Serafina, where the Cuban guards drove them off, killing a negro named Antonio Mirales.

Maj.-General Lee and Senor Dolz, civil governor of Pinar Del Rio, have been notified of the outrages and asked to send troops to a number of small towns.

GAMBLING AT NANAIMO.

(Special to the Times.)

Nanaimo, June 14.—Constable Thompson last night arrested Wellington Brown, G. W. Shipman and J. V. McArthur. This morning they were brought before Justices of the Peace Hilbert and Shakespeare on a charge of gambling. Shipman and McArthur were fined $20 and $2 costs for gambling, and Brown was fined $30 and $2 costs for gambling. Brown and McArthur were fined $10 and $2 costs each for fighting.

This afternoon Messrs. Hepple and Davis will appear to answer the charge of allowing gambling in their hotel.

This is the first action taken in this direction, but the police declare that gambling must stop. The black jack tables have all been closed.

AN IMPORTANT APPEAL.

(Associated Press.)

London, June 14.—The privy council has granted leave of appeal from the decision of the Superior court of Quebec in the case of Wentworth against Shatford, on the ground that the matters involved, which are connected with prohibition legislation, are of great public importance.

VANCOUVER NOTES.

I. O. O. F. Grand Lodge--Officers Elected Last Night--Perrier Improving--Deadman's Island Again.

(Special to the Times.)

Vancouver, June 15.—Perrier, the condemned murderer, has almost fully recovered from the effects of his attempt to commit suicide.

The Grand Lodge I. O. O. F. last night elected the following officers:—Grand Master, D. Welsh, Westminster; Vice Grand, W. E. Johnston; Grand Secretary, F. Dover, Esquimalt; Grand Treasurer, J. Stark, Vancouver; Grand Warden, W. Hogg, Vancouver; Grand Representative to the Supreme Lodge, Mr. Dempster. The lodge still sitting.

It is currently reported that if the Dominion government's claim to Stanley Park and Deadman's Island proves not to hold, the Provincial government will at once take out an injunction preventing the city using the water works system.

CABINET MAKING IN FRANCE.

(Associated Press.)

Paris, June 15.—M. Poincare informed President Loubet this morning that he would accept the task of forming a cabinet. He will take the war portfolio, in addition to the presidency of the council.

The Attack on Loubet

Baron Christiani Sentenced to Four Years Imprisonment for Assault.

Political Crisis in France--The President Has a Difficult Task.

(Associated Press.)

Paris, June 13.—The morning papers, commenting on the fall of the cabinet, severely criticize the ministerial career of M. Dupuy, charging him with leaning now to one side and now to another, and betraying all parties, thus creating universal dissatisfaction. He was fated, they say, to fall sooner or later, under the contempt excited by his wavering policy.

The Socialists claim that his downfall is the work of their party.

Most of the Republican and Radical papers say the crisis will be short.

In conversation with an Associated Press representative regarding the ministerial crisis, persons interviewed said President Loubet's task would be most difficult, unless he had arranged for a new ministry in advancing, having foreseen the fall of M. Dupuy and his colleagues.

Moderate organs generally demand a cabinet which will work towards the pacification of the country.

Spanish General Arrested.

Paris, June 13.—The Italian general arrested at Nice is General Gillete de St Joseph. He was examining fortifications on the frontier, and a number of plans of fortifications were found on him. The general, who owns a villa near here, has been suspected and closely watched of late. He denied having been engaged in espionage, and said the plans were merely those of a tourist and they had no secret character.

The Duke and Duchess of Orleans are at Hotel de l'Europe, Turin, and will remain some days.

Four Years for Assaulting Loubet.

Paris, June 3.—Baron Christiani, who assaulted President Loubet with a cane at the races on May 4, has been sentenced to four years' imprisonment.

Christiani was tried before the correctional police court. The judges deliberated 35 minutes and then delivered judgment, saying that, according to the articles of the penal code under which Christiani was sentenced, he was liable to from two to five years. There was a general exclamation of surprise when the prisoner was sentenced to four years' imprisonment, and also to pay the costs of the trial.

Christiani listened unmoved to his sentence.

The New Cabinet.

Paris, June 13.—President Loubet conferred with the president of the Senate and with the president of the Chamber of Deputies this morning and impressed them with the necessity of quickly ending the cabinet crisis.

It is believed that M. Poincare will be asked to form a cabinet. It is understood he is ready to accept the task and it is even said he has already selected a cabinet composed as follows: M. Poincare, premier and minister of public instruction; M. Delcasse, minister of the interior; M. Bourgeois, minister of foreign affairs; M. Krantz, minister of war; M. Pouvier or M. Delomnere, minister of finance; M. Waldeck Rousseau, or M. Monis, minister of justice; M. Lannessan, minister of commerce; M. Sarrien, minister of public works; Senator Jean Dupuy, minister of agriculture, and M. Quillan, minister of the colonies.

STEAMER SUNK.

Captain, Crew, and Passengers Saved and Landed at New York.

(Associated Press.)

New York, June 14.—The steamer Rescue, of the Merritt and Chapman wrecking Company, arrived at the quarantine station at 3:45 a.m. having on board Captain Kuffahl and six of the crew, and Charles W. Moss and Herman Brandt, two passengers of the Ward line steamer Macedonia, which collided last evening off Long Branch with the steamer Hamilton of the old Dominion line.

Captain Kuffahl says after the Hamilton cleared from the Macedonia and seeing his ship still afloat, he returned to her and endeavored to beach her, but she suddenly took a lurch and sank in six fathoms of water a mile and a half from shore. The passengers and crew saved none of their personal effects.

Later—As far as known no lives were lost by the collision which occurred last evening off this place between the old Dominion steamer Hamilton, outward bound, and the Ward line steamer Macedonia from a Cuban port, inward bound. The yawl boat, containing the mate and five persons from the Macedonia, which was reported missing last night, landed safely at a late hour at John Hennessy's fishing ranch. The sunken steamer lies in about 45 feet of water in an upright position. There is a big hole in her bow. She has a cargo of sugar and other merchandise.

A Valuable Concession

Settlers in British Columbia May Use All Timber on Their Holdings.

Prospects of an Early Settlement of the Grand Trunk Trackmen's Strike.

(Special to the Times.)

Ottawa, June 14.—The Government has upon strong representations by Mr. Morrison granted settlers in British Columbia all timber on their holdings. Heretofore only 25 acres was allowed. This is only an earnest what Hon. Clifford Sifton will doubtless do for farmers, and Mr. Morrison is confident that other concessions he is pressing upon the government on behalf of his constituency will be granted.

Grand Trunk Strike.

Premier Laurier met representatives of the Grand Trunk trackmen again this afternoon and everything looks to an early settlement of the strike.

Sir Hibbert Explains.

In the House to-day Sir Hibbert Tupper made an explanation in regard to the statement he made the other day in the House when it was interpreted that he referred to Mark Workman, Montreal, as being an American citizen who was suspected of operating his factory seven days a week. To-day Sir Hibbert said he was advised that Workman had been a British citizen for 35 years, and that he did not operate his factory for seven days a week.

Mr. Workman was a tendered for militia clothing.

To Amend the Insurance Act.

The committee on banking and commerce this morning dealt with the bill of the minister of railways to amend the Insurance Act. There was a large number of insurance men present, and many from the West.

The chief feature of the bill is a provision changing the rate of interest, which shall be calculated upon what insurance company's reserves shall earn. At present the rate is 4½ per cent.

The bill has undergone some changes since it was introduced. It now provides that after 1st of January the rates in connection with all new business will be 3½ per cent., and that on the old business the rate shall remain on a 4½ per cent. basis until 1907, when it will be reduced to 4 per cent. After 1912 the rate on all business will be 3½ per cent.

The effect of these provisions is to reduce the prospective profits of participating policy holders, and for that reason considerable opposition was offered.

TRANSVAAL SITUATION.

Kruger Declines to Make Any Further Concessions.

Pretoria, June 14.—President Kruger's franchise proposals will be accepted by the Volksraad, and they will be referred to the people before being put into operation. President Kruger, in thanking the raad, said that in these troublesome times they could not know what was going to happen. England had not made even one little concession, and he could not give more. He reminded the raad that Germany had always stood by them. War, he asserted, he did not want, but he would not relinquish anything more.

The trial of the alleged former British officers who were arrested at Johannesburg on May 16 on the charge of high treason, in having attempted to enrol men with a view to a rebellious outbreak, which began here on June 9, terminated to-day. The prisoners were remanded.

London, June 15.—The Hague correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says: "The Dutch government has sent President Kruger a remonstrance respecting the disastrous consequences that are likely to follow persistence in his present policy."

CANADIAN BREVITIES.

Halifax, June 13.—Fire yesterday destroyed the dwelling of Issac Paris at Golden and his mother, aged 90, perished in the flames.

Montreal, June 13.—The death is announced of W. Chapman, aged 35, assistant secretary of the L. M. C. A.

Toronto, June 13.—The seismograph at the observatory has recorded two earthquake shocks. The first shock occurred Sunday night at 11.38. It lasted until 7.35 Monday morning. The second shock was recorded at 10.07 on Monday morning and lasted until 12.18 o'clock.

Galt, Ont., June 13.—A. Fisher, aged 17, hanged himself on Monday night in a barn.

Winnipeg, June 13.—The arbitrators to adjust the dispute between the city contractors and the carpenters made their award to-day. They fix the minimum rate of wages at 27½ cents per hour, the day to consist of ten hours with Saturday half holiday.

CANADA IN LONDON.

(Associated Press.)

Toronto, Ont., June 13.—The following is the special cable to the Evening Telegram dated London, June 13:

The following Canadian artists will appear at the reception to be given at Dunlop's Hall, on Friday, to Miss Lily Seraphina, Dominion Day: Miss Alma Mile, Beatrice de Palm, Miss Maud Cousineau, Miss Jardine Thomson and R. De la Freix.

The steamship Brazilian left Hamburg yesterday with three hundred Galicians en route for Canada.

At a meeting yesterday afternoon of the shareholders of the British Columbia Goldfields Mining Company, the Earl of Essex, who was present, regretted the unsatisfactory report presented. An amendment to appoint a conciliatory committee was agreed to.

The Colonial Club was opened to-day and is likely to be a favorite haunt.

A SPECIAL REQUEST.

It is specially requested that all persons knowing of those who suffer from cancer or tumor, send their names privately to the undersigned, who will send full particulars of a new and painless method. STOTT & JURY, Box 9, Bowmanville, Ont.

DEATHS IN PHILIPPINES.

Washington, June 12.—The war department has received a list of deaths, from wounds in action, during the past week in the Philippines: Corp. Carlson, private 22nd infantry; Melvin P. Day, private 4th cavalry; Patrick Branigan, private 4th cavalry; Clifford H. Bowser, first sergeant 1st Colorado; J. A. Saxton, private 1st Colorado; Geo. A. King, private 17th infantry; F. B. Garrison, private 17th infantry; Ralph A. O'Delle, private 2nd Oregon; O. A. Finnegan, private Utah artillery; J. J. Choe, private 2nd Oregon. Also the following casualties: Killed First Washington: Private Carl M. Thorgeson; 1st North Dakota, Private John H. Killim; 13th Minnesota, Private Thos Healey.

FAIRBANKS SAILS FOR ALASKA.

(Associated Press.)

Seattle, Wn., June 15.—United States Senator Fairbanks and party sailed for Alaska yesterday on the revenue cutter McCulloch.

Storms in The States

Many Bodies Have Been Recovered From the Ruins of New Richmond.

Towns in Nebraska and Iowa Flooded and Valuable Property Destroyed.

(Associated Press.)

New Richmond, Wis., June 14.—It is believed the greatest mortality in any one place during the recent cyclone occurred in the basement of the hardware store of Mark Williams. This store was at one of the prominent business corners and when the storm approached, a large number of persons fled to the basement and were overwhelmed. Several bodies have already been taken out, but is is estimated that fully a dozen dead are still in the ruins.

Fully one hundred corpses; twice as many mangled people; 40 acres of piles of brick; shivered planks; scattered heaps of household goods; dead horses through which the wind has driven the sharp splinters of boards; smouldering fires where houses stood previously to the cyclone; and in the midst of it all, trees are bare of leaves as ever in middle of winter and for the most part stripped bare of bark, this is what the funnel of death wrought in the space of three minutes upon the town of New Richmond.

The Work of Rescue.

New Richmond, Wis., June 14.—No bodies were recovered last night, work having been abandoned on account of the heavy rain during the night and the exhaustion of working parties. It was late this morning before work was actually resumed.

Major M. Doyan, of Governor Scofield's staff, arrived early to-day to look over the ground and learn what is needed and make a report to the governor. Telegrams from people in all parts of the country are pouring into New Richmond asking for news of relations and friends. Many messages have been received offering financial assistance.

Great Destruction of Property.

Winona, Minn., June 14.—A storm broke over this city last night and did damage, estimated at more than $200,000. The damage was done mainly by the overflowing of creeks and rivers, and most largely to railroad property. The rain came down in torrents and fell for more than four hours.

Streets Flooded.

Omaha, Neb., June 14.—Eastern Nebraska and Western Iowa was visited yesterday by an unusually severe storm. The amount of water that fell varied from two to five inches.

Papillion, a town of 500 inhabitants, had from three to six feet of water standing in the principal business streets.

In Omaha a perfect flood swept down the streets.

In Council Bluffs, Indian creek overflowed its banks and the broadway was flooded to a depth of from one to two feet, cellars were filled and water pipes burst in several buildings, doing considerable damage.

The militia is patrolling what was the business section of the town, and nobody is permitted inside the lines.

O. W. Mosher, who has been at the head of the relief work, said this morning that 65 children are missing, and a large number of adults as well. The working party expect to find from 15 to 25 bodies in the basement of William's hardware store.

NATIVES BURN VILLAGES.

Bombay, June 13.—Serious riots are reported in the Tinnevelley district of Madras presidency between the Maravars and Kullars on the one hand and the Shamral on the other. Several large villages have been burned almost under the eyes of the troops, who were summoned from Trichinopolis. The uprising and burning continues.

CARRIE PLEADS GUILTY.

(Associated Press.)

New York, June 14.—Carrie Jones pleaded guilty in the criminal branch of the Supreme Court to-day to the indictment of kidnapping Marian Clark. She was remanded in the tombs.

VAN HORNE'S SUCCESSOR.

Montreal, June 12.—Sir William Van Horne was yesterday elected president of the board of directors of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, and Mr. Thomas Shaughnessy was elected president. It is understood that the object of this change is to provide for an enlargement of the executive organization of the company which is made necessary by the growth of its business and the wide extent of its operations, and that no change in policy is in any contemplated. Mr. D. McNicoll will be the successor of Mr. Shaughnessy. Mr. Robert Kerr, of Winnipeg, is to replace Mr. McNicoll as general passenger manager, and Mr. Kerr will be succeeded by Mr. C. E. McPherson, district passenger agent at Toronto.