

represents nothing, but simply is run-ning because he's a returned man." Congregational, Methodist and Presbyterian-opened fire yesterday morn-He declared that the duty of the government was not to express any ing all over the Dominion in the hope

pressed in the referendum. An Unknown Opponent. The premier said he would have wel-comed opposition if it had come from someone known to the electors. Per-sonally, he had met Mr. Stephenson this morning for the first time, and know nothing about him, altho he might be the best man in the world. "I appeal to you, the law-abiding citizens of this country, who believe that in now is the time when the government should be allowed to operate freely dur-ing the period of reconstruction, not to lend yourscives to the embarrassment

lend yourscives to the embarrassmen

an aptitude for doing things in the an-terest of the whole province." Concluding, Mr. Drury said: "If it is the opinion of the people of Halton that I should not represent them I will have no hard feeling. I am not a political adventurer, and can return to private life at a moment's notice and with dig-nity. I will conduct a fair fight, and will have nothing to do with a campaig of slander in any shape or form."

Mr. Stephenson's Address. "The proceedings in which we are in-fulging this afternoon are one of a series of political surprises that have taken place in Ontario within the last few months," said Ed. J. Stephenson, Mr. Drury's opponent. "My candidature represents a protest on the part of the people of Ontario at this selection of two ministers of the cabinet who were not elected members, and who were not intitled to prior consideration when the government was being formed. "Something has been said this af-

ermoon of my possible connection with the Liberty League. There is nothing n that. I have never been a member of the league nor have had any connecin that.

will establish.

Balfour to Act Provisionally

Halton county." Mr. Stephenson denied that Mr. Drury's defeat would precipitate a gen-eral election, and pointed, as a pre-cedent, to the selection of Sir William

he stated.

Parl

desired to end the present form of cau us government. "I believe that Mr. Raney is far from eing acceptable to the labor group."

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OPOSSUM ES, in long, with pockets in ..... 59.00

PIECES, priced the smart little for handsome

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capes. cond Floor. Canadian churches-Anglican, Baptist,

opinion on the temperance issue, but to carry out the people's wish as ex-to carry out the referendum. Church extension and Christian works For collection purposes the churches are acting individually but in unison are acting individually but in unison

canvassers were at work yesterday exceeded the most hopeful of expectations. The objectives of the various denominations is as follows: Inglican ..... \$2,500.000

Total ..... \$12,300,000 As the above churches have in Canada over 10,000 congregations and 1.-066.000 communicants, they touch or

are related to nearly one half the total (Continued on Page 4, Column 1).



Meeting of Building Trades Men in Toronto Tomorrow

for This Purpose.

Ottawa, Feb. 9.-An effort to stabil-ize wage schedules for the building trades thruout the province is to be undertaken at the annual convention tion whatever with it or with any as Boolation of that character. "Gentlemen, my opposition to Mr. Drury comes from the people of Hal-ton county, as my nomination papers will establish. of the Provincial Builders' and Sup-

will establish.
"I believe that the defeat of Hon. Mr.
Drury and Hon. Mr. Raney would be in the interest of good government, the reterans, and the labor movement in the province. (Hisses, laughter, cheers.) Confident of Success.
"I think Mr. Drury is going down to defeat at the hands of the farmers of Halton county."
will establish.
new wage scale which was recently presented to local builders by the Ottawa building trades.
One of the directors of the associa-tion stated this morning, that while the question of the new Ottawa de-mands might not be actually before the convention as a particular item of the solution of the solution

the convention as a particular item of business, there was sure to be considerable talk and discussion about them. May Affect All Ontario.

"There is also a movement on foot to stabilize wages for the building trades all over the province and until this question is settled, it is not likely that anything will be done with the

new demands presented by the build-ing trades to Ottawa builders and contractors." said Mr. George A. Crain Mr. Stephenson also criticized Nelson this morning.

Parliament, prospective Speaker, who should be impartial, for expounding the merit of U. F. O. government on his visit to the States. Replying, Premier Drury expressed surprise at the nature of the case put forth by Mr. Stephenson. There never was a time declared Mr. Mr. G. A. Crain, who is a director of the association, and Mr. Hugh Graham of the firm of Alexander Garvock, will be the Ottawa delegates to the convention, which opens in the King Edward Hotel at two o'clock

There never was a time, declared Mr. Drury, when the government had been carried on with less secrecy. Wednesday afternoon.

#### Federal Librarians Retire: Hon. A. Sevigny May Succeed

On League of Nations' Council

Ottawa, Feb. 9 .- (Special) .- It is London. Feb. 2 .- At the request of Mr. Lloyd George, Arthur J. Balfour. understood Martin Griffin and A. D. De Celles, joint parliamentary librarlord president of the council and form-erly secretary for foreign affairs, has the end of the present fiscal year. consented to act provisionally as Hon. Albert Sevigny, former minister British representative on the executive of inland revenue, it is expected, with pouncil of the league of nations. secure one of the vacancies.

now stand. die in the electric chair March 11. After the attack the prisoner was

spirited away to a place of safety. Martial Law Declared. After the shooting, the mob reform-

ed and looted pawnshops and hardware stores to get firearms. Fearing an attack upon the handful of National Guardsmen on duty, the

and the results up to last night had authorities appealed to Governor Morrow for assistance. As a result, 300 troops arrived at 3 o'clock on a spe-Britain's Inability to Purchase Owing to Exchange Will cial train from Camp Taylor. At 3

o'clock the city was placed under martial law. 

are patrolling the streets to prevent Washington, Feb. 9.—Indications that England's inability to purchase American cotton, because of the ex-The city was quiet early tonight,

The city was quiet early tonget but authorities fear a recurrence of violence. Five hundred additional United States troops are en route from change situation, may mean a virtual cutting in half of the United States export trade in cotton, are shown in Camp Taylor, Ky. statistics issued today by the depart nent of commerce.

Searched for Firearms.

Hundreds of farmers from the sur-rounding country arrived early to at-tend the trial, and sullenly watched the prisoner as he was marched from the prisoner as he court house between the train to the court house between lines of state troopers. When the trial opened the court room was

crowded to capacity. Everyone was searched for firearms before being ad-mitted. Hundreds were unable to gain admittance to the court room and

congregated in the street in front of the court house. The cry, "Let's get him," from a brawny farmer on the outskirts of the crowd, turned the throng into a mob, which began surging toward the entrance to the building. Soldiers and police dropped back into close forma-

fined mainly to China. tion and trained their guns on the which never hesitated. HON. C. C. BALLANTYNE Adjutant-General Deweese, in command of the militiamen, shouted a final warning and then fired a re volver shot into the air. It was the

Is Sick in Bed-Cancels Attendsignal for the troops to fire. Soldiers and police fired pointblank (Continued on Page 2, Corumn 7).

### SWISS GIVE BLACE EYE

Montreal, Feb. 8. — (By Canadian Press) — Hon. C. C. Ballantyne, min-ister of marine, fisheries and naval **TO WOMAN SUFFRAGE** 

Berne, Feb. 9 .-- Woman suffrage in service, was taken seriously ill on Suntwo Swiss cantons suffered a set-back yesterday with the rejection by day with a severe cold or mild attack of influenza. He became so ill a large majority of the bill for giving that he had to take to his bed and votes to women. The measure has been supported by the Socialists. In cancel all his engagements during his visit here, including the meeting pro-jected in his honor at St. Lambert tothe city of Basle, 12.500 votes were cast against the bill, and 700 for it. night by the South Shore Board of In the canton of Zurich the measure Trade, at which he has been expected was defeated, 88.000 to 21.000.

**Drury's Prospects Bright** 

Despite all earlier rumors to the contrary, the political horizon of the provincial field is clearing up nicely. The minister of agriculture yesterday gained his seat without opposition, and there is

every indication that Premier Drury will have little difficulty in beating his opponent in Halton by a substantial majori-ty. Ed/J. Stevenson, who has come out against him, may think he sees an easy opportunity to acquire a seat in the leg-islature, but most of the facts point otherwise. Premier Drury is evidently not worrying. He feels safe in the hands of his U.F.O. friends in the riding, and is already devoting time to helping his attorney-general ensure **a vistory** in East Wellington. nent in Halton by a substantial majori-

Hurt Industry.

December, went to England.

exchange, it is pointed out, while Jap-

ILL WITH INFLUENZA

ance at Montreal Banquet in

His Honor.

necessary to exercise every care.

Lose on Manitoba Loans

flames. Mr. Dean, Jun., was at the scene of the fire about 11 o'clock. He WILL CUT IN HALF

**U.S. COTTON EXPORT** said, was owned by the Toronto Canoe Club.

Watchman O'Dell, of the Canadian Beaver Company, stated he saw flames coming out of the rear of the building and he telephoned to the fire department, then ran out to see if Spinks had got out of the building all right. The fire was a stubborn one

and the firemen worked in the dark clouds of smoke from 9.05 until 11.30, at which time they had the flames subdued.

#### **BRITISH IN ODESSA** HAVE ALL ESCAPED

London, Feb. 9.-Virtually all the British escaped from Odessa, accord-More than 50 per cent. of the cot-ton exported by the United States ing to a message despatched by Con-sul Lowdon Friday evening from that city. The consul hoped to get the remainder out safely while the British during the five months ending with

France stands second to England as a market for American cotton, and Japan third, but department of military mission was endeavoring to, rescue a few Russians, whom it was feared the Bolsheviki would massacre. commerce experts assert that little of Apparently the commander of the Russian defenders of the city fied, and the surplus which will follow the closing of England's ports to Amerihis whereabouts is unkown. can cotton can be diverted to either The Denikine forces in that section. of the other countries. France is facadds the consul's message, are coming the same situation with regard to

an's consumption of the raw material Britain Must Have Lower Prices. is limited by its restricted market for the finished product, which is con-

pletely demoralized.

Grant that Britain has to buy a lot of ood for her people and a lot of raw ma- States, after that country entered the States. If she could buy these things here that it would be illegal for any o at prices, say twenty-five per cent, lower her nationals to expatriate themselves lar and the British pound, entail, ports pending as a result. And these exorbitant prices for food

and materials are asked by holders who would "profiteer" out of their position the United States, could not secure a and out of their holdings, more or less passport, because they were not Canabacked by British and American banks dian citizens, and the United States who have made advances. The British government, the British it is stated here. Others who wished public, and the British manufacturers to "prove up" on homesteads and seare acting in some kind of accord to break these high prices, and in that way get back to normal conditions.

The World believes they will win out. to make several important announce-They may have to restrict themselves ments. It was stated at his residence tonight that the minister was doing well, but that he still had a high tem-

perature, and that in his weakened condition, due to the operations he underwent some time ago, it would be

on Manitoba Loans Due to High Exchange Rate

I mas.

TO CITIZENS OF U.S. stated he could not give a definite estimate of the loss, but thought it would reach \$15,000. The building, he Canada Aids Naturalization of

Two Thousand Americans.

Ottawa, Feb. 9.-(Canadian Press).

-United States citizens now resident n Canada, who have had their natura.ization certificates held up for some time by reason of the action of the United States state department, will

receive the certificates entitling them to Canadian citizenship without further delay. Some 2,000 United States citizens domiciled in Canada are af-fected by the decision, and it is said that the delay consequent upon the difficulty over the issue of certificates has caused great hardship to many of these men. Farmers have been unable to secure titles to their lands, and business men have been unable to

secure passports allowing them to leave Canada for overseas.

Canada Issues Passports. The United States being now only technically at war, the secretary of state for Canada, Hon. A. L. Sifton,

has informed the United States state department that Canada will issue passports to these men. who wi henceforth have their applications to the state department for naturalizathe state department for naturalization certificates dealt with instead of

being longer deferred. Order by the U.S.

The state department in the United terial for her industries, from the United war, intimated to the state department than what she is asked to pay now, she while their country was at war, and, would have enough money to do it. The further, that the United States would would have enough money to do it. The lower prices would make up the unfair discrimination that present conditions of exchange, as between the American dol-lar and the British pound, entail.

> Some of these men, wishing to leave would not recognize their applications, cure title to lands could not do so until they secured naturalization papers, which could not be granted in view of the stand taken by the United States

state department. so without things; curtail the produc-tions of their mills; but they cannot pay Will Be That Adopted by Allies

They are going to try and buy else-where. They are turning their ships from American ports to South America to ge: grain, meat, hides; also to Aus-traila, wool included; also to Egypt and India for cotton; and so thru the list. Also they will buy less grain and meat from Connede if they are the stating that Poland's attitude towards soviet Russia will be in accordance

soviet Russia will be in accordance with that of the allies. No peace will be accepted by which the soviet mere- a committee. The latter step was

Buckingham Palace. 15

33 a day. More than 100.000 me-chanics, consisting of campenters, masons and painters, are receiving an average of 55 cents an thour, which is about one half the wage received by the same class of labor in the building

VIOLATION OF AGREEMENT

## Washington Says it Calls for Thirty Days' Notice of Strike.

Washington, Feb. 9 .- Action of the United Brotherhood of Maintenance of Way Employes and Railway Shop Laborers in calling a strike of its membership was declared by railroad administration officials to be a violation of the union's wage agreement. This agreement was said to provide that no strike calls shall be issued without giving the railroad administration thirty days' notice. It was declared the railroad administration had recoived no official information of the union's grievances and the strike call was set only eight days ahead. Director-General Hines has tele-

graphed President Barker of the union for a statement as to why the strike was called, it was said. No reply had been received when ratiroad administration offices closed for the day.

# **TREATY DEBATE**

Smoothness With Which Matters Were Arranged No Indication of Agreement.

Washington, D.C., Feb. 9.-After the enate today had made the way smooth

for further consideration of the peace treaty, consideration of that much-debated uccument was put aside for a

The foreign relations committee, to

which the treaty was referred, expects to act tomorrow, but it was announced

onight that Senator Lodge, Republi-

can leader, will ask that the commit-

tee's report be not taken up until next

week. Pressure of legislative business

The largest crowd that has assembl-ed in the senate galleries since the treaty was laid aside in November was

lisappointed today, when the brief de

bate was maintained on purely parlia

so that the treaty could again be con

sidered, while nine "irreconcilable" Republicans voted against it. Then

by acclamation the senate ordered re-

consideration of its previous roll call

on ratification, and sent the treaty to

Thirty-four Democrats and 29 Re-ublicans voted to suspend the rules,

mentary grounds of procedure.

er, it was said.

in the senate is given as the reason.

week.