

## T. EATON CO.

## Among Our Toys on Saturday.

Big and little, old and young, the man of sixty as well as the lad of six years, find something of interest in our Toy display in the Basement. There is so much to see, so much going on, and so much doing all the time that the trouble is to get around and see everything worth seeing. Perhaps you can spend a few minutes sight-seeing on Saturday. If so, these features should prove interesting:

## KID BODY DOLLS.

Undressed Kid Body Dolls, with bisque heads, curly hair, solid or movable eyes, shoes and stockings. These are the most serviceable dolls made.

10c Each  
to 7.00

## Toy Drums.



All our Toy Drums are of American manufacture; we believe they are the finest line on the market; they all have calfskin heads, and are complete with sticks. 50c, 75c, \$1, \$1.25 each.

## Toy Tea Sets.

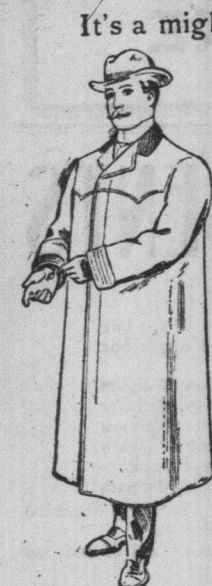


Toy China Tea Sets, very pretty, put up in box, 10c, 15c, 20c. A better line, larger and more fancy, 1 in shape and decoration, 25c per set, to \$5.00.

## SATURDAY'S TOY WINNERS.

- 113 of our 35c and 50c Mechanical Toys, your choice of an Airship, Automobile, Elephant and Ball and Clown on Donkey, Saturday morning. .25  
120 only Nickel-Plated Horse and Trumpet, with fancy cord and tassels, regular price 35c and 50c each, Saturday. .25  
480 only Picture Blocks, in wooden box, each set will make six different pictures, unusually good value at 5c each, Saturday. .3

## Men's Raglanette Overcoats.



It's a mighty effort to get enough of these Raglanette Overcoats. Everybody wants them, and everybody seems to be willing to pay most any price for such an Overcoat. We have secured an extra number of these stylish Overcoats for Saturday, and every coat is a special value for the money. At eight o'clock one hundred of these Overcoats will be ready, and while they last you can buy:

- A Long, Loose Box Back Overcoat, with Talma pockets, Raglanette style, velvet collar, some with yoke on shoulder, good linings, made of fine Oxford grey cheviot cloth, sizes 34 to 40, our special price. 10.00  
A Fine Oxford Grey Cheviot Overcoat, Raglanette style, Talma pockets, long, loose box back style, velvet collar, some with yoke and some with silk facings, good trimmings, sizes 34 to 40, special price. 12.50

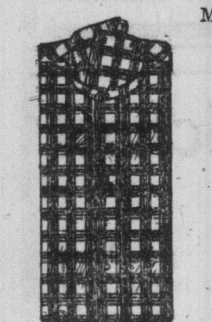
But all the good things in the Clothing section for Saturday are not confined to these Overcoats. Read the following items and you can see what else awaits you:

## MEN'S NECKWEAR.



Fine Imported Silk Neckwear, one of the latest novelties for the holiday season, beautifully motif effects, with large brocade pattern, newest colorings, in dark and medium shades of blue and grey mixtures, these are made in the popular large flowing end shape, and are put up in a neat fancy gift, regularly would sell at 75c, Saturday morning. 47

## COLORED SHIRTS.



Men's Laundered Colored Shirts, fine French cambric, open front, with detached double-end link cuffs, large bodies, correct patterns, in blue, pink and mauve dyes, sizes 14 to 17 1/2, selling today at \$1.00 to \$1.50, Saturday morning. 69

## MEN'S TROUSERS.

75 pairs Men's Trousers, in all wool tweeds and colored worsteds, neat narrow striped patterns, best trimmings, side and hip pockets, sizes 32 to 42, regular price \$2.50, \$3.00, for. 1.95

## MEN'S SUITS.

Men's Black Suits, in three-button morning style, pure all-wool V-neck, finished English worsted, choice Italian linings, first-class trimmings, silk-stitched edges, sizes 35 to 44, our special. 8.50

## Another Record Day in Shoes

So successful was the response to our Shoe announcement of last week for Saturday that we are tempted to offer equally good values for this Saturday to duplicate the successes of a week ago. These four lines are our selections for to-morrow. Also two extra values in Men's Boots which we think merit careful consideration from every man in need of stylish, up-to-date footwear:

## FOR THE SMALL BOY.

101 pairs Small Boys' Black Buff Laced Boots, sizes 11 to 13, regular prices 90c to \$1.25, Saturday. 75

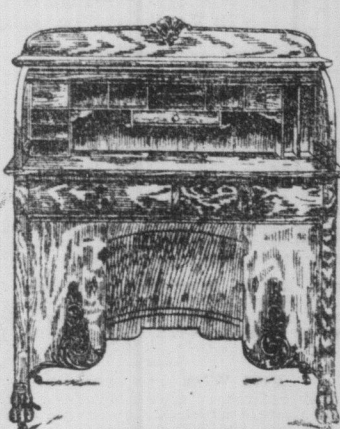
## FOR THE LITTLE TOTS.

121 pairs only Children's Boots and Slippers, broken lots, sizes 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, regular price 40c to 75c, Saturday. 25

## WOMEN'S BOOTS.

"Black Beauty" Laced Boots, made from selected American kid, and guaranteed not to crack, heavy Goodyear-welted extension soles, very neat, perfect fitting and stylish, sizes 2 1/2 to 7, nothing better at \$3.50, Saturday. 2.50

## Holiday Furniture.



No. 108—House Decks, made of choice quarter-cut golden oak, fine polish finish, roll curtains, with automatic lock linings, is handsomely fitted, 42 inches wide, 51 inches high, for those desiring a home desk it is without a peer, special at. 21.50

No. 17—Ladies Writing Desk, in solid oak, golden finish, 27 inches wide, 47 inches high, fitted inside with pigeon holes, drop-leaf writing bed and large drawer, special at. 3.90

25 Parlor Reception Chairs, assorted patterns, mahogany-finished frames, hand carved and polished, spring seats, richly upholstered in silk tawesty, the cheapest of this lot would be good value at \$7.50, our choice Saturday at. 5.00

The Toronto Daily Star Will Have a More Complete List.

T. EATON CO. LIMITED

190 YONGE ST., TORONTO.

## THE TORONTO WORLD

No. 63 YONGE STREET, TORONTO.

Daily World, 35 per year.  
Sunday World, in advance, \$2 per year.  
Telephone: 222, 233, 234. Private branch exchange, connecting all departments.  
Hamilton Office, 19 West King-street, Telephone 1217.  
London, England, office, P. W. Large, Agent, 141 Fleet-street, London, E.C.

## THE WORLD OUTSIDE.

The World can be had at the following addresses: Montreal: Windsor Hotel, 1200 St. Lawrence St.; Toronto: St. Lawrence Hotel, 1200 St. Lawrence St.; Buffalo: P. O. Box 100, 100 Main-st.; Chicago: G. F. Root, 278 E. Main-st.; Rochester: Queen's Hotel, 100 Main-st.; New York: McKay & Bonham, New Westminster, B.C.; Portland: McKay & Bonham, New Westminster, B.C.; St. John: McKay & Bonham, New Westminster, B.C.

## THE COLONIES INVITED TO SPEAK.

The attitude of the British government toward the establishment of a Colonial Court of Appeal or reform in the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council is worthy of more than cursory observation. Reference to the British Blue Book on the subject shows that the Imperial government is anxious to do everything in its power to carry out the wishes of the colonies in regard to this matter, whatever these wishes may be. The attitude of the home authorities is clearly set out in the following extract from the letter of Mr. Chamberlain, Secretary of State for the Colonies, which appears in the Blue Book.

Downing-street, Aug. 10, 1901.  
My Lord, Sir—With reference to my despatch of the 15th February, 1901, I have the honor to state, for the information of your government, that the delegates who, in reply to the invitation contained in that despatch, were selected by the governments of the colonies to which that despatch was addressed, have duly met and considered the questions of the most effective and continuous representation of the colonies in the Judicial Committee of Appeal.

It is unnecessary for me to recapitulate the recent history of this question. His Majesty's Government were strongly of the opinion that the view of the colonies upon the question, and in inviting your government to suggest, still less to press upon the colonies, any views of their own, but were anxious to clearly ascertain what the views of the colonies might be upon the question. Had it proved to be the case that the colonies unanimously or by a great majority desired that the change of jurisdiction should be made in the constitution of the Final Colonial Court of Appeal, which in their view would strengthen, influence and authority to that court in the colonies, His Majesty's Government were anxious to do all in their power to make the views of the colonies, after full consideration, the colonies might, with practical unanimity, arrive at the wish of His Majesty's Government to make any change upon the colonies which would not be in accordance with their desires.

We take it that this disposition on the part of the Imperial government to act upon the advice of the colonies in matters in which the colonies are interested extends beyond the creation of new or the modification of existing judicial tribunals. We take it that when the question of trade relations between the colonies and the Empire is under consideration, that the British Mother Country will adopt a similar policy and do what it can to facilitate the extension of trade, both between the colonies themselves and between the colonies and the Empire. We do not imagine, of course, that the Mother Country will adopt a policy inconsistent with its own fiscal policy, but we are inclined to believe that if the colonies show any unanimity in regard to an inter-colonial and inter-imperial trade policy that the Mother Country will stretch a point to put into effect the policy. What is evident all along from the action of the Imperial government in regard to the colonies is, that the British government will not undertake any change that is not desired by the colonies, while it will go as far as it can in enacting what positive legislation the colonies approve of. It is quite clear that the government wishes the colonies to speak out. It desires to have their views on all questions, to suggest reforms based upon the Imperial idea. The British government does not wish to force the colonies into action of any kind. On the contrary, it suggests reforms voluntarily from the colonies. We are clearly given to understand that our opinion on all matters affecting the Empire will not only be gladly received, but is anxiously sought. In view of what has actually transpired in regard to the modification of the Judicial Committee of Appeal, the remarks of Lord Salisbury at the recent banquet to the Prince of Wales at Guildhall become doubly significant. At that meeting the British Premier is reported to have spoken as follows:

"No doubt it is true, just at this moment, that we have many enemies who are not very recent in expressing their opinion, but on the other hand, to-day's celebration, which is largely due to the action and co-operation of the colonies, shows that we possess in the support of our distant kinsmen an approval and a sanction which, to us, is worth infinitely more than all the contempt and all the censure that we may receive from other nations."

This remark of the Premier was greeted with prolonged cheering, after which he continued, saying: "I cannot admit that they are judges of our conduct, so that they can identify our proceedings in reference to their opinion. What we look to are the opinions of our kinsmen, who are the only ones to whom we have received from all portions of that Empire an indication that we have lost nothing in the opinion they hold of the justice of our claim."

There are many doubts in the world that the people of Great Britain desire to see a question affecting the welfare of the Empire? Now is the time for Canada to adopt some settlement on the question of inter-colonial and inter-imperial trade. The colonial trade conference is to meet in London next summer, and Canada ought to go there with a well-defined proposal. We have very little doubt if the colonies were unanimous on the subject that the Imperial government would acquiesce in the proposal to impose an Imperial tariff of ten per cent. on goods entering the Empire to be used for the defense of the Empire. We take issue with the Globe on its theory that the colonies must wait for the Mother Country to make suggestions. The British government has clearly put the onus on the colonies, and the Canadian government will be wanting in its duty if it does not place itself on record in the matter of inter-imperial and inter-colonial trade.

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## What the Buyer

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## Remington

Typewriter

gets!

The Standard Typewriter for over a quarter of a century.

The most durable writing machine made.

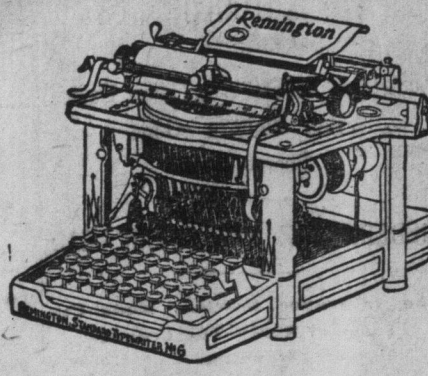
The largest output of work by the operator.

The greatest economy of Time, Material and Expense.

The Best Investment. The machine which depreciates least from year to year.

REMINGTON STANDARD TYPEWRITER CO., LIMITED,

Sole Representatives for Ontario. Confederation Life Building, Toronto.



## LOOKING INTO

1902

Mark it down in your diary that the new term opens Jan. 8th, 1902, and if determined to succeed in business life resolve to enter for a course in this college.

## BRITISH-AMERICAN BUSINESS COLLEGE,

Y. M. C. A. Building, Toronto, Ont.

David Hoskins, C. A., Principal.

not rob the association, a provision had been made whereby no cheques would be honored at the bank unless countersigned by the president and secretary. He stated that the bank account would be increased ten thousand-fold in the near future.

The meeting dispersed with cheers for the King, Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Hon. G. W. Ross.

## Three Skaters Lost.

New York, Dec. 12.—Three children, aged 16, 12 and 10, were drowned last night at Pompton Lake, N.J., while skating.

## Mayorcy Not for Him.

Ald. Sheppard announced last night that he would not be a candidate for the Mayorcy this year. He will seek reelection as alderman.

## Result of Election.

The result of the election was as follows: President, H. M. Mowat (re-elected); Vice-President, J. K. Leslie; Ald. Oliver, L. V. McLeod, T. C. Robinson, George C. Campbell and J. W. Mallon; Secretary, Frank Slattery; Treasurer, W. J. Boland.

In accepting his office, Mr. Boland announced that there was a fine dollar in the treasury, and in order that he could

own people. With a total area of 2,916,480 acres devoted to grain, there has been a yield of 65,170,555 bushels of wheat, oats, barley, flax and rye, and wheat alone grossed \$6,022,985, or a fraction over 25 bushels to the acre. Oats yielded over 40, barley over 84, flax over 12 and rye 23 bushels. Is there any other country in the world that can match these figures? Not only has the yield been phenomenal, but the grain crop, 24,420 acres of potatoes yielded 4,797,453 bushels, or an average of 196; 10,214 acres of root crops produced 286 bushels to the acre, and a total of 2,925,302 bushels.

Manitoba farmers sold also 77,220 turkeys, 33,940 geese and 806,358 chickens. They disposed of 1,746,000 tubs of butter at over 34 cents a pound, with a total cash value of \$385,540.82. Creamery butter brought \$442,424 and cheese \$58,348, or a total from dairy products of well on to a million dollars.

The enormous amount of money sent into Manitoba this season cannot fail to put that province in an easy financial position. The inadequate transportation facilities are one drawback. Although the railroads made extra preparations to move the crops they have been unable to meet the demand for cars, and there is some grumbling because of this. However, the whole will be marked in time, and from the present outlook there is no probability of a drop in prices in the near future. The last crops will not be less valuable than the earlier ones.

With wheat averaging 50 cents a bushel to the farmer, that cereal alone will realize to the province over \$25,000,000; oats will give about \$7,000,000, barley nearly \$2,000,000, and rye and flax will add another million. Such a record ought to be an advertisement for Canada which will bring thousands of farmers into the rich grain belt of the Dominion, from not only the United States, but Great Britain and Ireland, and the Continent of Europe. With the inflow of population to the great west, the whole Dominion will benefit. The mineral development in the east and west, and the manufacturing concerns of On-

tario, Quebec and the Maritime Provinces, will be indirectly stimulated by the prosperity of the western farmer, and there should be good times in Canada for years to come. This is the grandest country under the sun.

## LONE DOLLAR IN TREASURY.

Officers of Reform Association Were Elected Last Night.

The annual meeting of the Toronto Reform Association was held in St. George's Hall, Elm-street, last evening. The usual resolutions of confidence in Sir Wilfrid Laurier and his colleagues, and also in Hon. G. W. Ross and the members of the Ontario government, were passed.

Most of the officers were re-elected by acclamation, the only interesting contest being for the office of secretary, occupied by Mr. Campbell, who retired. There were two candidates voted upon, and the successful one was Frank Slattery, who conveyed his hearty thanks to the meeting for his election.

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