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TWENTIETH YEAR | TEN PAGES—WEDNESDAY MORNING OCTOBER 11 1899—TEN PAGES | ONE CENT

KRUGER'S GOVERNMENT SENDS AN ULTIMATUM TO ENGLAND!

Senate Rdg Room
1Jan00
SENATE PO

The Boers Make Four Demands on Great Britain---They Expect a Reply by Five o'Clock This Afternoon or it Will Be Taken as a Declaration of War.

Transvaal Troops Are Said to Be Out of Control and Delay Till the Arrival of More British Troops Would Mean Less Chance of Success—What the Burghers Claim—Forts Constructed by Boers at Laing's Nek—Hot News Expected To-Day.

London, Oct. 10.—The Cabinet has been summoned to meet at the Foreign Office on Friday next.

The ultimatum of the Transvaal Government is naturally the absorbing topic of conversation at the clubs and in political circles to-night. There was no apparent excitment, however, but a general feeling was expressed that the Boers had made a mistake, as their forcing matters would tend to alienate the sympathy which might have been extended to them had they thrown the stigma of declaring war on Great Britain.

Boers Beyond Control.

The only wonder is why, if President Kruger is resolved upon fighting, he has waited so long. The explanation seems to be that his hand has been forced by the fact that the Boers have got out of control, or that, if he awaited the arrival of the British army corps, the chances of military success for him would be of the slimest possible character.

Refugees as Volunteers.

The expiration of the time limit of the ultimatum to-morrow evening does not leave Great Britain much time to strengthen the present military position, although there are still a few troops at Durban, Natal, available for despatch to the front, and the Government will doubtless now adopt the suggestion to form the refugees from the Rand into volunteer regiments, thus, while relieving their distress, utilizing excellent martial material.

Forts Command Laing's Nek.

Outside the momentous news of the ultimatum nothing of moment has been received from the scene except the announcement that the Boers have constructed forts commanding Laing's Nek, and that guns have been mounted on Mount Pogwane and Mount Prospect.

The Ultimatum Arrives.

The text of the Boer ultimatum, on arriving this morning, was sent with all speed to Lord Salisbury, who came to town this afternoon, and a despatch box was sent to the Prince of Wales, which is only done in cases of special urgency.

War It Must Be Now.

In ordinary circumstances, as Great Britain is the government making the demand, she would be the despatcher of the ultimatum, and the fact that the Boers have taken the initiative is regarded as rendering the situation more serious, and increasing the hopelessness of avoiding war. It cannot be doubted that England's reply will be a flat rejection of President Kruger's demands, and that a quarter after 3 o'clock this afternoon, English time, an actual state of war will exist.

Friday's Cabinet Council will have to deal with the military situation and Parliament will have little else to do than to sanction the necessary credits.

Transports for Delagoa Bay.

The Portuguese Minister to Great Britain, Senhor Soveral, called at the Foreign Office this afternoon and had an interview with Lord Salisbury, and his visit is naturally connected in the public mind with the alleged purchase by Great Britain of Delagoa Bay. A despatch tending to confirm the truth of this public report comes from Ladi Marquez. It states that the British third-class cruiser Philomel is anchored 15 miles off the port, and is supposed to be waiting the arrival of transports and warships to pilot them into the harbor. It is quite certain, however, that the transports would not go to Lorenzo Marquez unless the British were about to fly their flag over the port.

War Preparations Going On.

War preparations by Great Britain are being pushed with the greatest energy. The Woolwich arsenal has already forwarded to South Africa, over 3,000,000 cartridges for rifles and machine guns; and the reserves continue to respond early to the mobilization proclamation.

An Immediate Advance.

Cape Town, Oct. 10.—A despatch from Pretoria to a Cape Town newspaper says that Commandant Gen. Joubert has issued a notice to the troops in the different laagers to hold themselves in readiness for an immediate advance. The Transvaal, the despatch also says, hopes to arrange to send the European mails by the way of Delagoa Bay.

Highlanders for Ladysmith.

London, Oct. 10.—A despatch from Durban, Natal, dated yesterday, says: The Gordon Highlanders and all the troops that arrived from India to-day have been ordered to Ladysmith.

The coal that was seized by the Orange Free State authorities has been released, the officials explaining that it was seized because they thought the Transvaal mines were likely to close.

Will Keep the Boers Out.

London, Oct. 10.—The action of the British third-class cruiser Philomel in intercepting the British steamer Guelph, from Southampton, supposed to be carrying ammunition to the Boers, and the fact that the Philomel sailed to-day to intercept the German liner Kansler, with ammunition, go to show that Great Britain will not permit future deliveries of ammunition to the Boers if they can be prevented.

Powerful at Cape Town.

Durban, Oct. 10.—H.M.S. first-class protected cruiser Powerful has arrived here. She proceeded at once for Cape Town. She has 500 of the Yorkshire Light Infantry aboard.

Railroads Can't Work.

London, Oct. 10.—A special despatch from Bloemfontein notes the difficulties in working the railroads owing to the resignations of the employes. The Orange Free State authorities are already borrowing engines from the Transvaal.

Kaffirs Are Collecting.

Lorenzo Marquez, Oct. 10.—Refugees who have arrived here report that Swaziland, the administration of which is under the Government of the South African Republic, in accordance with the convention of 1884 between Great Britain and the Transvaal, is entirely deserted by English and Boers. They say the police have been withdrawn, and the prisons thrown open. The shops are at the mercy of the Kaffirs, who are collecting at King's Kraal.

THE BOER ULTIMATUM.

Pretoria, S.A.R., Oct. 10.—The Transvaal Government has just handed the following ultimatum to Mr. Conyngham Greene, the Diplomatic Agent here:

"Her Majesty's unlawful intervention in the internal affairs of this Republic in conflict with the London convention of 1884, by the extraordinary strengthening of her troops in the neighborhood of the borders of this Republic, has caused an intolerable condition of things to arise, to which this Government feels itself obliged, in the interest not only of this Republic but also of all South Africa, to make an end as soon as possible; and this Government feels itself called and obliged to press earnestly and with emphasis for an immediate termination of this state of things, and to request Her Majesty's Government to give assurances upon the following four demands:

"First, that all points of mutual difference be regulated by friendly recourse to arbitration or by whatever amicable way may be agreed upon by this Government and Her Majesty's Government.

"Second, that all troops on the borders of this Republic shall be instantly withdrawn.

"Third, that all reinforcements of troops which have arrived in South Africa since June 1, 1899, shall be removed from South Africa within a reasonable time, to be agreed upon with this Government and with the mutual assurance and guarantee on the part of this Government that no attack upon or hostilities against any portion of the possession of the British Government shall be made by this Republic during the further negotiations within a period of time to be subsequently agreed upon between the Governments; and this Government will, on compliance therewith, be prepared to withdraw the armed burghers of this Republic from the borders.

"Fourth, that Her Majesty's troops which are now on the high seas, shall not be landed in any part of South Africa."

A Time Limit.

To these demands is appended the definition of the time limit for a reply:

"This Government presses for an immediate and affirmative answer to these four questions, and earnestly requests Her Majesty's Government to return an answer before or upon Wednesday, Oct. 11, 1899, not later than 5 o'clock p.m.

A Formal Declaration of War.

"It desires further to add that in the unexpected event of an answer not satisfactory being received by it within the interval, it will with great regret be compelled to regard the action of Her Majesty's Government as a formal declaration of war and will not hold itself responsible for the consequences thereof, and that, in the event of any further movement of troops occurring within the above-mentioned time in a nearer direction to our borders, this Government will be compelled to regard that also as a formal declaration of war.

"I have the honor to be, respectfully yours,

"F. W. REITZ,
"State Secretary."

HOW THE TRANSVAAL PUTS IT.

Text of the Cablegram Sent by Sir Alfred Milner to Mr. Chamberlain Yesterday Morning.

London, Oct. 10.—Late this afternoon the Colonial Office gave out the text of the following telegram from the South African Republic, transmitted by Sir Alfred Milner, British High Commissioner in South Africa, to the Secretary of State for the Colonies, Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, and received at 6.45 a.m. to-day:

"Sir,—The Government of the South African Republic feels itself compelled to refer the Government of Her Majesty the Queen of Great Britain and Ireland once more to the convention of London, 1884, concluded between this Republic and the United Kingdom, and which, in article xiv. secures certain specified rights to the white population of this Republic, namely, that all persons, other than natives, on conforming themselves to the laws of the South African Republic—

(a) Will have full liberty, with their families, to enter, travel or reside in any part of the South African Republic.

(b) They will be entitled to hire or possess houses, manufacturing, warehouses, shops and other premises.

(c) They may carry on their commerce, either in person or by any agreement or agents whom they may think fit to employ.

(d) They shall not be subject in respect of their premises or property, or in respect of their commerce or industry, to any taxes other than those which are, or may be, imposed upon the citizens of the said republic.

"This Government wishes further to observe that the above are the only rights which Her Majesty's Government have reserved in the above convention with regard to the Outlander population of this Republic and that a violation only of these rights could give that Government a right to diplomatic representations or intervention; while, moreover, the regulation of all other questions affecting the position of the rights of the Outlander population, under the above mentioned convention is handed over to the Government and representatives of the people of the South African Republic.

Standing on Dignity.

"Among the questions the regulation of which fall exclusively within the competence of this Government and of the Volksraad are included those of franchise and the representation of the people in this Republic; and, although this exclusive right of this Government and of the Volksraad for the regulation of the franchise and the representation of the people is indisputable, yet this Government has found occasion to discuss, in friendly fashion, the franchise and representation of the people with Her Majesty's Government, without, however, recognizing any right thereto on the part of Her Majesty's Government.

A Little History.

"This Government has also, by the formulation of the now existing franchise law and by a resolution with regard to the representation, constantly held these friendly discussions before its eyes. On the part of Her Majesty's Government, however, the friendly nature of these discussions has assumed more and more a threatening tone; and the minds of the people of this Republic and the whole of South Africa have been excited and a condition of extreme tension has been created, owing to the fact that Her Majesty's Government could no longer agree to the legislation respecting the franchise and the resolution respecting representation in this Republic, and finally by your note of Sept. 25, 1899, which broke off all friendly correspondence on the subject and intimated that Her Majesty's Government must now proceed to formulate their own proposals for the final settlement.

Claims a New Violation.

"This Government can only see in the above intimation from Her Majesty's Government a new violation of the convention of London, 1884, which does not reserve to Her Majesty's Government the right to a uni-lateral settlement of a question which is exclusively a domestic one for this Government, and which has already been regulated by this Government. On account of the strained situation and the consequent serious loss in and interruption of trade in general, which the correspondence respecting franchise and the representation of the people of this Republic has carried in its train, Her Majesty's Government have recently pressed for an early settlement and finally pressed, by your intervention, for an answer within 48 hours, a demand subsequently somewhat modified, to your note of Sept. 15 and to your note of Sept. 25, 1899; and thereafter further friendly negotiations were broken off, this Government receiving an intimation that a proposal for a final settlement would shortly be made.

The Troops the Trouble.

"Although this promise was once more repeated, the proposal, up to now, has not reached this Government. Even while friendly correspondence was still going on, the increase of troops on a large scale was introduced by Her Majesty's Government, the troops being stationed in the neighborhood of the borders of this Republic.

"Having regard to occurrences in the

Continued on Page 7.

Sir Alfred Milner.

TENDER HEARTED.

THE GREAT U. S. CROCODILE: Why am I dropping these large, moist tears? Why, because of the cruel fate of these poor, defenceless, innocent boers that the bad British lion threatens to swallow any moment.

MR. TARTE IS FRENCH FIRST

Minister of Public Works is Determined to Keep His Name Before the Public Somehow.

MINISTER IN A BRITISH CABINET,

Yet Would Give It Up If He Could Not Be a Frenchman at the Same Time.

Montreal, Oct. 10.—(Special.)—The attention of Lord Minto is drawn to the utterances of one of his Ministers, for after reading the words of this Canadian Minister over, we will understand why troops are not sent to help England in the Transvaal. As a matter of fact Mr. Tarte's language was so shamefully disloyal that his own paper, La Patrie, did not publish the most of it. The following is Hon. J. Israel Tarte's profession of faith at the Herlette banquet in the Windsor Hotel:

"I declare here that a public man in the arena of federal politics, who has not the energy and courage to say that he is French and Catholic, when he belongs to that faith and race, it would be better for him to remain at home. I return from France, where I received the care that French science can give, and I return to Canada more French than ever. I am a Minister in a British Government, and I have the right to say that I am French. But I tell you this, if to declare myself a British subject would prevent me from being French, then I would refuse to call myself a British subject. We make no threats, but we are of the opinion that our best defence is in the ballot box. We are happy and free under British institutions, but France is always my dear country."

"No. 5 John Street" is the "most powerful and polished presentment of extreme social contrasts that has been made in the English language for many a year."

A Guarantee of Protection.

No matter what may happend, an unconditional accumulative policy in the Confederation Life Association guarantees your family absolute protection in case of your death. Every dollar invested in such a policy is placed where it comes back to you in real benefit. The policies are absolutely free from conditions from date of issue, and guarantee extended insurance or a paid-up policy after two years, or a cash value after five years.

Rates and full particulars will be sent on application to the Head Office, Confederation Life Association, Toronto, or to any of the association's agents. 3636

Campho-Quinine Tablets will cure your cold in twenty-four hours. 25 cents a box.

Coming Like a Cyclone.

In these October days of "wind hunting" the new French flannel waist is creating a respectable breeze. The chanticlair of this garment is being whispered in all the large centres of fashion, and is rapidly finding its way to Toronto's best dressers. Quinn of 117 King-street is busily constructing both Fisk's and Forsythe's creations from fine French flannel, with gold-plated buttons, at $3.50 each.

Imperial Oxford Cooking Ranges, Toronto made. Absolute satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Wheeler & Bain, King St. East. 135

To-day's Program.

Convention of King's Daughters and Sons, first day, 10 a.m.

Lecture on George Eliot at First Unitarian Church, 8 p.m.

"The Singing Girl" at the Grand, 8 p.m.

West's Minstrels at the Toronto, 8 p.m.

"Diplomacy" at the Princess, 2 and 8 p.m.

Shea's family resort, 2 and 8 p.m.

The Bijou and the Empire, 2 and 8 p.m.

Edwards and Hart-Smith, Chartered Accountants Bank of Commerce Building. George Edwards, F. C. A., A. Hart Smith, C. A. 136

KITCHENER AFTER THE KHALIFA.

The Sirdar Will Lead a Force of 6000 Against the Dervish Chief—No English Soldiers.

London, Oct. 10.—The Cairo correspondent of The Daily Mail says that General Lord Kitchener will lead an expedition of 6000 men against the Khalifa. No English troops, the correspondent says, will be employed.

CENSORSHIP ABOLISHED.

Otis Now Allows the Truth to be Sent from Manila, but It Must Be Truth.

Washington, Oct. 10.—Adjutant-General Corbin announced to-day that the censorship at Manila had not existed for a month, General Otis having abolished it on Sept. 9. There has never been any occasion for announcing the fact until to-day, when some question arose as to the restrictions that might prevent full reports about the fall campaign reaching American newspapers. It then developed that there is no restriction. Any despatch can be sent by a reputable correspondent to a reputable newspaper, although under the new regulations information of value to the enemy or untruthful reports will destroy the sender's future usefulness.

David Christie Murray declares that "No. 5 John Street" stands amongst the average output of fiction like an oak in a hedgerow.

The Would-be's—and Dineens'.

The question sometimes occurs of, "What has become of all 'the leading' fur and hat-houses of Toronto's past?" There were several that used to dispute this distinction, with Dineens up to a few years ago—but you don't hear very much of them now! Whatever causes may have dissipated the pretensions and the very existence of these rival enterprises, the fact is plain that Dineens' has survived them all. The Dineen Building is a substantial evidence of the permanent stake which this old established fur and hat house has in this community, and the present-day magnitude of the business, constantly growing greater by leaps and bounds, may serve as proof that there must be decided advantages in trading at Dineens' which are not found elsewhere. No better qualities or styles in fur-wear and hats are ever seen anywhere, and Dineens' prices are just what the close buyer expects of a house which buys and makes and sells in vast quantities.

Nicholas Rooney,

importer of dry goods, Yonge-street next door to The Globe Office, has just received from Europe a large consignment of Ladies' Jackets, Capes and Silk Velvet Mantles, Paris' newest styles; also the latest novelties in ladies' rainproof cloaks, table linens, napkins, tablecloths, towls, handkerchiefs, sheetings, pillow linen, pillow cotton, white quilts, lace curtains. Mr. Rooney also purchased a lot of imperfect table cloths and table napkins, which shall be sold at half price. These are a very choice lot of goods, and those who come first will have the pick of the entire assortment. The goods are now on view, and they are real beauties. 13

Smoke Silent Drummer, 5c straight. 3

Probabilities for the Yacht Race a Fresh Breeze.

So says old Weather Probs, and fresh it may be. The yachts will then travel fast, but the freshest and most refreshing thing in the world is a bottle of Radnor Water. You can travel faster after drinking it and do more work. Telephone eight-three-five-four.

Cure that cold with Campho-Quinine Tablets. A few will do it. 25 cents a box.

STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.

Oct. 10.	At.	From.
State of Nebraska	New York	Glasgow
Pomeranian	Father Point	Glasgow
Westernland	New York	Antwerp
Noordland	Antwerp	New York
Rotterdam	Boulogne	New York
Oldenburg	Bremen	New York
Amaryntha	Glasgow	Montreal
Horda	Aberdeen	Montreal

Sailed.	From.	For.
Empress of India	Vancouver	Hong Kong
Monterey	Queenstown	New York
Kilmarnock	New York	Tilt Cove

Try Glencairn cigars—5c straight.

CRAZED FOR WANT OF SLEEP

"You Will Find My Body in the Ottawa River" Was the Message Left By Henry Thorne.

HE HAD SUFFERED FROM ABSCESS.

And Because of Slow Progress Became Despondent and Drowned Himself.

Ottawa, Oct. 10.—"I am crazed for the want of sleep. I cannot bear my suffering any longer. Good-bye, all. You will find my body in the Ottawa River, near the railway tracks, where they turn on the bridge."

This was the message Mrs. Elizabeth Thorne found on the work bench in her son's shop at the rear of their residence, 128 Elm-street, this morning. The man who had left the message was Henry Thorne, 46 years old, her son, who had lived in the house with his father and mother. The story is told in a few words:

Henry Thorne up to six weeks ago, worked at his trade as a bricklayer; at that time he was compelled to quit work and go to the hospital with an abscess in his leg, from which he had been suffering for some time. He had the abscess lanced and two weeks later returned to his home. Here he lingered for a week, when Dr. Small, his medical adviser, told him he should go back to the hospital again, as the wound was not improving. When he received this advice, Thorne became discouraged, and went to the hospital again, but in very poor spirits. The remains were found where the note indicated.

Success Warm Air Furnaces use less coal, give more heat than any other, wear longer. Manufactured by Wheeler & Bain, King St. East. 135

City Taxes.

To-morrow, Thursday, the 12th inst., will be the last day for payment of local improvement rates.

Cures colds and fevers in twenty-four hours. Campho-Quinine Tablets.

Long Distance Shipments.

Dunlop's fresh cut roses will travel hundreds of miles and reach their destination in perfect condition. All flowers are guaranteed delivered safely. Order from the salesrooms, 5 King-street West, or 445 Yonge-street.

"A remarkable book by a remarkable man"—"No. 5 John Street," by Richard Whiteing.

A Will Case Judged.

Mr. Justice MacMahon has given his decision in the Shaver will case. The will of Charles Oscar Shaver of Toronto Township was held a valid one. The suit of W. T. Shaver, a brother, to set aside the will on the ground of undue influence and mental incapacity of the testator, was dismissed with costs.

The estate is valued at $10,000. The Methodist Church gets $200.

BIRTHS.

McCOLLUM—On Oct. 2, at 39 Spruce-street, the wife of Arthur P. T. McCollum of a daughter.

DEATHS.

SARGENT—On Oct. 9, at the residence of her son-in-law, J. W. Haynes, 126 Broadview-avenue, Sarah Ann Sargent, relict of the late Walter Sargent, and mother of Thomas and Arthur Sargent of the Toronto Fire Brigade and Albert Sargent of the Kew Beach Fire Hall, aged 76 years.

Funeral on Thursday, Oct. 12, from the above address, at 2.30 p.m., to Norway Cemetery.

London and Suffolk, England, papers please copy.

MARRIAGES.

SCANLON—BYRNE—At St. Michael's Cathedral, on Monday, Oct. 9, 1899, by Rev. Dr. Tracey, James J. Scanlon to Minnie Byrne, daughter of James H. Byrne.

LIBERAL MACHINE GOT A BLACK EYE

Scouts Were Sent Out in Winnipeg Monday Night to Pack the Meeting.

A GENERAL ROUND-UP MADE

Of All the Government Officers, Federal and Provincial, in Order to Swell the Crowd.

LEADING MEN DEFY THE MACHINE.

Mr. E. D. Martin Made a Hit—Sifton Running the Liberal Party Into the Ground.

Winnipeg, Oct. 10.—(Special.)—The talk of the city to-day among all classes of citizens is the Liberal Association meeting last night. The Tribune, Liberal, gives what is admitted to be a very independent account of the proceedings, and it says, in introducing a six-column report: "For several days past it has been a matter of current report, founded on a statement by absolutely trustworthy citizens, that the 'Machine' element in the Liberal party had prepared a ticket for election at Monday night's meeting."

Begging Supporters.

In addition to Liberal Organizer Smith's note, sent to those whom they considered would obey without question, interested individuals have been busy begging supporters to turn out and give the "machine" a hand, and in certain instances holding out promises of patronage and other favors, which the "machine" claimed to have at its disposal. Fearing that members thus pledged to support the "machine" would be insufficient, the offices of the Provincial and Dominion Governments were scoured, and scores of clerks and employes in all grades of the public service were given marching orders to the Odd Fellows' Hall, and one unacquainted with the nature of the business might well have imagined that the assemblage was a civil service conference.

The Meeting Was Packed.

In brief, the meeting was packed; it was packed for a purpose; for the purpose of eliminating from the Executive of the Liberal Association even the semblance of an honest, independent spirit.

During the election of officers many members of the association were seen consulting slips of paper sent out by the "machine," on which were written the names of those whom it was decided should be elected to the Executive. In a few instances, for appearance sake, possibly, the names of a few Liberal independents, though were left on the "ticket." But it is needless to say they were in a hopeless minority, and in several instances declined re-election. In the case of ex-Ald. Black, a veteran north end Liberal, he stepped to the front of the platform, faced the crowd and defied the "machine" to leave him off the Executive. He was elected. Liberals like J. A. McKerrechar, D. J. MacDonald, H. C. Stovel, J. D. Conklin and others were not apparently wanted on the Executive, though they have given excellent service during the past year.

Martin Was Well Listened To.

E. D. Martin received a careful hearing during his valedictory, and his address was punctuated with applause. He spoke forcefully and with great earnestness. The meeting lasted from shortly after 8 p.m. until about 1 a.m. It was characterized by fearless and outspoken opinion on the one hand, and the smooth work of the "machine" on the other. One of the results seems to be a better understanding of the distinction between those who are for above-board, fair and square dealing, and, on the other hand, those who favor ready-made tickets and general machine tactics, which have already wrought much harm in the ranks of the Liberal party. The Tribune does not say so, but every Liberal knows that the "machine" onslaught on straight Liberals was on account of fearless criticism of Mr. Sifton, who is running the Liberal party in the west into the ground.

Mr. Martin's speech was a ringing one in favor of the platform of the Liberal party as adopted at Ottawa.

Sifton's organ, The Free Press, calls him a Tory.

Fighting Joe's Arrival.

Joseph Martin arrived in the city this evening. He remains here a couple of days before proceeding east. He predicts the fall of the Semlin Government on the assembling of the House.

The Ticket Agents.

The Ticket Agents' Association elected the following officers to-day: President, J. W. Churchill, Collingwood; 1st vice-president, W. Jackson, Clinton; 2nd vice-president, M. McNamara, Walkerton; 3rd vice-President, W. H. McKay, St. John, N.B.; secretary-treasurer, E. Delahook, London, for the fourteenth year. The next place of meeting is Hamilton.

Here Is a Snap.

J. B. Hunter, B.A., '99, of Woodstock, has been appointed private secretary to Hon. James Sutherland, the newly-made Minister without portfolio. What a snap!

Warmer and Showery.

Meteorological Office, Toronto, Oct. 10.—(8 p.m.)—The trough of low pressure mentioned last night is moving slowly eastward across the lake region, accompanied by showery weather, and an important high area, accompanied by colder weather and local snowfalls, is developing in the Northwest Territories. From Lake Huron eastward to the Maritime Provinces the weather is fine and moderately warm.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Victoria, 42—52; Kamloops, 30—44; Calgary, 22—26; Prince Albert, 26—34; Qu'Appelle, 24—38; Winnipeg, 36—44; Port Arthur, 40—58; Parry Sound, 42—72; Toronto, 40—66; Ottawa, 40—62; Montreal, 48—60; Quebec, 44—56; Halifax, 48—60.

Probabilities.

Lower Lakes and Georgian Bay—Southeasterly and southerly winds, warm weather, becoming showery.

Upper St. Lawrence and Ottawa Valley—Southeasterly to southerly winds; warm weather, becoming showery by night.

Lower St. Lawrence and Gulf—Moderate winds; fair and moderately warm.

Maritime—Light to moderate winds; fair and moderately warm.

Lake Superior—West to north winds; showery.

Manitoba—Northwest winds; weather turning colder; light local sleet or snow.

Cook's Turkish and Russian Baths. Bath and bed $1.00. 202 and 204 King W

It only takes a minute to read the Oak Hall Clothiers announcements. They are terse and tell of money-saving chances in buying ready-to-wear clothing for men and boys.

POOR COPY