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and the requirements of a vigorous gospel propagandism.

How beautifully is this illustrated in its itinerancy! Observing in the history of the primitive church, that it was most pure and most successful, when its ministry contained a large corps of evangelists; and that when evangelists generally became pastors, they lost both their piety and efficiency, Mr. Wesley seized on the idea of a ministry composed entirely of evangelists or itinerants. He saw that such a ministry would require great personal sacrifices on the part of the ministry, and severe trials of feeling on the part of the churches. The former must abandon the idea of a permanent and real home on earth; must consent to the systematic disruption of the social affections; must resign the quiet opportunities for intellectual culture and social influence which the permanent pastorate so abundantly provides; must expose their families to the social and educational evils inseparable from a pilgrim life; must accept, in a word, a life of incessant labor, unrest, and change. The

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