fixty cannoneers, and more troops were expected; the ministry were well assured that notwithstanding this mighty warlike preparation, he could not learn that they were taking any steps to encrease their shipping at Calais, which at that time was very confiderable: that the pretended flat-bottomed boats were only pontoons of a new construction , made easy for stowage in a ship: that the reports of the arrival of flat-bottomed boats at Dunkirk and Calais were false k, there being only forty-eight vessels of different sizes and nations in those ports: that part of the troops affembling were defigned to embark for Canada1: that an expedition against England could not be near at hand, because there must be time for the arrival of artillery ": and that there could be no trust given to the French reports ": that the bombs, &c. arrived at Calais were laid up°; the talk of an invasion diminished and discouraged by the court; and that fince the requifition of the Hessians and Dutch, and other wise measures taken by the British court, persons of rank, who expected to be employed in that expedition, grew every day more uneasy, and doubtful whether it would be attempted P: that there were on the 7th of March no more fishing boats at

b See Mr. Barnham's letter to Mr. Amyand, March 10th, received March 11th.

Letter to Lord Holderness, March 7th. Libid. March 9th. Ibid. March 14th and 15th.

^{*} Ibid. March 18th. . Ibid. P Ibid. March 1st.