

Comeiras Colonel of those of Clermont. The Allies lost no more than ten men kill'd and wounded in this affair. General Griffin was wounded in the breast by the bayonet of one of his own men, owing to an unhappy mistake, occasion'd by his talking in the French language, to a prisoner who refused to quit his firelock. The consequences of this wound, were felt by the General, many months after his return to England.

Sept. 8. General Amherst having oblig'd M. Pauchet to surrender the post and fort of Isle Royal below la Galette, on the 25th of August; and the French having abandon'd the Isle au Noix on the 28th of that month, upon the approach of a corps of troops under the command of Colonel Haviland; Montreal capitulated on the eighth of September: the garrisons of that place, Trois Rivières, Jacques Quartiers, the island of St. Helen, together with all the troops in the field, agreed to lay down their arms and to be transported to Old France at the expence of his Britannick Majesty, and engaged not to serve during the present war. All magazines of warlike stores and provisions; and all charts of the country were to be given up *bonâ fide*. The exercise of the Roman Religion was allowed. Thus fell Canada. Brigadier General Gage and Sir William Johnson commanded under General Amherst. It is remarkable, that General Murray with the troops from Quebec, landed below Montreal on the 7th of September; and the next day Colonel Haviland, from the Isle au Noix, reach'd the South Shore, opposite General Amherst's camp; uniting, in this manner the whole collective force of the English, against Montreal.

Sept.