FACTS FOR THE PEOPLE.

Timber Limits in the "Disputed Territory of Ontario."

One of the most common charges made because the government of Sir John Macdonard is that it has, in violation of the rights of the Provincial Government of Oniario, given away, at nomical prices, and for corrupt purposes, the timber limits comprised within the disputed territory." west of Thunder Bay. Mr. Geo. W. Boss, in one of his speeched during the recent campaign in Ontario, said: "What has the Dominion Government done—"not with their own timber limits, but with doners? They have said large and valuable it timber limits in the disputed territory, after the Frity Council had declared it to be "Himber limits in the disputed territory, after the Privy Council had declared it to be within the limits of the Province of Ontario, at the rate of \$5 per square mile as against our \$400." Mr. Mowat and others made substantially the same statement. Mr. Rose gave a list of twenty-six persons who, he said, had received these limits. It so happens that seven rames were duplicated in this list; the first seven being repeated at the end. Of the balance, nincteen, thirteen naver obtained licenses, though orders-in-council were passed subtriving the minister never obtained licenses, though orders-in-conneil were passed authorizing the minister to graut them, and were, therefore, never in a position te cut a stick of timber on the limits. Four of these, however, paid one years' rental in advance, or in the eggregate \$1000, which has not been refunded. The other six on the flat obtained licenses, 'ani-paid on account of rental \$1970; but as they did not exect mills, and as the licenses were not renewed at the end of the year for which they were granted, and have not since been they were granted, and have not since been renewed, the only result to them has been the ione of the money they paid to the govern-ment. So that the disputed territory is not the poorer by a slogic stick of timber by the action of the Government to respect of

by the action of the Government to respect of the nineteen persons amed by Mr. Ross.

It is proper, however, to state precisely what has I can the action of the Government in respect to the limber in this disputed ter-ritory. On the 28th day of June 1874, an arrangement was made and confirmed by order in council of the 8th of July following, between the Jominion and Gutario Govern-ments, the former represented by Mr. Laird. arrangement was made and confirmed by order in council of the 8th of July following, between the Jominion and Gutario Governments, the former represented by Mr. Laird, bluster of the Interior, and the latter by Mr. Pardee, by which that portion of the so-called "disputed territory" lying west of a line passing through the most easterly point of Hunter's Island, was to be administered by the Government of Canada, the Outario Government agreeing to confirm all titles given by it, during the period of such administration. Under this arrangment four wenty-one years licenses were granted to cut timber as follows: S. H. Fowler of Fort Frances, the date of the order-in-council being 19th March, 1875, and of the lease 2nd March 1874, for one hundred square miles; Fuller & Co., Hamilton, date of order-in-council being 19th April 1875, and of the lease 2nd March 1874, for featry square miles; W. J. Macaulay, Winalpeg, date of order-in-souncil being 18th April 1878, and of lease 1st May 1878, for 74 59-100 guare miles; and W. J. Macaulay, date of order 5th April, 1880, and of lease 12th October, 1880, for 25 41-100 miles, this last lease being to complete the area of 100 square miles, authorised when the first lease was subsequently assigned to the Raisuy Lake Lumber company, and Fuller & Co's. to the Keewatta Lumbering company. These leases are still in existence. THEY ARE THE ONLY AUTHORITY FROM THE ODVERNMENT OF CANADA, UNDER WHICH TIMBER HAS BEEN CUT IN THE ODVERNMENT OF CANADA, UNDER WHICH TIMBER HAS BEEN CUT IN THE ODVERNMENT OF CANADA, UNDER WHICH TIMBER HAS BEEN CUT IN THE ODVERNMENT OF CANADA, UNDER WHICH TIMBER HAS BEEN CUT IN THE ODVERNMENT OF CANADA, UNDER WHICH TIMBER HAS BEEN CUT IN THE ODVERNMENT OF CANADA, UNDER WHICH TIMBER HAS BEEN CUT IN THE ODVERNMENT OF CANADA, UNDER WHICH TIMBER HAS BEEN CUT IN THE ODVERNMENT OF CANADA, UNDER WHICH TIMBER HAS BEEN CUT IN THE ODVERNMENT OF CANADA, UNDER WHICH TIMBER HAS BEEN CUT IN THE ODVERNMENT OF CANADA, UNDER WHICH TIMBER HAS BEEN CUT IN THE ODVERNMENT OF CANADA, ment of Sir John Macdouaid, in completion of the arrangement made by his predecessor. The terms of the leases were made by Mr. Mackensie's Government, and in view of the complaint which is made by Mr. Ross, it is worth while poloting out that the annual rental was only \$2, instead of \$5 as has been charged by the present Government, that the leases were for twenty-one years, instead of yearly licenses since issued, and that they gave the leasees control of the land, with power to evict settlers—a power which has in at least one case been exercised—while the yearly licenses since granted gave no such power. Here is the clause of the lease giving power. Here is the clause of the lease giving

that power i—

"6. The present lease shall yest in the said lesses during its continuence the right to lake and keep exclusive possession of the lands herein above described subject to the conditions here in before provided; and this lease

shall vest in the holder thereof, all right of properly whatsoever in all trees, timber, lumber and other products of timber cut withmer and other products of timber cut withmer and other products of timber cut withmer and other products are the first products as and tree the first products as and tree the first products as and the lease shall entitle the lesses to seze in replevin, reading the first products and the same and the property such that the first products are the first products as a such as a second of any next products and sies to bring any action or suit at law or in equity against any unaritherized person and sies to bring any action or suit at law or in equity against any unaritherized person and sies to bring any action or suit at law or in equity against any unaritherized person and sies to bring any action or suit at law or in equity against any unaritherized person and sies of any party unlawfully in the products as sucressid, to conviction and punishment and to recover damages if any, and all proceedings pending at the expiration of the preactices are the same had not expired."

That clause was sanctioned by the signatures

Three same had not expired."

That clause was sanctioned by the signatures of David Laird, minister of the interior, R. W. Noot, Sectrosary of state, and Edward Blake, minister of justice. It is proper to stace that in the case of the first lease a bonus of \$20, and in the care of the others a bonus of \$20, and in the care of the others a bonus. of \$2.4, and it in the ear of the other's a boy of \$15 a square mile was given. But spreading these bruses ever the twenty-one years, the tental would still be not more than an average of \$3 a mile. IF, THEREFORE, THERE IS TIMBER BEING OUT TO-DAY, IN THE "DISPUTED TERRITORY" UN-THERE IS TIMBER BEING OUT TO DAY,
IN THE "DISPUTED TERRITORY" UNDER AUTHORITY OF THE GOVERNMENT OF CANADA, THE RESPONSIBILITY RESTS WITH THE GOVERNMENT OF MR MACKENZIE, NOT WITH
THAT OF SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD

THAT OF SIR JOHN A. MAOD NALD
The present Oovernment changed the
policy. The system of twenty-one year leases,
with the extraordinary powers contained in
them, was abundoned, and a system of yearly
licensee were substituted. The rental was
made \$5 a mile, instead of \$2 with a \$15
bonus spread over the twenty-ne years, as
had before prevailed. Where two or more
persons applied for the same limit, they were
required to compete, and the person offering
the largest bonus got the license, if he complied with the other conditions. Under this
eary policy, 121 orders-hospingli were passed plied with the other conditions. Under this new polley, 121 orders-in-council were passed authorising the issue of yearly liceases, averaging about fifty square miles each. Of these nine were in substitution for other orders authorising the granting of berths in the same district, which were cancelled. These orders, however, gave no authority to the persons named in them to cut itimber until them but made the survey of the linest applied. person: named in them to cut imber until
they had made the survey of the limit applied
for and obtained the license. One year's
rental in advance was required to be paid,
after the order was passed and before the
license issued, or even the authority to survey was granted. Altogether only twentytwo yearly licenses were issued under the authority of these orders-in-council.
It is complained that the Government continued to deal with the timber in the "dis-

It is complained that the Government con-tinued to deal with the timber in the 'i dis-paired territory'' after the decision of the Privy Councit. The facts are these: Im-mediately after the decision an opinion of the Misister of Justice, Sir Alexander Campbell, was obtained in which it was stated that 'i hasmuch as the Crown, as represented by 'the Government of Caucha, acquired by war-'render from the Indians their right and title 'in this junds in question, and is in possession in the lands in question, and is in possession thereof, the undersigned is of opinion that there is no objection to the Minister of the lintering giving effect to the arrangements which he had made anterior to the decision "as mentioned in his report by issuing licenses

"la the usual way."
Acting under this opinion licenses were acting under this upinion incenses were lasticed to such of those to whom the Minister of the Interior had been previously authorised to issue them who returned their notes of survey, to the number of twenty-one. The persons to whom these licenses were granted paid to the department by way of advance rents, the sum of \$8035 84; and two of them who mad to compete, in consequence of there being other applicants, paid in addition \$1124 by way of bonuses. ONLY ONE OF THESE TWENTY-ONE LICENSEES EVER CUT A STICK OF TIMBER IN THE "DISPUTED TERRITORY"; THE LAST OF THE LICENSES EXPIRED ON THE 31st DECKMBELL, 1885; AND THE GOVERNMENT HAS IN EVERTY CASE REFUSED TO REW THEM. Acting under the same opinissued to such of those to whom the Minister HAS IN EVERY CASE REFUSED TO RE-NEW THEM. Acting under the same opin-ious, orders in council were passed in the latter part of 1984, and subsequent to the 11th August 1984, authorising the Minister of the Interior to issue liceuses to twenty-four applicates. But these were never acted upon, no single license having been issued under them. A clerical stror in these orders to council has led to some mirapprehension on this point. It is explained in the following correspondence:

" OTTAWA, Jan. 8th, 1887. "DEAR SIR,—In the detailed sizement of timbor leases and licence within the "disputed territory" which you have furnished me, no decase appears to have issued under the authority of orders passed since the decision of the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council on the boundary question. Are you quite sure on this point, as the orders themselves convey a different "Yout Tiruly"

G. U. RYLEY, ESQ."

THOMAS WHITE."

G. U. RYLEY, Esq."

CROWN TIMBER OFFICE,

CROWN TIMES OFFICE,

OTAWA, January 10th, 1887

DE IR SIR.—I have made a warful examination of the books in this brench, and am quite overlain that the skiement I have furnished the containt of the books in this brench, and am quite overlain that the skiement I have furnished under any order in Council passed since the decision of the Privy council. The missprehension has arisen from a mistake of the clerks in the Privy council office. The order is council passed 25th October, 1394, states: "from the Mullster of the Interior representation of the Mullster of the Interior representation of Manitobe have been granted, etc.," whereas the terms of the memorandum were: "The undersigned (the Minister of the Interior," whereas the terms of the memorandum were: "The undersigned the Minister of the Interior," as the honor to subtail the MEEN AUTHORIZED BY COUNCIL TO 18-" SUE LICENSES T.) OUT TIMBER" etc., etc. As I have said no license has been issued under the authority of these "ders in Council. "Your respectfully."

"HO3. THOS. WITE."

"HO3. THOS. WITE."

"HOR. THOS. WHITE."
The result, therefore, of the Government's administration of the timber resources of the "Disputed Territory" is this:—Four twenty-one year leases have been granted, three of them by the Maskenzie Government, three of them by the Maskenzic Government, and one, for a small area to complete that authorised by Mr. Mackenzic, by that of Sir John Macdonaid. The holders of these leases are the only persons now cutting timber to the "dispated territory" under authority of the Government of Canada. The present the Government of Canada. The present Government issued in all twenty-two yearly licenses, but only one of the licensees has ever cut ilmber under the authority of these licensee; they have all laspeed and the Government has refused to renew them. Six of abose for whom orders-in-council were passed, but who never obtained licensees, paid by way bonus for the limits they were applying for,

bonus for the limits they were applying for, the aggregate sam of \$4137.50.

Some pertaits were granted, and it is proper to refer to them. In all sixty-four of these permits were granted, fifty-seven of them before the decision of the judicial committee of the Privy counsil, and teven subsequent that date. These seven were for cutting cordwood suclusively, and they were all leasued on ist December, 1884. They have long since lapsed and have not been renewed, and the lapsed and nave not need removed, and the aggregate due collected under them amounted only to \$103.00. Of those issued before the decision of the Prity council, thirty-four were for cordwood, and the balance tor timber, ties, telegraph poles, fence rails, etc., consected with the construction of the Canada 20.06.05 that the Votermit her beautiful to the construction of the Canada 20.06.05 that the Votermit her beautiful to the construction of the Canada 20.06.05 that the Votermit her beautiful to the construction of the Canada 20.06.05 that the Votermit her beautiful to the construction of the Canada 20.06.05 the construction of the Canada 20.06.05 that the Canada 20.06.05 the

timber, ties, telegraph poles, fence rails, etc., consected with the construction of the Canedian Pacific railway. No permit has been granted since December, 1883, and none has been in existence since May, 1885.

There remains Lut the reference to the price obtained for timber limits. Mr. Ross, in his statement quoted above, says the government of Canada sold these limits at \$5 a square mile, while the government of Ontario obtained \$400 a mile for limits in the northern part of the prevince. This is an utterly misleading statement. The policy of the Ontario government is to give limits at an annual reutal of \$2 a square mile, and to charge seventy-five sents a thousand feet board measure, and one cent and a half a cabif foot on square timber as dues. The policy of the Deminion government is to charge \$5 a square mile sound rental, and the properties of the policy of the Deminion government is to charge \$6 a square mile sound rental, and they per cent upon the solling value of the lumber at the mill, which, on first class timber at any rate, is much more than the dues charged by the Ontario Government. The \$400 is the bonus, and it may be assumed is the highest bonus ever paid to the government for a limber limit in Ontario. Mr. is the highest bonus ever paid to the government for a timber limit in Ontario Mr. ment for a timber limit in Ontario Mr.
Ross' friends, the Mackensie government,
fixed the value of timber limits in the Dirputed Territory," when they put the Louis
at \$15 a square mile, on a twenty-one year
lease, with sonual rennal at \$2 a square mile, in
the lease covering control of the land as we'l
as the timber. The rental charged by the
present government on yearly liteuese of
\$5 is much more than the price fixed by Mr.
Mackensie's government, including the
boous.