

there were some of us who felt insecure and who would be willing to do more for greater security, and that if things continued as they seemed we would have to see if that was not the wise thing for us to do. That was the origin. I am not boasting of having invented it but we were all feeling that way, and because we were feeling that way pretty soon we got together and tried to build up the kind of strength that would make any possible aggressor feel that it was not going to be profitable to wage war. Our Organization is not designed for any other purpose than to try to prevent that there should be another war.

Of course to do that we have to follow the old maxim, if you want peace, you have to prepare for war. So we are building up strength, hoping that it will never be used, hoping that it will be sufficient to make any potential aggressor feel that aggression would not be profitable. We are still in the cold war. We have had the very unfortunate Korean war, but there I think the United Nations did demonstrate that they could act together, not for any purpose of conquest, but merely for the purpose of demonstrating that aggression would not succeed, and I do not think it has succeeded. I think that that demonstration has been very costly. In human lives and human suffering the people of South Korea have suffered evidently more than those of us who have contributed forces to help them prevent aggression from being successful, but I think it has been a demonstration of the possibility of people working together to try and keep a stable situation in the world.

I have had conversations in the last two weeks with Sir Winston Churchill and some of his colleagues, with the President and Prime Minister of France and some of their colleagues, the President of the German Republic and Dr. Adenauer, the Chancellor, and some of his colleagues, with the new Prime Minister of Italy and his colleagues, and now with your Governor-General and with your Prime Minister. I find we are all hoping for the same objective of peace for our people and peace for all peoples and for genuine helpful cooperation between the peoples.

I can assure you that, though I am not going to be very long here and I will not have time to see but a very small part of your great country, it will help me much because I will continue to read about it, and what I will have seen will help me to better understand what I have read and will continue to read. It will make me all the more grateful for the kind tone that has been used by the papers of Karachi commenting upon my visit to your country.

I don't know whether there are any of you gentlemen who have any questions on which you might feel that I could be of any assistance. I don't promise you that I can, you know. I went through an election campaign last summer, and the only promise I made was that I was going to try to do my best. So if you ask me any questions the only promise I will make is that I will do my best.

(A few parts of what follows were not distinctly audible to the stenographers).

Question: What is the point of view of your country on a recession in the United States?

Of course there are some sectors of our economy that are slack at this time. We have textiles, and in the