remainder of the underside of the body, piceous: side-covers bronzed with a piceous tint. [Not *G. analis* Say.—Ent. Works ii. 520.]

118.—Gyrinus minutus Fabr.—Length of body 2 lines. A single specimen taken in Lat. 65°.

Variety B. Body above blue black, with the sides, particularly of the prothorax and elytra, bronzed; underneath piceous, with the lobes of the metasternum, anus, and legs, rufous: epipleura rufo-piceous. In other respects it precisely resembles the European specimens. [Vide LeConte, Pro. Acad. N. S., Phila., Dec. 1868, p.p. 370 and 372.]

[FAMILY STAPHYLINIDÆ.]

[86.] 119. P.EDERUS RIPARIUS Fabr.—Length of body 3 lines. Several taken in Lat. 544.

Head, breast, two last joints of abdomen, base of the tibiæ and apex of the thighs, black: prothorax, legs, and four first segments of the abdomen testaceous: elytra dark blue; antennæ dusky. [Probably an erroneous determination for *P. littorarius*, Grav.]

120. LATHROBIUM PUNCTICOLLE, Kirby.—Length of body 5 lines. A single specimen taken in Lat. 54°.

[87.] Body black, rather glossy, hairy except the prothorax. Head obovate, minutely and thickly punctured; mandibles, palpi, and what remains of its mutilated antennæ, dark chestnut: prothorax an oblong square with all the angles rounded; punctured, but not very thickly, with scarcely any smooth longitudinal space: elytra longer than the prothorax, thickly punctured, of a dark chestnut: legs maghogany, cubit armed with a short wide tooth or prominence on the inner side at the base, the four first joints of the hand are dilated, indicating probably that the specimen is a male. This appears to be the representative of *L. dentatum*, F, which it nearly resembles, but the elytra are considerably longer, the colour of the legs is darker, and the humerus, or anterior thigh, is proportionally smaller and has no tooth. [Taken in Canada.]

121. LATHROBIUM GRAVENHORSTII Kirby.—Plate ii. fig. 2.—Length of body 4½ lines. Two specimens taken in Lat. 54°.

This species a good deal resembles the preceding, but the palpi, mouth, scape of the antennæ, and legs, are testaceous, the remainder of the antennæ is darker; mandibles chestnut. Head oblong: anterior angles of the prothorax scarcely rounded; a distinct intermediate longitudinal smooth space adjoining which is a series of punctures strikingly distin-