dealing in cottons, yarns, cloths, prints and other manufactures of cottons and other textile labrics; to purchase and sell all kinds of hosieries, underwear, fancy wool, cotton and knitted goods; and to purchase, erect, construct, and operate mills, factories, buildings, warehouses, machinery and plant, for the purposes of the said business, etc.

The William A. Greene Co., Limited, Waterloo, Ont.; Capital, \$50,000. To manufacture any textile fabric into shirts, collars, cuffs, and all other articles of a like nature. W. A. Greene and F. S. Kumpf, C. Kumpf, J. Uffelmann, A. L. Kumpf, of Waterloo, Ont.

Hodgson, Sumner & Co., Limited, Montreal. Capital, \$1,000,000. To purchase the business of Hodgson, Sumner & Co., and carry on a general dry goods and manufacturing business; and to erect buildings and machinery in connection therewith. Jonathan Hodgson, G. Sumner, T. E. Hodgson, J. Gardner, W. C. Hodgson, and F. Sumner, of Montreal.

The Smith Manufacturing Co., Limited, Toronto. Capital, \$40,000. To acquire the Smith Wool Stock Co., and to carry on the business of manufacturers and dealers in wool stock and cotton, and to carry on the business of custom and other dyeing. Mary T. Smith, George Smith, G. Herbert Smith, A. Busns, H. S. Harwood, A. Nelson Burns, and J. A. Burns, of Toronto.

The Ontario Government have issued licenses to the iollowing companies:

The Canada Linen Works, Limited, a Nova Scotia corporation, "to carry on the business of preparing, carding, spinning, weaving, and working flax, wool, cotton, jute, ramie, hemp, tow, or other fibres necessary for the purpose of textile manufacture, etc." Capital, \$500,000. Edwin J. H. Pauley, Toronto, president of the company, is appointed attorney.

The Double Use Mitten Co., an Illinois, U.S.A., corporation. "To manufacture all kinds of gloves and mittens." Capital, \$75,000. H. G. Smith, Dundas, Ont., glove manufacturer, is appointed attorney.

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BRITISH TEXTILE TRADE WITH CANADA.

The following are the sterling values of the exports .rom Great Britain to Canada for December, and the years 1902 and 1903:

	Month of December,		The Year,	
	1902.	1903.	1902.	1903.
	£	£	£	æ.
Wool	6,617	8,930	37,631	55,367
Woolen tissues	39,192	41,075	537,865	560,962
Cotton piece-goods	. 85,806	9\$,533	802,892	810,726
Worsted tissues	107,945	108,506	814,351	921,297
Carpets	15,064	18,957	235,732	310,357
Haberdashery	15,774	22,806	219,464	335,875
Jute piece-goods		20,717	183,397	220,616
Linen piece-goods		23,830	194,147	195,388
Silk, lace		1,029	3,779	5,082
Silk, articles partly of		2,722	74,013	64,265
Apparel and slops (ready-				
made clothing)	20,214	20,178	308,923	361,112
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Henry Pullen, one of the best known wool buyers in Canada, died recently in the Toronto General Hospital from erysipelas. Deceased, who was about 54 years of age, was born at Brighton, England, and came to Toronto twenty

years ago, where he established a wool business on Markham street. He leaves a widow, but no children.

A boiler explosion at Harriston's flour mill, Parkhill, Ont., on February 10th, badly wrecked the woolen mill of N. Matheson, adjoining. This mill runs one set of cards, two looms, and 200 spindles, operated by steam power.

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THE WAR AND THE SILK AND COTTON MARKET

A despatch from New York states that war in the Far East already has affected the silk piece goods market of the United States. The majority of prominent importing houses have just announced advances of 10 per cent. on Habital and other silk fabrics manufactured in Japan. The effect on the cotton trade has not yet been noted to any marked extent. There are enquiries from Japan for large amounts of heavy cotton, but the high prices for goods for the use of this product will cause a curtailment of orders from this source. There is little hope for a cessation of hostilities this year, and indeed a long war is predicted. The trade in American cotton with China and Japan indirectly amounts to the products of about 600,000 bales.

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DRY GOODS SECTION TORONTO BOARD OF TRADE.

There was a good attendance at the annual meeting of the wholesale dry goods section of the Toronto Board of Trade held last month. Trade was reported good during the past year. Reference was made to the benefits accruing to the trade by the postponement from June to December of the imposition of the German surtax. Had the surtax gone into force in June, the trade would have had to pay largely increased duties on quantities of goods ordered and in transit.

The following officers were elected: Chairman, J. W. Woods; deputy chairman; H. J. Caulfield; secretary-treasurer, F. G. Morley; executive, J. D. Allan, R. W. Spence, John Muldrew, E. J. Dignam, W. R. Johnston, J. M. Alexander, John Macdonald, W. R. Smallpiece, A. F. Rodger, A. T. Reid, J. D. Ivey, Andrew Darling, Toronto; J. W. Little, London; John Knox, Hamilton.

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WESTINGHOUSE TURBINES IN A TEXTILE MILL.

The Westinghouse Machine Company have recently received an order from Joseph Benn & Sons for a turbo-generator set to be used in furnishing light and power for driving machinery in their new alpaca mills, which are to be built at Olneyville, R.I. This factory will be an American branch to their Yorkshire, England, mills. The turbine is of the Westinghouse-Parsons type, of 400 kilowatts' capacity, and is to operate under a steam pressure of about 150 pounds. Superheated steam will probably be used. turbine will drive a 400-kilowatt three-phase Westinghouse alternator, which will deliver power to the motors situated in the various parts of the mill for the purpose of driving machinery in the different departments. A 71/2 by 7 Westinghouse standard engine-type outfit is also being supplied and will be direct connected to the generator rig for furnishing the exciter current. F. P. Sheldon & Company, mill engineers, of Providence, are now at work designing the plans for these mills.