the ghavd pabade.

䑤 AE Lilluns are out un grathd jarade. E hilluns are Ont un Rrand
In their maiforms of hiur Their white plumes toss in the jassing breeze. And their steps are strong and true.

Thery man $h$ to the fife-nutes of the gale, Aud the breaking surges drum; Whit, the hamers flash in the nonn-tide light, dad the cie gult cry, "
Theycome, and their march is a thonsand years Aje, a thousand years thrice tole Thy shake the curth with their lofty tread, And their heart-beats grow not old.

They give no heed to the haughtiest foe, But on in their high carcer,
Did! lightuing's flash, and the thunder's crash They laugh in the face of fear.

The centuries sat and gazed amazed, Wet the crowding billows cane; With their plumes still tossiug in' tho breere, And their uniforms the same.

They came, sometimes like the rough aragoons Sumetimes with the canhun's roar, Sumetimes they rush in the Northeast raid, Till thes terrify the shore.:
Sometimes as still us the lovers' stroll, When the moon walks in the sky Kissing the strand with their liguid lips, And soothie:g it with a sigh.
They march till they touch the frozen North, Then down to the Summer zone, Still on, to renotest isles away, To the eges of men unknown.

They bow but to one Supreme behest, Tu bat une Cummander's rud, "Thess far," is the only law they heed, And that law they know, is God.

And the coming centuries unborn, Shatl "atch by the wave-washed shoro; Thuugk the nations rise, and kingdoms fall, The billows macrin ever more.

So, the waves of influence go on, And nll whom we reach for good or ill, We never shall fully koow

## JUVENILE MISSIONARY SOCIETIFS.

14E are very glad to publish the following letter from the Cooksville Sunday-school. We hupe that many other schools will form similar jusenile missionary societies.-Ev.
Dear Sir,-Thinking perhaps it might be interesting to the readers of soar excellent paper, Plbasant Hours, to read the following letter from Mrs. Crosby to our Sunday-school here, I venturo to send it you for publication. At the beginning of this year we organized our school into a "Juvenilo Hissionary Society," and bave every reason to be glad that we did so, for aiready it is a blessing to ourselves and some little kelp, we trust, to the great misionary work of the Charch. We decided at the beguning to take up a collection every Sunday in school, and to have a public meeting once a quarter. Oor first missionary meeting was hold on the last Sunday in March, and was most cnthugiastic, and rich in spiritual blessing. The money given during the quarter amounted to five dollars, and was voted by the school to the "Port Simpron Missionary Boat." We had, at our meeting, readings, addresses, a dialogue, and plenty of einging. The president of the society, a boy of about fiften, presided most efficiently. All the offices are filled by scholars, who take a great intercest in their चork.
Our second meeting was held on Sundsy, July lst We found the interest. increasing in every respect, the collactions amounting to six dollars.

Wo are only a small school, our average attendnnce perhaps fifty-five, but we hopo and pray, not only that the child ren may bo trained to give their pen nies, but that they may givo themfelvas, so that fron our little school God may, in the years to come, call forth workers into His vineyard, who shall do glorious work for His kingdom on the earth. The sced is being sown in young hearts and who can say what the harvest shall be?
letten from his. chosry.
The following is the letter referred to in the above.-Ed.

## Port Sinspion, B.C.

My dear young Friends,
I was so glad to hear that you bad formed yoursolves into a missionary society, and I know you are everyone of you glad too, for such work almays brings a bappy reward along with it. And I know that those who are the most active and earnest find the most pleasure in it, for tho halfhearted, ot as the Indians say, the "two-hcarted," get little or no satiefaction from their work whatever it is. But I hope you are all really in earnest, for think what a grand object you have before you! You know how grateful peoplo who reflect on such things feel to those who make great discoveries in science, or writo down beautiful thoughts to be an inspiration to noble deeds, or in any way labour to muke life casier or hap pier. But surely the greatest benefactor to his fellow-men is he who does most to make known the Gospel. Did you ever think what your life would be without it3 Suppose you knew nothing of the great Ruler of the universe, who holds all things in His hands, and loves everything \#is hands have made; of the tender Saviour who took upon Him our nature, and stands as our Mediator, of tho Holy Spirit, our Counsellio- and Guide, where would there be any hope or comfort? What should we find in life but terror and dismay?
The heathen, though they have an idea of a supernatural power, get little from it but fear. They dread death, and live in fear of their conjurors and, medicine-men, who play upon the cre dulity of the people to extort proferts from them. A man is sick, and tht medicine-man sends him word that he is going to die, then the friends of tht sick man beg the doctor's interfference, and in consideration of five, ten, twenty blankets, or some equivalent property, he comes and shakes lis rattle urer his patient, and sings, and blors, and dances round wildy, and leaves him to die or not as the case may be. There are Fire-eaters who, when tho frenzs is on them, rush about from house to house, scattering fre around, and protending to amallow fire. Others go about to bite angone they can get hula of. It is only at cortain times that these things are carried on, and then the people somotiones jump into their canoes, and run off, and the little cbildren hide away wherever they can. But you fill bo glad to know that these practices are fast disappearing as the people hear and receive the Gospel. Some of these very men who used to bs so wild and cruel, aro now earnest Christians, trying to bring their friends to the Saviour.
Wo had a gracious revival here last winter. Everyone, almost, becmed to feel it. Meating were held threo times a day. In the evening lights would be set in the windows of the
houses on the way to light the rond, and the peoplo would cone up singing to the church, and go away tho same way, ginging liko a Salvatiou Army.
Some of them got their heares so full they must go off somewhore to tell others what the Lord had dono for thom, so eloven wen started off tor Naas. Mr. Crosby went with them. Jt was in Docember. Thay had about thirty miles to travel, all by wator, to the mouth of the river, then fifteen miles further up the rivor to the mission on the Nuas. All along the way, whorever they found a fow people camped, thoy preached Jebus The river wis full of broken ice, in huge cakes, floating up and down with the ebb and flow of the tide. Here was peril-onco their canoo was jummed in by the ice and was being carriod on, as it seemed, to be dashed on some buge rocks just abend. Every one wus in prayer, whon, just in time to avert a disaster, the ice parted, and tho canoe was quickly turned ashore, and a praise moeting began.
The visit of these men to the Nass was the means of beginning a wondp ful work, which extended far up the river, and into the interior country hundreds of miles, and touched hearts that bad never before felt the power of Divine Grace.
One of our little Sunday-school boya died last winter very happy. He toli' his mother and friends not to grieve for him, that he had given his heart to Jesus when the revival began, and now he was going to be with Him. We find the tickets which some of you so kindly collected last year, very useful in our Sunday-school.
They are a great enconragement, to the children to learn verses of Scripture.
MIy dear boys and girls, nay God lless you nure and more, and make you all happy w.rkers for Him.

## THE TWO APPRENTICES.



00 bdys were apprentices in a carpenter's ship. One do termined to make himself a thoruugh workman, the other " dinin't care." Ono read and studied, and got bocks that would belp him to understand the principles of his trade. He spent his evenings at home reading. The other liked fuc besh. Ho otter went with other boys to lyave a good time. "Come," he often said to his shuymate, "leave your uld bocka, come with. us. What's the use of all this reading!"
"If I maste these gulder momerts," answered the boy, "I shall lose what I can nover make up."

While the luys were still ayprentices an offer of tivo thousand dullars ap, peared in the newspapera fur the best plan for a stato house, to be built in one of the Eustern States. The studious buy batw the adyortisement, and determined to try for it. Aftor careful stady he drem out his plans and seat thern to the commitiee. We suppose he did nut really expric to gei the prize, but still bo thought "thero is nothing like trying."
In about a week afterwards a gentic man $+\cdots$. y ed at the caryenter's shop, and inquired if there mas an architect by the dame of Fashington Wilberfurce lived there.
"No," said the carpenter, "no archi tect, but I'vo got an apprentico by that
"Int's soe him," said the gentloman. The young man was summoned, and informed that his plan had boen accepted, and that tho two thousand dollarn were his Tho gentloman then sand that the boy must put up tho building; and his employer was so proud of his success that ho willingly gave him his time and lot him go, mexo This studious young carpenter becamo one of the first architects in our country. Ho made a fontune, and stands high in tho eoteem of everybody, whilo his fellow apprentice can hardly earn food for himasif and family by his daily labor.-Exchange.

## Nothing to no

"NuTHint to do!" in thes woth of Where weds aprug ap with chocest flow'rs Where aniles have only a fitful play, Where hearts are breakiug every day!
Nothury to do," thua Chnatian monl,
 OIf with thy gnnnents of sioth and sin, Christ, thy Lond, hath a kingdom to win.
"Nothng to du," and thy Saviour said,
"Fulluw thon Me in the path I tread." i.ont, lend Thy help in the journey through, least, faiut, wo cry, "So mucli to do."

## HOME POLITENESS.



BOY who is polite' to father and mother is likely to be polito to everybods else. A boy lacking politoness to his parants may have tho semblance of coarteay in society, but is nover truly polito ir spirit, and is in danger, as he becomes familiar; of betraying his real want of courtess. We rre all in danger of living too much for the outsido world, for the impression which we make in society, covefing the good opinion others and caring too little for the good opinion of those who are in a sense a part of ourselves, and who will continue to sustain and be intersated in us, notwithstanding those defects of deportmont and character. We say to every boy and to every girl, cultivate the habit of courtesy and propriety at home-in tho kitchen, as well as in the parlor, and you will be sure in other places to deport yourself in a becoming and attrachive manner.

WHITEFLEDS LAST EXHORTATIUN.

酸HE last bermon by that wonder ful orator, the Rev feorge Whitefiold, was preached in the open air at Exeter, N H., September 29, 1770. Ho went from there to Newburgport, Mass, where he was engaged to preach on tho following day. He was the guest of the Rov Mr Pareons, and while at supper the street in front of the house became crowded with people, some of whom pressed thein way into the hall. Being vory weary, besides not feeling well, he requested a minister who was in the company to speak to the people; and then taking a candle, started upstairs to his room But whilo on the stairs the sight of the cromd so moved him that he stood for a while, with the candlestick in his hand, and gpoko to them. Ho talked to them until the candle hod half burned away and went out in its socket. It was his last exhortation. After going to his room he was attacked by asthma, and ly sunrise the next morning be was dead.

